THE

ST. MARY'S BEACON

LEONARDTOWN MD.

THURSDAY MORNING, March 13th, 1879.

To Correspondents.—"Reply to the Wish of a Young Lady," a metrical contribution, received too late in the week for insertion in our present issue, will be published in our next.

Extra Session of Congress.—Mr. Hayes has issued his proclamation for an extra session of Congress. Tuesday, March 18th, is the day fixed for its commencement. The causes of this is the failure of the army and legislative bills to pass the two Houses. They failed because, (1) the Republicans insisted upon maintaining and the Democrats on repealing the test oath for United States jurors in the South. (2) The Republicans insisted upon maintaining, and the Democrats repealing the law authorizing and paying Deputy United States marshals and supervisors to regulate elections. (3) The Republicans insisted upon maintaining, and the Democrats in repealing the clause of the army law, authorizing the use of federal troops at elections. The Democratic House attached amendments to the army and legislative appropriation bills embodying their views, and the Republican Senate refused to pass the bills as amended.

The Late Congress.—The Congress which has just adjourned is generally admitted to have been the weakest and most characterless which has been in session for many years. The chief features of its legislation were the passage of the monstrous pension arrears bill and the anti-Chinese bill, both of which were stupendous blunders and concessions to what was supposed to be the whim of the lowest class of the community. If it has been a weak Congress, it has been an honest Congress, and has given a black eye to several big jobs that were pressed upon it with great skill and persistency, among which were the Texas Pacific Railroad scheme and the Roach subsidy for South American steamers. The Senate has shown its usual disposition to favor large appropriations, while the House has been conservative upon this point.

☞The latest report from Washington is that Mr. Hayes, to get as far as he can again into the Republican fold, is about to strengthen his back-bone and bend his knees to the stalwarts of that party. The story runs that "he has determined to plant himself inside the strict party lines; that as to everything except the repeal of the election laws, he will abide by the proposals made by the republican members of the House, and will interpose no objection to bills to repeal the jurors' test oath, &c., and to exclude troops from the polls. But it is declared that the President will not sign any separate bill which repeals the federal election laws, and that he will veto any appropriation bill to which such repealing provision may be attached." This is all very well to talk about, but when the rub comes, as come it must, it will probably be found that those who hold the purse strings, or in other words the people as represented in Congress, will be very apt to come off best. The Democrats are very clearly prepared for the issue.

☞One of the most unimpassioned and important documents laid before the public during the existence of the Congress just closed, is the report of the Potter investigating committee. It sums up, as the *New York Sun* truthfully remarks, "the positive results of this investigation with balanced judgment. The fact that the votes of both Florida and Louisiana were cast for Tilden and Hendricks, and were wrongfully taken from them and given to Hayes and Wheeler, was well known before, but it is now solidly established by testimony of the most complete and conclusive description. The methods, machinery, and, above all, the agents of the false count, are here illuminated by the full light of evidence that cannot truly be gainsaid. It is a clear and lasting record which is made up in the report of this committee."

☞Mr. Geo. Colton in an interview with a reporter of the Baltimore *American* upon State politics says, the ticket is already made up with the exception of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, in connection with which position the names of Messrs. Prettyman, S. C. Jones, present incumbent and a gentleman from Harford are mentioned. Hamilton is to be Governor, with Compton, Keating and Gwynn renominated. He adds that Gorman is in Senator Whyte's way for the U. S. Senate.

The Political Status of the Forty Sixth Congress.—As the 46th Congress is called in extra session on Tuesday, the 18th, a definition of the political status will be interesting. We give it as follows: Senate, Democrats 42, Republicans 33, Independent 1. The House of Representatives, Democrats 155, Republicans 132. In the House there are six vacancies; one from New York, one from Florida, and four from California, which elects Congressmen in September, and in the Senate one, from New Hampshire.

Bold Ben Butler Again.—The Potter people have now all reported, the individual report of Bold Ben Butler bringing up the rear. We gave a synopsis of the majority (democratic) report in our last. The minority (republican) report is an exceedingly weak affair, its chief point being, that the majority report in the Florida case is based upon *ex parte* testimony, though the fact is, that it rests upon the evidence of Messrs. Noyes, Barlow, Cowgill, McLin, Stearns and Wm. E. Chandler all republicans. But to Butler's report. He thinks that there was no full and free election in Louisiana, and the electoral vote of the State ought not to have been counted for either candidate. That if any legal election was held the vote was for the Tilden electors and Gov Nicholls. That if the vote of the State is counted at all, and the "bull-dozed" parishes thrown out, the majority of the votes in the undisputed parishes elected Packard, leaving two or more of the Hayes electors unelected. This, he says, would have given the Presidency to Tilden, as would have been the case if the whole vote of the State had been rejected by both Houses. He thinks the electoral commission has not solved the difficulty of counting electoral votes, and an exigency similar to that of 1876-'77 will surely lead to revolution. He regards the electoral commission as unconstitutional. Butler says that "the counting in of Mr. Hayes was obtained by a series of gross and unjustifiable irregularities and frauds, which cannot be too strongly condemned and reprobated."

☞Gen. Butler and S. B. Chittenden are about to make up an amicable case to be submitted to the Supreme Court of the United States to test finally the legal tender quality of United States notes. The Court has thus far determined that the power to issue legal tenders was a "war power." The Balto. *Sun* says it is now proposed to have it decided whether or not United States notes issued since the official declaration of peace, in August, 1866, have the same legal-tender quality. Both the contestants in this intended case are hostile to the present policy of the Treasury Department, and seek to have it changed. General Butler believes in inflation, and no doubt thinks that an opinion of the court favoring his side of the question would be the destruction of resumption and result in a large increase in the volume of the currency. Mr. Chittenden, on the other hand, represents those who see a standing menace to the stability of resumption in the present position of the secretary on the subject of the interchangeability of United States notes with coin.

☞Mr. R. Stockett Matthews, chairman of the Republican State Central Committe, has issued a call convening the committee on the 20th inst., for the purpose of fixing the time and place for holding the State Convention to nominate a candidate for Governor, Attorney General, Comptroller of the Treasury and Clerk to the Court of Appeals.—Also for the transaction of other business and fixing the time for holding the primaries to elect delegates to the State convention. The Republican primaries and State convention will probably be held in May.

☞Elihu Burritt, the "learned blacksmith," whose death is announced, was one of the best known men in the country. He was born in New Britain, Conn., sixty-eight years ago, the son of a shoemaker. By dint of extraordinary perseverance he succeeded in obtaining a thorough mastery of several languages, and wrote a number of pamphlets and discursive works. He was at one time a prominent anti-slavery lecturer and a leading advocate of the doctrine of arbitration between nations as a means of averting war.

Tilden and Hendricks.—The Annapolis *Republican* raises the flag of Tilden and Hendricks as the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President in 1880. It says:

"Mr. Tilden's vindication and reelection by the people in 1880 will be irresistable, and it will be by a majority that will admit no cavilling, nor permit any tampering. Neither will weak-kneed nor tender-hearted Democratic Congressmen be allowed to barter or compromise away the selection the people has made.

☞"'Tis sweet to hear the watch-dog's honest bark, bay deep-mouthed welcome," etc., murmurs the poet, and from the poet's standpoint it may be all right, but when we are coming down a lonely road at night in a strange place, we don't want any watch-dog, and but very little bay in ours.

☞Beaconsfield's health is better than it has been for years. Recently, when asked how long the tories would remain in power, he replied, "As long as Mr. Gladstone lives."

☞Dr. Newman, recently elevated to the Cardinalate rank by Leo XIII, has attained the venerable age of fourscore years.

Maryland M. C's and Mr. Tilden.—The New York *Herald* has been interviewing members of Congress as to Mr. Tilden's chances for the Presidency. The Maryland Representatives are reported to have expressed themselves as follows:

HON. D. M. HENRY.

Mr. D. M. Henry, of the First Maryland district, says: "I think I can safely say that the Maryland sentiment is anti-Tilden for the 1880 nomination.—Our folks like backbone, and they do not think he has much of it on his person. As between him and other candidates I do not profess to know much.—With a strong Republican candidate, such as Grant, Maryland might, and possibly would, prove a close State, and I really have my doubts whether Tilden could carry it. Bayard could, in my opinion, undoubtedly; so could Thurman or Hendricks."

Mr. Charles B. Roberts, Westminster, Second Maryland district, declined to commit himself or his district at this early stage of the game.

HON. WM. KIMMEL.

Mr. Wm. Kimmel, of Baltimore, Third Maryland district, grew impressive and severe: "Sir, I consider it no less than treason to attempt in advance to divide the party into faction fights or set up the pins in any one man's interest. Wait until the time comes, and then unite on any man we can elect over Grant or any one else they choose to nominate. My platform is very simple—Any Democrat is better to me than a Republican. That's all I have to say."

GOVERNOR SWANN.

Ex-Governor Swann, Fourth district, talked without the least reserve on the Presidential outlook for 1880. "I think," said he, "that Tilden is out of the question, not because I have not the highest regard for his character and uprightness, but solely on the ground that he has not the physical vitality required to properly administer the office. That was the view entertained by the late Mr. Kerr when Tilden was first mentioned, and I heartily concur in it now, as I did then. Maryland certainly is not in faver of his renomination. Mr. Bayard is a most estimable gentleman, but we must take into consideration the State backing a man has. The great States of New York and Pennsylvania can almost command the situation.

"There will be Bayard's weakness, I fear. I suppose Tilden could carry Maryland, but it will not do to be too positive. Admitting that the Republicans nominate Grant, which I take now to be almost a certainty, we might have trouble in our State. Many Democrats, I know, feel just as I do—that they could not vote for Mr. Tilden because he lacks vitality. Coming home after such a foreign ovation, Grant will enter the arena with great eclat, and the Democracy will have to select their candidate with great care if they expect to win. Of course it is too early yet to make any predictions, but I hope and trust that we shall not be driven to accept Tilden, for the sentiment against him is strong all over the South and West.

DR. HENKLE.

Dr. E. J. Henkle, of the Fifth Maryland district, has very positive views about the proper policy for his State. "The sentiment of Maryland, so far as I have been able to judge, is very largely against Tilden, and I hope sincerely they will not make any further attempts to force him upon the country. We want a conservative man on the money issues, who can harmonize all the conflicting elements in the party, for we shall have to rely largely on that. Tilden can't do it. Whether true or not, the people in large numbers believe that he did not stand firm in 1876 because he was surrounded by the Wall street influence, which was strong enough to induce him to accept a disgraceful compromise rather than precipitate disturbance. He has passed his whole life as a lawyer identified with vast monopolies and corporations not in sympathy with the people, and this is enough to taint him as an autocrat.

"For the next campaign we must have a man thoroughly conservative and thoroughly in sympathy with the progressive measures of the West and South. My own preference for 1880 is Hendricks. For the best interests of the party he consented in 1876 to take the second place on the ticket at a sacrifice, and I think the head of the ticket now belongs to him by a sort of implied right. A great many of our people think the same way. Bayard? Well, Bayard is a most estimable gentleman of undoubted integrity of character, but I doubt whether he would prove strong in the West and South. More than that, Bayard is young enough and can afford to wait. I think the strongest ticket we could nominate would be Hendricks and Bayard. With that we could sweep the country against any Republican nominees. I only hope they will run Grant, as now seems probable."

Mr. William Walsh, of the Sixth Maryland district, is now, and has been for some time, sick at his home in Cumberland.

The Gubernatorial Situation.—We have observed no change in the current of public sentiment on this subject. There seems to be a general concession that Mr. Hamilton is to be the candidate for Governor. There does not now appear to be a single disturbing cause to prevent it. Nearly the entire Democratic press of the State is outspoken for him, and so far we have not seen in any leading paper one unkind word adverse to it.

Everything indicates a decisive popular will—the People are for him. That confidence and favor which the people of this old congressional district always extended to him, seem now to pervade the whole State. His simple strength with the people among whom he lived and who knew him so well, was their entire confidence in his honest purposes to do right, in his devotion to principle and the public good, and in his ability to promote them. And so, now, the same element of strength has made itself felt on a more extensive scale, and the result is that to-day Mr. Hamilton has so far no competitor for the nomination, that we are aware of.

That this should be gratifying to our people is most natural, for Mr. Hamilton is emphatically one of them, and no man who has lived amongst them has ever in a superior degree enjoyed their confidence or commanded their respect. With a bent of mind naturally directed to political economy and the study of government, he was at once, upon obtaining manhood, launched upon a legislative career which has thoroughly matured his judgment and given him an experience which is now appreciated by all. He is known to be incorruptable and rigidly just, whether to friend or opponent. He is strongest where he is best known, and whenever he was a candidate he was always at the head of his ticket. In Congress his record was marked by the highest statesmanship and ability, and the whole aim of his official life has been the maintenance of principle and the practice of economy in the administration of government.

This the people of the State feel to be the fact, and it is this which now gives him such a hold upon their favor. That such an honorable confidence is felt to be deserved, by those who know him best, is what now affords such entire gratification to the immediate friends of Mr. Hamilton.—*Hagerstown Mail.*

Maryland's Congressmen.—The Baltimore *Gazette* says:

"Hon. James B. Groome begins his Senatorial career with the incoming Congress and we predict that he will always be found at the front when any work is to be done for Maryland. He is an able and conscientious Democrat and we welcome him among the faithful in the Senate.

After many years of valuable service the Hon. Thomas Swann closes his career as a Maryland Representative with the session just terminated. He always occupied a prominent position among his colleagues and the delegation will greatly miss his able counsels and agreeable presence.

Hon. Robert M. McLane, who will represent the Fourth Maryland District in the new Congress, will carry with him into the House of Representatives considerable experience in public affairs. We are confident that he will reflect great credit upon the enlightened constituency he represents.

It is to be regretted that the place of so faithful a Democratic member of Congress as the Hon. William Walsh will be filled by a Radical. Mr. Walsh carried his district twice against heavy odds and was always found in the right place in the Democratic column in the House of Representatives.

No man better understands the interests of Maryland than the Hon. Chas. B. Roberts, whose official term as a Representative is about to close. He was always at his post, able and ready to do his duty, and his present temporary absence from the councils of the nation will be a serious loss to the State.

The Clerk's Lament.—A Washington *Post* reporter colided with a Government clerk a few days ago, who said:

"It is a great mistake to suppose that we who are employed by the Government have always soft places, plenty of money and easy times."

"How is that?"

"Why, we could get along well enough if they would only let us alone, but we are just blackmailed to death.—They not only tax our salaries heavily for the campaign fund, but every few days they come around with a special demand for money, which we don't dare refuse to comply with. These receptions for new senators are all paid for by us."

"Do they tax you heavily?"

"You would be surprised to know how much was collected for John Logan's reception. The drummers went through every one of the departments, and scarcely a man escaped. It is perfectly wonderful how much money it takes to meet these constant demands. I believe somebody is getting rich out of us. Many a clerk actually pays out money that he needed to buy cornbread for his family, and here we are taxed to death for torch-light processions, serenades and ovations, and for scores of things that you don't know anything about. They would discharge a man if he did not sometimes contribute."

"Is that what they say to you?"

"Not exactly, though they intimate pretty strongly, but they don't hesitate to tell us that we will all lose our places if we don't do something to help the Grant movement."

Dr. Henkle's Speech.—Dr. Henkle did well to favor the repeal of the law to appoint Federal marshals and supervisors of elections. He has placed himself right on the record. In concluding his speech he well said:

"Mr. Chairman, this condition of affairs is insufferable, and will not be tolerated. There is a point beyond which human endurance will not, cannot go:

"The flesh will quiver when the pincers tear.
The blood will follow where the knife is driven."

"The honest, impartial sentiment of the country demands the instant repeal of these obnoxious laws. They are a foul blot upon the jurisprudence of our country. Our constituents are anxiously looking to us for relief. They expect that their Representatives here upon this floor will stand up manfully and perform their whole duty in defense of their rights and liberties. They have a right to demand this of us, and they will not hold him blameless who fails or falters in this emergency.

"'Weighed in the balance, and found wanting,' is the popular sentence that awaits every Democrat who now fails to perform the task set before him, and he will retire from these halls never to return again forevermore."

Dental Notice.

I respectfully inform the citizens of St. Mary's that I shall visit Leonardtown during Court and remain during the session thereof. Artificial teeth inserted at low prices. Gold fillings inserted for $2 and upwards; silver fillings $1 and $1.50. Will visit the residence of those who desire it. Address or call at Fenwick's Hotel.

PAGE EDMUNDS,
March 13, 1879. Dentist.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Court Next Week.

The March Term of our Circuit Court, commences on Monday next, will afford an excellent opportunity for persons owing us on subscription and advertising accounts to "call at the Captain's office," not that we are in want of money or any thing of that sort, or would receive it except "on compulsion," but to see old friends, recall fading recollections of ancient accounts and keep things in date.

R. R. & Debating Society.

At a meeting of members of St. Mary's R. R. & Debating Society, held at the Society's Hall, Friday, March 7th instant, it being the regular time for the election of officers, the following gentlemen were placed in nomination and unanimously elected—President, John A. Camalier; Vice-President, Arthur A. Drury; Rec. Sec., J. F. King; Asst. Sec., Wm. B. Goddard; Cor. Sec., George Blakistone; Treasurer, Wm. J. Edelen, Librarian, Robt. A. Young. The following gentlemen were appointed by the President to the different Standing Committees for the term, ending July 1st. Question Committee, J. Frank Ford, James H. Wilson and Frank N. Holmes. Finance Committee, D. C. Hammett, Charles J. Norris and J. Simms Fenwick. Library Committee, Joseph H. Key, Asa A. Lawrence and Enoch B. Abell. Hall Committee, Robt. C. Combs, B. R. Abell and Thos. Boyd. The Term Report of the Librarian disclosed the gratifying facts, that the number of volumes in the Library is now in excess of two thousand, that over a hundred new and valuable works have recently been added to it by purchase, and that more books were taken out of Library and read by members during the last quarter than during any two previous quarters of the Society combined.

Harbor Improvements.

The Mud Machine, with tenders and attachments, advanced last week as far up as the "wreck" or within one hundred yards of the Leonardtown Wharf and we had expected at this writing to have been able to announce, that it had fully completed its upward parallel line and was on its downward and final one to the commencement. Contrary to expectations, however, the machine pulled up stakes before completing its first parallel and retreated down stream where it is now working on its second. Why one line was not finished before another was commenced is a question that has been asked us and which we confess we cannot answer.

Town Improvements.

The improvements in the new part of our Town which were projected before the setting in of the past Winter and temporarily suspended on account of its severity, now that this embargo has been removed, have resumed progress and are being pushed forward with unwonted activity. We shall mention these more particularly as lots are laid off and purchased and dwellings erected. In the meanwhile, we refer to the convenient and commodious stabling which has already been erected by B. R. Abell, Esqr., on a lot lately bought by him in the rear of his dwelling, as also to the new grading and fencing which is being done on the West side of Washington street to the North of Mr. Dillow's shop.

Gardening, etc.

Not only are farmers hereabouts putting their "houses in order" for the Spring campaign, but the careful housewife is also at the front and is giving evidence of activity in preparations for gardening as well. The weather at present is propitious for both farm and garden work, and if it continue thus for a few days longer, there will be a general planting movement along the whole line, the bread-winners in the fields and the vegetable-makers in the gardens.

Committed to Jail.

There was committed to the County Jail on Monday last a black man, name to us unknown, likewise the offence for which he was committed, but we suppose it could not have been of a very serious nature, as he was destitute of feet and was, altogether, about as pitiable-looking an object as we ever beheld. Likely, it is a case of some other county's poor which has been dumped down on us to support and that the unfortunate was arrested under the vagrant act.

Mr. Wilson's Condition.

The general interest felt in our county to learn the latest phase of Mr. E. A. Wilson's condition will explain our frequent reference to it. The report of it, then, we have to make this week is, no new unfavorable bodily symptoms and no mental improvement. Recognizing this condition of mind and body as likely to last for some time to come, the friends of Mr. Wilson, we learn, have already made arrangements for the cultivation of his farm in the interest of himself and family for the current year

County Commissioners.

There was no meeting of this body on Tuesday, the Clerk having been called away by a summons to Frederick city to testify in a case of the Trustees of the Montavue Hospital vs. the estate of Charles W. Keifer, former president of the institution, for money received by him from St. Mary's county for support of insane paupers. The Board has been adjourned to the first Tuesday in March Court, and will then remain in session during the continuance of the term.

Personal.

Dr. Page Edmunds, it will be seen by publication elsewhere made, will pay his regular semi-annual professional visit to our Town on Monday next and remain over during the session of Court. Letters addressed to him at Fenwick's Hotel will receive prompt attention. During his stay in the county, he will visit parties at their homes, if notified of their wish to see him.

Orphans' Court.

There was a meeting of this body on Tuesday last, the 11th instant, at which there was a full bench present. Passing administrators' and guardian accounts occupied the time of the Court, which adjourned until Tuesday next, the 18th instant.

Accident.

A child, aged about 7 years, of Mr. John T. Yates, while playing with other children in the yard of his father's house Medley's Neck on Thursday last, the 6th instant, fell and broke its arm. The little sufferer is now doing well.

Lumber Notice.

The attention of our readers is called to the Lumber Notice, elsewhere published, of Frank D. Watkins & Co., who is doing business at 51 West Pratt St., Baltimore, Md. Give the firm a call.

No Report.

Up to the hour of putting our paper to press, we are in receipt of no report of the Fox Hunters who left our Town about 1 o'clock Wednesday morning, 12th instant, amid a hurricane of noise, to which hounds, horns and hunters contributed about equally. The destination of the Hunters was supposed to be Medley's Neck, where there is reported to be a venerable fox which, though frequently chased and cornered, always manages to escape and disappear at the critical moment. If that aforesaid fox is not caught this time, we predict he will be scared to death and never heard of hereafter.

☞We are in receipt of the American Farmer for March, which is replete as usual with matters pertaining to agriculture and its kindred associations. Almost the entire number is composed of original papers from its correspondents which seem to hail from nearly every county in Maryland, besides those from other States, particularly Virginia, and embrace every subject of interest to the farmer, horticulturist, florist, the stock-raiser and the dairyman. Among them will be found some very valuable essays on fruit-raising on the Peninsula, on tobacco for cigars, on the grasses and clovers, sheep-breeding and the dairy, trucking, &c., beside the Grange matters and the Home Department. A communication from the celebrated Peter Henderson, of New York, describing the wonderful yield of the pearl millet, will attract particular interest. This number of the "Old Pioneer" of agricultural literature will be found of itself a complete manual for the farmer, and should be in the hands of every one owning even a single acre of land. Published by Sam'l Sands & Son, Baltimore Md., at $1.50 per annum, or in clubs of five or more at $1 each.

☞The Maryland Farmer, for March, is an interesting and valuable number. The table of contents embraces a wide range of subjects, and comprises essays and contributions relative to every department of agricultural enterprise. The success of the Maryland Farmer has led its proprietor to offer special inducements to his subscribers for the current year. In addition to generous subscription terms, the Maryland Farmer offers special premiums to farmers, in the shape of a "Young America corn and cob mill" to the person securing a hundred subscribers, and a "two-horse, iron axle, Whitewater wagon" to the person obtaining two hundred. The Maryland Farmer is published by Ezra Whitman, 141 West Pratt street, Baltimore.

A Handsome Income for an Energetic Lady or Gentleman.—The Ohio Scale Works of Cincinnati have just completed and are now introducing to the public a handsomely finished Family Scale, an article that has always been needed in every household, and in a communication addressed to the publishers of this paper the proprietors ask us to refer them to some reliable party, to introduce it for them to the people of this County. It is very seldom that a new article steps so suddenly into universal favor. Housekeepers are loud in its praise, it is always ready, there are no weights to get lost or to be hunted up, is reliable, and will not get out of order.—The description of them is a handsome base surmounted by a column in which works a spiral spring so scientifically adjusted as to weigh anything up to two ve pounds with perfect accuracy, on the top of the column is the platform on which the articles to be weighed are placed, and they have an adjustable indicator so that you can take the tare of any vessel you may use in weighing, giving you the exact net weight. House keepers at once see their value in weighing fruits, sugars and other ingredients used in preserving, cooking, etc., or in testing the weights of purchases from others.

The Scales are made of all Brass, are highly polished and are finished in a skillful manner.—They are very attractive and take the eye of every one who sees them.

It seems to us that nearly every family in this county will want one, and is certainly a rare opportunity for some smart and energetic party to pick up quite a nice little income during the next few months. The company has agents in other counties who are easily making from $5 00 to $6 00 per day selling them, and we would recommend parties in need of employment to drop the OHIO SCALE WORKS, No. 125 and 127 Central Avenue, Cincinnati, O., a Postal Card, and all information, etc.,, will be cheerfully given them by mentioning our paper.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

The Attention

of our readers is specially called this week to the advertisement of John Wanamaker, to be found in our columns elsewhere. This advertiser is offering unusual inducements to buyers in his line of trade, and we bespeak an early call upon him, as his announcement shows he is anxious and determined to sell and is selling at the very lowest figures. Give him a call and contrast his prices and selling advantages with those of similar establishments before making up your mind to purchase.

Clothing Store.

We call attention to the advertisement in today's paper of the old, reliable and well-known house of Nonh Walker & Co. This establishment, with branches in Washington and elsewhere, is one of the largest and most complete in the country. If we are not mistaken, this is the first house which made the business of selling ready-made clothing respectable and reliable. To-day the Messrs. Walker are patronized by the most respectable and fastidious in the country

F. W. Trimble.

We take pleasure in referring to the card of Mr. F. W. Trimble, in another part of this paper, who has succeeded Trimble & Co., Nos. 78 and 80, W. Pratt St., dealer in sash, doors, blinds and factory work, &c. The readers of the Beacon will do well to give them a call when buying, as they will find him both obliging and accommodating. Having a factory of his own, he is ready to furnish at lowest cash prices everything in his line and of the best.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE!

160 TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. 160

160 ARTICLE 56, SECTION 92, Leonardtown,
160 160, makes it unlawful for anybody to buy
160 goods outside of Gump's, (alluding to li-
160 quors.) The penalty for such an offense
160 is—the first case a new suit of clothes and
160 the second 6 meals instead of 3 a day. We
160 will see that the law is rigidly enforced.
160 Also have on hand various liquors. Don't
160 forget the number and name, 160.
160 Also make a specialty of the fol-
160 lowing well-known brands, viz:
160 BUCK WALTERS, OLIVER O. K., D.
160 FAUST and BAKERS. Bottled Beer, ex-
160 pressly for family use. 75 cents per dozen.
160 An early call solicited.

Very respectfully,
HESSY GUMP, Agent.

March 13 1879.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

I announce myself as a candidate for the next Legislature and respectfully solicit the support of my fellow-citizens.

Feb 20, 1879. Frank N. Holmes.

Buggies! Buggies!

PHAETONS! PHAETONS! PHAETONS!

THERE will be at Leonardtown on the 17th instant a fine assortment of the above named vehicles for sale or exchange at hard-pan prices. No charge for examining the goods or giving any desired information. The vehicles can be seen at Moore's Hotel.

March 13, 1879.

Weems' Line of Steamers to the Patuxent River.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after SATURDAY, March 1, the steamers PLANTER and WENONAH will run, from Pier 8 Light St., as follows:

PLANTER every SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at 6.30 a. m., for Fair Haven, Plum Point, Governor's Run and Patuxent river, far up as Benedict. Returning, leave Benedict every Monday and Thursday at 6 o'clock; Millstone Landing at 10 o'clock; Plum Point at 12.30 o'clock, and Fair Haven at 2 o'clock for Baltimore.

Freight received Tuesdays and Fridays only at Pier 8, Light street, up to 5 o'clock.

WENONAH every SUNDAY NIGHT, at 9 o'clock, for Patuxent river direct, as far up as Hill's Landing. Returning, leaves Bristol every Monday, at 12 o'clock, for Baltimore.

Freight received on Saturdays only at Pier 8, Light Street, up to 5 o'clock.

HENRY WILLIAMS, Agent.
S. H. FORBES, Superintendent.
Office 114 Light street up stairs.

March 13, 1879.

RATIFICATION NOTICE.

Wm. C. Foxwell and
E. Indiana, his wife,
vs.
Martha A. Drury and others.

In the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity.
No. 299 N. E.

ORDERED this 4th day of March, 1879, that the Auditor's Report, filed in this cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 4th Monday of March, 1879; provided a copy of this order be published in the St. Mary's Beacon, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 4th Monday of March.

J. FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

True Copy, Test:
J. FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

March 6, 1879—3w.

RATIFICATION NOTICE.

In St. Mary's County Orphans' Court, February 11th, 1879.

ORDERED, That the Sale of the Real Estate of Marcellus S. Stone, deceased, made by Robert C. Combs, Trustee, to sell the land of the said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the 10th day of March next—Provided, a copy of this order be inserted in the St. Mary's Beacon, a newspaper published in St. Mary's county, at least once a week for three successive weeks, before the said 10th day of March.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $530.

L. H. CANTER, C. J.,
Z. H. TIPPETT,
JNO. L. MILBURN.

Feb 13, 1878—3w.

FRESH OYSTERS.

FAST days have come and oysters are selling at TUCKER'S OYSTER HOUSE as follows: Fresh Oysters, per gallon, delivered, 50c.

Stewed, (cigar free)	25
Roast, " "	25
Fried, " "	25

Half Stew, 15c. Frozen, 15c. Raw, 15c.
Feb. 27, 1879.

New Beef Market!

I SHALL always keep on hand at my shop in the rear of the dwelling now occupied by me

Fresh Beef, Pork, &c.,

and will be happy to furnish my friends at very reduced rates. Orders promptly attended to.

A. J. BLAINE

Nov. 21, 1878

RATIFICATION NOTICE.

In the matter of the sale of Real Estate assessed to Leonard Hayden by R. K. Clarke, late Collector of State and county taxes for the 6th district.

IT is hereby ordered, that the sale made and reported by R. K. Clarke, late Collector of State and county taxes for the 6th district for the years 1874 and 1875, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 6th day of April, 1879; provided a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks prior to the said 6th day of April, 1879, in the St. Mary's Beacon.

The report states that the one-sixth interest in and to the said real estate sold for $47.50.

March 3rd, 1879. R. FORD.

True copy, Test:
J. FRANK FORD,
Clerk.

March 6, 1879—3w.

WHOLESALE. RETAIL.

FRANK D. WATKINS & CO.

(Successors to JOHN L. SEARS & CO.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Building Materials,

DOORS, WINDOW SASHES, BLINDS, WINDOW and DOOR FRAMES, BRACKETS, MOULDINGS, HAND RAILS, &c.

51 W. PRATT STREET,

COR. PATTERSON STREET. BALTIMORE.

March 13, 1879—1y.