ST. MARY'S BEACON

LEONARDTOWN, MD.

THURSDAY MORNING, July 15th, 1875.

To Correspondents.—We shall publish in our next an able and interesting contribution from Hon J. A. J. Cresswell, late Postmaster General, on the subject of his alleged misquotation of remarks made by Hon. Jefferson Davis at the outbreak of the war at Stevenson, Alabama. The paper of Mr. Cresswell is addressed to John N. Graves, Esqr., of our County, and is prefaced by an explanatory letter from this gentleman. A poetic contribution "Dedicated to her who can best understand it," has been received and will appear in our next, as will also a paper on current subjects by *Amicus Justitiæ* and a letter from Wm. F. Perry, Esqr., on School Matters.

A Suggestion.—The Gubernatorial issue having been, practically, disposed of, it is suggested that endeavors are in order to banish the chaos at present existing in the democratic party of this county in reference to local and legislative positions, and to substitute therefor some fair and acceptable mode of party concentration. And just here comes in our suggestion, which we have not time now further to elaborate than by saying, it is a proposition for a conference of all the democratic candidates in the county, the subject to be discussed and decided being, the *modus* of the future organization of the party. The majority having decided in favor of some particular mode, (Convention, Crawford System or any other,) and the candidates having previously bound themselves to abide the decision of the majority, then let a request be preferred to the Central Committee to call the party together in conformity thereto. This is substantially our proposition and discussion is invited in regard to it.

Late Political Gatherings.—The "primaries," as well as their outcome, the late County Convention, though occasions of much excitement, passed off without a breach of the peace or any unusual unpleasantness. The Carroll men, it will be seen, won the day, but the vote of Mr. Loker in the Convention shows that Gov. Groome was not without a powerful following in the county. The best part of the joke is, that present indications point to Hamilton as the coming man and, consequently, the number of noses, now out of joint in our county, is fearful to contemplate. For ourselves, we expect to be able to show, that we were secretly for Hamilton all the time.

Distressing Casualty.—Miss Lena Hebb, of this county, and Miss Cecia Keibert, of Baltimore City, were instantly killed by a stroke of lightning at the residence of the former in the Factory district during the thunderstorm on Wednesday, the 7th instant. Miss Hebb was nineteen years of age and Miss Keibert seventeen. Both were natives here and daughters of well-known citizens, now deceased. The lightning struck a tree about eight or ten feet from where the young ladies were sitting in the door, at the trunk of which was a colored boy who escaped uninjured.

Charlotte Hall School.—We learn from parties who attended the late Examination and Exhibition at Charlotte Hall School, that the Students acquitted themselves, without exception, with unusual credit and showed careful training and considerable talent in all parts they were called upon to perform. The Valedictory was delivered by Master Jesse Turner, of this county, after which Col. Sothoron presented the diplomas.—Thomas H. Bond closed the literary exercises with an able address to the Students. The Ball was largely attended, a band of music from Washington being in attendance, and altogether the whole affair was a decided success.

Newspaper Sale.—The administrators of the late James S. Downs sold at public auction on Tuesday last the half interest of decedent in the type, fictures, etc., of the St. Mary's Beacon for $1075. Purchaser, Thomas F. Yates. The paper will hereafter be conducted by Mr. Yates and the Senior partner of the late firm.

☞We are requested to state, that the Grand Inaugural Entertainment to be given by the St. Mary's R. R. & Debating Society at their new Hall, in Leonardtown, will take place on the 29th instant. The services of a first rate Cotillion Band have been engaged for the Ball. Tickets for gentlemen, $2. Ladies admitted free of charge.

Beecher's New Salary.—The members of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, have raised Mr. Beecher's salary from $25,000 to 100,000, for the next year.

Democratic County Convention.—The delegates elect on Saturday last to the Democratic County Convention, assembled at the Court House at 2 o'clock, p. m., on Tuesday last and were called to order by J. Frank Ford, upon whose motion, Dr. Thos. A. Lynch, of the Factory district, was elected to preside. On taking the chair, Dr. Lynch returned thanks for the honor the Convention had conferred upon him and expressed the hope that its deliberations might be harmonious and result in the advancement of Democratic interest.

On motion of J. T. M. Raley, H. Clay Dent, of Charlotte Hall district, was selected to act as Secretary.

Zaccheus Tippett and Wm. R. Clarke were subsequently elected, on motion of J. Frank Ford, vice-presidents of the Convention.

On motion of the same gentleman, a Committee of six delegates, one from each district, was appointed by the chair to act as a Committee on Credentials. The following gentlemen composed the Committee:—J Frank Ford, Leo. H. Hayden W. W. Brady, Jas. T. Duke, J. J. Gough and John Harrison.

The Committee retired for consultation, and in a few moments returned and reported the following delegates to be entitled to seats, the Convention adopting the report.

1st District.—Jos. Richardson, J. F. Ellicott, Wm. R. Clarke, H. W. Crane, J. Thos. Brome, W. W. Brady, W. R. Pembroke, R. F. Taylor, O. N. Evans, C. G. Hayden.

2nd District.—Jas. T. Duke, John H. Milburn, Thos. H. Springer, J. Frank. Turner, Edward Fenhagan, John F. Combs, Jno. F. Armsworthy, Thos. A. Lynch, W. B. Readmond, Jno. H. Waters.

3rd District.—J. Frank. Ford, Jas. C. Greenwell, George F. Wathen, Wm. F. Leach, Zach. Tippett, P. H. Guy, J. T. M. Raley, Wm. F. Greenwell, Zach. Lathrum, Wm. J. Edelen.

4th District.—J. J. Gough, Benj. H. Swann, Jerome Hayden, Walter L. Dent, J. Walter Carpenter, J. Frank. Ching, George W. Goddard, Wm. L. Russell, Wm. F. Saxton, R. J. Colton.

5th District.—Jas. H. Alvey, P. H. J. Readmond, H. L. Burroughs, Col. The. Harrison, W. L. Thomas, John Harrison, G. W. Burroughs, H. Clay Dent, Jos. A. Turner, J. H. Hancock.

6th District.—Thos. H. Bond, S. C. Thompson, Leo. H. Hayden, R. A. Abell, J. F. Stone, S. E. Spalding, J. E. Simms, Geo. L. Raley, Wm. F. Combs, John T. Spalding.

After the adoption of the Committees' Report, the Chair announced that the selection of three delegates to represent the Democratic party of St. Mary's County in the State Convention which assembles in Baltimore on Wednesday, the 21st of July, instant, was in order.

The Charlotte Hall delegation, not being full, on motion of James H. Alvey, the delegates present were allowed to fill the vacancies in same. J. Frank Ford nominated Henry I. Carroll for the State Convention. John E. Carpenter was put in nomination by J. Walter Dent for the same position. G. W. Goddard nominated Joseph F. Morgan. Robert Abell nominated Jefferson D. Loker. J. F. Ellicott nominated S. C. Thompson. Nominations being closed, the voting commenced, the Chair having previously appointed Jas. C. Greenwell and R. F. Taylor Tellers. The following is the result:—John E. Carpenter, 47 votes; Henry I. Carroll, 44; Joseph F. Morgan, 32; Jefferson D. Loker, 27; S. C. Thompson, 16; E. C. Loker, 2.

The Chair then announced that John E. Carpenter, Henry I. Carroll and Joseph F. Morgan were the choice of the Convention to represent the democratic constituency of St. Mary's county in the State Convention of the party.

Subsequently, J. J. Allstan, Geo. W. Morgan and James H. Alvey were elected by a *viva voce* vote alternates to attend the State Convention.

Without the transaction of further business, the Convention then adjourned.

H. Clay Dent,
Secretary.

Death of Gen. Blair.—Gen. Francis P. Blair died at his residence, St. Louis, Mo., on Friday last, surrounded by his family and a few of his friends. He had been in a precarious state for several months, but under the blood-transfusing treatment had begun to grow stronger and was generally supposed to be steadily improving. During the past few days he has taken frequent rides and as late as Thursday last walked down stairs. His death came suddenly and will be a painful surprise to his many friends who had confident hopes of his recovery.

Adopted.—The latest report is that the Executive Committee of the National Grange have adopted the report of the sub-committee on the subject of international exchange between the co-operative societies of Great Britain and the Patrons of Husbandry.

(Correspondence of the Beacon.)

Washington, July 12th, 1875.

ARLINGTON.

Dear Beacon:—Having failed to make a connection with a boat bound for Great Falls, where I had anticipated spending a pleasant day, I thought, as I stood disappointed on Georgetown Heights and saw old Arlington in the the distance, that I could not more profitably employ the hours, or better carry out my original design of having a ramble, than by visiting at once the home of Lee and the shrine of our dead.

As it is possible that *some* of your readers may not be perfectly familiar with its present condition, I will briefly notice (if you will be kind enough to allow an old friend a little space) what seemed among the more prominent objects of interest.

Crossing Acqueduct Bridge at Georgetown, and taking the old Alexandria road for a half mile or so, you enter the estate, and the "Silent City" lies stretched out before you. This is but a comparatively small part of the cemetery and is allotted principally, I was informed, to negro soldiers. Glancing at the white head-boards that mark the last resting place of these African patriots, I was somewhat struck with the peculiarity of a few of their names—"Lizzie Smith," "Mary Jones" and such for example. Mentally revolving the subject, I was finally forced to the conclusion that our late struggle was not without its Moll Pitchers of African descent, and having accepted this as a satisfactory solution, I turned to the ascent of the Heights which commences here.

Passing through this part of the cemetery the road winds beautifully through a forest of gigantic oaks to the rear of the house, which is so completely embowered by these sublime children of nature as to be entirely concealed, and to which we have been partly guided by the "Stars and Stripes," which float to the breeze far above the tree tops, forcibly reminding one that he is treading upon soil sacred to the memory of our fallen soldiers. From this approach the ascent is gradual, and one is not aware of the great elevation attained till he stands on "Arlington Heights," and looking Eastward indulges in a bird's eye view of country around—blending Nature and Art—taking in at one glance Washington, Georgetown, the fair Potomac, miniatured above the former city into a mere stream, flowing peacefully at his feet, undisturbed save here and there by the white sails of some pleasure craft, with its noisy, merry crew, or by some steamer lazily plowing its way over the silvery surface; the beauties of the country for miles and miles around, all combined, presenting a picture amply rewarding the traveler for his jaunt of an hour under the heat of a Summer sun. Albeit, so thought I as I stood on the brow of the Heights and gazed upon the scene below me.

The hill slopes in a beautiful lawn, with many a gentle swell and fall of hill and dale among its clustering groves of cedar and oak, which, in the distance from the summit, seem like small undergrowth.

Standing a little back from the hill top is the mansion, an aristocratic looking old structure of brown stone or brick, with an imposing piazza extending the length of the house and supported by massive pillars. The walls and floors are bare with the exception of the old dining-room, now used as an office by the Superintendent, which is hung with inscriptions appropriate to its present use.

Around the house and along the nicely-kept walks are beautiful flowers and rare plants, placed there in the main by the Government since its occupancy; the planning and general arrangement of the flower garden is the same as when left by its former possessors, and reflects much credit on their taste. Back of the house and Westward of it, is the wood before alluded to, the face of which is broken by deep and precipitous ravines, contrasting wildly with the gentler scenery of the other side. Through this you pass in going to the cemetery proper, which is situated a short distance in the rear of the house. Spread out over acres and acres, extends this last bivouac, and rising in soldier-like array are the modest monuments that mark the place where the fallen repose, awaiting another bugler's call to awake them from their slumber to give account of battles fought on other fields, and, let us hope, of victories won.

The boards generally bear the name, date of death, command, &c., but on some, and not a few, the sad "unknown" tells the tale of many a lonely-death scene, with none to receive the heart's last message or to whisper sweet words of consolation and hope and bid "God speed" to the soul on its flight to great eternity.

The cemetery is laid out with precision, in rows separted by walks. The bodies of a few Southern soldiers* are still here, the majority having been removed either to private burying grounds or to similar resting places South. These are marked like the others, with the exception of "Rebel" (a hash word that might, methinks, in peaceful times well be obliterated from monuments erected in honor of our dead) distinguishes them from graves of Federals.

Near the centre are two antiquated looking tombs; and, on approaching, I read from them the following:—"George Washington Parke Custis, born April 30th, 1781, died Oct. 10th, 1858." "Mary L. Custis, born April 22, 1788, died April, 23, 1853." These are, if I recollect aright, the parents of Mrs. Lee, the former having been an adopted child of Geo. Washington and grandson of his wife. Just in the wood, a few paces from the graves, is a rostrum and inclosure, for speaker and audience on Decoration Day. Near this is a large shaft, on which are mounted four guns, and which bears an epitaph reading thus: "Beneath this stone reposes the bones of two thousand one hundred and eleven unknown soldiers, gathered after the war from the fields of Bull Run and the route to the Rappahannock." Their remains could not be identified; but their names and deaths are recorded on the archives of their country, that grateful citizens honor them as the noble army of martyrs. May they rest in peace!"

All alone in a shady nook, I came across another piece of antiquity, and with not little difficulty I deciphered on the moss-colored and moss-grown slab the following: "Sacred to the memory of Mary Randolph," with dates, &c. This, the superintendent informed me, was an old friend of the Lees.

Such were some of my observations on visiting this populous City of Death. By force of circumstances have its inhabitants been thus together grouped, but had it been otherwise, how insignificant the difference! A few years and "Earth that nourished them would claim their growth to be resolved to earth again," and though in some "country church yard" might their elegies have been written, bearing dates a trifle different from these, their paths, perhaps, diverging in different directions, would have so soon led them to one common terminus—the grave—and one by one they would have been gathered to their fathers.

St. Mary's.

* There are about 300. Total number in cemetery 15,506, of which 4,349 are unknown.

[Communicated.

Leonardtown, Md., July 10, 1875.

Proceedings of the Teachers' Mutual Improvement Association.—The Association met at the usual hour, President Jno. G. Perry in the Chair. Roll call. A quorum being present, the Association proceeded to business. The proceedings of the two previous meetings were read and approved. Mr. W. F. Perry, Chairman of a Committee of three, appointed to meet and confer with a similar Committee appointed by the "Northern Division Teachers' Association," with regard to making arrangements for the "Teachers' Institute," submitted the following report:

"Leonardtown, July 10, 1875.

"We, the undersigned, being a majority of the Committee appointed by the "Teachers' Mutual Improvement Association," to confer with a similar Committee appointed by the "Northern Division Teachers' Association," for the purpose of making arrangements for the coming "Teachers' Institute," do respectfully report that we addressed a letter to the Chairman of said Committee informing them of our appointment and selecting either Leonardtown or Mr. W. T. Bailey's school house as the place of meeting and the following Saturday as the time, leaving it to the Committee of the "Northern Division" to decide between the two places, and we have to report that we have so far received no reply to our communication.

Respectfully submitted,
W. F. Perry,
Wm. H. Ford, Committee.

On motion of Mr. William F. Perry, article 4, of the Constitution was amended so as to read as follows: The State Superintendent, any one of the State Board, the President of the County Board or either of his colleagues, or the County Examiner, if present at any regular meeting, shall ex-officio be chairman thereof.

Messrs. Ford, Perry, Holmes and Heard were allowed further time, until next meeting, to deliver their respective lectures.

The chair appointed next Saturday week as the day for next instructory meeting.

Mr. Wm. H. Ford offered the following resolution which was adopted.—Resolved, that a Committee of three be appointed to prepare a report of the proceedings of this meeting and present them to the Editor of the "Beacon" for publication and that said Committee be authorized to add any remarks or matter of explanation to any portion of them, which in their judgment may seem necessary. The resolution was seconded by F. N. Holmes and adopted.

All the above proceedings were unanimous. On motion, the Association adjourned.

Damage to Crops.—The prolonged dampness and the unusual quantity of rain which has fallen during the last three weeks has had the effect of sprouting much wheat carelessly shocked and tobacco in some sections is badly *frenching*, especially in new and flat lands.—Besides this, large quantities of tobacco plants have been washed up by the recent heavy rains. The corn crop continues to be of the finest promise.

Cheerful Prospects.—The reports from the cotton regions are cheering.—The crops are flourishing as they have not before since the war; the freedmen are working well, better than since the war, better than ever before. Let the South but have a few years of peace, a few years of freedom from bayonet rule, a few years of such crops as this promises to be, and it will show the world that there is life in the old land yet.

An Important Decision.—An important decision has been rendered by the Supreme Court on the important question—What constitutes public waters in these United States? It was held that navigable streams are, therefore, subject to governmental regulations.

The Patrons of Husbandry.—The Patrons of Husbandry of America and England are endeavoring to form a coalition with a capital of $25,000,000 for an international exchange of commodities.

[Communicated.

Mr. Editor:—Does your correspondent, under the signature of "A Teacher," propose to act as a pillar to prop up iniquity? A sensible and conscientious man will either remain silent or defend the assailed until all doubt is removed by a close examination of the facts; but I do not see any defense of but rather a panegyric on the school Board. Let the noble, generous, sympathizing gentleman, who seeks to cast a personal refection upon the character of Wm. F. Perry, first controvert his statement. This is the first duty of his position.

He charges him with acting under prejudices and weaknesses, and as an incentive to his present course, the necessity of funds at the end of the scholastic year. Why not advance some argument to sustain this assertion? Your correspondent is like a soldier, who sallies forth to make a charge, and leaves his weapons, if he ever had any, in the rear. It is well known to me and to many, that at the time of the publication of Mr. P.'s first communication, that he had resigned the position he held under the School Board, and could not, therefore, expect the proper distribution of the school fund to be of any advantage to himself. If he has resumed the responsibilities of his position, as I have been informed, he must be true to himself:

"This above all,—to thine ownself be true,
And it must follow as the night the day,
Thou canst not then be false to any man."

Not only in this case is he true to himself and brother teachers, but to the children committed to his care and the community at large. He sees clearly, as every man of sense must see, that if the salaries of the teachers is diminished their efficiency will also be deteriorated.

Your correspondent, if I conjecture correctly, is a man of family, (it is equally as applicable if not correct) and yet he thinks $70 per term is amply sufficient for his valuable services.—Again he would have the public believe, that he is the true man of science—hiding, as it were, unrecognized perfections, while Mr. P. seeks, through the columns of the Beacon, to flaunt his flipperies in the eyes of the world. There is no man in my opinion who merits less such an accusation. If the gentleman has so much valuable learning, why not appear at our Associations as the fountain of perfection in which he might purge out our imperfections? I ask leave to state here, that at the last examination of teachers Mr. P. took a first class second grade certificate, while it is very certain his assailant did no more.

The gentleman, in his last communication, either intentionally or accidently, misquotes Mr. Perry. As given by Mr. P.: "Alas for those figured premises, and the deductions naturally deducible therefrom, seem so unpalatable to *your correspondent*." As misquoted: "Alas for those figured premises, and the deduction natually deducible therefrom seem so unpalatable." By this change he applies what was said to himself to the School Board. This is a malicious attempt on the part of this *conscientious gentleman* to have false expressions accepted as truths; and thus his intrigues cast, what his position denies, a reflection upon the Hon. School Board. Now this zealous teacher, who is so munificently rewarded for his labors, can devote six hours of his undivided attention to his school in a day, and return home in the evening, patiently and unconcernedly viewing his family devoid of the necessaries of life. Sir, the brute element of this man must to have been fully developed and triumphing in an imminent degree over its feebler coexistance. I must be permitted to fear, if not indeed to believe, that this conscientious man is nothing more than an instrument in the hands of a shrewder head.

Mr. Perry is a man of unstained honor, sincere, honest, correct in his convictions, and what still more redounds to his praise, is, that he is *faber suæ fortunæ*. Again the primest years of his life were sacrificed in the defence of the weak and defenceless, (I allude to the sectional war) while his transplanter was, I fear, concealed, as in his communication, behind the scene of this wholesale carnage and with his oscillating arm directing his misdirected shots.

It is the opinion of all the teachers and prominent citizens with whom I have conversed, that the question put by Mr. P. to our worthy Examiner, was a legitimate one and that it should not have been evaded. That which pertains to the public should be known by the people.

I trust it will be thoroughly understood, that I do not wish to insinuate, that the Hon. School Board have not dealt honestly by the funds in their charge. I disclaim any such intention; on the contrary I will state, that so far as my knowledge extends, great improvements have been made in the public school system, since the appointment of the present Board, which is composed of gentlemen eminently qualified, in every particular, to defend themselves.

Mr. Editor, in conclusion, allow me to invite your correspondent to unmask. He must know that he has assumed a prominent position, and such being the case, he should be proud of his name. Unless he unmasks I will not consider his communications worth noticing in future.

Loh.

The American Farmer.—The July No. is received, and, as usual, filled with a very great variety of reading, upon almost every subject connected with Agriculture and its kindred arts. This number is peculiarly interesting to the farmers of the South and the Middle States, containing a number of papers applicable particularly to their products and condition. The Horticultural and Floricultural departments, as well as those of the Dairy, Live Stock, Poultry and Apiary are well attended to—the articles being generally of a practical character, and very instructive. The Farmer is beautifully printed and gotten up, and though the oldest journal of the kind in the country, looks as fresh, racy and is as instructive in all the branches of agricultural literature as any of its confreres.—Subscription price $1.50 per annum, or 5 copies for $5.50 Sam'l Sand & Son, publishers, Baltimore, Md.

Caught A Tartar.—The County Commissioners were in session on Tuesday and acted upon the accounts of the Sheriff and Clerk. We understand they reduced the account of the Sheriff very considerably. They also struck off $100 from the account of the Clerk. But this time they seem to have waked up the wrong passenger. Mr. Stonestreet asked them to specify the error in his account, and receiving the reply that the account was too large therefore it was docked, he immediately brought suit. We are glad that he has taken this action, for this thing of the Commissioners cutting down just and legal accounts against the county, because in their opinion they are too large, has no more honesty about it than any other sort of repudiation, and it is time their power in this respect should be tested. In this particular case we do not see how Mr. S. could have done less than to bring suit. His fees are fixed by law, and if he charges or demands more than he is entitled to, he is liable to indictment. If his account was reduced because the Board thought his charges were illegal clearly it is his duty to vindicate himself from this aspersion. If on the other hand his charges were legal, then the reduction of his account was a wanton attempt to take from him that which the law said he was entitled to, and is without any justification. We are as anxious as anybody to see the county expenses cut down and taxes reduced, but we do not wish to see it done by injustice.—If the county is unable to pay its just debts, then we are willing to see all accounts against it scaled down to the amount it is able to pay. But there is no reason why the Commissioners should cut the just account of Mr. Stonestreet, or of ourself, as they have done, and give us the upleasant alternative of either losing what we have worked for, and which is justly ours, or of enforcing our claims by process of law against our fellow tax-payers, whilst the Commissioners walk off with their full per diem and mileage without making the slightest reduction on the same. We say this is downright meanness and an attempt to make personal and political capital at the expense of others, and deserves the reprobation of all just men.—*Port Tobacco Times.*

The True Attitude.—From every part of the South the intelligence comes that the negroes are becoming disgusted with the greed and dishonesty of the carpet baggers who have obtained possession of the Republican organization in the reconstructed States, and are preparing to join with the native whites in opposition to the misrule of these adventurers. It could hardly be otherwise. The colored voters in the South, though generally ignorant, are not so blind but that they can see that the misgovernment which is ruining their white neighbors, upon whom they mostly depend for employment and the means of livelihood, is as much opposed to their interests as to those of the whites. A career of robbery which has resulted in the impoverishment of several States rich in natural resources, cannot be continued without the population of every class suffering. The more intelligent of the negroes see this, and are deserting the political imposters who have been using them to advance their own selfish schemes while making great professions of devotion to the welfare of the African race. The Norfolk, Va., 'Day Book,' a Republican newspaper which has the sagacity to see that its party cannot carry the ignominy entailed upon it by the rascalities of the carpet-baggers and live, says that it has been informed by leading colored men that the colored voters desire to conciliate with their white home people, and that they are determined to do so. The same disposition is manifesting itself in Louisiana, Mississippi, and other States which it has been thought would become completely Africanized, and it only depends upon the good sense and good judgment of the native whites in all the Southern States to banish the race question from politics.

DIED.

At the residence of her husband in Baltimore City on Tuesday, the 6th instant, ELLEN, wife of J. Edwin Coad, aged 47 years. May she rest in peace!

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.

Mary Jane Stone
vs
John M Lloyd
and wife and others.

In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 400 N. E.

ORDERED, this 8th day of July, 1875, that the Auditor's Report filed in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 2nd Monday of Aug, 1875, provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 2nd Monday of August.

J FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

True copy—Test:
J FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

July 15, 1875—3w. C

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.

Thos M Lanahan
vs
G Fred Maddox
& wife

In the Circuit Court for St Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 305 N E.

ORDERED, this 8th day of July, 1875, that the Auditor's Report, filed in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 2nd Monday of Aug,. 1875; provided a copy of this order be published in the St Mary's *Beacon*, onte a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 2nd Monday of August.

J FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

Truecopy—Test:
J FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

July 15, 1875—3w.—C

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

ON application of E. A St Clair and Daniel J Payne, Administrators of R C STCLAIR, late of St Mary's co., deceased, it is ordered by the Court, that the said Admrs. notify the creditors of the said deceased to file their claims against said deceased in the office of the Register of Wills for St. Mary's county on or before the

10th of Aug., 1875,

for dividend, and that this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week in each week until the said 10th day of Aug. 1875.

Test

J. T. M. RALEY
Register of Wills
for St. Mary's county.

July 15, 1875—3w.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

AS THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE for this county will be held the last week in this month, the Public Schools will close for Summer Term '75 on the 23rd instant.

Teachers are requested to send in their Reports on or before WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., for the action of the Board.

By order of the Board,
BENJAMIN TIPPETT,
Secretary.

July 15, 1875—2t.

NOTICE.

PARTIES landing from the Patuxent Steamers at Forrest's Wharf, are informed, that transportation from this wharf to any point within the County can be obtained from the undersigned at all times and at reasonable rates.

JOHN H. BUCKLER.

July 15, 1875—tf*

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Orphans' Court of St. Mary's County, Sct:—June 28, 1875.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That Harriet M Thompson and Benedict Thompson, Administrators of JAMES A. THOMPSON late of St Mary's county, Maryland, deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to exhibit their claims, and that the same be published once a week for six successive weeks in the St Mary's Beacon.

Test:
James T M Raley,
Register Wills for St Mary's county.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of the above order, we hereby give notice that we have obtained from the Orphans' Court of St Mary's co., Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of James A Thompson, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers attached thereto, to the subscribers, on or before the 5th day of Jan, 1876, they will otherwise by law be excluded from the benefits of the said estate. All persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

HARRIET M THOMPSON,
BENEDICT THOMPSON,
Administrators.

July 1, 1875—6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Orphans' Court of St. Mary's County, Sct:—July 6, 1875.

ORDERED BY THE COURT, That Wm H Ford, administrator of John H Thomas, late of St Mary's county, Maryland, deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to exhibit their claims, and that the same be published once a week for six successive weeks in the St Mary's Beacon.

Test: Jas T M Raley,
Register Wills for St Mary's county.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of the above order, I hereby give notice that I have obtained from the Orphans' Court of St. Mary's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *John H Thomas*, late of said co., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby notified to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers attached thereto, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of Jan. 1875, they will otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of the said estate. All persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

WM F FORD,
Administraior.

July 8, 1875—6w.

CONFIRMATION NOTICE.

Alice S Miller
vs
George Warren
& others,

In the Circuit Court for St Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 350 N. E.

ORDERED this 5th day of July, 1875, that the sale made and reported by JAMES H WILSON, Trustee, in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 1st Monday of August, 1875; provided a copy of this order be published in the St Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 1st Monday of August.

The report states that the land sold for $400.

J FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

True copy—Test:
J FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

July 8, 1875—3w

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!

HAVING bought the large cargo of North Carolina Heart Shingles landed on Foxwell's Wharf, I will sell them at the low price of $8 per M.

Parties can enquire of Capt Foxwell, or at the "Big Brown Store," Leonardtown. Shingles can be seen at Foxwell's Wharf.

A A LAWRENCE.

July 8, 1875—tf.

Harness! Harness!

I WILL sell as cheap as can be bought anywhere. Give me a trial before buying elsewhere.

A. BAILY, Leonardtown.

July 8, 1875.