

# Saint Mary's Beacon

(Continued from 1st page.)

against the quick and deadly work of the six-shooter. Up and down the camp we rode. Here would be a score of desperate, half-dressed men, standing at bay around an overturned tent. A quick charge, a ringing volley and the riders would spur over a pile of dead and writhing bodies to a fresh attack. What hurried and ill-organized defense there was lasted but a moment and then a panic seized the survivors. We ran them down and shot them remorselessly. In three minutes it was all over and a camp had been turned into a graveyard. There was not one of the soldiers alive five minutes after we struck the camp."

The work of death did not end here. Every man or boy who appeared in the street was shot down, and among all the victims there was scarcely a man with a gun. The guests of the Eldridge Hotel were saved by Quantrell's order at the request of Robert S. Stevens, a lawyer to whom he was indebted for some former act of kindness. This, however, was the only act of mercy shown. Three hundred buildings were fired and every business place in the town sacked and plundered. When Quantrell finally ordered a retreat at 11 o'clock the business portion of the town was in flames, and scores of dead bodies lay burning under the fierce August sun. He was hotly pursued by the forces of General Ewing and Colonel Plumb, but made good his escape into Missouri, where his followers disbanded and scattered to their homes. Quantrell was accompanied on this raid by 120 Confederate cavalrymen belonging to Selby's division. Their commander, a lieutenant named Johnson, was wounded in the pursuit and afterward shot in Missouri by Union scouts. Quantrell ended the Lawrence raid with a loss of but seven men. The number of his victims, unarmed men and boys, was 286. Later in defending the outrage to a Southern woman, Quantrell said: "I wanted to kill Jim Lane, who lived there, and as I hadn't the honor of his acquaintance, I killed every man I could see to shoot at."

But Kansas was not to escape without another visit from Quantrell and his terrible band. Early in October, 1863, six weeks after the Lawrence massacre, General Blunt, with his staff, band, clerks, and an escort of the Third Wisconsin Cavalry—the party numbering in all 150 men—was marching toward Fort Smith, Arkansas. When near Baxter Springs, Kan., close to the border of the Indian Territory, he was met by a body of cavalry, whose members were dressed in Federal uniform and carried the Union flag. There was a force of Union soldiers stationed not far away in Missouri and at Baxter Springs were quartered two squadrons of the Third Wisconsin Cavalry and two companies of colored infantry, all under the command of Major J. B. Pond, now the well-known lecture manager. General Blunt supposed that the advancing force was a portion of Pond's command and rode toward it with one of his aides. He had gone but a few yards when he discovered that that strangers were Quantrell and his men. As he galloped back toward his command, the guerrillas opened fire upon it. Blunt's escort, surprised and unprepared, could offer no effectual resistance. One hundred and ten of them were slain, all but 20 being shot after they were taken prisoners.

Quantrell's Final Acts and Death. After the slaughter at Baxter Springs the pursuit of Quantrell became so hot and was so earnestly maintained that to escape capture he relinquished his leadership and his band split up into independent squads led by his various lieutenants. While these scattered bands carried on the desultory warfare in which their leader had made them adepts, Quantrell himself lived quietly in Howard county, Missouri, working on a farm. Toward the close of 1864 he gathered about him some 30 of the most daring and desperate of his old followers. These he mounted on strong, swift horses, and armed each with four to six revolvers of the best make. Then he joined the command of Gen. Sterling Price, and when the latter retreated from his Missouri campaign in the fall of 1864, Quantrell and his party went with the army. Price crossed the Arkansas

a few miles east of Fort Gibson in the Indian Territory, but being a man of humane impulse as well as a brave soldier, soon gave Quantrell to understand that he preferred that the guerrilla and his party should quit the army. Quantrell quickly acted upon this hint, and cutting loose from Price, campaigned for a time in Southern Arkansas and Eastern Texas. None of the Confederate commanders would recognize him and he finally moved eastward across Arkansas.

He now resolved to make his way to Kentucky, and from there to Maryland, where, as he afterward stated, he intended to surrender with Lee or again engage in guerrilla warfare. He dressed his men in the Federal uniforms stolen from the bodies of the Union soldiers at Baxter Springs, and successfully eluding the Union posts in Arkansas, reached the Mississippi in safety. After trying various points, he finally effected the passage of the river, 15 miles above Memphis, on New Year's Day, 1865. Once within the Federal lines, Quantrell represented himself as a Federal officer on special scouting duty, and drew rations and supplies at the several Union posts through which he passed. His band crossed Tennessee into Kentucky, and passed through Big Creek, Covington, Paris and other places on their way to the mountains of Southwestern Kentucky. Stopping one night at a country hotel, Quantrell, after supper, saw his men to bed and ordered them not to leave their rooms unless he called for them. However, some of them disobeyed this order and went to the barroom for whisky. Here they fell in with a group of Federal officers. Guerrillas and soldiers drank deeply and finally fell to quarreling. Pistols were drawn, and in the fight that followed several of the officers were shot dead. This untimely encounter served to reveal the identity of Quantrell and his men, and the guerrilla leader saw that their only safety lay in flight.

The guerrillas hastily mounted their horses, and, by hard riding, eluded the pursuing enemy and reached the mountains. But Federal cavalry under Major Bridgewater and Captain Terrell drove them from one hiding-place to another, and the forces of the latter finally brought them to bay on May 10, 1865, near Taylorsville, Ky. Here Quantrell made his last stand and fought his last fight. Two of his followers were killed and one wounded; the rest escaped, scattering in all directions, and in the end, making their way back to Missouri, as best they could.

Quantrell himself was mortally wounded. He was shot through the shoulder-blade, the ball striking his spine and paralyzing him. Two days after the fight he was taken to the United States military prison hospital, in Louisville, where he died on June 6. He was buried in St. John's Cemetery, Louisville, and when they went to dress him for the grave, they found 50 marks on his body made by bullets and sabres. In his final moments his better nature returned and the last words, it is said, that fell from his lips as they grew cold in death, were the name of his mother.

**RUFUS R. WILSON.**  
**The Mothers Recommend It.**  
The strongest recommendation that any article can have is the endorsement of the mothers of the town. When the mothers recommend it you may know that that article has more than ordinary merit. Here is what the Centerville, South Dakota, Citizen says editorially of an article sold in their town: "From personal experience we can say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has broken up bad colds for our children. We are acquainted with many mothers in Centerville who would not be without it in the house for a good many times its cost, and are recommending it every day." 50 cent bottles for sale by Wm. F. Greenwell & Son, Leonardtown, Md.

**BIBLE CRITICISM IN NEW JERSEY.**—Elder Berry: Joblots has fallen again into unbelief. Dr. Thirdly: What is the trouble now? Elder Berry: He is sore on Noah for taking a pair of Jersey mosquitoes into the ark.—New York Herald.  
Mrs. Tompkins: What, fighting with Willie Bowses after Sunday school? Don't you know what the Lord says about loving your enemies? Tommie Tompkins, yes, ma'am, I do. He says, "Whom He loveth He chasteneth." I was doing that.—New York Herald.

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## NEWS IN BRIEF.

**From the Baltimore Sun.**  
Wednesday, March 14, 1894.  
Judge Bryan delivered the opinion of the Court of Appeals declaring that Ex-Congressman Sydney E. Mott and Editor F. M. Cox had lost their residence in Charles county prior to the last election by removing to Washington.

It is thought that the conference committee to consider the tariff bill will be materially increased because the measure is too important to trust to a half dozen men.  
The steamer Westmoreland, of the Weems Line, brought the first consignment of spring lambs to Baltimore yesterday. They came from St. Mary's county, Maryland.

The Maryland Court of Appeals met in Annapolis and handed down decisions in nineteen cases. The Court of Appeals adjourned out of respect to the memory of Mr. Charles J. M. Gwin.

In the trial at Washington of Miss Madeline V. Pollard's suit against Congressman Wm. C. P. Breckinridge for \$50,000 for alleged breach of promise of marriage, Judge Bradley announced that he would take no judicial notice of the personal conflict between counsel, which occurred outside the court room door on Monday. Judge Bradley called attention to the law against the carrying of concealed weapons, and announced that he had been informed that some of the counsel for Colonel Breckinridge were armed. Each of the counsel arose and said that he carried no weapons. The judge ruled out certain depositions objected to by Colonel Breckinridge's counsel and admitted one by Dr. Mary Logan to which objection had been made by Col. Breckinridge. Mrs. Logan's testimony was read. It related to the birth of a child in Cincinnati in 1884 by a young girl who gave the name of Monica Burgoyne. Sister Cecelia testified concerning a patient in the Catholic convent in Norwood, Ohio.

**MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.**  
In the House of Delegates the assessment bill was reported from the committee without recommendation. The bill was placed on the second reading file and made the special order for 1 o'clock Thursday.

The visit of Congressman Compton to Annapolis was unfavorably commented upon by the most pronounced of the "regulars."  
In the Senate the bill for the consolidation of the Washington City and Point Lookout and the Washington and Potomac Railroad Companies was ordered to be engrossed.

In the House, after debate, an order was adopted for the reference of the free book bill to the committee on ways and means.  
Mr. Scott introduced a bill authorizing Washington county to raise money and build a local insane asylum.

Ex Senator Geo. A. Pearce is to be reimbursed for the \$5,000 forfeited bill paid for his brother, James Graham Pearce.  
Senator Johnson says Mr. Legg's oyster bill will create a deficiency in the oyster fund.  
The Frederick county democrats have served notice upon the Montgomery people that action must be taken on the resolution extending Judge Vinson's term. Senator Bennett will introduce an entirely new assessment bill not later than Thursday.

Thursday, March 15, 1894.  
Mr. John T. Ford, the veteran theatrical manager, is dead.

A millionaire baby is being raised in an incubator in New York.

Returns from the Congressional election in South Carolina show that James F. Izlar, a Cleveland democrat, defeated J. William Sloke, populist democrat.

The Roman Catholic Sisters of Charity have withdrawn from the Riverside public schools in Pittsburg, Pa., and will make no further attempt to teach in the public schools until the question of their right to wear the garb of their religious order is settled by the courts.

**MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.**  
A bill will be introduced in the Legislature chartering a company to establish a manufacturing town at the mouth of the Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county. A bill to change the county seat of Charles county from Port Tobacco will be introduced by Senator Carroo. The Senate is a working body, and the files are clear. It is expected the House will pass the bill, which has already passed the Senate, authorizing the board of public works to purchase Mr. Frank B. Mayer's painting of the landing of the Maryland colonists at St. Clement's Island. In the Senate Mr. Sloan's bill for a new method of distributing the free school fund was indefinitely postponed. The Senate adopted an unfavorable report on Mr. Bruce's bill to make voting compulsory.

In the House a bill was introduced by Mr. Carter for the establishment of an electric light plant to be owned by the city. Mr. Carter also introduced a bill providing for the appointment of commissioners to promote uniformity of legislation in the United States. Mr. Legg's local option bill was discussed at some length in the House and then recommitted. A petition was circulated in the Senate asking Gov. Brown to pardon ex State Treasurer Archer. The first petition for the extension of the term of Judge Henry W. Hoffman was presented in the Senate.

**THE OLD RUBBER TRICK.**—Why, you poor old man! how did you come to lose your foot—in the war? No, ma'am, I used to live in the suburbs, and in running for a train on an early spring morning I caught my foot in the mud and left it there.

"Does the new railroad pass your property?" asked a city man of his country friend. "No, it don't. It won't even pass our minister—he has to pay regular rates," was the disconsolate reply.—Detroit Free Press.

Only those who think themselves of the elect get angry when you say there is no hell.—Life.

**Simple-Starters.**  
**A MAD MEMORY.**  
I hate a man who always has important things to say— Who can't recall them at just now, But will come other day. —Judge.

**DROPPED IT.**  
She rides a bike, so blithe and gay, To find a pretty matrimony; Something's amiss, she faints away, For she has dropped her r-r— —Minneapolis Tribune.

**THE GAME OF LIFE.**  
This life is like a game of cards, And most of us are chumps; For when we think we're going to win The other man holds the trumps. —Brooklyn Eagle.

**FOR DYSPEPSIA.**  
Use Dr. Cass's Iron Biscuits. Physicians recommend it. All dealers keep it. \$1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

**UNION HOTEL, LEONARDTOWN, MD.**  
HAVING taken charge of the Union Hotel, this village, I am prepared to accommodate the public in first class style and at rates to suit the times. Meals, 25 cents; horse feed, 25 cents; drinks, plain or mixed, 5 cents.  
My bar is stocked with fine liquors and cigars and my table will be supplied with all that the market can furnish. Call and be convinced.  
**CHARLES P. ABELL, Proprietor.**  
Aug 2-12

**L. O. W. B. GRAVES, CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,** respectfully calls the attention of the public of St. Mary's and adjoining counties that he has associated himself with an Architect Library and furnished with the latest designs, that he is prepared to execute all orders entrusted to his care under the nearest designs of workmanship. Satisfaction guaranteed and terms easy.  
Orders solicited and will receive prompt and personal attention. Drafting and estimating free of charge. Postoffice address Holly wood, St. Mary's county, Md. Jr no 19-11

**Everybody ought to see at "DONAHUE'S MAGAZINE"** the great popular Catholic publication, that is **Revolutionizing economic thought and wiping out religious bigotry.**  
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Representatives wanted in every city, town, and village. We want ladies and gentlemen, who can give satisfactory references, and we will pay well for their services. Address: **SUBSCRIPTION DEPT., 611 Washington Street, Boston, Nov 23, '93-11**

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Honest in Motive Fearless in Expression. Sound in Principle Unflinching in its allegiance to Right Theories and Right Practices.  
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One dollar a year. Inducements to get- ters up of clubs for the weekly Sun. Both the Daily and Weekly Sun mailed free of postage in the United States, Canada and Mexico. Payments invariably in advance. Address: **A. S. ABELL & COMPANY, Publishers and Proprietors, Baltimore, Md.**

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**Real Estate Agency.**  
**MESSES. HERBERT F. MOORE, of Leonardtown, and T. J. MOORE, of Washington, D. C., have entered into co-partnership for the sale of real estate. If parties having lands for sale will send full description and the lowest price they will take, we will liberally advertise their lands free of charge and make every possible effort to make speedy sales.**  
**HERBERT F. MOORE, T. JACKSON MOORE, Leonardtown, Md.**  
Nov 21-1

**THE COMMERCIAL HOUSE**  
**MECHANICVILLE, MD.**  
**G. W. BURROUGHS, Proprietor.**  
Good rooms, good table and everything first class. Give me a call. Livery attended, and travelers sent to all parts of the county. Rates low. **June 24-11**

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We offer you, delivered to Wharf or Depot in Baltimore:  
1 inch Yellow Pine Boards, (Edge) \$12.50 per M.  
6x120 Sawn Cypress Shingles, 15.00 " 6.00 "  
These goods are excellent value for the money. We have higher grades at higher prices. If you wish prices on other goods, write us and we will reply promptly.  
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PEACH, PEAR, APPLE, CHERRY.  
**TREES!**  
MALL FRUITS, GRAPE VINES, EVERGREENS, HEDGPLAN  
All First Class. Write for prices and estimates.  
**WM CORSE & SONS,**  
SECOND STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, P. O. Box 408 Balto., Md  
Persons desiring to visit nurseries will please call at our office and we send them free of charge. Write for prices and catalogues. Dec 1-11

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**DOMESTICS.**  
In this department I am low priced. Call and examine my fancy Shirting, Ginghams, Calicoes and Lawns before purchasing elsewhere.  
**GROCERIES.**  
Fine, fresh and cheap. Call and make a small purchase and I know that you will become a permanent customer.  
**SHOES and HATS.**  
My new styles are in, and prices low for men, old men and boys.  
**Ready-Made Clothing.**  
For men, youths and boys' wear I have the finest, cheapest and noblest line ever shown in my store. I am especially headquarters for this trade.  
**F. OSCAR MORGAN, Leonardtown, Md.**  
Oct 27, 1887-11

**Kendall Will Sell LOOK AT THIS?**  
BARN, ROOF and BRIDGE PAINT at \$1 a Gallon.  
All sorts of Carriage and Wagon Material, Iron, Steel, Bell, Cars, etc., at Bottom Prices.  
Write for Circular of above or prices on anything you need in my line.  
**JAS. B. KENDALL,**  
Nov 19-11

**FARMS WANTED.**  
If parties having farms for sale will send description and prices to the undersigned or call in person, it will be to their advantage. I have now orders for several farms.  
**JO. F. MORGAN.**  
Nov 14-11

**Saint Mary's Beacon**  
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