

# LEWISTON TELLER.

LEWISTON, NORTH IDAHO, FRIDAY JUNE 21st. 1878.

NO. 36.

## THE TELLER.

Published Every Friday Evening.  
—BY—  
A. LELAND & SON,  
MONTGOMERY STREET  
LEWISTON, I. T.

### Terms of Subscription, at Cash Rates.

Single Copy per Year.....\$1.00  
Six Months......50  
Three Months......25  
Two Months......15  
Single Number......10  
Advertisement in all cases demanded. All paid in advance when time of subscription expires.

### Terms of Advertising Reduced. In Cash:

One Square (1 inch in column) 1 insertion.....\$2.00  
Each additional insertion.....1.00  
One Square for less than 1 week.....1.50  
Each additional insertion......50  
One Square one insertion......50  
Each additional insertion......25  
One Square one insertion......50  
Each additional insertion......25  
Half yearly and quarterly advertisements more than four squares inserted by special contract.

### Professional and Artisans' Cards of one square or less, per quarter.....50

### Legal Advertising Rates, in Cash:

Notices, Sheriff's Sales and all other legal notices per inch first insertion.....\$2.00  
Second insertion.....1.00  
Each subsequent insertion......75  
Transient advertisements and notices preparation demanded, all others payable quarterly.

### Special Advertising Rates, in Cash:

Clear wheat, good timber, pre-delivered at Lewiston, will be received in payment of subscriptions at Lewiston cash rates at time of delivery.

### Arrival and Departure of Mails to and from Lewiston, I. T.

To and from Walla Walla and intermediate points. Leaves daily, (Sundays excepted), at 7 A. M. Arrives daily, (Sundays excepted), at 7 P. M.  
To and from St. Idaho, Florence, Warrenton, City and State Creek. Leaves Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 P. M.  
To and from Pine Grove and intermediate points. Leaves Mondays and Thursdays at 6 A. M. Arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 P. M.  
To and from Pierce City. Leaves Mondays at 7 A. M. Arrives Saturdays at 3 P. M.  
To and from Colfax. Leaves Fridays at 6 A. M. Arrives Saturdays at 7 P. M.

## OFFICIAL DIRECTORY OF IDAHO.

Representative in Congress.....S. S. Fenn  
Governor.....M. Brannan  
Secretary.....R. A. Sidebottom  
Attorney General.....Witcher  
S. Attorney.....John Hunteon  
Recorder.....J. Perrault  
Judges Clerks & District Attorneys:  
District.....John Clark  
District.....H. Spier  
District Attorney.....W. P. Poe  
District.....M. E. Hollister  
District Attorney.....A. L. Richardson  
District.....Geo. Ainsie  
District.....H. E. Prickett  
District Attorney.....F. E. Esign  
The Judges of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd districts assemble at the capital on the first Monday in January in each year, and constitute the Supreme Court of the Territory, with the Judge of the 2nd District as Chief Justice, and A. L. Richardson as Clerk.  
The Judicial Districts and the times and places of holding Courts in each are designated by the Supreme Court when in session and are liable to change each year.

**LAND OFFICERS:**  
Surveyor General.....Wm. H. Chandler  
IDAHO DISTRICT:  
Register.....John B. Miller  
Collector.....James Stout  
LEWISTON DISTRICT:  
Register.....J. M. Howe  
Collector.....R. J. Monroe

**SOUTH IDAHO COUNTY OFFICIALS:**  
SHEPHERD CO.  
Judge.....D. J. Warner  
Recorder.....Ezra Baird  
Editor & Recorder.....Thos. Hudson  
Assessor.....A. Binard  
County Commissioner.....J. W. Northrup  
County Commissioner.....N. B. Holbrook  
County Commissioner.....Wm. Ewing  
County Commissioner.....J. M. Curry

**SHOSHONE COUNTY:**  
Judge.....D. L. Elliott  
Recorder.....John Malloy  
Editor & Recorder.....W. B. Yantis  
Assessor.....M. Maullie  
County Commissioner.....C. F. Brown  
County Commissioner.....P. Gaffney  
County Commissioner.....R. M. G. Bradley  
County Commissioner.....D. H. Jasme

**IDAHO COUNTY:**  
Judge.....A. Shumway  
Recorder.....C. W. Case  
Editor & Recorder.....B. F. Morris  
Assessor.....F. Oliver  
County Commissioner.....K. W. White  
County Commissioner.....Geo. Dempster  
County Commissioner.....J. S. Feckler

### [FROM OUR EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

## Proceedings of the Constitutional Convention now in Session in Walla Walla, W. T.

(Continued from June 12.)

On motion the representatives of the press were invited to seats within the bar.

On motion a committee of three, consisting of O'dell, Larabee and Stewart were appointed on rules and orders with instructions to report to-morrow.

On motion Messrs. Lacy, Hanna and Wait were appointed a committee on contingent expenses.

On motion Messrs. Leland, Henry & Eldridge were appointed a committee on printing with instructions to receive bids from the three offices in Walla Walla for performing the incidental printing of the convention, and accept of the lowest bid, unless otherwise ordered by the convention, and further instructed them to receive propositions from the publishers of all the papers in Walla Walla to publish a synopsis of the proceedings of the convention in their several newspapers each week during the sitting of the convention, and furnish 10, 25 or 50 copies of each issue to each of the members of the convention for circulation, and report these proposals to the convention.

On motion 9 o'clock A. M. was fixed as the hour of the meeting of the convention each day.

On motion convention adjourned till Thursday the 13th.

THURSDAY, June 13th.

Convention met at the hour of 9 A. M. President in the chair. Proceedings of previous day read, amended and approved.

The committee on rules and orders reported rules and orders. Report laid on table and ordered printed.

On motion a committee of five, consisting of Larabee, Stewart, Wait, O'dell and Bradshaw was appointed to consider and report upon the best method of proceeding to frame a constitution.

On motion Messrs. O'dell, Stewart & Andrews were appointed a committee on compensation of officers.

On motion adopted for temporary use the rules of the last legislative assembly of Washington so far as applicable.

Members of the Constitutional Convention.

The committee on credentials reported the following:

DELEGATES AT LARGE.  
Wyatt A. George, of Walla Walla county.  
Edward Eldridge, of Whatcom county.  
Samuel M. Gilmore, of Klickitat county.

JUDICIAL DISTRICT.  
First District, Sylvester M. Wait, of Columbia county.  
Second District, Benjamin F. Denison, of Thurston county.  
Third District, Charles H. Larabee, of Island county.

DISTRICTS.  
For the counties of Jefferson, Island, San Juan and Clallam, Charles M. Bradshaw, of Jefferson county.  
For the counties of Kitsap, Snohomish and Whatcom, Henry B. Emery, of Kitsap county.  
For the county of King, Synona B. Anderson, of King county.  
For the counties of Pierce, Chehalis and Mason, Dolph B. Hanna, of Pierce county.  
For the counties of Thurston and Lewis, Francis Henry, of Thurston county.

For the counties of Cowlitz, Pacific and Wakiakum, Alex. S. Abernethy, of Cowlitz county.  
For the counties of Clark, Skamania, Klickitat and Yakima, Geo. W. Stewart, of Clark county.  
For the county of Walla Walla, O. P. Lacy, of Walla Walla county.  
For the counties of Columbia, Whitman and Stevens, James V. O'dell, of Whitman county.  
For the counties of Nez Perce, Idaho and Shoshone of Idaho Territory, Alonzo Leland, of Nez Perce county.

THURSDAY MORNING SESSION.  
Mr. Leland, chairman of committee on printing, submitted a report embracing

### ing proposals from the Statesman office and Union office to do the incidental printing of the convention. The proposal of the Statesman was to do the work for \$1.15 per thousand ems, including composition, press work, folding and stitching and paper and furnish 50 copies of each bill or article printed, all in small picas. The Union office proposed to do the said work in long primer type, including the said branches, for \$1 per thousand ems. The report was read and considered by the convention and on motion of Mr. Larabee the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

**Resolved**, That the bid of the publishers of the Walla Walla Union for the incidental printing be and the same is hereby accepted, and they are hereby declared to be printers to the convention.

On motion the report of the committee on rules was taken from the table and read, and after an amendment to the first rule the report was adopted.

The committee on printing was then instructed by vote of the convention to order printed slips for Hall calls for noting absentees, and for the ayes and noes, also to order the rules of the convention to be printed.

On motion convention adjourned.

FRIDAY MORNING June 14.

Convention met at 9 A. M. Roll called. Proceedings of previous day read, corrected and approved. The report of committee on pay of officers, on motion for adoption and division was called and ordered, an amendment to fix pay of chief clerk at \$7 per day was lost, and amendment to fix the amount at \$5 was lost. The report to fix the amount at \$6 was then adopted, an amendment to fix the pay of assistant clerk at \$4 was adopted. The report to allow the Sergeant at Arms \$5 per day was adopted, also to allow each of the pages \$3 per day.

On motion convention took a recess till 2 o'clock P. M. to await the report of committee on order of business.

[Continued on 2nd page.]

**Stage Captured by Indians.**  
To day's Silver State contains the following:  
CAMP McDERMOTT, June 11.  
The up stage from Summit was captured by Indians yesterday, and McCurtchen, the driver, killed. The only passenger, named Hamilton, escaped on one of the leaders. The rest of the horses were taken and stage gutted. The escaped passenger gave the alarm along the road and the settlers are all crowding in here. The road is all stripped from here to the Owyhee. By inquiry at the stage office we learn that the stage contained several boxes of arms and ammunition for parties in Idaho.

**Leader of the Hostiles.**  
Buffalo Horn the leader of the hostile Bannocks was Gen. Howard's right hand man in the celebrated campaign against the Nez Perces. The knowledge he obtained during his brief service in the United States Army will doubtless be a great value to him in his present raid against the whites, and will unquestionably be indirectly the death of many a good man before he and his blood thirsty friends are captured. And it is to be hoped that the General will profit by this experience and take no more good Indians into his service, who may in after time turn and sting him.

**A Palpitating Heart.**  
Very often persons have a palpitating heart after eating, or the food sours on the stomach. The sides tremble, there is difficulty in breathing, headache, dizziness, nervousness, bad breath, irritable temper, loss of strength, if any of these symptoms exist you may conclude you are dyspeptic, or that your liver is out of order. The gastric juice of the stomach for the purpose of dissolving the food has become too weak, consequently the food ferments giving rise to the distressing symptoms above mentioned. We must first make the gastric juice strong enough to take hold of the food and dissolve it soon as it reaches the stomach. WHITE'S PEPPERMINT FLOWER taken before or soon after eating, before fermentation commences, cures all such cases. Ask your druggist, J. Q. Mosley for it. Price, 25 cts and 75 cts. v2-343-4 mo.

### Constitutional Convention.

The delegates to frame a Constitution for Washington Territory, met at Walla Walla yesterday. The members of that Convention are men of ability and no doubt will submit such a Constitution as will be acceptable to the people of our neighboring territory. There are many of the citizens of that territory who are opposed to any state government, and who prefer to remain, for a time yet, in a territorial condition. It is natural, however, for the average American citizen to desire to be his own ruler, or have a voice in the selection of those who shall govern him. This the people of a territory are deprived of, and it makes them more clamorous for Statehood because in many instances their executive officers come from a section of the country not their own, and men are put over them against their will and consent. In the matter of expenses, we see no reason why a state government in Washington Territory should be much more than it is at present under a territorial form. It is not the part of wisdom, however, to form a Constitution which will outgrow itself in a few years, and either be useless or put the political sagacity to studying up some means to avoid its provisions. The Convention should be liberal, and guard every right of the people; and with honest officials, the burdens of Statehood can be easily carried along, and the people have their choice in selecting those who govern them. It puts on manhood to assume the dignity of a state, and while it may be a little more expensive, it need not be so to such a degree as to be burdensome. A state government for Washington Territory would bring it to the notice of the people abroad, and soon her increased population and wealth would make up for the additional expenses of a state administration.

Washington is one of the richest and best territories in the Union, and her population is rapidly increasing in Congress which would command attention, and her wants from the Federal government would be more rapidly supplied. It is true that the people of the territory now receive a small sum to pay off the Governor and other officers; but this amount would be more than made up by the increase of Federal appropriations from those now received. We hope that the Convention will submit a Constitution which will be acceptable to the people, and that our neighbor may soon assume the dignity of a state.—P. Standard June 13.

**The Laboratory of the System.**  
The stomach is the laboratory of the system, in which certain mysterious processes are constantly going on. These result in the production of that wonderful vivifying agent the blood, which in a state of health rushes laden with the elements of vitality to the remotest parts of the system. But when the stomach is semi-paralyzed by dyspepsia, blood manufacture is carried on imperfectly, the circulation grows thin and sluggish, and the system suffers in consequence. Moreover, indigestion reacts upon the liver and bowels, rendering the first sluggish and the latter constipated. The brain also suffers by sympathy, and sick headaches, sleeplessness and nervous symptoms are engendered. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters reforms this state of things, gives permanent tone and regularity to the stomach and its associate organs, the bowels and liver, and ensures complete nourishment and increased vigor of the system. It is the most popular as well as the most efficient anti-dyspeptic and tonic in America. 24-1m.

**Eighty Thousand head of Stock Exposed to the Indians.**  
Those best informed tell us that there must be eighty or ninety thousand head of cattle and horses left exposed to the disposition of the Indians by the recent outbreak. The area of country where all this stock ranges embraces the Snake river valley, Big and Little Camas, Raft river, Dixie Valley and Bruneau valley. This estimate includes about nineteen thousand head of cattle that were on the way to Cheyenne from Eastern Oregon, and which had reached Camas Prairie and vicinity the time the trouble commenced. Many horses have already been driven off, but the cattle, with the exception of those slaughtered for food, are still on the ranges but unprotected, in most instances, and no doubt badly scattered. The stock-owners who have been thus driven from their homes and broken up, as it were, will never return so long as the Indians remain in the country. They will not again trust their lives and property where the Indians are permitted to roam; nor would a peace and the coercion of Indians on reservations restore confidence in the minds of these settlers. They have been decided to often.—Idahoan.

### Letter From Lewiston.

LEWISTON, June 17th 1877.

EDITOR TELLER:—In answer to various inquiries with regard to the "times" in the east; I would like to say through your columns that the comparison is greatly in favor of this country. In fact I cannot see as the "hard times" that is at present depressing the whole nation; if not the whole world, is felt here to any extent. The trouble there is that the people have not got over those extravagant habits formed during those good old "war times" when their crops were bountiful, and wheat was worth two dollars per bushel. The reaction came upon them unexpected and caught many of them in debt for their fine houses and fancy carriages that cost fabulous prices. The result is that very many of them have lost their farms and are forced to come west. The most of them too poor to get further than Kansas or Nebraska, to which places they are aided by the railroad companies, who take them at half fare, provided, they buy land of said companies. While in Chicago I saw fifteen passenger cars loaded with emigrants for Kansas, in one train, and this was repeated at least twice a day. Good farm hands were glad to get \$16 per month, during the working season in Illinois, and \$12 in New York and Pennsylvania. The only reason why we are not flooded with emigration here it that very little is known here of this country, except that it is inhabited by millions of hostile Indians. The truth would bring hosts on foot if they could get here in no other way. However in any event I think they will get here as fast as we are able to provide for them. For instance seed grain and horse feed would have given out if very many more had come last Fall.

In this connection I should like to say that our streets should be given a more inviting appearance to the new-comer. I am of the opinion that his first impressions are that a good fire in certain parts of the town would injure the bed-bugs more than any one else, and that a decent dress would be superfluous for a lady promingading the business portion of our streets. Could not our city authorities "wring in" a street commissioner who would lay new side walks to correspond with the individual improvement that is ever going on? Some of the walks—notably that over the ditch—is really dangerous, and needs—dodging. I felt sorry for one poor old, one-eared, porcin friend—to whom every body down this way is so much attached—when I saw her forced to go quite a long way from a direct course to affect a safe crossing in order to steal a bar of soap from a neighboring door step. Would not the value of property be enhanced enough in this end of town to pay for cleaning the rubbish out of the street and putting a sprinkler in operation if such were done? If the business men wont do it, why dont the authorities "let friendship cease" and do it for them?  
Yours truly,  
OH, ANYTHING.

**Lewiston Wholesale Prices.**

Cr. Sugar per lb	151
C. "	143
No 1. Island "	124
No 2. "	11
No 1. C. R. Coffee, per lb	25
No 2. "	22 1/2
No 1. China Rice "	19
Dried Apples "	12
" Peaches "	15
Coarse salt, per 100 lb	3 50
Fine "	4 50
Liverpool "	4 00
Nails, per keg	\$6 50 to 7 25
Calico, per bolt, per yard	3
Calot A. "	11
W. W. "	10
Blue Muslin "	8 1/2 to 17
Wheat, per bushel	50 to 70
Potatoes per lb	3
Butter "	35
Eggs per doz.	25

### NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES TO inform the public that he will run a stage coach between this place and Palouse City; leaving Lewiston on Mondays and Thursdays and returning on Tuesdays and Fridays. Route by way of Moscow. J. Cox, Route 35-3-20-ly.

## SADDLERY, GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—  
SADDLES AND HARNESS  
—AT—  
T. S. BILLINGS

MONTGOMERY STREET,  
LEWISTON, I. T.

IMPORTER & MANUFACTURER  
—OF THE BEST—  
SADDLES and HARNESS,

WHIPS, SPURS, CURRYCOMBS,  
BRIDLE BITS, STIRRUPS and  
HARNESS TRIMMINGS

FOR SALE.  
CARRIAGE TRIMMING

Done on short notice.  
REPAIRING OF ARTICLES IN HIS LINE.

ALL SALES and ALL WORK at LOW PRICES. Fully to go ELSEWHERE to PURCHASE.

April 13th, 1878, tf.

2-1-12  
MONTGOMERY STREET, LEWISTON.

**O. C. BUNNELL.**  
Orders from Adams Property Bill.

ISOIING AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS and repairing done on short notice.

GRAIN AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICES.

**HARDWARE**  
AND OTHER  
SHEET-IRON  
COPPER,  
TIN,  
ZINC,  
IRON

**A NEW STOCK**

**BLACKSMITHING**

**DONE AT LIVING RATES**  
AND IN  
Workman Like Manner By  
**J. R. YANE**

Including HORSE SHOEING, REPAIRING and IRONING of WAGONS, SHARPENING PLOWS and REPAIRING FARMING MACHINERY and TOOLS.

**MILL MACHINERY,**  
And all other work of the trade.  
OPPOSITE LUNA STABLE, I. T.  
LEWISTON, I. T.

April 13th, 1878, tf.

**CITY HOTEL,**  
LEWISTON, NORTH IDAHO.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW LOCATED in the above named hotel, and having thoroughly

**REMODELED IT,**  
can assure patrons the

**VERY BEST OF**  
ACCOMMODATIONS AFFORDED  
IN THE CITY.

The rooms are conveniently arranged and completely renovated, and open to accommodate the public in style not surpassed in Lewiston.

A Bar is attached where the choicest Liquors and Cigars can be obtained.  
**A. BITTNER,**  
1-1f Proprietor.

**BEST** business you can engage in. \$5 to \$20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own locality. Particulars and samples worth \$3 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address: STROUSE & Co., Portland, Maine. v2-n29-ly.