The Herald of Freedom.

LAWRENCE, K. T.

Saturday Morning, May 29, 1858.

Liberty of the Press.

If by the liberty of the press we understand merely the liberty of discussing the propriety of public measures and political opinions, let us have as much of it as you please; but *if it means the liberty of affronting, calumniating and defaming one another*, I, for my part, own myself willing to part with my share of it whenever our legislators shall please to alter the law; and shall cheerfully consent to exchange my liberty of abusing others for the privilege of not being abused myself.—*Franklin.*

The Troubles South.

The news from the southern part of the Territory is of the most statling character. We clip, and publish elsewhere, from the Osawatomie *Herald*, a detailed account of one of those atrocious transactions which has made the early history of Kansas memorable the world over. The colonies, during the first settlements, cannot recite more tales of horror, perpetrated by the dark savages of the forest, than can the pioneer in Kansas. Looking back through two centuries, and calling up the bloody scenes at Pittsfield, Schenectady and Wyoming, we find their counterparts here. The murder of Dow, the shooting down of Barber, the cutting to pieces of poor Brown, the calling out from their homes at midnight and the murdering of the Doyles and Wilkensons, the scalping of Hopps, the barbarous killing of three citizens near Fort Scott a few weeks ago, and the shooting down of five others but last week, and the wounding of several others, is enough of the *horrible* to fill up "blood and thunder" novels for another century. The tales of Indian warfare, and their shocking violence to women and children, must be laid aside to make room for the occurrences of the late three years in Kansas.

We have labored to arrive at the truth relative to the difficulties in the south part of the Territory, and have published many columns in regard to it; but we believe the whole is resolvable into these facts: That a number of lawless men, of the Buford stripe, with the murderers *Clark* and *Brockett* at their head, had settled around Fort Scott. They wished to embroil the Territory in strife, and have succeeded, by their depredations on quiet, unoffending citizens.

The violence of these men excited to action others of the opposite party, who were but too ready to engage in a contest, the end of which no one can tell. Like the circles in the quiet pool when a pebble is thrown into it, first small, they continue to increase until the whole body is affected by it. These difficulties, at first insignificant, have extended until whole neighborhoods have become involved, and unless speedily suppressed, are in danger of involving the Territory at large. The pretext for this recent murder was the representation that *Montgomery* with his piratical band had warned the pro-slavery settlers to leave the region of the Osage and Big Sugar Creeks by a given day.—Instead of their leaving, it is claimed that a company was organized in Missouri, who visited the region of strife, where they found a body of men entrenched for a fight. *Brockett* and *Dr. Hamilton*, with their desperadoes, fired upon and killed five and wounded six others. The *facts*, however, are as detailed by the Osawatomie *Herald*, as we have it from a gentleman from Iowa, who was on his way to this place from a tour in that region, who saw the dead bodies, and learned all the particulars in regard to the terrible outrage. Had those concerned in the outrages upon the pro-slavery party been the sufferers, we should have no censure to bestow; but they were moderate, conservative men, no way mixed up in the troubles, but men who were sincerely desirous to restore the country to peace. It has been thus through all our difficulties, and so it will continue, and for this reason it becomes the duty of the peace loving citizens to take immediate and active measures to suppress the difficulty.

Montgomery and *Hamilton*, with their banditti, scour the country, and levy *black mail* from the opposite party. Neither stop to enquire whether the persons they rob are "mixed up" with the present troubles. It is sufficient to know that they are Pro-slavey or Free State, as the case may be, and their horses, their goods, and perchance their lives, must pay the forfeit.

No sooner has Hamilton and his murderers laid waste a neighborhood, than they retreat to Missouri. A party of neighbors, justly incensed at the outrage, leave the bloody corpses of their neighbors still above-ground, and fly to punish the guilty wretches who have plunged so many families in distress. They, perhaps, will follow into Missouri, when the citizens of that State, feeling incensed with being suspected of protecting those demons, will rise up to expel what seems to them invaders. A battle may be fought, when the defeated party will rally their friends, and thus there is danger the whole country will be involved.

We see no hope of terminating this contest only by the *immediate* interposition of the general government. Each hour of procrastination will make the troubles more difficult of adjustment, and will leave more public and private wrongs to be retaliated for in the future. Every philanthropist must tremble in view of the crimes and animosities which will follow the present difficulties. All experience has demonstrated that man is so organized that if the laws will not redress private grievances, individuals will, and hence the dark catalogue of crimes which are observable in all countries from year to year.

We beg our friends in the south part of the Territory, of all parties, who desire peace, to lose no time in calling conventions, and solemnly resolving themselves into a vigilance committee to expel from the Territory, or bring to immediate punishment, the disturbers of the public tranquility, without regard to the party with which they are connected. Whenever a horse is stolen, or any other outrage is committed, let the people of all parties join hands and make a common cause of it until the injury is redressed. The citizens of other parts of the Territory, instead of buying or concealing property suspected of being stolen, or giving encouragement in any manner to these desperadoes, should exert themselves to the fullest extent to discountenance these crimes, and labor to bring the offenders to speedy justice. Unless they do so, sooner than they are aware of it they will become involved in the controversy, and the bloodshed and violence of two years ago will be again inaugurated on a still larger scale.

The Reason.

The Leavenworth *Journal* suggested that we should advise passengers up the Missouri to disembark at Leavenworth instead of Wyandott. With an anxious desire to oblige the editors of the *Journal*, and our friends in Leavenworth generally, we may be permitted to state that in most cases we believe we can save two days' time in making a trip to St. Louis from Lawrence by taking a steamer at Wyandott, and disembarking at that point, than we could by doing so at Leavenworth. It is for this reason we always take passage at Wyandott, and disembark there, unless we have business demanding our attention at Leavenworth. We state these facts without prejudice against any place on the river. Delaware is the nearest point on the Missouri to Lawrence, and it is to that point a large number of our best merchants ship their goods, and will do so until satisfied that it will be safe to land them at Wyandott, to come up the river by water.

Attention.

We invite attention to the advertisement of Messrs. Christian & Lane, in another column. We are sorry to see the General is retiring from politics just when the country has the greatest need of his services. It is probably better, however, to take him from his study to the Presidential chair, than it would be for him to struggle all the way up to that position by his own exertions.

We expect that it will be said, that we are actuated by selfish motives in nominating the General for the Presidency. We cannot deny the soft impeachment! It is true that we expect a position under his administration as Secretary of State, or Minister to the Court of St. James. Either post will satisfy our ambition. We expect, too, that our services to the General will be of that valuable character that any office in his gift, will be at our command; and we expect, in addition, that we can materially aid our friends in the same direction. The latter suggestion, please treat as confidential, reader.

Want Excitement.

We are assured by reliable Free-State men of Leavenworth that several Pro-Slavery men in that vicinity voted for the Leavenworth Constitution. Their object was to secure the adoption of that instrument, with the hope that Lane, Conway & Co., would set their government in motion, and thus bring about a collision with the federal government. That result accomplished, the people of the Territory, to end the controversy, would vote for the Lecompton Swindle, and thus we would be admitted into the Union under it.

The extremests of both wings of the two parties in Kansas desire agitation. The leaders of these respective parties have no stock in trade save that growing out of excitement, and, hence, anything which indicates a peaceful adjustment of our difficulties they turn the cold shoulder upon.

The people are tired, sick, of this eternal excitement. They want rest, and will have it; and those who are laboring to prevent it, will do well to stand aside ere the people kick them aside.

Selling Out.

Mr. Conant, as will be seen by his advertisement, desires to close out his large stock of merchandise, which he has in this city, with the view of withdrawing from business. His stock consists of a general variety of dry goods, groceries, hardware, cutlery, crockery, boots and shoes, clothing, saddles and harnesses,—in short, whatever is usually called for in a western trading establishment. His house is the oldest establishment in this city, was opened in the fall of 1854, and has been very liberally patronized—first, because he had the goods; second, he sold them at fair rates; and, lastly, he has gentlemanly and obliging agents, who have labored to subserve his interests by being obliging to their customers. Though we shall regret the closing up of so good an establishment as Mr. Conant's, such as it has been under the supervision of Mr. Solomon, yet we are disposed to recommend all of our friends to call there and buy out his stock as soon as possible, believing it will be an object with the purchaser, and since the line of policy is determined upon, will be no injury to Mr. Conant.

Correction.

It seems we were somewhat in error last week in our statement relative to the Female Seminary to be located at Tecumseh. It is to be called the "Tecumseh Female Seminary," not the "Calloway Seminary," as we stated. Rev. Mr. Calloway states that he is not a Bishop, neither had he any intention of naming the institution after himself. Tecumseh has been liberal in her donations, but not in the manner indicated. We were also mistaken in the amount already pledged to the enterprise. We have only to add in extenuation, that our informant was mistaken, and hence misled us.

☞ Our new city authorities are active in removing nuisances from town. They show by their *works* that there *is* a live city government in Lawrence. Their *true* policy consists in repudiating all acts of the self-incorporated, self-elected and self-organized city government, and commence anew under the legal city charter. Indeed it is represented that they have agreed upon this line of policy. We should judge so from their acts.

☞ The suspended banks in Missouri have *all* resumed specie payment.

Gen. Lane's Residence.

We advise the people of Doniphan county—especially the aspirants for office—to compel Gen. Lane to swear to his residence. He pretended to belong to Doniphan at the last election. Yet he has a case in Court, in which, in order to get a claim, he pretends to be a citizen of Lawrence.

When we asked him how he harmonized his satetments, he candidly told us the "trick of it." It was necessary for him, he said, to defeat Robinson in every way, because they were rivals for the Senatorship, and might finally fight for the Presidential nomination. For, according to his theory, Kansas will have merely to indicate her will in 1860, and the Republican party will accept its candidate whoever she selects. Therefore it was necessary to crush Gov. Robinson in order to make himself the bright and particular star of the West!

The Constitutional Convention, he thought, was to be the great climax of our Free State politics, and therefore it was necessary that he should be in it and that Robinson should not. "It will only be a ——— short step," he said, "from the Presidency of that Convention to the Presidency of the United States."

In order to defeat Robinson at Lawrence (so he told us, and we found it for a wonder to be true,) he went down there and publicly took ground against the old politicians being candidates for the Constitutional Convention. Robinson was deceived by the trick, and was not a candidate. Lane openly declared he would not be a candidate. Yet, as soon as he saw that his duplicity had succeeded, or, rather, after he had done everything in his power to make it succeed, he hurried up to Doniphan and became a candidate.

Some people would call this conduct smart; but others, again, think it is contemptably mean.—*Crusader of Freedom.*

We contemplated some difficulty at first in nominating Gen. Lane for the Presidency, in view of the first impression that he was not a citizen of the United States, only a resident of one of the Territories; but, on reflection, when we called up the fact that he had managed to have a residence in Douglas and in Doniphan county at the same time, we saw it would be just as easy a matter for him to hold a residence in Kansas and in one, or even half-a-dozen of the States at the same time. The usual ability of our candidate enables him to do that which would seem almost impossible to the great mass of readers.

An Amalgamation.

We noticed recently a circular issued by all the opposition members of the New Jersey Legislature, calling for a united movement in the next canvass in that State. A similar call has been issued at Buffalo, signed by the leading men, formerly Democrats, Republicans, and Americans, of Western New York. The Philadelphia *Gazette* says:

"We perceive that various Southern Whig and American journals speak in a favorable tone of the new combination. On the other hand, the New York *Courier* opposes it. The *Commercial Advertiser* asks before hand, to know the ultimatum of the Republican party, and the Albany *Evening Journal* is quite restive at the prospect of fusion. In Philadelphia, everybody is beginning to regard the new combination as having superseded the American and Republican organization, and the case is pretty much the same in the interior of Pennsylvania. The factionists of New York and New England may fight it out to suit themselves. In New Jersey, Pennsylvania, the West and South, the opposition will no doubt consolidate.—*Ex.*

We *cannot* supply copies of the Code which is being published with the Territorial laws at this office. To break the files of signatures, and supply persons with the code only, is to leave the balance of the volume minus of that important law. Persons sending to us, or to S. W. Driggs & Co., Lawrence, four dollars, shall receive all the laws now published, amounting to about 260 pages, and the balance of the *General* Laws as soon as published, and by returning them to us immediately after the completion of the work, shall have the same substantially bound in law sheep without additional cost.

We hope this will be received as an answer to the fifty letters on our table enquiring in regard to this subjeet.

☞ Henry Ward Beecher quaintly remarks that "dress does not make the man—but after he is made, he looks much better dressed up."

Those who wish to "look better," will bear in mind that T. H. Clemo, second door south of Messrs. Duncans, and Mr. Sutliff, next door north of Mr. Barker's hardware store, are both engaged in manufacturing clothes; both keep ready made clothing on hand; and that Dalton & O'Donnall, in the Collamore Building, keep a large stock for the wholesale or retail trade, all advertise in the *Herald of Freedom*, and all are gentlemen worthy of liberal patronage. Call on them and "dress up." They will supply at very low figures, in consequence of the tightness of the times.

Insignificant Opposition.

Our contemporary says that in consequence of an insignificant and contemptible opposition to the Leavenworth Constitution, the vote on it, on the 18th inst. was extremely small. The vote will probably equal nearly 4,000. There are, according to the estimate of the Leavenworth Constitutional Convention, upwards of 20,000 voters in the Territory. If an "insignificant opposition" reduced the vote to one-fifth of the real voting population of the Territory, what would a thorough organized, efficient opposition have done in regard to it?

A Jubilee.

No election until August. What will the people do? And what *can* the politicians do? Two months of political rest will be the death of several gentlemen whose existence for the past year has depended upon an election every other week. We see no occasion for conventions or collections of the people for any purpose for the next two months, unless in be to organize to put down the land pirates and horse thieves now infesting the Territory, or to celebrate the 82d anniversary of American independence. Two months of political quiet is the longest period which has intervened since the settlement of the Territory.

☞ It is reported that a gentleman residing in Tecumseh, has obtained the contract to carry the mail between this place and Topeka, to commence on the first of July.—*Emporia News*

☞ The *Herald of Freedom* can be had an our office every week, at five cents per copy.

Vote Down Lecompton.

We had purposed writing a long article this week, showing why the Lecompton Constitution should be rejected; but we found the arguments so plentiful, such as would commend themselves to every man's observation, we concluded to delay it for the present; with the assurance, however, to our readers, that thus far we have met with but three persons in the Territory who have favored the idea of accepting the Lecompton Constitution, and those three were only in favor of it on the happening of certain contingencies while we have heard hundreds express themselves in opposition to it. The only regret is, that our people cannot have an earlier opportunity of recording their vote against it.

☞ Several friends have written us for a copy of the drawings in the Emporia Town Company. We can only say that we were not present at the drawing, and had no hand whatever in it, and know nothing of the result. As soon as the Secretary, Mr. Deitzler, obtains the drawings, he will record them, and in due time communicate to interested parties a copy of their drawings, in the shape of a deed in fee simple, having first given public notice to parties to return their certificates with the name and location of the holders.

☞ Mr. Van Horn, of the Kansas City *Journal of Commerce*, paid Lawrence a visit a few days ago. He expressed himself greatly delighted with the place and the scenery, as viewed from Mt. Oread. Mr. V. is a native of Pennsylvania. His paper is one of the best-looking printed in the west, and has just received a new dress. "Long may it wave."

☞ A friend inquires whether a person after having filed on a claim, and sold it, without contesting the claim with another, loses his right to pre-emption. Such has uniformly been the decision of the various land offices in Kansas; such is the instruction to the Registers and Receivers from the Department at Washington, and such is the law of Congress on the subject.

☞ We are requested by Messrs. S. W. Driggs & Co., to say that on the reception of $4 they will mail to any address the *General* Laws as far as published, and the balance of them as fast as completed; and that no copies will be furnished to any person, *under any pretext whatever*, without the receipt of such money. Address S. W. Driggs & Co., Lawrence, Kansas.

☞ Unfortunately we located Woodward & Finley, the druggists, in the wrong place, last week, in noticing their removal. Instead of taking rooms in the new hotel, they are occupying the first floor of Babcock & Lykins, banking house. Mr. Shanklin, with his boot, shoe, hat and cap store, occupies the next door to Woodward & Finley's. Please remember.

☞ President Buchanan, it is said, will visit the principal western cities during the present summer. Of course, then, he will call at Oxford and Kickapoo. The citizens of those places will receive him with great eclat.

☞ Why is it that all the other papers published at Leavenworth reach us regularly but the *Times*? We shall be compelled to strike that journal from our exchange list, because *we rarely or never see it.* Is the fault with the publishers?

Prices Current.

LAWRENCE, May 29, 1858.

FLOUR—Superfine, $2,50; Extra, $3,00 ⅌ hun.
WHEAT—$1,50 ⅌ bushel.
CORN—40c.
CORN MEAL—$1,00 ⅌ bushel.
WHITE BEANS—$3,00 ⅌ bushel.
POTATOES—45c. "
APPLES—$1,50@2,00 "
CRACKERS—15c. ⅌ lb.
FRESH BUTTER—25c. ⅌ lb.
CHEESE—15@20c. "
SALERATUS—12½c. "
BROWN SUGAR—10@12c. "
WHITE " —15c. "
RICE—10@12½c. "
TEAS—90c.@1,00 "
COFFEE—16½@20c. "
BEEF—8@10c. "
BACON—10@14c. "
CODFISH—10c. "
MACKEREL—12@15c. "
TOBACCO—30@50c. "
MANILLA ROPE—25c. "
SOAP—10@12c. "
CANDLES—Star, 35c. "
" —Sterine, 25c. "
TALLOW—12½c. "
BEESWAX—20c. "
COTTON BATTING—25c. "
IRON—7@10c. "
NAILS—6@9c. "
CASTINGS—9c. "
LOG CHAIN—10@12½c. "
STOVE PIPE—16c. "
SAD IRONS—10@12½c. "
HIDES—Green, 3c. "
" —Dry, 8c. "
SALT—⅌ sack of 200 lbs, $4,00.
AXES—New England pattern, $1,25.
SAWS—Cross cut ⅌ foot, 75c.@$0,00.
OX BOWS—⅌ piece, 25c.*
SOCKS—⅌ pair, 20@30c.
BOOTS—Stogies, ⅌ pair, $3,00@3,75.
" —Fine, $3,75@4,50.
" —Calf, $4,50@5,50.
SHEETINGS—Brown ⅌ yard, 10@15c.
" —Bleached, 12½@20c.
PRINTS—⅌ yard, 8@15c.
DELAINES—25@50c.
OIL—Linseed, ⅌ gallon, $1,50.
" —Lard, " $1,25.
" —Fish, " $1,50.
BURNING FLUID—⅌ gallon, $1,25.
MOLASSES— " 75c@$1,00.
SYRUP— " $1,00@1,25.
WOOD—Hard, ⅌ cord, $3,50@4,00.
COAL—Stone, ⅌ bushel, 30c.
SADDLES—$7@30.
HARNESS—⅌ set, 20@$50.
GLASS—8×10, ⅌ 50 feet, $3,00.
" —10×12 " 3,25.
" —10×14 " 3,87.
LUMBER—⅌ thousand, $20@40.
SHINGLES—⅌ thousand, $5,50@6,00.
WORK OXEN—$80@125.
COWS—$30@35.
HORSES AND MULES—$50@150.
HOGS—On foot, ⅌ 100 lbs, $3,00.
SHEET—$2,50@3,50.
MUTTON—$@10.
LUMBER WAGONS—$100@125.
OX YOKES, BOWS AND RINGS—$3,00@5,00.

Special Notices.

Ohio State and Union Law College.

THIS Institution has been removed to Cleveland, Ohio. Degrees are legally conferred, and students upon graduating may be admitted to practice. For Circulars address, at Cleveland, (Feb 13'58-1y) M. A. KING, *Secretary.*

MAP OF KANSAS.
NEW AND REVISED EDITION.
Price, $1.00.

We have just published a new and revised edition of our popular sectional map of Kansas, with all the late surveys and new towns thereon. These revisions have been compiled from the field notes in the Surveyor-General's Office and other reliable sources.

The map shows every section as surveyed up to the present time, and is in every respect the most complete and reliable

Map of the Territory Published.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at number 38 Main street, St. Louis, by

JOHN HALSALL & CO.

Clothing Establishment.

Reader, do you wish a suit of clothes which shall fit you in every respect, and after the latest style? Go to T. H. Clemo's Merchant Tailor's Establishment, next door south of Messrs. W. H. & C. S. Duncan's dry goods and grocery store, near the post office, and leave your measure, or make a selection from his large stock of ready made goods. Mr. Clemo has just received a very large stock of cloths, cassimeres, satins, linens, and other summer goods, and has several of the best workmen in the country constantly engaged in making them up. He has now entire charge of the cutting department. With ten years experience in an extensive establishment, he seems peculiarly qualified for that branch of his business.

Mr. C. is now engaged in manufacturing clothes for summer wear, having just received from New York the latest spring fashions. His summer coats, specimens of which he was showing us a few days ago, will be all the rage soon. His satin vests, in quality of material or finish in making, cannot be excelled in New York.—Heretofore, our people wanting a fine suit of clothes have felt that they could not suit themselves short of St. Louis. Now, instead of selecting from that market, they can select the cloths, and have them made to fit, and that without waiting several weeks after leaving an order, as has been too much the case in the past in other establishments, owing to the want of a sufficient number of workmen to dispatch orders. Or, if they choose, they can select from a very large stock already on hand.

Office of the G. W. S. of I. O. of G. T., *Lawrence*, May 18, 1858.

The Grand Lodge is now fully organized, and has entire jurisdiction over the order of Good Templars in all parts of Kansas. Those wishing Lodges organized, or any information respecting the order, will please address the G. W. C. T., or G. W. S., and they will receive prompt attention.

A. A. JUNIATA FROST, G. W. C. T.
J. W. JENKINS, G. W. S.

Papers in the Territory friendly to the cause of Temperance, will confer a favor by giving the above a notice. m22

New Advertisements.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!
Selling Out to Close Business!

ALL those in want of Goods cheap will please call at F. CONANT'S, opposite the MORROW HOUSE. I have made a large fortune and wish to close my business in Lawrence, so as to give others a chance to do the same.

CALL AND SEE

For yourselves, as I will sell Goods lower than they can be bought west of St Louis, for CASH. We have on hand the largest stock of Goods in Lawrence, consisting of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, HARDWARE,

A very large stock of Groceries, a general assortment of Furnishing Goods for Gents, and a great many other Goods, too numerous to mention, which will be sold to the country trade on good terms, so as to make it to their advantage to give me a call. Don't forget F. CONANT'S, opposite the Morrow House. (m29 '58)

JAMES CHRISTIAN. JAS. LANE
CHRISTIAN & LANE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office, Duncan's Building, Lawrence, Kansas Territory.

They are Commissioners for all the Western States. They will attend to collections in Kansas, Nebraska, Western Missouri and Iowa.

Mr. Christian having had large experience in the business, will attend to making investments in Town property and Lands. He will receive for loan or sale, land warrants at a fair percentage.

The Kansas struggles being over, Mr. Lane will devote himself *exclusively* to the practice, and trusts by strict attention to business, to receive a portion of the business of the people of Kansas.

January 29th, 1858. may 29th

NOTICE.

TO ST. GEORGE STOCKHOLDES:—A tax of one dollar on each share in this town became due on the first day of January, and another on the first of February, 1858, making two dollars on each certificate of stock. All shares on which said taxes are not immediately paid will be regarded as forfeited, according to the constitutional provision. The tax *must* be paid in order to enable the company to pre-empt the town site.

E. M. SQUIRES, *Sec'y.*

St. George May 17, 1858.
Leavenworth *Times* please copy. May 29

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!!

Whitney House No. 5, N. H. St.

LADIES, ATTENTION! Miss McINTIRE has on hand, and is constantly receiving, an excellent assortment of Millinery Goods, and is prepared to accommodate her prices to the times. Miss M. has had several years' experience in one of the best Millinery establishments in New-York City, and her reputation for bleaching and pressing bonnets cannot be surpassed either in the West or East. Dresses neatly fitted and made to order, and on short notice.

Lawrence, K. T., May 22, 1858. 3m*

HAMPDEN

IS located in latitude, 38° 15'; longitude, 18° 40', and nearly in the center of Coffey county, Kansas.

The Great Pacific Railroad from Jefferson City and recently chartered Railroad from Leavenworth meet at this place. Come and see the town or correspond with the Secretary of the Association. J. A. D. CLARK, Sec'y.

March 13th, 1858. tf

Durant's New England Bards.

SECOND annual tour of Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Western Iowa. The New England Bards would respectfully announce to their numerous friends and patrons that they will, the coming season, give their popular Concerts in all the principal cities and towns of the above States and Territories; due notice will be given through the press, also by large and small bills, which will be extensively circulated previous to the evenings on which the concerts will take place. The company comprises the following well-known artists:

Mrs. W. F. DURANT, - - - - - Alto.
W. HAYWARD, - - Tenor and Balladist.
J. V. CHADDUCK, - - - - Baritone.
W. F. DURANT, - - Basso and Humorist.

The Bards would state that no pains will be spared on their part to render these entertainments superior to any given in this part of the country, having by judicious addition strengthened their vocal department, and also formed an *Orchestral Accompaniment*, which will consist of *Violin, Violincello, Guitar, and Melodian;* and they would respectfully ask a continuance of the patronage bestowed on their past endeavors.

W. F. DURANT, *Musical Director.*

Lawrence, May 22, 1858.—tf

Stray Mare and Colt.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on the 8th inst., a small gray Mare, with a sorrel horse Colt; no artificial marks. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

SAMUEL WALKER.

7 Miles West of Lawrence, May 22, 1858.—3t*

Public Sale of Lots in Prairie City.

IN consequence of the storm on Saturday, the 15th inst., the public sale of Lots in Prairie City was postponed till Saturday, 29th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

KANSAS LAND AGENCY.

BASSETT & BRACKETT, Surveyors and General Land Agents, Lawrence, Kansas, will give prompt attention to the selection and location of Public Lands; buying and selling Real Estate; the collection of dues; payment of taxes for non-residents, and all other business connected with a Land Agency. Land Warrants furnished at the lowest rates, for cash for on time. Particular attention paid to all business sent by mail. Houses and city lots for sale and rent.

References.—Henn, Williams & Co., Bankers, Fairfield, Iowa; A. J. Stevenson & Co., Bankers, Fort Des Moines, Iowa; Col. M. A. Walker, Register Land Office, Fort Des Moines, Iowa; Coolbaugh & Brooks, Bankers, Burlington, Iowa; Col. C. Bassett, Editor of the Dial, Kewanee, Ill.; Gov. Charles Robinson, Lawrence, Kansas; Adams & Swift, Leavenworth, Kansas; Hon. G. S. Boutwell, Groton, Mass.

O. A. BASSETT,
G. C. BRACKETT.

Lawrence, May 22, 1858.—1y

Caution.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested, that I made a settlement upon the South-east quarter of Section 9, in Township 19, Range 21 East, which bounds Emporia on the West, in February, 1857; that I filed my intentions to pre-empt the same at the Land office in Lecompton; and that in due time I expect to prove up my pre-emption, and pay for the same. In consequence of the claim having been "jumped," I have not completed my improvements, but shall do so at my convenience. All persons are cautioned against interfering in any manner with said claim.

ANNIS W. GLEASON.

Lawrence, May 15, 1858. 3t*

AMBROTYPES.
Great Reduction of Prices.

THE finest and most beautiful one-ninth size Ambrotypes, of unequalled delicacy of tone and finish, (in a good case,) can be had at the Picture Rooms of J. Bowls, Lawrence, for $1. All other sizes of pictures in proportion. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed or no charge.

The subscriber feels confident in thus reducing the price of pictures, he is only doing what the times demand, and earnestly hopes that all good and honest traders and tradesmen will cut down their high prices at least so much as will allow their customers and friends one dollar to spend for a good picture. [May 15.] J. BOWLS.

NOTICE.

A LECTURE will be delivered by S. N. Wood, Esq., to the members of Lawrence Lodge No. 8 I. O. of O. F., at their Hall in Lawrence, on Wednesday evening, May 26th, 1856. A full attendance is desired.

m15—2w J. F. GRISWOLD, *Sec'y.*

H. SHANKLIN

HAS removed his Boot, Shoe, Hat and Cap Store under the Eldridge House. *Sign of the Golden Boot.* A large stock of Goods just received, and will be sold at low prices. m15—3t

McALPIN & CO.,

Formerly of J. S. Leech, McAlpin & Co., *Pittsburgh, Pa.*,

GENERAL
COMMISSION & FORWARDING Merchants,

—AND AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF—
Pittsb'gh Manufactures Generally
DEALERS IN
Pine Lumber, Real Estate, &c.,
Levee,
WYANDOTT CITY,
KANSAS.

REFERENCES:
J. S. Leech & Co., & Pittsburgh merch'ts gen'ly.
David Leech, Esq., Leechburgh, Pa.
Harris, Leech & Co., Philadelphia.
Isaac Rich & Co., Boston.
E. W. Thiers & Co., New York city.
James George, Esq., Baltimore.
J. W. Burbridge & Co., New Orleans.
Springer and Whiteman, Cincinnati.
H. D. Newcomb & Brother, Louisville, Ky.
Orr, Dalzell & Co., Evansville, Iowa.
Wm. P. Young, Esq., Milwaukie.
E. G. Hall & Co., Chicago.
W. H. Chick & Co., Kansas City, Mo.
J. Carter & Co., and Galena merchants generally.
John Simplot, Esq., Dubuque, Iowa.
Thos. H. Benton, Jr., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
S. & J. Hamill, St. Louis.
Von Phul, Waters & Co., St Louis.
Goodrich, Willard & Co., "
North & Scott, "
Crow, McCreary & Co., "
Wales, Cabot & Co., "
Switzer, Platt & Co., "
Charles, Blow & Co., "
Squire & Reed, "

☞ The subscribers have for sale the following, which they offer low for CASH:

250,000 feet selected Pine Lumber, assorted, including matched flooring, clear and No. 1 stuff;
100,000 best seasoned Pine Laths;
75,000 seasoned Pine Shingles;
30,000 feet Oak Lumber, seasoned;
40,000 feet Cottonw'd " "
10,000 ft. Bk Walnut " "
3,000 Cottonw'd & Sycamore logs near the city;
500 kegs assorted Nails, from 3½ to 20's;
24 tons Juniata Iron, assorted sizes, from ⅜ round to 2 × 3-4;
1 ton best Juniata Nail Rod Iron;
200 Cooking and Parlor Stoves;
5,000 lbs. superior heavy Stove Pipe;
3 gross pint and quart Flasks;
25 boxes Tublers and Glass Jars, assorted;
5 two-horse Wagons; 3 light do;
4 sett Tinners' Machines, Nos. 1, 2 and 3;
1 sett " Tools;
1 Mower and Reaper, Manny's patent;
110 bbls. old Monongahela Whiskey;
600 boxes Assorted Glass, from 8 × 10 to 12 × 18;
20 Corn Hand Mills;

To promote the interests of Wyandott City, and induce the inhabitants of the Kansas Valley and the interior generally to have their goods landed here, which is the most accessible point, as the St. George Packet leaves Wyandott regularly for Lawrence and towns above, they have reduced the rates of forwarding to 5 cents per 100 lbs., and 2 1-2 per cent. for advancing freight.

McALPIN & CO.

Wyandott City, May 15, 1858.

Fresh Arrival of Summer Goods!
W. E. SUTLIFF,

MERCHANT TAILOR, has just received from Boston, at his Clothing Emporium, No. 5 Massachusetts street, four doors north of J. Blood's, a New and Splendid assortment of Summer Cassimeres, Doeskins and Vestings, plain and fancy; Black, Blue, Brown, Olive, Green, Dahlia, and Plum Colored Broad Cloths. Also, Corduroy, Tweeds, Marseilles Linen Drills, and other cheap fabrics, suitable for Farmers' wear.

Gentlemen wishing a neat and elegant Coat, Vest or Pants made to order, in the latest and most approved style, from New and Fashionable Goods, and *at prices to suit the times*, give us a call, and we will do you good in the way of workmanship, good material and Genteel Fits.

Ready Made Clothing!

A large and well selected stock, suitable for Spring and Summer. We are determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

Gents. furnishing goods—A large and complete assortment. Also, Hats! Hats!!

N. B.—We pay no rent, and can afford, and are prepared to Sell Cheaper than at any other house in town.

Lawrence, May 15, 1858.

Pre-emption Notice.

Land Office, *Lecompton K. T.*, May 3, 1858.

TO THOMAS J. FREEMAN—Sir:—You are hereby notified that on the 27th day of May, 1858, Wilder Knight will offer proof in support of his right to pre-empt the N. W. quarter Sec. 10, Township 13, Range 19. You being an adverse claimant to the same, you will be permitted at that time to offer counter proof before us at this office. ELY MOORE, *Register*

Having made a diligent effort to make personal notice of the above on the said Freeman, and being unable to find him, I take this method of communicating the fact to him.

WILDER KNIGHT.

Douglas county, May, 15, 1858. 3t*

Misses E. M. & E. L. Smith

ANNOUNCE to the people of Lawrence and vicinity that they are prepared to do Dress and Shirt making, and all kinds of plain Sewing with neatness and dispatch. Are established with a FIRST CLASS Sewing Machine at the house of Jas. G. Sands, Winthrop street, Lawrence, K. T. May 8 3m

Moneyed Men

WILL take notice that the subscriber proposes to sell cheap for cash the following property:—

Shares in Wyandotte, Osawatomie,
" " Quindaro, Emporia,
" " Delaware, Tecumseh,
" " Doniphan, Blue City,
" " Minneola, Georgetown,
" " Hamilton, Rochester,
" " Marmaton, Ottumwa,
" " Kewanee, Americus, &c. &c.

Also a large number of lots in Lawrence, several of which are first class business locations. I will sell on time to those who wish to improve lots in this town.

May 8. S. B. PRENTISS.

Great Sale of City Property.

I WILL expose to public sale, in the city of Lawrence, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 3d day of July next, ten thousand lots in the following towns, to wit:—

Lawrence, Leavenworth, Lecompton, Tecumseh, Topeka, Manhattan, Emporia, Burlingame, Americus, Ottumwa, Oread, Neosho City, Centropolis, Minneola, Osawatomie, Spring Hill, McCamish, Quindaro, Bellevue, Doniphan, Grasshopper Falls, St. George, Ogden, Bloomington, and nearly every other live town in Kansas.

Terms, Cash. Title can be examined the week before sale by calling at the basement of the Herald of Freedom building, during which time persons having lots or town shares to dispose of may call and leave them for sale. One of the best auctioneers in the country will be employed for the occasion. G. W. BROWN.

Lawrence, May 8th, 1858.

Land in Iowa!

120 ACRES of Land in Harrison county, Iowa, within six miles of the Missouri river, and two of the beautiful city of Magnolia, for sale, or trade for property in Lawrence. Price $10 per acre. m?8 S. N. WOOD.

A LARGE Store House and Masonic Hall, at Big Springs, also five shares in Big Springs, for sale low for cash. Big Springs is fifteen miles west of Lawrence, on the California Road, and is destined to be one of the best towns in Kansas. SAFFORD & WOOD.

m?8 *Lawyers and Real Estate Agents*

Artesian Well at Moneka.

THE Town Company of Moneka, Linn county, Kansas, hereby invite proposals from individuals or companies, to sink an Artesian Well on their town site.

Propositions for the work, specifying time of commencement, rate per foot, size of pipe, &c., may be directed to John O. Wattles, Secretary Moneka Town Company. Such communication will receive prompt attention. m?8

H. W. PETRIKIN. E. W. WYNKOOP.
PETRIKIN & WYNKOOP,

GENERAL LAND AGENTS, and DEALERS IN LAND WARRANTS, Lecompton, Kansas; Office, one door south of the Executive Office. Will attend to all business connected with the Land Office, entrusted to their care.

PRE-EMPTORS, TAKE NOTICE.—The necessary Proof Papers, &c., will be made out Free of Charge, for Pre-emptors who purchase Land Warrants of us. We have been engaged for the past year in preparing the necessary Proof Papers, &c., required in Pre-emption entries.

LAND WARRANTS of all sizes for sale, and in all cases fully guaranteed. Land Warrants also loaned on Time, at usual rates. m13tf

G. H. HERRINGTON,

HOUSE, SIGN and ORNAMENTAL PAINTER, GLAZIER and GRAINER, No. 35 Massachusetts street, opposite the Post Office. Those wishing a good Sign, or their houses Painted and Papered, at reasonable prices, will please give him a call, as by experience he feels confident that he can give entire satisfaction. Mixed Paints for sale.

Lawrence, May 1, 1858.

Ladies, Attention!!!

HAVE you called at DALTON & O'DONNALL'S New Store, Collamore Buildings, Massachusetts and Lawrence streets, and examined their large stock of BOOTS and SHOES? If you have not, do so at once, and you will then learn where the best bargains are to be found.

Gentlemen, Take Notice!!!

THE largest and cheapest stock of GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING is to be found at DALTON & O'DONNALL'S New Store, Collamore Buildings, Massachusetts street.

Wanted.

ANY sum of money, from $100 to $5,000, for three, six, nine or twelve months, for which two per cent. per month interest and the best of real estate security will be given. 160 acre land warrants at $160, received the same as money.

S. N. WOOD, Real Estate Agent.

Jan 30, '58

Needles & Bonnell,

AMBROTYPE AND PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, corner of Delaware and Second sts., Leavenworth city, Kansas. All work executed in the best possible manner.

Leavenworth, Feb 20 '58.—y

J. U. Parsons,

LAND AGENT, next door to U. S. Land Office, Ogden, K. T., will buy and sell Land Warrants, file notices for pre-emptors, attend to pre-empting town sites and private claims, defend contested claims, and do any other business connected with a land