DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

The democratic Mass Meeting which was held at the Court House on last Saturday, was, despite the inclemency of the weat'er, well attended—over 300 persons being present. The meeting was called to order by Dr. Thomas A. Lynch, of the Central Committee, and organized by electing, on motion of Dr. Brome, Hon. B. G. Harris, President. On motion of Col. Jeff. D. Loker, Mr. Geo. Combs and Col. John H. Sothoron were elected Vice-Presidents. F. V. King was chosen Secretary. On taking the Chair Mr. Harris thanked the assemblage for the honor done him, made a few general remarks and introduced Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, as the first speaker.

After paying a high compliment to Mr. Harris for his personal worth and distinguished services in the Legislature and in Congress, and stating that he considered himself under particularly fortunate circumstances in being introduced by him, Gen. Johnson spoke substantially as follows:

"What I desire to impress upon you is the necessity of keeping the State of Maryland in the hands of the Democratic party and I propose to demonstrate that it is the duty of every man to help to keep the State in democratic hands. The democratic party is a party of popular right, it has adopted for its principles the principle of Jefferson that government was made for the people and that men have a right to govern themselves. Opposed to this democratic doctrine is a party that believes that the people must be governed by a paternal government. These are two forms of polity—one a government of the people, the other a government of centralization. Therefore, when the democratic party controlled you, you had a plain government. The enormous power that grew up in the rebellion, a protective tariff, steamboat subsidies, railroad monopolies, giving away of public lands, separated property from the hands of the many and put it in the hands of the few—twenty million voters, two millions owning the property. The republican party by tariff monopoly broke up the small traders, took the power out of their hands and put it in the hands of the few large manufacturers." Gen. Johnson adduced as an illustration the Tobacco Monopoly of the Lorrillards, pointed out how it had broken up the hundreds of small manufacturers in Maryland and Virginia and showed this to be a natural consequence of the republican theory of government. "Continue," he said, "to apply the same doctrine and twenty years hence, you young men will have questions to settle, as in my day and in my way, I attempted to settle questions that then arose.

The Republican principle proposes for the government to take control of the telegraph, to take control of the railroads—but to control them they must own them. With its hand on the industries of the country you will be governed by a government not by the people. Will not the gentlemen who are the millionaires, the corporation, the railroad, control the government? Will the people pay the taxes or will the corporations pay the taxes? I will show you that unless this is counteracted by the Democratic doctrine, the Government that is strong enough to reach its hand to Alaska will be too strong for public liberty and too strong for control. Republicans say that this tendency will be overcome by universal suffrage. Has not universal suffrage been overturned by force?" The speaker pointed to France as an example of the failure of universal suffrage, told how Louis Napolean having control of the departments of industry and the election machinery ordered a vote, how the vote was taken by his officers and counted by his officers and how the Republic was overthrown and the Empire proclaimed. Continuing, Gen. Johnson said, he proposed to "discuss the principles of the democratic party. For too long a time, there has been sentimentalism in politics and questions of temper rather than principles, and young men are growing up in ignorance of the principles of the democratic party. The same reasons that urge the young men to bolt the republican organization in New York and Ohio, are operating in Maryland to force them from the Democratic party. That is why, young gentlemen, I am making this argument. The Democratic party is the party of equal rights to all. The principles I lay down are the principles of the democratic party and my principles. Some friends are dissatisfied with the ticket. If they don't want the ticket, do they want Holton? No man can make a fair argument and show why Holton should be elected Governor. Whenever the Republican party has obtained power the first thing it did was to overthrow the fundamental principles of this commonwealth. In 1859 when they went to the people and the short time they were in power they attempted to engraft upon your government religious intolerance. You know how they drove in and penned with butts of muskets religious proscription and then joined in a petition to the General Government that Maryland should be placed under martial law. In the year of grace, 1867, this man—H. H. Holton—asked to have Maryland placed under military government and formed into Military District No. 5?" Gen. Johnson told how he, living then in Military District No. 1, had become acquainted with some of the beauties of this system of government—told how the Southern sympathizers got in jail, in penitentiary, &c., and after stating that "all this was fair in '65, for it was during war times, and may have been excused," concluded as follows: "But in '67—two years after the war was over—this republican candidate for Governor put his hand to a document to abolish Habeas Corpus and to take away the right of private domicil. I don't want such a man to have all the power over our votes. The Governor of the State, by virtue of powers conferred by a republican legislature, was invested with the appointment of all the registration officers in the State and with the supervisors of elections in Baltimore city, which practically gives him complete control of the election machinery of the State. This is too much power to be in any one man's hands. I will guarantee that the Hon. Robt. M. McLane will not abuse these large powers, but can any one say the same of Mr. Holton? Elect Holton Governor and the youngest boy will be a middle aged men before the democrats have any more votes in Maryland. I make my proposition and say that the republican party should not be placed in power in this State. My friends have been paying from 78 to 101 cents taxes on the $100, under republican County Commissioners. Give them power and they will abuse it, whether in South Carolina, in Washington or in the Commissioners' Court of St. Mary's county. I have been a democrat from my first vote. When I found people acting in a way I could not approve, I did not join in any fusion with the republican party. If anything is to be done for the preservation of the liberties of this people, in my opinion, it is to be done solely by the democratic party of this country."

Gen. Johnson was followed by the Hon. Barnes Compton, who was introduced by Mr. Harris as "the man who had oftentimes been elected by a democratic legislature treasurer of the State and through whose hands millions of money had gone and not a single dollar gone wrong." Mr. Compton complimented in the highest terms the distinguished gentleman who presided over the meeting and paid a graceful tribute to the county in whose bosom reposed the bones of his grandmother and from among whose fair daughters he had won his wife. This State election, he said, would in a measure determine what the next general election would be; he would not detain the meeting by the discussion of abstract political truths, but would briefly contrast the democratic and republican doctrine and endeavor to show that Hart B. Holton was the legitimate outgrowth of the principles of the republican party. He showed that the democratic party upheld the principles of Jefferson, spoke of its having added Louisiana, California and Texas to our domains and of how the noble old democrat, Andrew Jackson, throttled the National Bank and converted it into the peoples' treasury. "There is not," he said, "a stain on the escutcheon of the democratic party—not a page of its history which a man would be ashamed to read in his family." He then spoke of the issues of the war as dead and about which there should be no discussion. The outrages perpetrated then were done, he said, under the plea of necessity, and after feelingly alluding to the persecution that our people had undergone because they sympathized with their own flesh and blood who were in arms across the Potomac, he came to the record of the republican party after the war was over, spoke of its corruption and venality at Washington and of there being but a single department that a democratic Congress did not successfully impeach; contrasting Jackson leaving the White House and drawing his private check on his commission merchant in New Orleans to settle his expenses with Gen. Grant who left encumbered with wealth and with presents accepted from a bull-dog to a brown stone front. Mr. Compton then told how the republican party had endeavored to drive from the ballot-box himself and all others who had felt sympathy with their own kindred who had fought for what they believed to be right. "I promised," he continued, "to show you that Hart B. Holton is the legitimate outgrowth of these principles. Who is Holton? He has been to the State Senate, but how did he get there? He got there because he was mean enough to accept a seat that another gentleman had been elected to fill. The Senate of the State was tied and it was necessary to manufacture a majority. The republicans counted noses. They sent a guard to manacle and cast into prison Levin H. Waters, a democratic representative of the old county of Somerset, and held him a prisoner until they could give Mr. Hart B. Holton the seat. If this don't prove that Hart B. Holton is the legitimate outgrowth of the republican party what will? Do you take a man at his word? Do you weigh a man by his declarations or by his deeds? I wouldn't give a pinch of snuff for the declaration of any man. Let him do deeds to show his repentance. It is charged that corruption has crept into the democratic party. For four long years you have had the watchful eye of Mr. Wm. T. Hamilton searching if the charge was true, and I have been in a position to know that had he discovered corruption no one would have been more ready and willing to expose it. I don't care to go into this point unless some republican could be found bold enough to make the charge. I would try to do him justice. I am proud to say that the State debt has been reduced from thirteen to eleven millions, and if you had not increased the debt, it would be now ten millions. I will tell you how the debt was increased. The democratic legislature increased the debt by appropriating $100,000 to feed the poor people of the South whose all had been taken by the Northern hordes; increased by $190,000 to found the State Normal School. I was then Treasurer, and it was my privilege to cancel that debt. Your jails and penitentiary were overcrowded and bonds were issued for $250,000 to build a House of Correction. I am proud to say that I cancelled those bonds. Yes, we increased the debt. Numbers of children are born deaf and dumb and an obligation is upon us to make them faithful citizens. The debt was increased to found a Deaf and Dumb Hospital. Yes, the debt was increased by the democratic party. Take care how you criticize the debt. Some may have relatives and friends or by the inscrutable judgments of God may themselves be deprived of reason. Is it wrong to have spent a little money to found a home for the insane? If these be crimes, charge them up. If Marylanders condemn them as crimes, I don't want to be a Marylander. Mr. Compton spoke of the democratic ticket, saying that the Convention had done its work well, and that the candidates required no eulogy. Speaking of the opposition ticket, he said, "That he did not know what record was claimed for Mr. Holton. Some had said he was a workingman and was raised in a factory. The Baltimore *American* after his nomination simply said he appeared before the Convention in a splendid fitting suit of conventional black and accepted the nomination. Did the *American* mean his best suit or a black republican conventional suit? I can understand how the suit would have been just the thing in the company of some sprightly widow, or would have graced him as a knight of the round table, or would have fitted him to

"Caper nimbly in a lady's chamber," etc.

But do not understand how it would recommend him for the position of Governor of Maryland. I never heard of Mullikin until he appeared upon the Republican ticket to be beaten by Covington and he was well beaten. Frank H. Stockett was an able lawyer and a gentleman, but the blackest republican in Anne Arundel County." Mr. Compton related an anecdote of the old Marshal Blucher, told how after Waterloo he had traveled over Europe, receiving the freedom of the cities and being feted wherever he went, how visiting London he had been taken to the Tower and there surveying with his field glass the whole city had exclaimed, "My God what a city to sack." "The Republicans," he said, "see from the statements in the monthly papers that I have in the Treasury over a million of dollars and they exclaim "'Great God, what a Treasury to sack.'" After relating an anecdote of the battle of Blenheim, he exhorted the Democrats to imitate the example of the allied forces there, "close up their ranks and march on to victory in November."

The chairman then introduced the Hon. Charles B. Roberts, the democratic candidate for Attorney General. Mr. Roberts said: "I feel that my heart is throbbing harder than usual. I have faced many an audience before, I have always been a democrat, but I was never before in an assemblage where my heart beat more in unison than with the president of this meeting and the humblest member of this crowd. By way of preface, I will say that I have come here not that it would do any good for me to preach democracy here, but I have come here to renew my own democracy. Now, when the memories of the war are wiped out it is no time to allow personal considerations to regulate and control your conduct. I do not come here to ask that any man should vote for me on private considerations but to ask that they vote for me on principle. Many things have been said and been very well said by the gentlemen who have preceeded me, but some yet remain to be said. I wish to impress upon you the duty incumbent upon you as American citizens of casting intelligent ballots, and a correct appreciation of the value of suffrage. It is a matter that lies at the foundation of Republican government. Suffrage is a priceless gift. If you fail in its appreciation your government will pass from you and you will not know it." After a masterly exposition of the principles of the democratic party and a short reference to the existing factional contests, Mr. Roberts spoke of the Republican party as not being one of principle, of its mission having been finished and want of office the only tie that held it together and then touched upon Mr. Holton's record as a workingman, saying the only work Holton had ever done was to court a rich wife. After complimenting Mr. Holton on the success of his work and giving a humerous account of his own record as a workingman, Mr. Roberts reviewed the record of the republican party in this State and read from a statistical table showing the reckless extravagance of the republicans when in control of our State Legislature, and stated that as our people payed taxes very cheerfully, he read these things so that when a republican legislature got in they might know what to expect. Then briefly refering to the record of the democratic party in Congress and his own record there, he paid his respects to the republican candidates and proceeded to do Mr. Holton a little more justice, stating that if anyone would take the trouble to look into Scharf's History of Maryland, (Vol. III, pp. 697-9) they would find what kind of a document Mr. Hart B. Holton, who is now asking Marylanders to elect him Governor, was willing to sign. Mr. Roberts illustrated his points by appropriate anecdotes happily told, and made a most favorable impression upon his hearers.

THE QUESTION has OFTEN BEEN ASKED

Can—Rupture—(abdominal hernia) be cured? *We most emphatically say, YES.* That this part of the body offers no exception to those physiological laws which govern the whole physical economy and it makes not a particle of difference whether the age of the Rupture is one year or a hundred years. For proof of this send for a Free Book on Rupture to The Excelsior Rupture Cure M'f'g Co., Ogdensburg, N. Y.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 Cents.

THE FALL RACES.

The Fall races will be held on the Leonardtown Race Course on

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, the thirtieth and thirty-first of October and first of November,

or the first fair day following.

The proprietors of the course deem it their duty to return their thanks to the public for the patronage and courtesies which were extended them at the Spring Races, and, as a mark of gratitude, will afford the seekers of pleasure an opportunity to participate upon an occasion which will supersede the performances of horses that have been hitherto exhibited since the track's formation.

Fair and just riding will be required and the races conducted as near as possible in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Maryland Jockey Club. Riders must mount their horses in colors. Numerous horses from abroad will make their appearance.

FIRST DAY.

1st Race—1 mile dash—purse, $30. 2nd race—½ mile dash—purse, $20. 3rd race—¾ mile heats—purse $30. 4th race—stake—trotting to harness.

SECOND DAY.

1st race—¾ mile dash—purse, $25. 2nd race—½ mile heats—purse, $25. 3rd race—1½ mile dash—purse, $30. 4th race—stake—trotting in harness.

THIRD DAY.

1st race—½ mile dash—(2 year olds,) purse, $15. 2nd race—¾ mile dash—purse, $25. 3rd—race—1 mile heats—purse, $40. 4th race—½ mile dash—consolation purse, $10.

☞ In all races entry is saved by second horse.

☞ Racing to commence at 1 o'clock, sharp. Admission, 15c. for walkers and 25c. for riders.

J. R. WALTON,
Secretary Leonardtown Race Course.
Oct 4, 1883—td.

WHEN YOU VISIT BALTIMORE

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT

S. BERNEI & SONS

ONE PRICE SILK AND DRY GOODS HOUSE,

176 & 178 Lexington St., S. E. cor. Eutaw.

Importers and retailers of Cashmere, Alexandra's celebrated Silks, Antoine Guinet's Colored Dress Silks, Guinet's Black and Colored Dress Velvets. Nonpareil Velveteens in all new shades.

SILK PLUSHES in all the new Fall shades.
NEW FALL DRESS GOODS arriving daily.
ALL DOMESTICS retailed at wholesale prices

SPECIALTIES IN CLOAKS.

JERSEYS in all colors.

LACE CURTAINS at Bargain Prices.

A call solicited.

S. BERNEI & SONS.
Aug 30, 1883—y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Orphans' Court of St. Mary's County, Sct: September 17, 1883.

ORDERED by the Court, That J. Frank Bohanan, administrator of WM. T. BOHANAN, late of St. Mary's county, Md., deceased, give the notice required by law to the deceased's creditors to exhibit their claims and that the same be published once a week for six successive weeks in the St. Mary's Beacon.

Test. JOHN B. ABELL,
Register of Wills for St. Mary's county.

NOTICE.

In pursuance of the above order, I hereby give notice that I have obtained from the Orphans' Court of St. Mary's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Wm. T. Bohanan, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby notified to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers attached thereto to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of March, 1883, they will otherwise by law be excluded from the benefits of the said estate. All persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

J. FRANK BOHANAN,
Sept 20, 1883. Administrator.

J. L. CONNELLEY,
BOOT & SHOEMAKER,
LEONARDTOWN.

Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

Sept 6, 1883

NEW BOOKS.

To the usual supply of books at the Leonardtowd News Agency, there has just been added the latest and most popular works in Lovel's convenient and attractive pocket editions. Price, 10, 15, and 20 cts. per number.

Century Magazine,	35 cents.
Modern Age,	15 "
Sheet Music,	3 "
Harper's Magazine;	35

Subscriptions taken for daily and weekly papers.

CHARLES E. BENNETT
Builder and Contractor
St. Clement's Bay,
St. Mary's County, Md.
Aug 23, 1883—6m.

Trustees' Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE
IN
St. Mary's County.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for St. Mary's county, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed on the 23rd day of March, A. D., 1883, in a cause wherein Richard H. Miles is complainant and George Blakistone, administrator of John H. Turner, and others are respondents, the undersigned, Trustees, will offer at public sale, at the Court House door, Leonardtown, on

Tuesday, the 13th of Nov., '83,

between the hours of 12 o'clock, M. and 5 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

All those tracts or parcels of land called and known as

PT. OF BACHELOR'S HOPE,

containing

360 ACRES,

more or less;

Hayden's Fair and Key's Purchase,

containing

227 Acres,

more or less; also one

House & Lot

in the village of CHAPTICO,

The above lands comprise the Real Estate of the late John H. Turner and are in a good state of cultivation; the soil being particularly well adapted to the staple crops. They are very desirably located within a very short distance of Chaptico Wharf and other landings and convenient to churches, mills, etc.

The DWELLING HOUSE on the first-named tract is a very fine and large one and in good repair with all necessary outbuildings, etc. on the lands.

These lands have been highly improved and present a rare opportunity to any one desiring to purchase a profitable, convenient and desirable House and lands.

Terms of Sale,

as prescribed by the decree are, one-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof, and the balance in equal installments in one and two years from the day of sale with interest from date.

BILLINGSLEY GARNER,
B. HARRIS CAMALIER,
Trustees.

Oct 11 ts

CANDIDATES.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

J. THOMAS BROME,
JOHN H. LEACH,
WALTER COLE, Colored.
WASHINGTON WILKENSON,
JOHN L. MILBURN,
STEPHEN E. NORRIS,
CHARLES F. NORRIS,
L. J. W. WIRZ.

FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY.

B HARRIS CAMALIER,
DANIEL C. HAMMETT.

FOR SHERIFF.

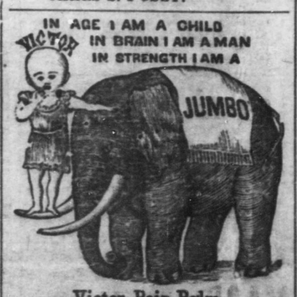
JOHN F. FENWICK,
JAMES H. ALVEY,
G. BENNETT DENT,
JOHN T. CURTIS, Colored,
J. SPENCER MURPHY,

FOR THE ORPHANS' COURT.

JAMES T. ABELL,
JOS. H. KEY,
JOHN B. PURCELL,
R. PINKNEY BLAKISTONE,
DANIEL J. PAYNE,
STEPHEN JONES,

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

SPENCER HARRISON,
J. BILLERY PARSONS,
J. M. WILKINSON,
WM. H. FORD,
JOHN A. DUNBAR,
BENJ. J. SHERMANTINE.
ZACHARIAH MATTINGLY,
JAMES S. POSEY.



Victor Pain Balm.

The Magic Remedy for Cholera Morbus, Cramp Colic, Cramps caused from Indigestion, Dysentary or Diarrhœa, Toothache, Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Frosted, and a dead shot to the sting of insects. Price 50 cents per bottle, read below the guarantee.

Victor Infants' Relief,

The greatest remedy for Cholera Infantum or Summer Complaint, Colic, Cramps, or Griping, as it acts specifically upon the coats of stomach and alementory canal, and in teething it is almost indispensable to some children to quiet their nervous system and increases their digestive powers, and makes plump and fat babies. Price 25 cents per bottle, read below the guarntee.

VICTOR LINIMENT,

For external use is King over all pains for man or beast. Rheumatism, stiff joints, lumbago, frosted feet, corns, &c, Price 25 cents. We have used strong language above, but we will make every word good or refund your money. We authorize every druggist or store keeper to sell one bottle of each of the Pain Balm, Infant Relief and Liniment to every family upon these conditions, that they use one-half a bottle and if it does not come up to the above advertisement, why return the other half to the agent you bought from and he will return you the money you paid.

VICTOR COUGH SYRUP,

The safe, pleasant, and effectual remedy for all forms of coughs caused from throat and lung diseases. Price 25 cents a bottle.

For sale by Druggists and all Storekeepers.

KOONTZ & CO., M'f'rs and PROP'RS,
Sept 27, 1883—y Frederick, Md.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. JOHN T. SPALDING having removed to Leonardtown, Md., will give prompt attention to all professional calls.
March 8, 1883.

—READ THIS!!—

THIS is to inform the public that the undersigned have just received a lot of fine

Buggies & Carriages

from one of the best carriage builders in the country, and we are able to sell them cheaper, with a written

guarantee

for one year, than the same grade of work can be purchased elsewhere.

Look at the Prices!

1st. A full gum top Buggy with fine cloth trimmings, $73 00.
2nd. A full leather top Buggy with fine cloth trimmings, $100 00.
3rd. A full leather top Buggy with fine Russian leather trimmings, $125 00.
4th. A 3 spring Phaeton finely furnished. $140 00.
5th. Jump seat carriages from $100 00 to $140 00 according to finish.
6th. Duten & McCaul wagons from $125 00 $175 00.

REMEMBER

you get a written guarantee with all this, Give us a call before purchasing.

TROTTER & HUNDLEY
Bryantown, Charles County, Md.
Sept 20, 1883—2m.

BARBOUR & HAMILTON
—ESTABLISHED 1850—
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND IMPORTERS
FLOUR, TOBACCO & SPICE MERCHANTS
AND
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS.

Sole Agents for the sale of DEVOE'S BRILLIANT OIL, the Safest, Finest, Cheapest and BEST ILLUMINATOR in the world; also Agents for the unrivalled brands of flour, known as

"Our Superlative,"

The Highest Grade of Minnesota flour manufactured. OUR NEW WEST, a very choice Minnesota. ROYAL, a choice St. Louis Family. GERM, a Fancy Patent HARVEST QUEEN, a choice Minnesota Family. CEREAL, a choice Ohio Family. These are the BEST FLOURS on the market. We also call special attention to our large stock of

SUGARS, MOLASSES,
SYRUPS, TEAS,
COFFEES, SEGARS,
TOBACCOS and LIQUORS

of all grades, all of which we offer to the trade at prices as low as can be obtained in any market North of Washington. Buyers will do well to examine our stock before purchasing. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Goods packed and delivered at Depot free of charge.

614 & 616 Pa. Avenue and
615 & 617 B. Street, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Sept 20, 1883—y.

H. L. BISCOE,
Ship Broker, Grocer
—AND—
Commission Merchant,
BISCOE'S TENTH-STREET WHARVES,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Large Warhouses on Wharves. Good outside Storage.
Cargoes of all kinds Received and Discharged and Shipped.
Special attention paid to Consignments of Lumber, Wood, Cedar Posts, Laths, Cement, etc.
Oct 11, 1883—y.

For Rent or Lease.

HUNTER'S HILLS, the residence of the late Thomas H. Springer, deceased, about 125 acres of arable land. There are two tenement houses on the property, one of which now rents for $25 per year. The other rented last year for $60. There is a comfortabl dwelling on same, with necessary out-houses The land is in a high state of cultivation and will be rented low. For terms, apply to

JOS. S. ALLSTON,
Oct 11, 1883—td1. Great Mills, Md.

Horse Stolen.

WAS stolen from the premises of the subscriber, near Oakville, on Friday night, the 21st ult., a small bay STALLION, with bridle and saddle. The horse has one white foot, with white star in his forehead, and is ten years old. A liberal reward will be paid for the return of the horse to Oakville or for any information which may lead to his recovery.

J. W. DRURY,
Oct 11, 1883—1m. Oakville P. O.

Teacher Wanted.

FOR WHITE PUBLIC SCHOOL NO. 5, 2nd election district. Apply to
W. S. COPPAGE,
W. K. WATTS,
IGN. BOHANAN,
Oct 11, 1883—3t. Trustees.

FOR CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce JOHN N. GRAVES as a Candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court in 1885, and say that he will receive the cordial support of the Republicans of St. Mary's County.
Mar. 15. LEONARDTOWN DISTRICT.

Messrs. Editors.—Please announce Mr. W. F. FORD, of the 8th district, as a candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court, and say that he will be warmly endorsed by
LEONARDTOWN DISTRICT.
March 22nd, 1883.

G. W. BURROUGHS,
Comfortable Lodgings and Board.
MECHANICSVILLE,
ST. MARY'S CO., MD.

☞ Particular attention paid to commercial travelers.
May 17, 1883—tf.

B. M. ABELL,
House and Sign Painter.

Good work, reasonable prices and satisfaction guaranteed.
Apr. 5, 83.

REMINGTON GUNS

WE HAVE THE
Largest and Best Equipped Armory in the World!

AND CONSEQUENTLY THE BEST OF FACILITIES FOR MANUFACTURING AND TESTING FIREARMS, WE HAVE MADE

OVER ONE MILLION MILITARY RIFLES

Which have been adopted and are in use in EVERY QUARTER OF THE GLOBE.

REMINGTON SHOT GUNS

ARE NOTED FOR THE GOOD RESULTS OBTAINED AT ALL RANGES. WE REFER TO ANYBODY WHO HAS USED THEM.

OUR HUNTING AND TARGET RIFLES

Have taken HIGHEST AWARDS at International Expositions, and PRINCIPAL PRIZES in Leading Matches.

REMINGTON ARMS

ARE UNEQUALED FOR

Strength, Simplicity, Durability, Range, Penetration, Precision, Ease of Action, and Rapidity of Fire.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,
NEW YORK OFFICE, 281 & 283 BROADWAY.
ARMORY, ILION, N. Y.

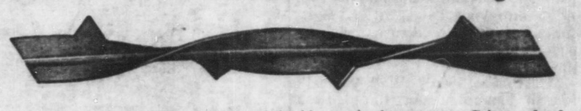
☞ SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

ESTABLISHED - - - - - - 1843

I am now receiving my Fall Importations of Breech Loading Guns, which will be The Best ever seen in this city. They will consist of DUCK AND BIRD GUNS, from 4 Gauge to 20; Double and Single Barrel. Ammunition to suit. Also, plenty of Muzzle-Loading Guns, Winchester Repeating, Stevens', Floberts' and other makes of Rifles. Cartridges for all Rifles and Pistols; Pistols of all makers. Balls and Traps for practice shooting. Shooting Suits, Hats, Caps and Leggins: in fact, a full line of everything pertaining to shooting, at Lowest Prices. GUNS MADE TO ORDER and Repairing in all its branches, by skilled mechanics. Goods sent C. O. D., and satisfaction guaranteed. A Call Solicited.

ALEX. McCOMAS,
51 SOUTH CALVERT ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
Aug 16, 1883—6m.

The Buckthorn Solid Steel Barbed Fencing.



is the best fencing material manufactured in this or any other country. Being made of galvanized steel, it cannot corrode, and is practically indestructible.

The wind cannot blow it down.

It is plainly visible, and thus not dangerous to cattle.

It weighs as little per rod and costs no more than any other good fencing on the market.

EASILY CONSTRUCTED. ANY GOOD FARM HAND CAN PUT IT UP.

It is manufactured by THE T. V. ALLIS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Trenton, New Jersey, and for sale by

J. FRANK FORD,
Leonardtown, Md.

☞ Samples and full descriptive circulars sent to all applicants.

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G. OBER & SONS CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS
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Ammoniated Super-Phosphate of Lime,
Dissolved South Carolina Bone Phosphate,
"Special" Tobacco Compound,
Locust Point Compound,
Pure Dissolved Bone,
Land Plaster, and all Fertilizing Materials.

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I deem it entirely superfluous to say anything of the quality of our fertilizers, as they have stood successfully a test of nearly 27 years, and no fertilizers can show better field results. Suffice it to say, the Company uses the most improved labor-saving machinery and the best crude material and pays cash for same. With these advantages I am prepared to offer the farmers of Southern Maryland our High Standard Fertilizers at prices that defy competition for the same class of goods. I feel truly grateful to my friends and customers for their very liberal patronage in the past and hope, by keeping our goods up to their known high standard, I may merit a continuance of the same. I am now making my usual trip through Southern Maryland, and should I fail to see all of my customers, please remember that all responsible orders sent direct to the firm will receive prompt attention.

Yours very truly, **JOHN M. LLOYD.**
March 15, 1883

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THE

NEW "G" HOWE,

-o-An Entirely New, High Arm-o-

Sewing Machine,

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And is the nearest approach to perfection ever yet attained in the manufacture of Sewing Machines. We ask the attention of the public to a few of

ITS SPECIAL FEATURES.

IT HAS	IT HAS
The Most Room under the Arm.	The Most Perfect Tensions.
The Best Self-Setting Needle.	The Most Perfect Take-Up.
The Easiest Shuttle to Thread.	The Most Reliable Feed.
The Largest Bobbin.	The Best Bobbin Winder

It retains the Celebrated "HOWE STITCH," alike on both sides It runs Rapidly, Very Light, Very Still and without Vibration.

IT IS SIMPLE, STRONG, DURABLE AND HANDSOME.

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There Machines can be seen at Blain & Jones Store.
Feb 1, 1883—y.