

# Saint Mary's Beacon.

LEONARDTOWN, MD.

THURSDAY Morning, March 9.

## "THE OLD ORDER CHANGETH."

Grover Cleveland, thrice the candidate of his party and twice elected President of the United States was Saturday last inducted into office. Despite the stormy weather his inauguration was attended with more than ordinary pomp and pageantry. Long lines of soldiers and civilians paraded up Pennsylvania avenue and with thousands of on-lookers stood in the bitter wind and driving snow and listened to the inaugural address.

"MY FELLOW CITIZENS: In obedience to the mandate of my countrymen, I am about to dedicate myself to their service under the sanction of a solemn oath. Deeply moved by the expression of confidence and personal attachment which has called me to this service, I am sure my gratitude can make no better return than the pledge I now give before God and these witnesses of my unreserved and complete devotion to the interests and welfare of those who have honored me.

"I deem it fitting on this occasion, while indicating the opinions I hold concerning public questions of present importance, to also briefly refer to the existence of certain conditions and tendencies among our people which seem to menace the integrity and usefulness of our Government.

"While every American citizen must contemplate with the utmost pride and enthusiasm the growth and expansion of our country, the sufficiency of our institutions to stand against the rudest shocks of violence, the wonderful thrift and enterprise of our people, and the demonstrated superiority of our free government, it behooves us to constantly watch for every symptom of insidious infirmity that threatens our national vigor.

"The strong man who in the confidence of sturdy health, courts the sternest activities of life and rejoices in the hardihood of constant labor, may still have lurking near his vitals the unheeded disease that dooms him to sudden collapse.

"It cannot be doubted that our stupendous achievements as a people and our country's robust strength, having given rise to a heedlessness of those laws governing our national health, which we can no more evade than human life can escape the laws of God and nature.

"Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and to the beneficent purposes of our Government than a sound and stable currency. Its exposure to devaluation should at once arouse to activity the most enlightened statesmanship; and the danger of depreciation in the purchasing power of the wages paid to the toiling masses, the strongest incentive to prompt and conservative legislation.

"In dealing with our present embarrassing situation as related to this subject we will be wise if we temper our confidence in our national strength and resources with the frank recognition that even these will not permit us to defy with impunity the inexorable laws of finance and trade. At the same time, in our efforts to adjust differences of opinion we should be free from intolerance or passion, and our judgments should be unswayed by alluring phrases and untried self-interests.

"I am confident that such an approach to the subject will result in prudent and effective remedial legislation. In the mean time, so far as the Executive branch of the Government can intervene, none of the powers which it is invested with will be withheld when their exercise is deemed necessary to maintain our national credit or avert financial disaster.

"Closely related to the exaggerated confidence in our country's greatness which tends to a disregard of the rules of national safety, another danger confronts us not less serious. I refer to the prevalence of a popular disposition to expect from the Government special and direct individual advantages.

"The verdict of our voters, which condemned the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwelcome progeny of paternalism. This is the bane of republican institutions and the constant peril of our Government by the people. It degrades the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us as an object of our love and veneration. It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen, and tempts them to pitiful calculation of the sordid gain to be derived from their Government's maintenance. It undermines the self-reliance of our people, and substitutes in its place dependence upon governmental favoritism. It stifles the spirit of true Americanism and stultifies every ennobling trait of American citizenship.

"The lessons of paternalism ought to be unlearned and the better lesson taught, that while the people should patriotically and cheerfully support their Government its functions do not include the support of the people.

"The acceptance of this principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies, which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens, to aid ill advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of wild and reckless pension expenditure, which oversteps the bounds of grateful recognition of patriotic service and presumes to vindicate the people's prompt and generous impulses to aid those disabled in their country's defense.

"Every thoughtful American must realize the importance of checking at its beginning any tendency in public or private station to regard frugality and economy as a virtue which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in the waste of the people's money by their chosen servants, and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen.

"Under our scheme of government the waste of public money is a crime against the citizen; and the contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs, deplorably saps the strength and sturdiness of our national character.

"It is a plain dictate of honesty and good government that public expenditures should be limited by public necessity, and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy; and it is equally clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions.

"One mode of the misappropriation of public funds is avoided when appointments to office, instead of being the rewards of partisan activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid to them. To secure the fitness and competency of appointees to office, and to remove from political action the demoralizing madness of spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our public policy and laws. The benefits already gained through this instrumentality and the further usefulness it promises, entitle it to the hearty support and encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

"The existence of immense aggregations of kindred enterprises and combinations of business interests, formed for the purpose of limiting production and fixing prices, is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be superseded by an enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy; nor should the people be served less the benefit of cheapness which usually results from wholesome competition. These aggregations and combinations frequently constitute conspiracies against the interests of the people, and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness.

To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by Federal power, the General Government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exactions.

"Loyalty to the principles upon which our Government rests positively demands that the equality before the law which it guarantees to every citizen should be justly and in good faith conceded in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right flows from the badge of citizenship wherever found, and, unimpeded by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness.

"Our relations with the Indians located within our borders impose upon us responsibilities we cannot escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance, and in our dealings with them to honestly and considerately regard their rights and interests. Every effort should be made to lead them, through the path of civilization and education, to self-supporting and independent citizenship. In the meantime, as the nation's wards they should be promptly defended against the hostility of designing men and shielded from every influence or temptation that retards their advancement.

"The people of the United States have decreed that on this day the control of the Government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in the most positive terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of Federal taxation. The agents they have chosen to carry out their purposes are bound by their promises, not less than by the commands of the masses, to devote themselves unflinchingly to this service.

"While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without needless vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment, but the rectification of wrongs. If, in lifting burdens from the daily life of our people, we refuse to inordinate and unequal advantages too long enjoyed, this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of the fund of the governmental beneficence treated up for all, we but insist upon a principle which underlies our free institutions. When we tear aside the delusions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to their condition under vicious tariff laws, we but show them how far they have been led away from the paths of contentment and prosperity. When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the Government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people, we only announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversions of the taxing power; and when we seek to reinstate the self-confidence and business enterprise of our citizens, by discrediting an object dependence upon governmental favor, we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of a brighter achievement.

"Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party has made, and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust the people have reposed in us, constrain me to remind those with whom I am to cooperate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been especially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and disinterested effort. Even if insuperable obstacles and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused; and if failure can be traced to our fault or neglect, we may be sure the people will hold us to account and exacting account ability.

"The oath I now take to preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States, not only impresses with the greatest responsibility I assume, but defines obedience to constitutional commands as the rule by which my official conduct must be guided. I shall to the best of my ability, and within the sphere of duty, preserve the Constitution by a loyal protection every grant of Federal power it contains, by defending all its restraints when attacked by impudence and restlessness, and by enforcing its limitations and reservations in favor of the States and the people.

"Fully impressed with the gravity of the

duties that confront me and mindful of my weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibilities which await me. I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and the counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men who will stand at my side in cabinet places or will represent the people in their legislative halls.

"I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who by sincere devotion to their service deserve their forbearance and approval.

"Above all, I know there is a Supreme Being who rules the affairs of men and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people; and I know He will not turn from us now if we humbly and reverently seek His powerful aid.

In the Senate Mr. Stevenson qualified as Vice President and the newly-elected Senators were sworn in. The Democrats will now have a majority of the Senate and full control of the Government.

## NEWS IN BRIEF.

From the Baltimore Sun.

Friday, March 8, 1893.

The Virginia State Lottery is still kept busy driving illegal dredgers out of Tangier sound.

The dwelling of George L. Buckmaster was burned near Port Republic, in Calvert county.

Henry Winterburg, of Graustville, Garrett county, Md., was accidentally killed by a tree falling upon him.

Pope Leo was eighty-three years old yesterday and received a visit of congratulation from the cardinals.

A valuable barn on the Troup homestead, three miles west of Hogestown, was burned, involving a loss of \$5,000.

Vigilance committees in several places in Oklahoma Territory have warned colored people imported from the South to leave the towns. Governor Seay has been appealed to for protection.

The Montana joint legislative assembly adjourned sine die yesterday without electing a United States Senator to succeed Hon. Wilbur F. Sanders, republican. The Governor, who is a republican, will appoint a Senator.

Mr. Cleveland will have the appointment of three justices of the Supreme Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia. The name of A. Leo Knott, of Baltimore, is mentioned in connection with one of the places.

Alexander P. Hetherington was rejected as a suitor by Miss Emma Klaus, of Bridgeport, Conn. He shot at her. The bullet struck a novel which she was reading at the time and she was not much hurt. He shot himself, dying instantly.

Charles D. Law, general superintendent of the Fort Wayne Road, has been indicted in Chicago for murder in connection with the accident at the Forty-seventh street crossing of the Fort Wayne Road, in which four persons were killed outright and fourteen seriously injured.

Saturday, March 4, 1893.

It is said to be proposed to remove the Louisiana Lottery to Honduras.

Successful experiments near Baltimore have been made with the solarimeter, a new nautical instrument.

Five children were suffocated in a New York tenement-house.

Crisfield wants the democratic collector of the port to be selected from among its local business men.

Lucinda Spry, a colored nurse-girl, has been arrested, charged with poisoning an infant child of A. W. Ruark, in Caroline county.

The body of an oysterman was found on the shore in Charles county who had been drowned while trying to get away from some vessel.

An epidemic of measles prevails in Clarksville, Tenn., and vicinity. About thirty students of the Southwestern Presbyterian University are down with the disease.

The inhabitants of San Domingo are excited over the purchase of the greater part of the island by an American syndicate and a United States war-ship is to be sent there.

Virgil Hillier, of Washington, in his will ordered his body to be cremated in Baltimore and the ashes to be used in fertilizing his daughter's flower-bed or sprinkled under a favorite orange tree in Florida.

The grand jury at Columbus, Ind., has caused service to issue against one hundred ladies and gentlemen, in that city charged with playing progressive euchre. Professional gamblers are said to be endeavoring to have them indicted in revenge for having been suppressed.

## DIED.

On March 1, at her home, "Loest Grove," near Choptic, MARY, beloved wife of George R. Garner, and daughter of the late William Henry and Eleanor Thomas.

On March 1st, at the residence of Mr. Daniel T. Dixon, Luree Grove, Miss MARY FLORENCE FLOYD, in the 75th year of her age. May she rest in peace!

On March 7th, 1893, at the residence of Mr. J. B. J. Norris, in the 3rd district, after a lingering illness, J. NELSON EVANS, aged about 67 years. May he rest in peace!

**IN MEMORIAM.**  
Died, at his home in Choptic, on Thursday night, February 23, 1893, AQUILA BURROUGHS, aged 44 years, 10 months and 7 days.

The writer, who was always warmly attached to the deceased, cannot permit him to go down to his grave without expressing in a few lines, heart-felt words the noble and generous character of the man while living and the profound grief caused by his untimely death.

It is impossible that one so full of energy, in the prime of life, and so closely allied to his fellow-men, should pass from view, without producing a shock, deeply and painfully felt, which the many sad faces that thronged the hallowed graveyard on Sunday last give unmistakable evidence and attested too vividly the impressive memory of the deceased Mr. Burroughs, the illustrious minister, "that in the midst of his life he was in death."

Our friend was in many respects a remarkable man and in the language of an honored citizen who knew him from his infancy and related near him, "He had accomplished more than any young man who had grown up around him."

He was honest like us all, and being such, had no faults, his weaknesses, his characteristics, but he had many noble qualities of heart and mind which were not fully appreciated by many.

Beginning life with very limited means, he struggled manfully against misfortune which overcame him in business until he was forced to leave.

When the year which he had borne went down he was not dismayed; he found room for his again—none for despair, and he went on, that the highest and noblest of men have done those who have ever overcome difficulties.

He called again, marched bravely up against the trying vicissitudes in the battle of life, yielded to no obstacle, surmounted every wave of trouble, and had Providence smiled him a few years longer he would have realized his fondest dream, his brightest hopes for the future of those near and dear to him, and the great solace of his death, for he died, we learn, in the full maturity and undiminished vigor of his faculties, and in the bosom of those whom he loved, and who loved him, when Henry Winterburg was about to draw his hand from the bosom of nature and give way to the beautiful silver of spring—a fit emblem of a brighter and happier life beyond the grave.

**New Advertisements.**  
LADIES needing a tonic, or children that want building up, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

**WANTED.** P. PLAR WOOD in Maryland and Virginia. Apply to C. EDWARD WILLEY, 324 Lafayette Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

**PUBLIC SALE.** AS I contemplate removing from the county, I will offer at public auction, on my premises in Leonardtown, on MONDAY, March 13, 1893, a lot of household furniture, &c. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. E. M. CLASS.

**Condemnation of Road.** NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 11th day of APRIL, 1893, the designated appointed Examiners to select and condemn a site for a bridge over the St. Clement's Bay run in the 4th district of St. Mary's county, near St. Clement's Bay point, will meet on the premises and proceed to the execution of the Commission issued by the County Commissioners for St. Mary's county.

W. T. BALLENGER, J. T. PARSONS, WILFRED GOUGH, Examiners.

**Is Your Farm For Sale?** IF so, write us, giving full description, number of acres, amount, arable and wood land, condition of buildings, soil and what adapted to, nearest post to steam boat wharf and upon what terms you will sell.

No charges unless we effect a sale. **A. B. IN PRICE & CO.,** Real Estate Brokers, 619 E. St. N. W., Washington, D. C.

**Bissell's Chilled Plows.** MORGAN'S GOT THEM.

GALLANT GREEN, April 20, 1891. Mr. J. S. Haveling—Dear Sir—Please send me one No 7 Bissell Plow (timed) as the party is waiting for it. I think your plow will give satisfaction and will take the lead. I expect to be up before the 1st of May. Will have more to say about the plow. Yours respectfully, G. C. BUNCH & Co.

OAKLEY, St. Mary's Co. Md. April 20th, 1891. Baltimore Farm Implement Company, Baltimore, Md.

Gentlemen—One of our neighbors has one of your Bissell's Chilled Plows, a light two horse plow we think it is a No 7. A customer of ours who has seen the plow works so much pleased with it, that he desires to order one for his farm. We would be glad if you would send us one of these plows, with one or two extra points for same, by steamer due to Coburn wharf, on Friday next. Yours respectfully, J. M. DEX & Co.

**WANTED.** Good farm hands will find steady employment at good wages at "Prospect Hill" farm; also, several tenant houses to let. Apply to GEO. F. PABST.

**DON'T FORGET** that you can buy a No 5 Farmers' Friend Plow in Leonardtown, for \$2.10, genuine Fredericksburg make.

## Established 1816.

1892. 1892. FALL AND WINTER.

CHAS. SIMON & SONS, 208 N. HOWARD STREET, Baltimore, Md.

Dress Goods, Household Goods, Silks, Ribbons.

Samples sent free. Cash purchases amounting to \$20 or more sent free of freight charges. March 2-3m.

**M. & VA. STEAMBOAT CO.** Steamer J. E. TYGERT Captain Wm. C. Robinson

On and after March 1st, 1893, will leave Pier 18 Light St. wharf, Baltimore, on T. days, at 6 p. m. for the following landings:

Bonville, Md. Lodge, Va. Jones, " Mundays Point, Va. Bromes, " Piney Point, Md. Bacon, " Coburns, " Loan, Va. Howards, " Bundick's, " Stones, " Cowart's, " Abells, " Lewisetta, " Leonardtown, " Kinsale, "

Leave Leonardtown on Thursdays at 6 a. m. for Baltimore.

Leave Baltimore on Fridays for all of the above landings and in addition, Bushwood, Md. Riverside, Md. Lancaster, " Liverpool, " Alexandria, Va. Glymont, " Chesapeake, " Washington, D. C.

Leave Washington on Saturdays at 4 p. m. and Leonardtown at 6 a. m. Mondays, arriving in Baltimore at 6 a. m. Tuesdays and Fridays.

ALVIN P. KENNEDY, General Agent. March 2, 1893.

**IN LEONARDTOWN** you can buy No 5 Farmers' Friend Plows for \$2.10 cents, Fredericksburg make.

**UNDERTAKING** Messrs. H. B. CAWOOD and A. C. WELCH have dissolved co-partnership. Mr. CAWOOD will continue the business at Choptico and will furnish CASKETS that are elsewhere old for \$50 and \$75 at \$30. Proportionately low prices for COFFINS. H. B. CAWOOD, Choptico, Md. Feb 2, 93-y

**\$2.10 Will Buy** a No. 5 Farmers' Friend Plow, Fredericksburg make. Goto Leonardtown for it.

**Ho! For Frog Town.** PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES! JONES BROS., LEONARDTOWN WHARF.

HAVING purchased the stock of goods and the good will of Mr. Frank N. Holmes, purchaser will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock, as we are offering great inducements in prices and variety.

All Will be Pleased. The wants of the entire family can be supplied for a very small amount. We have opened a very cheap lot of Boots and Shoes, of Baltimore custom make and quality. Bargains.

We have in stock a fine assortment of COTTONS, FLANNELS, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, TABLE LINEN, QUEENSWARE, TINWARE, STONWARE, DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c., &c., &c.

**WATCHES** CLOCKS from \$1 to \$2. We also keep always on hand full stock of STABLE and FANCY GROCERIES, FLOUR, MEAL, PROVISIONS, &c. and the finest Old Rye.

You can always get what you want, if in season. Call and examine our goods and prices. We are determined to please you. Highest market prices paid for eggs, poultry and all kinds of country produce.

**JONES BROS.,** Leonardtown Wharf. Jan. 5, 1893-4f.

**CLOSE OF LEVY.** Office of County Commissioners, Leonardtown, Feb. 27, 1893.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** That all accounts against St. Mary's county must be filed in this office on or before TUESDAY, the 11th day of April, 1893, or the same will be excluded from the levy of the present year. By order, T. LEE MATTINGLY, Clerk. March 2-td.

**Go to Leonardtown** for No 5 Farmers' Friend Plows, Fredericksburg make, at \$2.10. Come early and avoid the rush.

## 1892. 1892. FALL AND WINTER.

WE are ready to show you our new Fall and Winter Stock of Dry Goods. The stock has been selected with great care by experienced buyers and from you call on us you may expect to see novelties and new styles not readily found elsewhere. Our prices are below our competitors. Our 25 and 50 cent Ladies' Dress Goods are a special feature with us. They are beautiful. Our underwear comprises everything in the line. The stock of Blankets, Bed Spreads, Towels and Table Linens is most complete. It is worth your trip to **Our Store** for a \$3 Cheaper's Wool Blanket. We have lovely Silks and Velvets for \$1 a yard. Our 25c. red wool flannel is equal to 35c. goods to be found elsewhere. We have a Lady's Light Grey Coat for \$12, worth \$25. Our coats run in price from \$3 to \$15 each. They are longer this year than last. Measure 32 and 34 inches long and better shaped. Seeing is believing, and we will look up what we have sold. By calling on us we will save you money in Dry Goods. Mail orders solicited.

**S. D. BURCH & CO.,** 1508 7th Street N. W., Washington, D. C. Extensive Dealers in Dry Goods, Oct 12-19f

**1893. SPRING SCHEDULE.** Weems' Steamboat Co.

**PATUXENT RIVER ROUTE.** On and after Wednesday, March 1st, STEAMER ST. MARY'S

Will leave Pier 2, Light Street, every Saturday and Wednesday at 6:30 a. m. for Fair Haven, Plum Point, Governor's Run and Patuxent River, as far up as Benedict. Returning, will leave Benedict every Monday and Thursday at 5:30 a. m., Saturday at 8 a. m., Milestone Landing at 10 a. m., Governor's Run at 12 m., Plum Point at 1 p. m., and Fair Haven at 2:30 p. m. for Baltimore.

Freight received at Pier 2, Tuesday and Friday, until 3 p. m.

**STABLE WAREHOUSE** will leave Pier 2, Light Street, every Sunday at 9 p. m., for Patuxent River direct as far up as Benedict. Returning will leave Benedict at 12 m. on Monday, and Milestone at 8 p. m. for Baltimore, calling at no wharves below. Ladies' except when signaled from wharves on the river for passengers and perishable freight.

Freight received at Pier 2, Saturdays until 6 p. m.

**HENRY WILLIAMS, Agent.** Dec. 22.

**ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,** Leonardtown, Md., UNDER CHARGE OF THE SISTERS OF CHARITY

**NAZARETH, KENTUCKY** The course of Studies includes Christian Doctrine, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, Algebra, Geometry, English Grammar, Geography, History, Rhetoric, the Elements of Botany, Mental and Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, Chemistry, Literature, Plain and Ornamental Needlework, Music on the Piano and Guitar and French.

Boys from the age of 7 to 14 years received.

For terms or further information apply to SISTER MADEIRA, Leonardtown, Md.

**RALEY'S HOTEL,** LEONARDTOWN, MD. IS NOW OPEN. FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS.

The Bar is stocked with the choicest LIQUORS. Special attention given to the tables. Having renovated the entire premises, a call is solicited from the public, pledging myself to endeavor to please all patrons. JAMES T. M. RALEY. Sept 15-11f

**MOORE'S HOTEL** AND Summer Resort.

I take pleasure in informing my customers and the traveling public that I have thoroughly renovated my house, improved and refitted the same and am fully prepared to accommodate both.

Permanent and transient boarders. The B.A.R. in every particular, complete. My stables have been rebuilt and are in first class condition for accommodation of horses and the storage of all kinds of vehicles. Call and see for yourselves. HERBERT F. MOORE, Proprietor. June 25 1893-1f

**A RARE CHANCE.** GREENBRIAR, one of the finest farms in St. Mary's, situated near Leonardtown, is for rent for share of crop. Team furnished if desired. Apply immediately. WM. F. GREECE WELLS, Leonardtown, Md. Feb 16 93-1m

**L. O. B. STAVES,** CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully calls the attention of the public of St. Mary's and adjoining counties that he has associated himself with an Architect Library and furnished with the latest designs, that he is prepared to execute all orders entrusted to his care under the nearest design of workmanship. Satisfaction guaranteed and terms easy. Orders solicited and will receive prompt and personal attention. Drafting and estimates free of charge. Postoffice address Holly wood, St. Mary's county, Md. June 16-1f

## BARGAINS, BARGAINS AT JOHN PALMER'S

His family physician advises him to leave the county, and if so, we will have to sell at a very small margin.

We keep a large stock of goods, all bought for cash. Our stock, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Collars, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Furniture, Agricultural Implements, Stoves and Fixtures, Oars, Blanks, Rope, Anchors, &c., &c.

We have Job lots of SHOES, BOOTS and CLOTHING, which we sell at cost, and some 40 per cent below cost.

When you want to buy, call and see us. We buy for cash and we buy to sell. You will not find any ways to find our stock complete. We sell at one price and that the lowest. We treat you courteously. A satisfied customer is our best advertisement. Our constant aim is to give you the best goods at **Bottom Prices.** We make your interest ours. Your choice is served as cheaply and promptly as yourself. A comparison of our styles and prices will convince you that you should trade with us. We keep in stock **LADIES' STORES** manufactured by the Richmond Dress Company at Alexandria, Va., and have a guarantee from the Company that they contain no shoddy. We keep a large stock of **FLUKE** direct from the Arlington Mills at Georgetown and others at low prices.

We also import direct from **Barre** of Shrimpton & Sons brass pins, manufactured and put up expressly for us. Five (5) sizes and 1 black row in each paper. Call and examine for yourself!

**JOHN PALMER'S,** FRIENDLY HALL, 7th Street, Feb. 18-1y.

**A. S. BENVILLE & CO.,** DRY GOODS, GENERAL GROCERIES, MERCHANDISE, BOOTS and SHOES

Ridges, Md., April 18, 1892.

After the excitement of our Assessor Bill and the criticism of the same is over, the next matter of importance is when we can get our Spring and Summer Millinery, Dress Goods, Clothing for our families. You will solve the problem by calling at the popular home of

**A. S. BENVILLE & CO.,** where you can select from a stock of goods purchased with care and with the experience of years and at such reasonable figures that all can be served from the cheapest to the finest dress goods.

The same may be said of the Millinery Department. Also, Ladies' and Children's Shoes a Specialty.

Our large stock cannot be enumerated, but suffice it to say all our purchases come and they will find the goods and prices to suit, not withstanding our Assessor bill is a failure.

With kind regards to all our patrons, we are **the Store for the PEOPLE.**

**A. S. BENVILLE & CO.,** N. B. Ladies' Hats trimmed free of charge. April 28, 1892-1f

**MOVED TO THE BROWN STORE** Mrs. Laura J. Jones, Leonardtown, Md.

"Your Store looks changed every time I come in here, and I always see something new things."

Such comments are often made by our lady customers. It is thus explained: Having the newest and prettiest, coming at very reasonable prices, the people know our qualities are all right, and they buy quickly. New pieces given every day.

I have now ready for inspection a handsome assortment of **MILLINERY** of all descriptions, Dress goods in all shades and styles, Braides, Gimp, Velvets, silks in Cottes, Strabes, Indies, Ladies' Coats and Cloaks, Furs, Misses and Children's Coats, Freshness of all kinds. In fact, a full line of **DAY GOODS, NOTIONS AND HOSIERY.**

Your inspection solicited. We cheerfully show you our goods and count comparison in price.