Poetry.

Timely Poetry.

The Lawrence *Republican*, two weeks ago, established its point, that "business is very brisk in Lawrence," by stating that "one of our drug stores did a heavier business the week previous than at any prior time since its establishment." As it is understood that *genuine* was the principal article sold, it is presumed the following will be interesting to the endorsers of the *Republican*. It is dedicated to

THE CITY OF THE AGUE.

By a route obscure and lonely,
Traveled now by stages only,
Stands a city dark and dreary,
Where the traveler, tired and weary,
Is met by the people pale and sallow,
With voices grum, and coarse, and hollow.
And their eyes look wild and sunken,
And they act like people drunken;
Here at night, or noon, or morning,
Without a moment's warning,
That horrid thing will take you,
And 'twill shake you, yes 'twill shake you;
Shake with it once, you'll shake forever,
You'll stop shaking never, never!
It shakes the tops from off the houses,
Shakes the men from out their trowsers,
Shakes the hoops from off the ladies,
Shakes the gew-gaws off of babies,
Shakes whate'er it takes a notion,
And it's ever after kept in motion!
Shaking once 'twill shake forever.

In the city dark and lonely,
'Mong these people lank and bony,
Half are doctors; yes, by thunder!
There are doctors without number;
But yet there's room for others,
For if each doctor had ten brothers,
And each brother had ten cousins,
And each cousin had theirs by dozens,
And all were doctors, stout and healthy,
Every one would soon get wealthy,
For there's work enough for all folks,
Smallones, large ones, and tall folks,
And take turns and hold each other,
Father, mother, sister and brother,
Hold each other while they're shaking,
Shaking out quinine they've been taking,
And they'll shake forever after,
"To the land of the hereafter."

In this valley dark and lonely,
Haunted by this demon only,
The soil is rich and mellow,
Where these people, pale and sallow,
Plant their corn when it is seed-time,
Eat their quinine when it's feed-time,
Eat it for breakfast, supper and dinner,
And they keep growing thinner and thinner,
Till their bones come through their body,
'Till 'twon't hold their whisky toddy.
Then it is they're going forever,
Yes, forever! ever, ever!

Once there was and always should be,
(If I had my way there would be)
A spot where all the sheakers
Met in a place of several acres,
More or less, I know not how much,
But yet I know there was such
A place, where every morning,
As the bell sent forth its warning,
In a circle all'd assemble,
There to tremble, tremble, tremble,
In they'd flock, like sheep to slaughter,
From across Scioto's water;
O'er this route so dark and dreary,
Came these people, tried and weary,
Fathers, mothers, sisters and cousins,
Came in squads of tens and dozens,
Came a-flocking in together,
Both in fine and stormy weather,
Here to shake forever after,
"To the land of the hereafter,"

The Herald of Freedom.

LAWRENCE, K. T.

Saturday Morning, Aug. 28, 1858.

Disunion.

The ultraists of the slave States find themselves checkmated, at every step they take toward disunion, by the conservatives. The majority of the people of the South are sagacious enough to perceive the danger there is in them and *all* their institutions, in leaving the *Union*. But the ultraists, if in a very decided majority, are exceedingly active. The orators are always upon the stump, and are always fearless. It is in Alabama where we find the feeling of disunion strongest, and its great champion there is the Hon. Mr. Yancey. Coming further north, we find many professed pro-slavery ultraists, but they are more cautious.—The Richmond *South* is one of this class. It is, in its sympathies, with the Disunion party. Its editorials all squint toward disunion. It always copies the speeches of the disunionists, and gives the fullest accounts of their meetings. Yet it is cautious about uttering any decided disunion sentiments in its editorial columns. The *South* copied Mr. Yancey's recent speech, and commented upon it. The Richmond *Enquirer* notices the articles in the following style:

"The great fault of Mr. Yancey's scheme does not consist in the 'premature' character of his attempt, but in the fact that it intends a 'blow against the integrity of the Union.' The enterprise in which he is embarked, is one in which the people of this State will take no part. They regard his plan for 'committees of safety,' and the plan which he attributes to Mr. Ruffin, for a 'league of United Southerners,' with equal reprobation.—They both involve disloyalty to the pledged faith of Virginia. They both intend that immediate disunion is desirable, and are proposed for the purpose only of rendering it practicable. They are both adapted to 'beget a sentiment of envious mistrust' among the States of the Confederacy; and they are equally insulting to the Southern people. They proclaim that the South is dishonored by the continuance of the Union; and yet that Southern people are so ignobly unconscious of the requirements of honor and patriotism, that they cannot act openly and directly through the State Governments which they have erected, but must resort to the intrigues of an irresponsible league to prepare the disruption of the Union, even while they consent to be partakers of its benefits.

"And the disunion faction consistently pursues the same despicable course of action which they would impose on the Southern people."

This is pretty plain talk, but there follows plainer and still more truthful, which we will quote:

"The most ravenous of all the intriguers for federal office are to be found among these same politicians. Pretending a most deadly hatred to everything which opposes Southern institutions, these men have shown the utmost willingness to strike hands with Abolitionists, whenever they could thereby attain place or power. Perpetually rubbing the sore of sectional irritation, they are the first to betray the South on every matter of actual importance to her interests. If all the mock enthusiasm which all these gentlemen evince were genuine and loyal, they could long since have secured Southern independence beyond the possibility of invasion, without resort to the pitiful farce of 'Committees of Safety,' and 'Leagues of United Southerners.' It will be ten-fold easier, and less expensive, to finish the James river and Kanawha canal. Let the disunionists, who pretend such eagerness to risk life and fortune for the safety of the South, spend their money and labor in building up Southern commerce. When they shall have effected this, we will have something like a palpable guarantee of their honesty."

It has long been remarked in Washington, as a singular fact, that the hottest disunionists of the South have been among the most eager to get the Federal offices. Let the Southern Convention keep this fact before the people of the South, and the "fanatics" will be disowned.—*National Era.*

Human nature seems to be about the same everywhere. The pro-slavery disunionists of Kansas, the Stringfellows and their compeers, admitted disunionists, were the first to desire offices here, probably, because through those offices they saw the means of success more readily than through any other instrumentality.

So, too, the *practical* Garrisonian disunionists in Kansas, who opposed the voting policy because *they were too pure to hold offices under the Territorial government*, when the Free State party decided, at Grasshopper Falls, to participate in the election in October, were the first to demand offices, and to prevent division in the Free State ranks, they were reluctantly awarded to them. No sooner were they sworn into office, than, like genuine *disunionists*, they moved to destroy the legal Territorial government, to give place to a revolutionary government; and for ten days they prevented that body from participating in their legislative duties, while discussing their damnable scheme of *dissolution*. For ten days the wheels of legislation were wholly checked, save so far as related to the introduction of bills *by some men who wished to destroy the legal government*, for the chartering of town, bridge, insurance and banking companies. Though they wished to bring the government to an end, they wished legal charters for themselves or friends, that they might the more successfully monopolize all the channels of money making in the Territory. The journals of that Legislative Assembly will develope facts of a most astounding character in regard to the corruption of these Topekaites—corruptions by the side of which "Minneola" is cast into the back ground.

Whether South or North, in Kansas or out of it, we hope the people will struggle, from this time forth, to put down disunionists and to keep them out of office. They are a curse to any country. Instead of BUILDING UP, their end and aim is to *destroy*, and to that end they resort to expedients of a most damning character.

Jubilant

The Democratic journals which sustained Stephen A. Douglas in his Kansas policy, are jubilant over the result of the late election in Kansas. The Philadelphia *Press*, on the first reception of the result, thus commented:

"While sycophantic Conventions, packed to order by reckless placemen or hungry expectants, are glorifying the English bribe as a sacred peace offering to Kansas, and making a test upon all Democrats, a voice comes from that down-trodden and distant Territory, *for the third time repudiating the insult sought to be fixed upon its intelligent people.* The English finality is finally rejected; the English bribe spurned with contempt; the Lecompton Constitution hurled into an ignominious grave, under the very law passed by those who attempted its resurrection. After a bitter struggle of more than a year, under Mr. Buchanan's Administration, during which honest public servants were betrayed, lofty character debauched and lowered, corruption boldly introduced into Congress to stifle investigation, and compel Representatives to become traitors or cowards, and failing in either, to go out of the Democratic party, branded as deserters and disorganizers—after this struggle, so memorable, and these scenes, so disgraceful, *the people of Kansas remain unbought and unseduced, and Kansas itself is still a Territory, though, two years ago, promised admission as a State by the candidate of the American Democracy, whenever a majority of her people demanded it.* The last bait, falsely called a measure of peace, and arrogantly made a test of party faith, is indignantly spurned, and the authors of the most stupendous desertion of principle again, and for a third time, overwhelmingly rebuked. It is significant to see the arts and efforts of the dispensers of office so repeatedly discarded."

Junction City.

This is the name of the place where we have our local habitation and our home, and it is yet too young to have acquired a history. Suffice, it then, if we simply and briefly describe its location, and mention a few of the very many advantages that encompass it.

The Town is situate immediately at the junction, where the Sandy Hill and Republican forks empty into the Kansas river, hence its name. The Town site is upon high and slightly rolling prairie—high enough to be entirely freed from the malaria of the low bottoms—sufficiently rolling to give a pleasing variety to the landscape. Two and three miles from the town rises high, majestic bluffs, whose bowels are filled with excellent, light colored limestone, admirable for building purposes, and typical of the character of the soil, which consists of black, friable loam.

The banks of either river are lined with good timber, so also the ravines, gulches, and canons that intersect and traverse the bluffs. Oak, Cottonwood, Walnut and Sycamore are pretty much the varieties. In the town we have stores, shops, hotels, and a steam saw-mill, that blow its whistle for the first time, at the same moment the first sheet of the *Sentinel* was struck from the press. The scarcity of lumber and of labor has retarded, thus far, the growth of the place. We are safe in saying, had there been an abundance of the above requisites, there would have been from twenty to thirty more houses erected this summer; but even as it is, our city has outstripped all its neighbors, and is competing successfully with the oldest and best towns in the interior of the Territory. We are about six months old, and our present gives pleasant anticipations of the future.—*Junction Sentinel.*

An Unfortunate Occurrence.

Mr. Edwin C. Haynes, formerly of Iowa, while hunting buffalo upon Solomon's Creek, about three weeks ago, met with a severe injury that may possibly deprive him of life. It appears that he shot and knocked down a large bull, and supposing him dead, approached to within a short distance, when, to his astonishment, the only wounded animal rose to his feet, attacked and gored him through both thighs, and, with a dying effort, tossed him high into the air. The young man is badly wounded. No medical assistance being at hand, the wounds were neglected, and were in a terrible condition when he passed through here on his way to the residence of Mr. Gilbert, who, we are informed, is an old friend. With good attention, he may recover. This should remain a warning to inexperienced hunters of the buffalo. When wounded, they will often turn upon their pursuers and attack them with ferocity.—*Junction Sentinel.*

☞ An exchange paper contains an advertisement by an express company of some uncalled-for goods. By an accident the letter L has dropped from the word lawful, and it now reads, "Persons to whom those packages are directed, are requested to come forward and pay the *awful* charges on the same."

☞ Jurors in the Probate Court receive two dollars per day and ten cents mileage for each mile traveled going to or returning from the place where the court is held.

☞ Money is still scarce, and readily commands five per cent. a month, with real estate securities.—*Minnola Statesman.*

The Herald of Freedom.

PUBLISHED EACH SATURDAY MORNING, BY

C. W. BROWN & CO.,

Office Herald of Freedom Building, Lawrence Kansas.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

1 copy, one year,	$2.
10 copies, one year,	15.

***Payment required in all cases in advance.

All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time for which payment is received.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

First insertion, per line,	10 cts.
Each subsequent insertion, per line,	5 "
Three Months, per line,	50 "
Six Months, " "	75 "
One Year, " "	$1 00

☞ Advance payment will be required for Advertisements from a distance.

***Moneys, properly registered with postmasters, may be forwarded by mail at our risk.

Advertisements.

Twin Mound Harmonic College Circular.

ARTICLES OF THE TWIN MOUND HARMONIC COLLEGE ASSOCIATION.

We, whose names are hereunto annexed, desirous of a True Life, both for ourselves and the race, and wishing to establish in our midst a model College, in which such a Life shall be realized and taught—an Institution which shall educate the whole physical and mental being to the highest capability, the most perfect happiness, and the greatest longevity, thus insuring exemption from the evils resulting from the old system of education, which divorces the mind from the body, degrades labor, pampers aristocracy, and teaches sectarianism instead of science—do hereby associate ourselves together, and agree to form one body, under the following Articles:

ART. 1. This Association shall be denominated THE TWIN MOUND HARMONIC COLLEGE ASSOCIATION.

ART. 2. All persons who subscribe these Articles, and endeavor to promote the object for which this Association is organized, shall be recognized as members of the Association.

ART. 3. The officers of this Association shall consist of a President, Secretary, Treasurer, and a Financial Committee of three; all of whom shall hold their offices for such periods as the Association may direct, and till their successors are appointed.

ART. 4. The efforts of this Association shall be directed to the establishment of a College at this place, to be called THE TWIN MOUND HARMONIC COLLEGE: to be instituted as soon as the necessary means can be provided, and on as munificent and complete a scale of endowment as possible

ART. 5. The College shall be for Man and Woman. It shall be open to all persons, irrespective of sex, race, complexion, or creed; and all claims or posts of instruction and government in it, shall know no other test than ability and fitness. The Institution in *all* its Departments, shall be open to all—consecrated alone and forever to Humanity.

ART. 6. The College shall be dedicated to Freedom. There shall be the most absolute Free Thought, Free Speech, and Free Investigation on all subjects whatsoever. Education which shall prepare its subjects for, and develop them into, the True Life of a progressed and unfolded humanity; and which shall therefore be, in its training, as comprehensive as Life's interests, as practicable as Life's duties, and as perpetual as Life's destiny. An Education which shall be Harmonic: which shall cultivate the body, as well as the mind; teach health, equally with morals; and ripen the whole being into strength, efficiency, usefulness and happiness. An Education which shall be open to all, and which shall bless all, regardless of Nature, or distinctions and prejudices of men; which shall be as free to the copper hue of the West, or the dark skin of the South, as the paler face of the East or North; and which, in particular, shall place every Woman by the side of her equal brother, Man, and thus help atone for the long wrong done to her. An Education which shall teach Science and not Sect; Facts and Laws, and not Doctrines; Nature, and not a Creed; Truth, and not Authority; the life Present, and not the dead Past. And an Education of, and into, Freedom; where no mind shall be shackled, no thought fettered, and no aspiration repressed; but the whole being shall be self-moved and spontaneous, and rounded out to a full and perfect individuality. In one word, both for ourselves and others, we seek to realize this entire Education we have portrayed, by the only means that can ever possibly bring it, the foundation of an Institution that shall be unloosed in its aims—a College of Nature—a School of Science—a Gymnasium of Life.

Not upon considerations of selfish gain to those aiding us, must our appeal, in behalf of help to establish such an Institution, be based. To organize and endow such a College, is a work of the highest duty and philanthropy, as it is also of the truest Reform; and, it is therefore, we commend the enterprise to the largest and most liberal charities of the friends of Progress throughout the country. We urge the claims of the Institution we would create, upon all who have outgrown the *old* systems of faith and Education; and especially upon all such, who are blessed with *means* to do what the heart prompts. Others will aid in building up other institutions; who will aid in building up ours? Sectarians will contribute without stint to establish Institutions devoted to Sectarianism; who will contribute to establish *one* such Institution devoted to Freedom? Who will help found and endow *one* College in all this broad land, consecrated to Free Thought and Free Speech on *all* subjects? Shall we not have at least *one* such, among all these others, where Freedom is crucified? Shall Reformers and Liberalists be less wise or less zealous, than Sectarians? Shall they do less to propagate truth than others to propagate error? Who among them that have means, will let slip this opportunity to strike a blow that will tell so powerfully in the right direction, and conduce so eminently to the spread of free principles, and the advancement of all that they esteem Progress? Especially, what friend of Harmonic Education will step forward to aid us? What friend of the Indian will help found here a College, where many an Indian of this red man's ancient home, and still further spreading West, shall yet be taught? What friend of Woman will give here to offer equal race and equal prize—equal opportunity and chairs, and highest Academic honors that ever graced the brow of man—to Woman? What enemy of *Slavery* will give, here in a Territory just wrested from its grasp, and on the confines of a State soon to be wrested from its thrall, to throw wide open the doors of a favored Society of Science to those it has so outlawed and oppressed, and thus welcome to halls of learning, the benighted graduates of its dark and ancient schools? Who that have children to educate, will help here endow a College where they may be educated? Who that wish to educate themselves, will first take stock in the College, and then come here and live on the five acres they thereby secure, and thus enjoy the benefits of the Institution they helped build—eat fruit of the tree of their own planting? And who that are able to give, though not wishing to come here themselves, nor perhaps to send their children, (though their scholarships will educate any others they may wish to serve,) yet will help promote an enterprise which shall bless thousands of their countrymen, and especially kindle a beacon star, which shall give light to all the West? Are there not enough to be found, to subscribe the fifty shares (of a thousand dollars each) at once, so that the Institution may be started immediately—now, while the lands to be secured for its endowment, are low and the chosen spot is open for the emigration of those who would wish to settle there, and the Society is not formed in the region round-about, and thus the College would be exerting its influence to form that society? Are there not enough to insure the result, by subscribing *one share apiece*, and yet, are there not some, who, as they are able, so they will be glad, to subscribe *more* than that amount—two, five, or perhaps ten shares? And are there not some who will subscribe *half* a share, (two subscribe their means, and coupling as one,) and others, yet, who will *donate* to the College, such still lesser sum as they may be able? The aid of all will be needed; and the sooner that aid can be rendered, the better it will be for our end.

The *location* of the College is all that could be asked. Twin Mound, in the county of Douglas, and Territory of Kansas, so named from two natural Mounds near each other, can hardly be surpassed, either for beauty or healthiness, by any locality in the West. Add to this, it is in the heart of a rapidly settling country, directly on a great stage route, (soon, in all probability, to be superceded by a Railroad,) so that even as a pecuniary scheme, the College can scarcely fail to prove a profitable investment.

We invite correspondence, touching the matter of establishing the College. We wish to hear from our friends in all sections of the country, and to receive from them assurances of what they will do. We shall also be glad to communicate any other particulars of our effort, to those who may desire to be further informed. Letters addressed to the officers of the Association, should be directed President, or Secretary, (as the case may be,) T. M. H. C. A., Twin Mound, Douglas County, Kansas. Letters may also be addressed to WILLIAM BENTON, same P. O., or to THOMAS M. FINLAY, Henry, Marshall Co., Ill., both of whom are authorized to act as Agents of the Association. And thus, with firm purpose and steadfast hope, we commit our enterprise into the hands of those who are able to bear it on to success. By order of the Association,

HENRY HIATT, *President.*
ELIZABETH M. F. DENTON, *Sec'y.*

TWIN MOUND, June 2, 1858.

By-Laws.

BY-LAW NO. 1. In addition to the whole number of shareholders in the college, provided for in the Articles of Association, both those taking stock, and those donating the stipulated amount of land for the endowment, it shall be at the discretion of the Association to accept five new members into the partnership with equal rights to vote and a scholarship, on condition of their donating 40 acres each to the Association, to help meet its expenses and carry out its objects.

BY-LAW NO. 2. The Association shall be empowered to offer a share in the College, a scholarship, two town lots in the town plat of Twin Mound, and forty acres of land, for the purpose of procuring the establishment of a Press and Paper at Twin Mound, to aid in accomplishing the great object of the Association.

The Electic College of Medicine, CINCINNATI, O.

THE Winter Session of 1858-9 will commence on the 13th of October, and continue 16 weeks. A full and thorough course of Lectures will be given, occupying six or seven hours daily, with good opportunities for attention to practical Anatomy, and with ample Clinical facilities at the Commercial Hospital.

The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—

T. E. St. JOHN, M. D.,
Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
J. F. JUDGE, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
A. J. HOWE, M. D.,
Professor of Surgery.
C. H. CLEAVELAND, M. D.,
Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
WM. SHERWOOD, M. D.,
Professor of Medical Practice and Pathology.
J. R. BUCHANAN, M. D.,
Emeritus Professor of Cerebral Physiology and Institutes of Medicine.
JOHN KING, M. D.,
Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.

The Terms of the Session will be the same as heretofore, viz:—Marticulation, $5 00; Tuition, $20 00; Demonstrator's Ticket, $5 00. (Every Student is required to engage in dissection one session before graduation.) Graduation, $25 00; Ticket to Commercial Hospital, (optional,) $5 00.

The Lecture-Rooms are newly finished, neat, and comfortable, and in a central locality, (in College Hall, Walnut Street,) where students will find it convenient to call on their arrival.

Tickets for the session may be obtained of the *Dean* of the Faculty, at his office, No. 113 Smith Street, or of Prof. C. H. Cleaveland, Secretary of the Faculty, No. 139 Seventh Street, near Elm.

JOHN KING, M. D., *Dean.*

June 26, 1858.

AMBROTYPES.
Great Reduction of Prices.

THE finest and most beautiful one-ninth size Ambrotypes, of unequalled delicacy of tone and finish, (in a good case,) can be had at the Picture Rooms of J. Bowls, Lawrence, for $1. All other sizes of pictures in proportion. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed or no charge.

The subscriber feels confident in thus reducing the price of pictures, he is only doing what the times demand, and earnestly hopes that all good and honest traders and tradesmen will cut down their high prices at least so much as will allow their customers and friends one dollar to spend for a good picture. [May 15.] J. BOWLS.

HAMPDEN

IS located in latitude, 38° 15'; longitude, 18° 40', and nearly in the center of Coffey county, Kansas.

The Great Pacific Railroad from Jefferson City and recently chartered Railroad from Leavenworth meet at this place. Come and see the town or correspond with the Secretary of the Association. J. A. D. CLARK, Sec'y.

March 13th, 1858. tf

SEALS!! SEALS!!!
M. GREENE,
Engraver,

No. 94 Fourth Street, Glasgow Row. No. 94
ST. LOUIS, MO.

PARTICULAR attention given to all kinds of SEALS. apr17

FLOUR AND MEAL.

THE undersigned having associated for the purpose of MILLING in Wesport, would respectfully call the attention of the community, and solicit a share of patronage, feeling confident that we can give entire satisfaction. Our Flour is a fresh and superior article. Meal kept constantly on hand for sale or exchange, give us a call.

LISTER & EISLE.

Westport, Mo., 1858. apr3*1y

S. N. Wood

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE FOR LECOMPTON Township, duly qualified. Law day 3d Monday in each month. Office, at my residence one mile south-west of Lawrence, in Lecompton Township. P. O. Address, Lawrence, Kansas. Oct. 25th.

J. R. McClure,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Real Estate and Land Agent, Ogden, K. T. Mar 20, 58

Wm. Abernathy,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FURNITURE, south end Massachusetts Street, Lawrence. March 27. 6m

F. Wendt,

FORWARDING and Commission Merchant and dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, NO. 8, LEVEE, ALTON, ILL. Warehouse immediately on Keokuk and Quincy Packets' Landing. apl28-1y

Land in Iowa!

120 ACRES of Land in Harrison county, Iowa, within six miles of the Missouri river, and two of the beautiful city of Magnolia, for sale, or trade for property in Lawrence. Price $10 per acre. may' S. N. WOOD.

W. H. H. Koontz,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, and wholesale dealer in Alton Lime, Plastering Hair, Cement and Grain of all kinds. (Orders for Flour promptly attended to.) Short Street and Levee, Alton, Illinois. Refers to J. Lock & Bro., Alton Ill.; Turner & Sidway, do.; Wade, Barry & Co., do.; W. H. Mitchell & Co. do. apr 18 6m

KANSAS LAND AGENCY.

BASSETT & BRACKETT, Surveyors and General Land Agents, Lawrence, Kansas, will give prompt attention to the selection and location of Public Lands; buying and selling Real Estate; the collection of dues; payment of taxes for non-residents, and all other business connected with a Land Agency. LAND WARRANTS furnished at the lowest rates, for cash or on time. Particular attention paid to all business sent by mail. Houses and city lots for sale and rent.

References.—Henn, Williams & Co., Bankers, Fairfield, Iowa; A. J. Stevenson & Co., Bankers, Fort Des Moines, Iowa; Col. M. A. Walker, Register Land Office, Fort Des Moines, Iowa; Coolbaugh & Brooks, Bankers, Burlington, Iowa; Col. C. Bassett, Editor of the Dial, Kewanee, Ill.; Gov. Charles Robinson, Lawrence, Kansas; Adams & Swift, Leavenworth, Kansas; Hon. G. S. Boutwell, Groton, Mass.

O. A. BASSETT,
G. C. BRACKETT.

Lawrence, May 22, 1858.—1yr

R. L. FRAZER,
CITY JEWELER,

DEALER IN

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments, Revolvers, and Yankee Notions.

Having just returned from the East with a new and large stock of goods, and opened the largest and best store of the kind in Kansas, he is thoroughly prepared to supply the wants of the people with everything connected with his business. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry thoroughly and promptly repaired. Free State Hotel or Eldridge House, Lawrence, Kansas.

June 5th, 1858. tf

JOHNSON HOUSE,
Lawrence, - - - - - - Kansas.

THE proprietors having taken the above Hotel for a term of years, and having refitted and furnished the same, would respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage from the traveling public. The proprietors flatter themselves that, from past experience in Hotel keeping, they will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with a call.

S. K. HUSON,
A. N. BLACKLIDGE, } *Proprietors.*

☞ Stages leave this Hotel daily, for all parts of the Territory. A good Livery and Sale Stable is connected with the House.

Lawrence, June 12, 1858.

Saw-Mills! Saw-Mills! Saw-Mills!
JOHNSON & EMERSON,

PIASA FOUNDERY, corner of Eighth and Belle Streets, Alton, Illinois, sole Manufacturers of their celebrated "Challenge" cast iron frame CIRCULAR SAW-MILL, capable of sawing from 5000 to 15000 feet, surface measure, hard lumber, in 12 hours, according to size of Mill, and power applied.

Steam Engines, Flue and Tubular Boilers, Lard Tanks, Wrought and Sheet Iron Work, Sash and Muley Saw-Mills, Flouring Mill Machinery, Lard and Tobacco Screws, &c., &c.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited. Address as above.

N. B.—Small Portable Engines and Boilers for Farming and Shop purposes.

***—Machinery for Kansas and Missouri delivered on Levee in St. Louis free of charge.

Jun. 5—3m

B. SLATER. MASON JOHNSON.

SLATER & JOHNSON,
STEAMBOAT AGENTS,
Forwarders and Commission Merchants,

NO. 36 LEVEE, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Prompt and personal attention paid to business. apr17

H. W. PETRIKIN. E. W. WYNKOOP.

PETRIKIN & WYNKOOP,

GENERAL LAND AGENTS, and DEALERS IN LAND WARRANTS, Lecompton, Kansas; Office, one door south of the Executive Office. Will attend to all business connected with the Land Office, entrusted to their care.

PRE-EMPTION, TAKE NOTICE.—The necessary Proof Papers, &c., will be made out Free of Charge, for Pre-emptors who purchase Land Warrants of us. We have been engaged for the past year in preparing the necessary Proof Papers, and are perfectly familiar with the law.

LAND WARRANTS of all sizes for sale, and in all cases fully guaranteed. Land Warrants also loaned on Time, at usual rates. m1:tf

Wanted.

ANY sum of money, from $100 to $5,000, for three, six, nine or twelve months, for which two per cent. per month interest and the best of real estate security will be given. 160 acre land warrants at $160, received the same as money.

S. N. WOOD, Real Estate Agent.

Jan 30, '58

Needles & Bonsall,

AMBROTYPE AND PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, corner of Delaware and Second sts. Leavenworth city, Kansas. All work execute in the best possible manner.

Leavenworth, Feb 20 '58—1yr*

Burlingame, K. T.—Late Council City Settlement Mills.

THE Mills at this point have been in successful operation for the last six months; the Engine and other machinery is of the first class, to which more is now being now added. We have a Grist Mill, and a bolt for making Superfine Flour is now being erected. Planing, Shingle and Lath Machines will soon be in operation. Burlingame is one of the live towns of Kansas, offering great inducements to capitalists to invest, and business men to settle. The prospects for business, with the facilities and appliances for building, and making a pleasant home, with good society, are not surpassed by any interior town in this country.

SCHUYLER & CANNIFF

Burlingame, May 2, 1857.

To Let,

A SPLENDID DAGUERREAN GALLERY in Collamore Buildings, at the Corner of Massachusetts and Henry streets. Enquire of GEO. W. COLLAMORE.

No. 41 Massachusetts Street. Dec. 5 tf

Geo W. Collamore,

ATTORNY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW and General Land Agent, No. 41 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kansas Territory. Dec 5 tf

H. C. GROSVENOR,

WOOD ENGRAVER, N.E. Corner of Fourth and Walnut Streets, 3d story, Cincinnati, Ohio.

March 13th, 1858, 1y*

Coffins.

I CAN NOW SUPPLY MY CUSTOMERS with all size and styles of Coffins, trimed in the latest and best style, at a low price. Also Furniture. I have the best of workmen. I warrant my work and the articles going out of my shop to be what they are recommended.

Sm J. KELLER.

LAWRENCE, Sept. 12.

THREE LOTS in Lawrence, suitable for milling or machinery purposes, with a good spring on the same for sale cheap by G. W. BROWN.

S. N. Wood.

LAND AGENT. Will buy and sell Land Warrants, invest money for new residents, locate Land Warrants, and do a General Land Agency business, guaranteeing from 50 to 100 per cent on investments.

S. N. Wood, Lawyer and Commissioner of Deeds for Ohio. 4tw1

T. H. Ciemo,

MERCHANT TAILOR, and dealer in ready made clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods &c., Massachusetts street, first door north of Sands' Harness shop, Lawrence, K. T. Feb 2.

Water Proof Boots.

WHEN YOU WANT A GOOD ARTICLE OF Winter Boots, call at SHANKLIN'S Cheap Boot and Shoe Store.

MIDDLETON, STROBRIDGE & Co.
Lithographers and General Engravers.

MAPS, PLANS, DRAWINGS of every kind, PORTRAITS, BONDS, DIPLOMAS, SHOW CARDS, VIEWS of BUILDINGS LANDSCAPES, &c., Executed in one or more colors. Notes and Diplomas always on hand.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Jan. 1858.—1y*

Cyrus Tator.

ATTORNEY AT LAW and commissioner of Deeds for Iowa and New York. Particular attention given to procuring and locating land warrants, pre-empting claims, &c. Office at Osawatomie, Kansas.

Nov. 29, 1856.

E. D. Ladd,

NOTARY PUBLIC for Douglas County, Register of Deeds for the City of Lawrence, and Conveyancer. Will take acknowledgements, proofs of Deeds and other instruments in writing, draw up conveyances, powers of attorney, &c. Blank Deeds for sale. Office No. 18 Massachusetts street, Lawrence, Kansas. n32 tf.

Corn Shellers! Corn Shellers!

IN great variety, at the Mammoth Hardware and Stove Store of INGLE BARKER.

Dec. 19, 57.

Sash and Doors.

I WILL sell A No. 1, four panel 2 ft 6 x 6 ft 6 Doors at $3 each, and other doors and sash at corresponding low figures. Call and see them.

INGLE BARKER.

Lawrence, June 5th, 1858.

A. C. W. SAFFORD S. N. WOOD.

Safford & Wood,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Lawrence, Kansas will practice in the several courts of record in Kansas and attend to cases in the Land Office. Special attention given to contested claims in the Land Office and the preparation of pre-emption papers. Collections made in any part of the West.

REFERENCES.—Gov. S. P. Chase, Columbus Ohio; Hon. Philemon Bliss M. C., Elyria Ohio; Hon. W. F. Lockwood, Omaha, N. T.; Dr. Edward Sutton Smith, Boston, Mass.; Gov. C. Robinson, Lawrence, K. T.; J. S. Trimble Banker, Mt. Gilead, Ohio; R. House & Co., Mt. Gilead, Ohio; Simmons & Leadbeater, St. Louis Mo.; Hon. J. M. Root, Sandusky, Ohio; Hon. S. J. Kirkwood, Iowa City, Iowa; Piner & Berry Bankers, Newport, Ky. Feb 13, '58

Circular.

TO ALL WHO WISH TO INVEST MONEY in Land or Town Lots in the rich and rapidly growing Territory of Kansas, where the public lands are coming into market at Government prices, I would most respectfully say that I have established a REAL ESTATE AGENCY in the City of Lawrence Kansas Territory, where I will give my personal attention to investing money in lands or town lots, to buying, entering and locating land, paying taxes, &c., for non-residents, on as favorable terms as they could do themselves if present.

From my extensive acquaintance with the different parts of the Territory, its soil and mineral resources, added to my long residence in Kansas and on the western border of Missouri, I flatter myself that I can give general satisfaction to all who may entrust business in my hands.

Collections made in any part of the Territory or in Western Missouri. I will continue to practice law in the various courts of the Territory and attend to contested claims in the Land office. JAMES CHRISTIAN.

Barrister at Law and Com'r of Deeds for Mo

Sept. 25.-tf

Josiah Miller,

SEEING that we are about to have legal authority established in Kansas, announces that he will now attend to any business pertaining to the profession of the law. Settling here in August, 1854, and being Editor of the "*Kansas Free State*," (which was destroyed in Lawrence, 21st May, 1856,) he is well posted as to the best places for investing money on speculation, and as to the true condition of most contested claims in this county, and will attend to any business of that kind.

N. B. That his office of Judge of Probate does not prevent his practicing law in all other courts of Kansas; but it gives him authority to administer oaths, take depositions, acknowledgments of deeds and other instruments of writing.

A number of 160 acre warrants on hand. Office No. 12, Massachusetts st., opposite Express Office Lawrence, Kansas. Dec 12 '57 tf

JAMES CHRISTIAN. JAS. LANE

CHRISTIAN & LANE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office, Duncan's Building, Lawrence, Kansas Territory.

They are Commissioners for all the Western States. They will attend to collections in Kansas, Nebraska, Western Missouri and Iowa.

Mr. Christian having had large experience in the business, will attend to making investments in Town property and Lands. He will receive for loan or sale, land warrants at a fair percentage.

The Kansas struggles being over, Mr. Lane will devote himself *exclusively* to the practice, and trusts he will attention to business, to receive a portion of the business of the people of Kansas.

January 29th, 1858. may 29th

E. SIMMONS. F. C. LEADBEATER.

Kansas Emigrants.

SIMMONS & LEADBEATER. Forwarding and Commission Merchants and Kansas Freight Agents, No. 22 South Main st., St. Louis, Mo. Full information given to all as to routes, points, &c., free of Charge.

Refer to C. C. Pomeroy, C. Robinson, A. H. Reeder, G. W. Brown, Dr. C. Cutter, K. Coates, National Kansas Committee, and our friends, the *Free State men* of Kansas.

Mark packages—Care of Simmons & Leadbeater, St. Louis, Mo.

General ticket agents for Missouri River steamboats. 2-15.

MONEKA ACADEMY.

THE second term of this Institution will commence on the 29th of March, 1858, under the superintendence of Mrs. HULDAH A. GOODWIN, assisted by Miss MOLLIE A. McGRATH. A regular course of instruction has been commenced, and will be pursued in reference to a thorough classification in the different branches.

JOHN O. WATTLES, Esq., will continue his weekly lectures on Philosophy and Mental Science. Miss SARAH G. WATTLES will assist by teaching classes in German, and also by giving lessons on the Guitar.

RATES OF TUITION.

Primary Branches,	$3 00
Middle Class,	5 00
Higher English Branches,	7 00
French, Italian, Spanish and German Languages, extra, each,	3 00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	12 00
Drawing, Painting in water colors,	5 00

Ornamental needle work free of charge.

Boarding can be had in the town and vicinity on reasonable terms. ANDREW STARK,

Moneka, Linn Co., K. T., Sec. Ex. Com.

March 20, 1858. apr2tf

E. D. LADD. S. B. PRENTISS.

Ladd & Prentiss.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS and General Land Agents. E. D. LADD, Notary Public, and Register of Deeds, &c. Messrs. L. and P. will attend to any business connected with the above Agents—buy and sell on their own account; or on commission, town lots, interests in Lawrence, and other towns in Kansas, and farm claims. Mr. L. will take acknowledgements and proofs of Deeds and other instruments in writing, make out conveyances and other papers.

Having the office of Register of Deeds (approved by Statute) and Notary Public, also having been residents of Lawrence and its vicinity from the time of its settlement, they possess superior advantages for the transaction of business. Office No. 15, Mass. street. Lawrence, Kansas.

March 14, 1857.

B. SLATER,

FORWARDER and general Commission Merchant, No. 26, Levee, St. Louis, Mo., has unsurpassed facilities for, and gives special and *personal* attention to the Forwarding Department, has long experience and a general acquaintance with Steamboat owners and Captains, Express and Transportation Companies centering at this point, and assures Forwarders and Shippers generally, of his ability to contract freight at the very lowest rates.

Orders for buying and shipping all kinds Western produce, hemp, wool, feathers, provisions, groceries, machinery, &c., solicited and promptly attended to. To insure safe transit, mark packages "Care of B. Sl