Saint Mary's Beacon.

LEONARDTOWN, MD.

FRIDAY MORNING, Oct. 27, 1905.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR COMPTROLLER:
Dr. GORDEN T. ATKINSON,
of Somerset county.

STATE SENATOR:
J. FRANK SMITH.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES:
CHARLES VINCENT HAYDEN, Jr
EDMUND J. PLOWDEN.

TREASURER:
LEO V. THOMPSON.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JOHN T. CECIL.

SHERIFF:
PHILIP J. MEDLEY.

SURVEYOR:
GEORGE B. DENT.

Election, Tuesday, November 7, 1905.

Democratic Speaking.

WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1905, at 2 P. M., there will be a grand Democratic Rally at Leonardtown. The speakers will be

A. S. GOLDSBOROUGH,
LLOYD WILKINSON.

If possible for him to get here United Senator **A. P. Gorman** will be present and will speak. Other distinguished speakers will address the meeting. Come to the meeting.

In this week's issue we are sending out supplements containing as near as possible, under the circumstances, a fac-simile of the ticket to be voted on Tuesday, November 7, proximo. The ticket is much too long to be printed in a country printing office, and in consequence the work had to be done in Baltimore. In the hurry of getting the supplement printed and bringing it home in time for this issue there may be found slight typographical errors in the names of the candidates, but in all other and in the essential particulars the supplement will be correct. In the press of matter on our hands this week we can say but little to our fellow Democrats, but this we know, that there is but one safe, plain, palpable and straightforward course for them to take, and that is to vote the regularly nominated ticket straight and to adjourn the manifestations of jealousies, dislikes and disappointments to safer times than the present.

CRY OF TRICK BALLOTS ?

Saint Mary's Republicans Make Charge And Democrats Deny It.

Democratic leaders of St. Mary's county, who came to the city yesterday, assert that they have nipped in the bud an attempt upon the part of the fusion candidates there to make it appear that the Supervisors of Elections are preparing to spring more "trick" ballots this fall.

It developed, however, that while the form of the ballot will be in accordance with the law there will appear upon it the names of candidates so like those of the Fusion men that the illiterate voter may have great trouble telling them apart. Upon good authority it is said that petitions have already been filed nominating a candidate for the State Senate, and also for the House of Delegates from the "People's party." The "People's party" candidates, said to have been named and who are are assured of a position on the ballot, are:

For Senate—Thomas B. Greenwell.
For House of Delegates—Thomas M. Wilkinson and John M. Jones.

The similarity between these names and those of the Independent Democratic candidate for the Senate, who has also been nominated by the Republican convention, and the regular Republican candidates for the House of Delegates can be seen at a glance. This is the Republican ticket in St. Mary's:

For Senate—Dr. F. F Greenwell.
For House of Delegates—W. T. Wilkinson and Stephen McK. Jones.

The Republicans from St. Mary's denounce the "People's party" ticket as a Democratic trick. In that county the Wilson ballot law, abolishing all party denominations, is in operation, and nothing but the names of the candidates appears upon the ballot.

Dr. Greenwell Made Charge.

The story of the alleged trick ballots was first brought to the city by Dr. Greenwell. He first went to Attorney-General Bryan, to whom he declared that the supervisors were preparing a ballot, part of which would be printed in heavy black letters and part in very thin and light letters. The purpose of this was, he said, to confuse the illiterate voter and make it impossible for him to pick out his party candidate. Dr. Greenwell later, it is said, went to Republican State headquarters, and is understood to have based his belief that the supervisors were going to print the official ballot in an unusual form by the appearance of the sample Democratic ballots which have been distributed in the county. On these the names of the Democratic candidates are printed in heavy, black type, while those of the opposition are in the other and lighter type.

Attorney-General Bryan asked Dr. Greenwell to make his statement in writing, and, after receiving it, sent the following letter to Governor Warfield.

"I received the inclosed letter in this morning's mail. I forward it to you without any opinion as to the correctness or incorrectness of the statements made in it. It is, I think, clear that it was the intention of the statute that the squares in front of the names of all candidates and in front of all questions to be voted upon by the people in which the voter is to make his cross mark shall be uniform in size and in appearance and that none of the squares shall have either a heavier or a lighter boundary mark than the others. Without expressing or, indeed, having any opinion in regard to the form or appearance of the ballot in contemplation, it occurs to me that it might be a reasonable precaution against any possible abuse for you to request the Board of Supervisors for St. Mary's county to submit the proof of the ballot prepared by them to you for approval before it is finally printed."

Mr. Bryan Satisfied.

Late in the afternoon, after this letter had been sent, Dr. Walter B. Dent, one of the Democratic Supervisors of Saint Mary's, who had heard of the charges of Dr. Greenwell, called upon Mr. Bryan and denied them absolutely. After hearing Dr. Dent's statement, Mr. Bryan wrote as follows to the Governor:

"Dr. Dent told me that he had heard of the charges in relation to the form of the ballot in St. Mary's county. He assured me that those charges were without foundation, and he said that he would be very glad to submit the proof of the ballot to you, to me or to both of us. It is fair to Dr. Dent that I should state he made this offer before I had read him my letter of this morning to you, in which I had suggested that it would be a reasonable precaution for you to ask the board of supervisors to let you see the proof of the ballot.

"Dr. Dent came to my office for the purpose of submitting the ballot to me. He will not be able to obtain the proof from the printer until tomorrow. Tomorrow, unfortunately, I have to be in the Court of Appeals on State business.

"Dr. Dent will call on you in the morning with the proof of the ballot.

"I was very glad to see Dr. Dent, because my conversation with him made me feel that there is no reasonable ground for believing that there will not be an honest and genuine attempt on the part of the Board of Supervisors in St. Mary's county to conduct a fair and impartial election."—*Sun.*

The Gov. Approves the Ballot.

Dr. Walter B. Dent, president of the Board of Election Supervisors for St. Mary's county, called on Governor Warfield today and showed him a copy of the official ballot to be voted in the November election. Later he also called on Attorney General Bryan. Dr. Dent's visit was due to the charge made by the Republicans of St. Mary's county that improperly printed ballots would be used. After inspecting carefully the proof of the ballot brought to him by Dr. Dent, the Governor pronounced it regular in every respect, and said that he could find nothing wrong with it. Dr. Dent declares that the copy was the only kind of ballot that the Supervisors were arranging to put before the voters.—Baltimore News, Oct. 24.

[COMMUNICATED.

BALTIMORE, October 19th, 1905.

The State Central Committee met yesterday and was the second cause in four weeks to gather together here prominent Democrats from all Maryland. Carrol county contributed the information that one Democrat, who always votes the Republican ticket, opposes the amendment, and there are said to be four of the same ilk in Wicomico; from the rest of the State came the tale of harmony, alluded to last week, with additions in the shape of the assurance that many Republicans make no bones of their intention to vote for the suffrage-restricting constitutional amendment. Under the circumstances, it was hard for these visitors to understand the situation in Baltimore; yet the negroes may be counted on this time, if never before, to vote with their white friends(?) and some of the foreigners are said to be uneasy, in spite of the fact that the amendment if adopted will cost no white man his vote. The managers of the campaign, while confident of success, are clearly alive to the strength of the heterogenious elements which constitute the opposition. They want the counties to roll the majority up in as large a wave as possible; they are taking no chances whatever through over-confidence and for the first time in years are appealing to white women to influence votes.

United States Senator Isidor Rayner has taken the open against the amendment. He shook his fist at it vigorously with a six-column shake in the advertising section of the Sun on Wednesday morning, but his ire will scarcely cause surprise, while his platitudes and flowers elucidate no point that had not been discovered before. Some of the people who do not like Mr. Rayner, may be surprised at his taking any stand in the matter at all, but since he does leave cover it is hard to see how he could be at all conspicuous in any other attitude. True, every one or nearly every one of the men whose votes in 1904 made him the United States Senator that he is now, favor the measure which he opposes; still he represents only himself in this instance and has a perfect right to honest convictions, even though they place him close, shoulder to shoulder, with those stalwarts of the Republican camp, the Governor of Maryland and his Attorney General. With his followers opposed to him in this campaign it is difficult to see how Mr. Rayner's late-taken attitude can do the amendment serious harm.

Interest in the canvass of 1907 is still as keen as ever and still holds second place in political gossip; it was stirred into newer life this week through the launching, down the political ways by some of his admirers, of Colonel Buchanan Schley's candidacy for Governor. Ex-Governor Frank Brown, General L. Victor Baughman, State Treasurer Murray Vandiver and Governor Edwin Warfield are already in the running; Colonel Schley makes the fifth aspirant for honors in this direction. Ex-Governor Brown and Governor Warfield were among the prominent visitors to the Hagerstown Fair last week; the Governor rode in state through the thriving western metropolis with a band leading his procession; the ex-Governor in his well-known, Democratic way mingled with the crowd, greeted old friends, and enjoyed, if not as heartily as a boy, at least as heartily as any of the other "farmers", the wonders of the fair.

As is always the case at this stage, speculation is rife as to who will be the presiding officers this winter in the General Assembly. All such speculation is necessarily more or less based on that most unsubstantial of foundations, the word "if"; still "if" Mr. Thomas H. Robinson of Harford is re-elected to the Senate, (and the men of his county seem positive of his success) the consensus of opinion would seem to indicate him for the next President. Such a selection must appeal to all right-minded men, for Mr. Robinson as the "Senator from Harford" during the past two sessions, not only well represented his county, but made a clean, fearless record for himself, of which any man might well be proud. For the House Speakership, and based on the same "if", the man most talked of at present, is Carville D. Benson, a young lawyer of Baltimore county, one of the Democratic leaders in 1904 and a conspicuous figure throughout that session.

PAUL WINCHESTER.

Simpers' Boyhood.

Like hundreds of others who can trace their ruin to the outlaw race-track of Elkton and Iron Hill, John M. Simpers, the murderer of Albert Constable, who was hung Friday last, can so lay the blame of misspent life.

Born within a few hundred yards of the fair grounds at Elkton, young Simpers spent almost his entire time around the track. There he grew to learn all about crap-shooting, racing and touting. He worked little, yet every penny he secured went to the crap game, and it was not a long or difficult jump from the crap table to the first theft.

His stepfather, named Marquee, or Marquis, was also a devotee of the track, and employed his time in making books and otherwise keeping busy at the outlaw tracks. Five years ago this man was robbed of about $2,100 while on his way home from the track. Young Simpers was charged with the robbery, and was driven from home. Then he began leading the roving life which ultimately led him to robbery, horse stealing and murder near his former home.

There was never a direct charge made against young Simpers regarding the $2,100, but it never was heard of again, and no one was ever arrested on the charge. Simpers always denied it stoutly, and declared he was nowhere near his stepfather at the time.—Exchange.

New Advertisements.

Trespass Notice.

The law will be rigidly enforced against all parties trespassing with dog or gun on my property known as Blair's Hill
Oct 27—m SUSIE MATTINGLY.

For Sale.

BAYSIDE, one of the prettiest salt water front farms to be found, 137 acres, on Britton's bay, close to Abell's wharf and Beauvue P O. A compact farm of good productive land, beautiful beach, oysters, &c. Cash or easy terms Possession January 1, 1906 Address
JOHN H. GARNER, 6 E Mulberry st.,
Oct 27—tf? Baltimore, Md

To Farmers.

There will be a meeting of the tobacco growers of St. Mary's county at Mechanicsville on **FRIDAY, Nov. 3, 1905,** for the purpose of organizing a Tobacco Growers' Association for the mutual protection and betterment of the industry. An organization is necessary in order that we may be in a position to appoint delegates to represent us in the Maryland Tobacco Growers' Association to be held at the Maryland Agricultural College on the first Monday in December next. A full attendance is earnestly desired.
Oct 27—2t. HENRY C. ADAMS.

Fusionists Meetings.

The Fusionists candidates will meet the people of the various districts at the times and places mentioned below to discuss the issues of the present campaign:

Jarboesville, Friday, October 27, 2 p. m.
Oak Point, Saturday, October 28, 2 p. m.
Mechanicsville, Monday, October 30, 2 p. m
Chaptico, Tuesday, October 31, 2 p. m.
Hurry, Cross Roads, October 31, 8 p. m.
Milestown, Wednesday, Nov. 1st, 2 p. m.
River Springs, Wednesday, Nov. 1, 7 p. m.
L. R. Springer's store, Nov. 2nd, 2 p m.
Great Mills, Friday, Nov. 3rd, 3 p. m.
St. Inigo's, Saturday, Nov. 4th, 2 p. m.
St. George's Island, Monday, Nov. 6, at 7 p. m.

SUPPER AND DANCE.

THERE will be a supper and dance at Chaptico Hall on

THURSDAY,

November 2, 1905,

for the benefit of the Public School which was opened in Chaptico on October 9th. Public cordially invited.

Carter's Band.

Supper will be served at 4:30 P. M. Oct 27—td

Election Notice, 1905.

In accordance with the provisions of the Code of Public General Laws, Article XXXIII, Section 13, we the Board of Supervisors of Election for St. Mary's county, hereby give notice to all whom it may concern, that an election will be held in St. Mary's county on

TUESDAY, November 7, 1905

at the usual places of voting in the several election Districts of St. Mary's county, that is to say:

FIRST DISTRICT, ST. INIGO'S,
SECOND DISTRICT, VALLEY LEE,
THIRD DISTRICT—1st Precinct, LEONARDTOWN,
THIRD DISTRICT—2nd Precinct, LEONARDTOWN,
FOURTH DISTRICT, CHAPTICO,
FIFTH DISTRICT, MECHANICSVILLE,
SIXTH DISTRICT, GOOD HOPE,
SEVENTH DISTRICT, MILESTOWN,
EIGHTH DISTRICT, JARBOESVILLE,
NINTH DISTRICT, ADAMS' STORE.

The polls will open at 8 o'clock, A. M., and close at 6 o'clock, P. M. The election to be held is for the purpose of electing one person to be Comptroller of the Treasury of Maryland; one person to represent St. Mary's county in the Senate of Maryland; two persons to be members of the House of Delegates of Maryland; one person to be County Treasurer for St. Mary's county; one person to be Sheriff of St. Mary's county; one person to be County Commissioner of St. Mary's county, from the First Commissioner District; one person to be County Surveyor for St. Mary's county.

And also for the purpose of voting for or against the following Constitutional Amendments, viz., Secs. 96 and 97 of the Act of 1904 of the General Assembly of Maryland:

CHAPTER 96.

AN ACT to amend Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of this State and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in place and stead of Section 1 of said Article 1.

SECTION 1. All elections by the people shall be by ballot. Every male citizen of the United States, whether native born or naturalized, of the age of 21 years or upwards, who has resided in this State for one year and in the Legislative district of Baltimore city or in the county in which he may offer to vote for six months next preceding the election, and who moreover is duly registered as a qualified voter, as provided in this Article, shall be entitled to vote in the ward or election district in which he resides at all elections hereafter to be held in this State; and in case any county or city shall be so divided as to form portions of different electoral districts for the election of Representatives in Congress, Senators, Delegates or other officers, then, to entitle a person to vote for such officer, he must have been a resident of that part of the county or city which shall form a part of the electoral district in which he offers to vote for six months next preceding the election, but a person who shall have acquired a residence in such county or city, entitling him to vote at any such election, shall be entitled to vote in the election district from which he removed until he shall have acquired a residence in the part of the county or city to which he has removed. Every such male citizen of the United States having the above-prescribed qualifications of age and residence shall be entitled to be registered so as to become a qualified voter if he be—

First—A person able to read any section of the Constitution of this State submitted to him by the officers of registration and to give a reasonable explanation of the same; or if unable to read such section is able to understand and give a reasonable explanation thereof when read to him by the registration officers; or

Second—A person who on the first day of January, 1869, or prior thereto, was entitled to vote under the laws of this State or of any other State of the United States wherein he then resided; or

Third—Any male lineal descendant of such last-mentioned person who may be twenty-one (21) years of age or over in the year 1906.

No person not thus qualified by coming under some one of the above descriptions shall be entitled to be registered as a qualified voter, nor be entitled to vote.

CHAPTER 97.

AN ACT to amend Section 34 of Article 3 of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring,) That the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and stead of Section 34 of Article 3 of said Constitution.

SECTION 34. No debt shall be hereafter contracted by the General Assembly unless such debt shall be authorized by a law providing for the collection of an annual tax or taxes sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to discharge the principal thereof within fifteen years from the time of contracting the same, and the taxes laid for this purpose shall not be repealed or applied to any other object until the said debt or interest thereon shall be fully discharged. The credit of the State shall not in any manner be given or loaned to, or in aid of any individual, association or corporation; nor shall the General Assembly have the power in any mode to involve the State in the construction of works of internal improvement, nor in granting any aid thereto which shall involve the faith or credit of the State; nor make any appropriation therefor, except in aid of the construction of works of internal improvement in the counties of St. Mary's, Charles and Calvert, which had no direct advantage from such works as have been heretofore aided by the State; and provided that such aid, advances or appropriations shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, and they shall not use or appropriate the proceeds of the internal improvement companies, or of the State tax now levied or which may hereafter be levied to pay off the public debt, to any other purpose until the interest and debt are fully paid, or the sinking fund shall be equal to the amount of the outstanding debt; but the General Assembly may, without laying a tax, borrow an amount never to exceed fifty thousand dollars to meet temporary deficiencies in the treasury, and may contract debts to any amount that may be necessary for the defense of the State.

But nothing in this section or in this Constitution contained shall deprive the General Assembly of the power to apportion amongst and to appropriate to the city of Baltimore and the several counties of the State out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum of money not exceeding four hundred thousand dollars each year, to be expended only in the construction and maintenance of public roads and highways under and in accordance with such regulations as the General Assembly may from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall be, at the next general election held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot shall be printed the words: "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment," as now prescribed by law, and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said fourteenth article of the Constitution.

Notice To Hotel Keepers And All Others Who Deal In Liquors.

For the information of all persons concerned the following sections of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland are published:

Section 104. Whoever, during the hours of Registration or revision of registration, or during the hours of election or canvass of votes, or making returns thereof in any precinct, shall bring, take, order or send into any place of registration or revision of registration, or of election, any distilled or spirituous liquors, wine, ale or beer, or shall at any such time and place drink or partake of such liquors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction thereof be fined not less than ten ($10) dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars.

Section 105. It shall be unlawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or any other place where liquors are sold, or for any person or persons, directly or indirectly, to sell, barter, give or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale or beer, or intoxicating drinks of any kind on the day of any election hereafter to be held in the several counties of this State; any person violating the provisions of this section shall be liable for indictment, and shall upon conviction, be fined not less than fifty ($50) dollars, nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars for each offense; one-half of the fine shall be paid to the informer, and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of public roads.

Section 106. Any person who shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election to take place in this State shall be liable to indictment, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty ($50) dollars, to be paid to the State for the use of the school fund. Every deposit of money in any part of this State, as a bet or wager upon the result of any election of this State or elsewhere, shall be forfeited and paid over to the County Commissioners of the county where deposited for the use of the county; or, if deposited in the City of Baltimore, to the Mayor and City Council.

WALTER B. DENT,
JOSEPH T. GOUGH,
J. CLEM CAWOOD,
Supervisors of Elections for St. Mary's county
Test:—CHAS. H. LUCAS, Clerk.
Oct. 27, '05—te.

Judges and Clerks of Election.

JUDGES.

1st district—Wm. Raleigh, Democrat, Ridge; C. S. Tyler, Republican, St. Inigo's.
2nd district—John S. Bean, Democrat, Great Mills; John P. Bean, Republican, Valley Lee.
3rd district, 1st precinct—E. B. Harrison, Democrat, Clements; J. Bernard Love, Republican, Loveville.
3rd district, 2nd precinct—T. Frank Yates, Democrat, Leonardtown; Thos. F. Foxwell, Republican, Leonardtown.
4th district—Jas. E. Davis, Democrat, Chaptico; Perry Hayden, Republican, Chaptico.
5th district—L. Nota Redman, Democrat, Mechanicsville; Wm. A. Hill, Republican, Mechanicsville.
6th district—Fred Ponton, Democrat, Oakville; J. Robt Long, Republican, Oakville.
7th district—Edley Thompson, Democrat, Milestown; W. H. Dudley, Republican, Milestown.
8th district—Alex Stevens, Democrat, California; Joseph Booth, Republican, Great Mills.
9th district—Harry Fenwick, Democrat, Island; John Adams, Republican, Island.

CLERKS.

1st district—Pembroke Smith, Democrat, Ridge; D. Bruce Tyler, Republican, St. Inigo's.
2nd district—Dudley Coppage, Democrat, Valley Lee; Wm. B. Thompson, Republican, Valley Lee.
3rd district—1st precinct—Eugene Abell, Democrat, Compton; Zach T. Raley, Republican, Clements.
3rd district—2nd precinct—J. Robert Raley, Democrat, Beauvue; Geo. C. Abell, Republican, Leonardtown.
4th district—Webster B. Herbert, Democrat, Mechanicsville; Wm. F. Saxton, Republican, Clements.
5th district—E. Luther Burroughs, Democrat, Mechanicsville; Chapman B. Barber, Republican, Charlotte Hall.
6th district—Jos. C. Wible, Democrat, Hollywood; Jas. T. King, Republican, Oakville.
7th district—Allen Mattingly, Democrat, Milestown; E. A. Burch, Republican, Milestown.
8th district—Luther F. Miles, Democrat, Pearson; Philip Herman, Republican, Hermanville.
9th district—Henry F. Smallwood, Democrat, Island; Salatial F. Potter, Republican, Island.

WALTER B. DENT,
JOSEPH T. GOUGH,
J. CLEM. CAWOOD,
Election Supervisors for St. Mary's Co.
CHARLES H. LUCAS, Clerk.
Oct. 27, 1905.

You Get A Square Deal in Everything You Buy at TIPPETT, JOHSON and FOXWELL.

Wm. Keiles,

Graduate Optician,
Maryland Optical College.
Hermansville, Md.
March 31—tf?

HAVE JUST OPENED FALL STOCK

Complete in all Departments.

The Largest and most up-to-date we have ever carried.

A fine line of SHOES, HATS, UNDERWEAR, etc., of modern style and excellent for comfort.
A large assortment of Dress Goods. Latest styles and in single patterns.
You need a blanket; we have them. Bed Blankets, 65c to $5. Comforts, 87c to $2. Horse Blankets, 68c to $2. Buggy Robes, fine assortment.
You wish to make your room look cozy. Get a fine drugget and a rug or two from the large stock we have.
Make it warm with one of our fine stoves. We sell them $1 up.
Then you want Groceries, Chinaware, Tinware, Hardware, etc., from us, and you will have such a happy and comfortable winter, you will think the Amendment you voted on a change in your own constitution.
Bring us some EGGS, or anything you have to sell when you come. We appreciate your liberal trade. Call again.

L. J. CANTER & CO.,

Charlotte Hall, Md.

Telephone No. Central.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Let us quote rates for one or three years before renewing your present policies.

Farm, Village and Town Property.

Insured in Stock Companies. No premium notes to be signed.
The Home Insurance Co. of New York. Assets, eighteen millions.
The Phœnix Assurance Co. of London. Assets, twenty-eight millions.

WILLIAM SHEDD HOLTON,
923, 924 Colorado Building, 14th and G Sts., N. W., **Washington, D. C.**
Residence, HYATTSVILLE. Telephone Connections.

W. MEVERELL LOKER, Correspondent, Leonardtown.
Oct 12—6m

We offer you the following inducements and our 5 and 10c counter this week that you will do well to take advantage of as they are all real bargains and may never appear again, as we are seldom able to get the same articles more than once. Things on this counter are bought as soon as seen. You had just as well take advantage of the low prices as anyone else.

An assortment of glassware about 20 different kinds consisting of, cream pitchers, sugar bowls, spoon holders etc, all useful articles, your pick out of the lot 5 cents.

Another assortment very similar to the above mentioned only about twice as large going at 10 cents each.

An assortment of tooth brushes about a dozen different kinds. Some worth a quarter, none as common as the regular 10 cent kind. You will get your pick from the whole lot at 10 cents.

We still have a few of the large wooden spigots, and rolling pins which we are selling for 5 cents each.

A lot of tin flour sifters regular size. The kind that you never got cheaper than 15 cents and sometimes paid 20 cents for. You get them here for 10 cents.

Just a few of the men's gloves left at 10 cents a pair.

Two new lots of cups and saucers, one lot with flowered cups both front and back with saucers to match, the other plain white with gold band incircling. Both of very nice grade of thin, clear, imported china. These are very special values at the price offered, 10 cents.

Our other lot of pictures hardly lasted a day but we have another very pretty lot now. A different pattern from the others, no two alike, very pretty frames with glass, 10 cents each.

A lot of aluminum thimbles, all sizes, worth a great deal more but we are selling them at 5 cents each.

A lot of lithographed treys done in three different background colors. Work done in seven different colors on each one. Very bright and pretty and in all a very useful article to have. Going at 10 cents.

Just a very few of the tumblers left. If you want any you had better get them at once. While they last we will still sell them at the unheard of price, 10 cents per set. A great many have taken advantage of this offer. Don't be left out.

Kitchen and fruit knives. The very thing that you need right now in putting up fruit and can use them in the kitchen all the year round. We sell them at the low price of 5 cents each.

We also offer specials out of stock.

We have a few left of the lace pillow shams, very pretty patterns, and large enough for anyone. At the very low price of 10c they are beauties. Also a few water sets, Pitcher and six glasses to the set. Imitation cut glass, worth a dollar, will sell you for 50c. These are not on our 5 and 10c counter.

You will also find a great many more articles on this counter that are useful and below the regular price, but we can only mention a few to you here. Come and see for yourself and you will find everything as represented, and we are sure that you will be pleased.

We also try to keep everything else in our store that you want at reasonable prices. If there is anything you want to buy or sell call on us and we will treat you right.

N. L. NUTWELL & CO., Charlotte Hall.

Real Household Economy

-Begins in the
-kitchen and should
-start with the
-introduction of

"SENATOR" FLOUR.

Besides being the best and purest flour in the market SENATOR Flour is the most economical—most reasonably priced good flour you can buy. Another thing, SENATOR Flour always yields light, white, nutritious bread and rolls and delicious cake and pastry. SENATOR Flour always gives satisfaction. Give it a right trial.

Ask your Grocer for Senator Flour—look for the trade-mark and refuse substitutes.

CHAS. KING & SON, Wholesale Senator Flour, Alex. Va.