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THE TELLER.

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—BY—
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ALONZO LELAND. CHAS., F. LELAND.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY. OF IDAHO.

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The Judges of the 1st 2nd and 3d districts assemble at the capital on the first Monday in January in each year, and constitute the Supreme Court of the Territory, with the Judge of the 2nd district as Chief Justice, and A. L. Richardson as Clerk.

The Judicial Districts and the times and places of holding Courts in each are designated by the Supreme Court when in session and are liable to change each year.

LAND OFFICES:
Surveyor Gen.....L. F. Cartee
IDAHO DISTRICT
Register.....W. P. Thompson
Receiver.....James Stout
LEWISTON DISTRICT.
Register.....J. M. Howe
Receiver.....R. J. Monroe

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Probate Judge.....D. J. Warner
Sheriff.....Ezra Baird
Auditor & Recorder.....Thos. Hudson
Treasurer.....A. Binnard
Assessor.....J. W. Northrup
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}Wm. Ewing
}J. M. Curry

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County Commissioners }W. B. Yantis
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Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots & Shoes,
Groceries,
Liquors,
Tobacco,
Waggons
and Farming Implements,

Prices Very Low For Cash.
28-tf.

LOEWENBERG BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

LEWISTON, IDAHO.

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND A
large and complete stock of

Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots and Shoes, Groceries,
Crockery, Hardware,
Liquors, Cigars,
Etc., Etc.

TO WHICH WE CALL THE ATTENTION
of the public. Knowing well the wants
of the people, we have endeavored to fill our
store with a stock of goods that will meet their
requirements.

GOODS OF THE BEST QUALITY AND
Prices Very Low.
1-tf LOEWENBERG BROS.

HOTEL DE FRANCE,

Corner Second and C Streets,
LEWISTON I. T.

THIS HOTEL IS THE STAGE OFFICE
and Headquarters for all the expressmen
to the Upper Camps.

THE TABLE

Is always supplied with the BEST THE MAR-
KET AFFORDS.

THE ROOMS AND BEDS

Are comfortable, neat and well-furnished, and
every want of the guest is anticipated and
supplied.
1-tf RAYMOND SAUX, Proprietor.

LUNA STABLE,

C Street, Between 3d and 4th.
LEWISTON, I. T.

Feed, Livery & Sale Stable.

Hyou Muck-a-Muck and no Ains

Stock Taken to Ranch.

1-tf N. B. HOLBROOK, Proprietor.

The New Country.

Though actual settlers have been going in usual numbers for many months into nearly all parts of Eastern Oregon and Washington, and some into Idaho, yet most have gone to the Palouse country; and still the tide sets in that direction, notwithstanding the growing lateness of the season. By persons who have just returned from a tour through the country, made with a view to finding lands for settlement, we are assured that occupation of the country is as yet scarcely begun. These persons easily found lands which they selected for future homes, and to which they will return just as soon as they can arrange their affairs. A steady movement of people to the country east of the Cascade mountains is still noted, both of new comers and of persons who have long resided in Western Oregon. An incident brings this last fact to our notice in another way. Not a day passes which does not bring orders to change the address of the *Oregonian* from offices west of the Cascades to points east, in Oregon, Washington, or Idaho. The country which a few years ago was deemed valueless except for grazing, is rapidly becoming the great region for wheat; and it will not be long till the country east of the Cascade range will produce five bushels of grain to our one.

No finer country ever was seen than the district beginning at Umatilla, extending through Walla Walla and reaching north of Snake river to the Spokane, and even beyond. It is a section much larger than the Willamette valley, and has proportionately greater agricultural capacity. In a few years it will have a quarter of a million inhabitants, and is capable of sustaining six times that number. When the Northern Pacific railroad is built through it, affording an outlet for its products, its development will be prodigious. Its commerce will occupy a prominent place in the mighty stream that will flow in the near future through the channel of the Columbia, to and from the open sea.
—*Oregonian*.

Gen. Howard's Indian Theory.

In response to the ovation given Gen. Howard at Portland he took occasion to condemn the present theory of the government with Indians and suggested the following:

Our only remedy appears to me to be, "cease forever from making wheels within wheels; from making even the semblance of treaties, assume at the outset what is always the truth at the bottom, and finally, come to namely, UNITED STATES JURISDICTION; then make a permanent management, make it as nearly conformable to our system of government as possible. If justice cannot be secured to those who are disposed to do right, where the governing is all on the side of our own people; then probably removal and a territorial form of government somewhere for the Indians, becomes the possible solution, and the SCHOOLS and the WORK the permanent remedy. Gather them into a territory, put on the schools and the work and the taxes. Let obligations go alongside of privileges, and if there is not human nature and human capacity in the red race, as their friends claim and believe, then the OLD TROUBLES will be abated.

This campaign evidently has given the General greater wisdom upon the Indian question. The above theory commends itself to the good sense of every man conversant with Indian character.

Diphtheria.

Diphtheria is still raging in different portions of this country. For the benefit of those who are living inconvenient to physicians, we give what purports to be the means used by Dr. Fields, an English physician, who, it is said, has never lost a case: "He takes a teaspoonful of flour of brimstone and mixes it in a wineglass of water, using his finger instead of a spoon, in order to more thoroughly dissolve the sulphur. This he uses as a gargle, and allows his patient to swallow it. The brimstone kills every species of fungus on man, beast or plant. If the patient cannot use a gargle, the doctor places the brimstone on a live coal, and allows the sufferer to inhale the fumes. Sometimes also when the throat is fast closing, he has blown the sulphur through a quill into the throat. This will destroy the fungus, and then the gargle may be used. The room may also be filled with the fumes of burning sulphur, and the patient allowed to walk around in the room." In addition to the above we would suggest that great care should be observed in the use of the fumes of sulphur, or death may follow. If your child is attacked with the disease, use the sulphur and send for your family physician.—*W. W. Union*.

Reception.

A public reception was given at Astoria Ogn. to Col. M. P. Miller, at which Gen. O. F. Bell presided. In Gen. Bell's remarks upon the occasion he says of Miller at the Clearwater fight.

Col. Miller was then in command. There white men and Indians crawled through the tall grass to within a few feet of each other; and when the brave Capt. Babcock fell, as it was thought mortally wounded, and his company began a retreat which might have lost the battle, what did Miller do? His experience in Indian warfare enabled him to realize the situation at a glance. Crawling as it were to Babcock's company, he raised up out of the grass and with a stern voice shouted—charge! That charge saved the day and drove the Indians from the field.

The above is about as it was told us soon after the fight. Miller was evidently the man whose skill and bravery saved our troops from defeat in that battle, and to him belong the honors of the victory, and there is every reason for believing that had Miller not been outranked by a superior officer, he would have followed up this victory and whipped the Nez Perces before they reached the Lo Lo trail, and ended the war.

Clearwater Improvements.

Mr. Fenn, by unanimous consent, introduced the following bill, making appropriation for the improvement of Clearwater river, in Idaho Territory:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated, out of the Treasury, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of war for the removal of obstructions to the navigation of Clearwater river, in Idaho Territory, between its mouth and the mouth of the Middle Fork of said river. Read twice, referred to the Committee on Commerce, and ordered to be printed.