

JOB PRINTING, SUCH AS HANDBILLS, CIRCULARS, BLANKS, BILL HEADS

EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH Parties having Real or Personal Property for sale can obtain descriptive handbills neatly executed and at City Prices.

"SIMPLY GRAND!" IS THE GENERAL EXCLAMATION of all who visit the Mammoth One-Price Cash Store.

It is my delight to announce to you a first class line of FALL and WINTER GOODS. It is truly a Variety Store. If I cannot save you from 25 to 40 per cent. over any concern south of Baltimore City, I will "throw up the sponge" and say nothing more upon the subject.

I only can give a few in each department as it would fill every column of this valuable paper to give in detail all its innumerable contents, so will give you a faint idea in the following departments:

SHOE DEPARTMENT. I call your attention to the elegant, reliable Tucker, Smith & Co's shoes, which need no commendation from me. But suffice to say that you can count on them always.

Grocery Department. All Standard Goods. Portorico Molasses, 28c worth 35 Cuba do 35 " 50 Golden Syrup, 40 " 45 Bright Drops, 50 " 60

Furniture Department. I have the pleasure to call again your attention to Furniture. To young men as well as old who contemplate beautifying their dear spot on earth "HOME," I am right here to gladly serve you.

Clothing Department. I have positively the Finest, Cheapest line of Clothing ever shown in Leonardtown, and styles that all admire. To see them is to buy them.

Notion Department. Men's Suspenders, 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 20, 24c do Hose, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 to 35c

Lumber Department. Men's Suspenders, 8, 12, 14, 16, 17, 20, 24c do Hose, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 to 35c

Ladies' Cloak Department. Your attention, Ladies, please to these goods, never before brought to Leonardtown in such quantities and styles.

Fire Cut Counter. It is a pleasure to say that the 5 and 10 Cent Counter is a perfect wonder in itself. The surprise of all, it contains tinware really worth 10 and 25 cents.

Terms. Cash on Delivery. By taking no risk I can serve you at very bottom figures. Standing upon merit alone, fair and square to all, I ask you to command.

J. W. JOHNSON, Leonardtown.

Saint Mary's Beacon

VOL. XLIX. LEONARDTOWN, MD., THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1888. NO. 413

ESTABLISHED 1822. JOSIAH H. D. SMOOT, DEALER IN

Lumber, Shingles, Laths, NAILS, LIME, CEMENT, CALCINED PLASTER, &c., &c., &c.

MANUFACTURER OF FLOORING, DOORS, SASH, BLINDS

RAMES, MOULDINGS, MANTELS, BRACKETS AND ALL KIND OF WOOD WORK.

Office and yard No. 21 North Union St. Factory Nos. 13 and 15 North Lee St., ALEXANDRIA, VA

Seasoned Lumber and flooring kept under cover. B. R. ABELL, Agent, Leonardtown, is authorized to sell and collect. Orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

FINE DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE, Wedding and Birthday Presents.

CHARLES A. ROUSH, 42 West Lexington St., NEAR LIBERTY, BALTIMORE, MD.

UNDERTAKING. COFFINS and CASKETS of latest style finished at shortest notice and at prices to suit the times.

TWO HEARSES always at hand. HORSESHOEING, \$1.00 Cash. (If booked, \$1.25)

In conjunction with my BLACKSMITH and WHEELWRIGHT department, I am prepared to build

CARTS, WAGONS, BUGGIES, &c. at low prices.

REPAIRING, PAINTING and TRIMMING a specialty.

Having accepted an agency for J. W. Delaplane's Marble Works, I am prepared to furnish Monuments, etc. at reasonable rates.

J. A. DILLON, Leonardtown, Md. April 21, 87-88

LUMBER. B. R. ABELL, agent for the large lumber dealer, J. H. D. SMOOT, of Alexandria, will keep constantly on hand in Leonardtown

Boards, Scantling, Weather Boarding, Flooring, Palings, Dressed Boards, Shingles, Doors, Sash, &c.

Also, Laths, Lime and Hair, which he will sell at city prices.

Orders for Lumber from the yard in Alexandria will be promptly attended to. Aug 16-88

Harry Spalding, LEONARDTOWN, MD. DRUGGIST,

Pure Drugs, Pharmaceutical Preparations and genuine Perfumes, Extracts, Colognes, Soaps, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Hair Brushes, Fish Brushes, Pomades, Cosmetics and Hair Oils of the most celebrated French, English and Domestic Makes.

Physicians' orders promptly filled and prescriptions carefully compounded. All are invited to call and examine my stock.

For the accommodation of my customers, stamps, postal cards, etc will be left on hand. March 1, 1888-tf

Trespass Notice. All persons are hereby forewarned from trespassing with dog or gun, or otherwise, on the farm called and known as "Society Hill," situated in the 3rd district. The law will be rigidly enforced against all offenders. BENJ. G. HARRIS, R. A. HAYDEN, Oct 18-1me

THE RESULT IN THE COUNTY.—The result in St. Mary's is much better than many expected. We are beaten, but not by the majority that our opponents claimed. Our party made a good fight and we have nothing with which to reproach ourselves. The vote of the county follows:

Table with 3 columns: Districts, Cleveland, Harrison. Rows include St. Inigo's, Valley Lee, Leonardtown, Chaptico, Mechanicsville, Patuxent, Milestown, Bay District, St. George's.

Table with 3 columns: Districts, Compton, Mudd. Rows include St. Inigo's, Valley Lee, Leonardtown, Chaptico, Mechanicsville, Patuxent, Milestown, Bay District, St. George's.

Fisk received 34 votes, and Hellen, the Prohibition candidate for Congress, 21 votes.

HOW NEW YORK WAS WON FOR HARRISON.—F. A. R. the New York correspondent of the Baltimore Star writes in his paper of the 8th instant, as follows:

"In the roar of triumph which goes up from the victorious party it will be best for them not to mistake the meaning of the result in New York. The out-and-out use of money, added to the influence of local causes, has made up the Harrison plurality in this State. To credit it to opposition to tariff reform among the people is to trifle with the truth.

When Connecticut and New Jersey go for Cleveland it is fully to say he lost New York on account of the tariff. The money of Pennsylvania monopolists and the treachery of local factions has lost New York. Cleveland is the victim, just as Hancock was in 1880. But the popular vote of the country will demonstrate that tariff reform is on the path to victory, and the day is comparatively not far distant when the control of the destinies of the nation will not depend upon corrupt bargains or the resentments of local politicians in New York. It is said, whether truly or not, that \$75,000 was the price paid for the alleged doctored returns in Brooklyn."

ST. INIGO'S ITEMS. [From our Regular Correspondent.] Col. Wailes and family left for Washington a few days ago. The Col. contemplates permanently locating there, and has left Mr. Stranford in charge of his Cornfield Harbor property.

A petition is being signed by a number of citizens hereabout asking the Government to allow the Sue and Norfolk boats to stop at the Government wharf at Point Lookout. By the way, the buoy station at said place is replete with can and spar bouys, and William Yeatman, the keeper of the lighthouse, is kept busily engaged cleaning and attending to them.

The registers show a daily increase of pupils, and we opine teachers are taxed to their utmost capacity to hear the regular lessons and impart proper instruction.

T. Walter Langly, of Lowntown section, is supplying the stores of the district with an excellent quality of flour at prices to suit the times. Mr. L. has his wheat ground at the Factory, and although it is not put through the "Roller Process," it gives entire satisfaction.

Robt. Miller, merchant of Alexandria, Va., is negotiating for the farm N. W. and contiguous to the Tennis property. His object is to open a large store for the benefit of oyster-men and farmers.

Capt. Watwood came near losing a valuable horse, 30th ultimo, under peculiar circumstances. The animal could not swallow food after mastication and a veterinary doctor was engaged and did everything possible to give the poor creature relief but his efforts were of no avail. Finally following the advice of a true son of Erin, the Captain engaged the services of Henry Wible, our efficient blacksmith who, after a thorough examination, found a piece of cob with several grains attached thereto embedded in the upper part of the mouth which was removed to the great relief of the starving animal and satisfaction to the owner.

Merchants continue to do a brisk business and on rainy days, tongs and their friends make the different stores, spend on the average, crack jokes, and are "full of banter and jest," as an indicator of "prosperity." They are very clever men, particularly the back-woodmen.

Nearly doctors are using a comparatively easy time, as non-medico individuals are using the better part of the proceeds of the "Balm" worn around the neck, as one of the remedies prescribed for the rheumatism, and domestic ointment made of black fat is prescribed for weak back and kindred complaints.

Geo. Edwards and Mrs. A. S. Benville are losing their best hogs in consequence of the cholera. Austin L. Adams, the butcher of the neighborhood accidentally cut one of his thumbs very badly, and instead, while butchering a beef for a farmer of Tick Neck.

Gen. McMullin, Maj. Wright, Capt. Ingle, Attorney Hoffman, and Mr. McCortney, of Washington, are guests of Sam'l. L. Rawleigh, Esq. Said gentlemen are good marksmen and partridges invariably succumb to their unerring aim. They appear to be well pleased with this section, and speak very highly of the hospitality of the citizens.

Mr. Rawleigh disposed of his threshing engine, 3rd instant, at a satisfactory figure to the Birdsall company. He retains his mill engine and will continue to supply the neighborhood with meal, plank, etc. A useful man in any community is a blessing and we speak the truth when we say that he (R.) is doing his part to build up this part of St. Mary's county. May success crown his undertakings.

The election, well, mum, &c. RALYAT.

A TRIP TO ST. MARY'S.—A correspondent of the Kent News has the following to say about St. Mary's county: "We will designate ourselves as Messrs. A. B. and E.; residence, Kent county, Md. Two of us, Messrs. A. and E. took passage on the steamer Emma A. Ford, Friday, Oct. 19th; met Mr. B. in Baltimore; left Baltimore the same evening for St. Mary's on board of steamer Sue, arriving at Bacon's wharf early Saturday morning; weather very inclement, and so unfavorable was the outlook that Mr. A. became unmanageable and left us. The Sue having left the wharf Mr. James Coppage sent him across the country some ten miles to Piney Point, another stopping place on the Potomac river, on her route to Washington. From that time until we left for home we enjoyed the hospitality of our hosts Messrs. James and Wm. S. Coppage, sons of Mr. John Coppage, of Queen Anne's county. Bacon's wharf, the home of Mr. James Coppage, is beautifully situated on St. Mary's river, commanding an extensive view both by water and land. Here you can see St. Mary's Seminary the site of old St. Mary's city, Broom's wharf, Priest's Point, St. George's Island, Cort. Field Harbor, Point Lookout and down the bay as far as the eye can penetrate. Saturday morning we embarked in a canoe with our hosts to see an old homestead, some seven miles down the river, called Jutland. Our down trip was pleasant, having a nice sailing breeze. The first place of note we viewed was Priest's Point, a large estate owned by Catholics, and so called from the fact of its settlement by priests and being devoted to a summer resort for young men studying for the ministry. They have large and nicely kept buildings for their accommodation, and a very pretty location. A little further down we viewed St. George's Island. On this island we were informed, is a large and commodious hotel which is filled to overflowing during the summer, with boarders from our large cities. Arriving at Jutland we spent some four hours going over it; to our surprise we found the place in a splendid state of cultivation, that is, land rich and buildings in abundance, splendidly stocked and a finer estate we never saw. On our return we ran across large flocks of wild geese; tried to bag one with rifle, but failed; the wind blew very hard, and although we stood it well had finally to seek shelter and landed about half way home, at a fishing shanty. After some two hours, the wind lulling, we pro-

ceeded on our way and arrived home safe, but tired. Sunday we were given the opportunity of seeing the island. Mr. James Coppage, our host, harnessed his team and drove to many places of note, our chief object being to see White Plains, another old homestead; this, contrasted to Jutland, was dilapidated, but fine soil, deserted entirely by its owners; from there we visited another, known as Martin Manor; fine situation, but in nearly as bad condition; returning stopped at Great Mills, a little village with postoffice, store and shops, here we enjoyed an oyster scald. After an extended trip and pleasant drive we arrived home to find our hosts, in our absence, had prepared us a turkey supper, but, alas! oysters had done the work, no room left for turkey. We spent the night with Mr. Wm. Coppage. Monday morning we took a tramp over his large estate and were very much pleased with his home place in particular, it also commands excellent water views; here we were treated to some of the finest oysters we ever saw. After returning from our tramp Mr. Coppage harnessed his team and took us to see other portions of the county; on this trip we visited Mr. Jack Harris, formerly of Chestertown; we found him looking well and glad to see us; returning we left our kind host and started for home, arriving safely this afternoon, Oct. 23d, none the worse for wear and not regretting our trip. Our conclusions are: that with push and a little capital, St. Mary's might be made to compare favorably with our beautiful Kent; the soil is good, and susceptible of a high state of cultivation; land rolling and well drained, and must in time be taken up and improved. We think the opening good for any one, but would recommend colonization. St. Mary's must improve and now is the time to invest."

THE FOOLE'S NIMBLE SIXPENCES.—Some clever rascal in London advertised that he would, on receipt of sixpence in stamps, return to the sender one shilling. The advertisement was published prominently enough to attract considerable attention, and it naturally excited remark. To most persons it seemed a very transparent humbug, too silly to be called a fraud, but there were a few curious individuals who determined to see whether the advertiser was a crank or whether he had some game, so they sent on their sixpences. By return mail each one received the shilling. A few days after the same advertisement appeared again in several of the newspapers, and everybody who had tried it before told all of his friends about it. The result was that several hundred sixpences were received and next day many shillings went back. The third time the advertisement appeared the mail received by the advertiser was simply enormous. Letters came from all parts of the kingdom and from all sorts of people, high and low, rich and poor. The rogue pocketed several thousands of pounds, and, seriously enough, neglected to make any returns.

RELIGIOUS BUT ECONOMICAL.—Husband (on his way to church)—I'll just skip on ahead, my dear, and get some change. I've nothing less than \$1 and that's too much to give. Wife (on his overtaking her)—Did you get the bill changed? Husband—Yes. Wife—You will contribute half a dollar, John? Husband—I can't very well now. I happened to meet three or four friends, and I've only got a quarter left.—New York Sun.

The gay young bicyclist he's in his bed, Not for him is the spring sun shining. He has been flung and is sore in body and head, But Salvation Oil will make him smiling.

"I've got it at last," said the fellow who found his cough subdued by a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla acts directly and promptly, purifying and enriching the blood, improving the appetite, strengthening the nerves, and invigorating the system. It is, in the truest sense, an alterative medicine. Every invalid should give it a trial.

"Mamma," whispered Nannie, as she turned over the leaves of her prayer-book in church. "I found the psalms (Psalms), but I can't find the plaster (Psalter)."—Harper's Razor.

THE NERVE TO KICK. I have met the railroad hog a great many times. I never meet him without making a kick. He is growing scarcer every day, and I sometimes flatter myself that I have contributed to drive him out. When I left Toledo for Cincinnati the other day, the train was crowded and people were standing up in every coach. In my car was a man occupying two seats. He had a bad looking head on him, and he cared so little for our rights that he did not look up from his book. There were five of us standing up, and I said to the group:

"Gentlemen, there are three seats for which we have paid. Let us take possession." "He'll kick and raise a row." "But we'll kick and raise a bigger one."

"Yes, but what's the use of quarreling with a hog?" "It is just such men as you who have made him a hog. You have allowed him to impose on you until he has come to think he owns the railroad."

Not one of the four would move. I went to the other end of the car, where three women were crushed into one seat, picked up a 12-year-old boy near by, and walked up to the hog and asked:

"Have you paid for four seats here?" "That's my business!" he promptly replied. "And mine and the public's."

I cleared the seat of his baggage, seated the woman and boy, and then crowded in beside the hog. He made an awful row, but it was useless. He was left with what he had paid for. Let every passenger kick on the railroad hog and he must go.

A GRATEFUL LANDLORD. One day last spring there were ten of us at a hotel table in Nashville. The soup was scorched and no one could eat it. Not a potato brought to us was done. The milk for the coffee had turned. I invited the others to go into the office with me and kick. They were drummers, every one, but not one would go. When people speak of drummers as kickers they are way off. They will put up with more and do less complaining than any class of men on earth. In the present case one of them spoke for all when he said:

"Yes, things are bad and ought to be righted, but we are here only for a meal and it won't pay us to kick." I went out alone. The landlord was in the office and I asked:

"How long since you were in the dining room?" "A week, I guess." "You don't oversee the meals?" "No."

"Well please go to the head table and taste the milk, examine the potatoes and smell of the soup." He departed at once. When he returned he was hopping mad. The head waiter was called out and dressed down, the head cook got nicely peeled, and the landlord shook my hand and said:

"That kick of yours will benefit this house \$5,000. I had no idea things were running thus."

The natural inference with him was that as long as no one kicked everything must be going all right and everybody satisfied. A thousand men had no doubt gone away mad and injured his house.

The fare from the foot of Market street, Philadelphia, to the Bingham house by coupe is \$1. That is the figure established by ordinance, and is very liberal. When a coupe sat me down a month ago the driver demanded \$2. I kicked. He talked in a loud voice in order to gather a crowd and make me feel ashamed, but I refused to come down. He dropped to twelve shillings, but it was no go. He threatened personal violence, and I had him arrested. In fining him \$4 his honor gave him a lecture he will never forget, and then turned to me and said:

"You deserve a medal for kicking. In this fellow's case, at least, you will have prevented him from swindling others. Had you allowed him to swindle you he would have been on the alert to make other victims."

THE MAN WHO FORGOT. Coming out of Philadelphia by night, a passenger came to me and said he would take it as a great favor if I would exchange my lower berth for his upper, he having his wife along.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY At Leonardtown, Md., By T. F. YATES & F. V. KING. A Dollar a Year in Advance.

TERMS for TRANSIENT ADVERTISING: One square, one insertion, \$1 00 Each subsequent insertion, 50 Eight lines or less constitute a square.

A Liberal Deduction made for Yearly Advertisements. Correspondence solicited.

"When did you secure your berth?" I asked. "This noon."

"And to be sure of mine I had to secure it two days ago." "Yes, but you see I forgot."

"Forgot! A man who knew that he was to go at a certain date, and that he must take a sleeper, forget? I cannot exchange with you."

I know he thought me boorish, but had I exchanged he would have trusted me to look next time, thinking to meet some good-hearted fellow and perhaps have got no berth at all. My refusal angered him, but it made him realize future responsibility.

The city ordinance says no horse shall be left un hitched on the street. I am careful to observe that ordinance, no matter what the bother. Another is not. His unhitched rig walks into mine and takes a wheel off. I demand pay, and he is astonished that he should be held liable for what he calls an "accident." He calls me all sorts of hard names, but from this on he will hitch his horse securely.

The ordinance specifies that alleys shall be kept clean. I go to trouble and expense to live up to that ordinance. My neighbor dumps his garbage into the alley and I notify the sanitary police, and he is fined. It is a great shock to him that he can't break the ordinance at will and offend the nostrils of a whole neighborhood. He calls me a crank and a mean man, never dreaming that all the trouble came from his own selfishness and disregard of law and right.—M. Quad in Detroit Free Press.

BRAN FOR FEEDING.—Bran is good feed for stock, and whenever it can be secured at fair prices, there are few farmers but that can use it to good advantage. It adds to the value of a number of materials raised upon the farm and used for feed, and at the same time adds to the value of the manure. In localities where more care is taken to secure not only the largest quantity but the best quality of manure, bran is purchased for feeding, and it is claimed it enriches the manure sufficiently to pay for the cost of the bran; it is profitable for feeding milk cows during the year both winter and summer. It is one of the best feeds that can be given to a sow near farrowing, and while she is nursing her pigs. It is a cheap food to give growing pigs to keep them in a healthy and thrifty condition. Bran increases the value of sheaf, oats, hay, straw and corn fodder, if fed in connection with any of them, by making them more complete as food, and makes up a good variety, a desirable item in feeding stock if the best possible results are to be secured. Of course the price should always be considered in deciding whether bran can be used profitably or not. If other foods like corn and oats are high, bran can be used profitably at a higher price than if these materials can be secured at lower prices. If properly stored where it will keep dry, bran can be kept in good condition all winter, so that as is often the case, if the price is reasonably low in the fall it will not be a bad plan to purchase a good supply and then store for winter, to be used as needed. The most economical plan is as far as possible to secure a sufficient amount of feed in the fall. In a majority of cases it can be secured at a lower price so as to pay well for purchasing at that time. The feeding value of a number of materials may be considerably increased and a better gain at a less cost be secured.—Flocks and Herds.

Young Lady (haughtily disengaging herself)—By what right, sir, do you presume to put your arm around my waist? Young Man (humbly)—None, I confess; but I thought you would not object.

Young Lady—Know then, sir, that I do object and most emphatically. But that, of course, need not deter you from persevering.—Binghamton Republican.

We all have our preferences; but no one prefers to hear a crying baby when the fact is so well known that Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup would at once quiet it.

It frequently happens that severe pain is very greatly relieved by thorough purgation. Use Laxador for this purpose. Price only 25 cents.

An exchange says: "Nobody knows where the flies go to." Perhaps not; but we know where people tell them to go to, though.—Yonkers Statesman.