FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING.—If you do not keep your paper, cut this out and put it where you can find it. A surveyor's chain is 4 poles, or 77 feet divided into 100 links, or 782 inches. A square chain is 16 square poles, and ten square chains are an acre. Four roods are an acre, each containing 1,240 square yards, or 34,787 feet, or 24 yards 28 inches on each side. A pole is 5 1-2 yards each way. An acre is 4,840 square yards, or 59 yards 1 foot 8 1-2 inches each way. A square mile, or 1,760 yards each way, is 640 acres; half a mile or 880 yards each way, is 160 acres; a quarter of a mile, or 440 yards each way, is a park or farm of 40 acres, and a furlong, or 220 yards each way, is 10 acres.

A CALCULATION TO LOOK AT.—Suppose a man drinks four glasses of liquor a day, at five cents a glass—in a week he spends $1 40, and in a year $72 80. This will buy the following articles: Four barrels of flour, say $24; four pair of boots, say $15; forty pounds of butter, $10; two hundred pounds of beef, $8; a new hat, $4; a new satin vest, $4; a bonnet for wife, $5; sugar plums for children, $1 80. Total, $72 80.

In the "Crayon" for September, the venerable artist, Rembrandt Peale, gives an interesting reminiscence of his conception and painting of the "Court of Death," and mentions that he drew his warrior from John Neal, who was then in Baltimore, about thirty-seven years ago.

Strong doses of coffee have recently been successfully administered in New York, (as an antidote to poison,) to a person who had taken four ounces of laudanum. He was aroused to consciousness from a sleep on the first application, and on repeating the dose was soon out of danger.

Mr. Justice Curtis, who has resigned his place on the bench of the United States Supreme Court, is a citizen of Boston, was appointed in 1851, by Mr. Fillmore, then the occupant of the presidential chair.

SALE OF PEACHES.—Last week a gentleman of Odessa, Delaware, sold 514 baskets of peaches, called the "Harker Seedlings," for which he received the large sum of $1,204 50.

It is stated that 100,000 acres of land have been planted with the Chinese sugar plant this year. It is but three years since it was first introduced into this country.

The People's Union Fair, now holding in Schenectady, for the purpose of exhibiting the mechanics and agriculture of five counties, is increasing in interest.

BLACKBERRIES.—One firm in New York has sold this summer $80,000 to $100,000 worth of blackberries. The trade in small fruits is immense.

The Baptists of Raleigh, N. C., have contracted for the erection of a new church in that city, to cost $18,000.

The vote on joint ballot in the Texas Legislature will stand: Houston, 13, anti-Houston, 110.

I. O. O. F.—The Grand Lodge of the United States of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will hold its next annual session in Baltimore, commencing on Monday, the 21st inst. The attendance as usual, will be large. P. G. M.'s Frederick W. Stewart and John W. Hodgson are the Representatives from the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia, and P. G. P. Thomas Rich from the Grand Encampment.

THE TWELFTH OF SEPTEMBER.—A committee from Baltimore are understood to have yesterday invited the President of the United States, in the name and at the request of the "Old Defenders," to dine with them to-morrow in that city, the occasion being that of the anniversary of the battle of North Point, always so gloriously kept in the Metropolis of Maryland.

The Postmaster General has determined to convert the old United States bank building, at Philadelphia, into a city post office, provided Congress gives its sanction. This seems to be the wish of the people generally, though speculators are about urging the purchase of a location, and a new building for the purpose, on Second street.

MOSQUITOES.—To prevent annoyance from these bloodsucking vampyres, use strong spirits of Camphor. Wash with it, and sprinkle the bed clothes, they will keep at a respectful distance. You may lie in bed and listen to their music—but they will not *bite*.

MALPRACTICE.—Mrs. Hanlin, of Albany, calling herself an Indian doctress, has been committed to prison on a verdict of the coroner's jury, for causing the death of Miss Martha Lockey, aged 18 years, by poisonous drugs administered for a criminal purpose.

The steamer Golden Gate was destroyed by fire at 8 o'clock, Sunday evening, about twenty miles below St. Louis. Boat and cargo are a total loss, amunting in the aggregate to about $25,000, the boat was insured for $10,000.

A young republican party is springing up in Lower Canada, especially among the French population. They are designated as *rouges* and *reds*, and show as little love for the anti-republican spirit of the clergy as for the tory and monarchical sentiments of their Anglo-saxon neighbors.

The nominations of the New York Democratic Convention, held at Syracuse, N. Y., are as follows: For Comptroller, Sandford Church; Treasurer, Isaac Vanderpool; Secretary of State, Gideon Tucker; Attorney General, Lyman Tremaine.

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—The provisional committee of the straight-out Republicans have declined to support Mr. Banks for Governor, and have called a State convention, to be held in this city on the 30th instant, to nominate a distinct candidate for Governor.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 9.—Six revenue cutters, built by Messrs. Merry & Gay, at Milan, Ohio, for the government, were seized yesterday by the United States Marshal, on an attachment at the suit of Knapp, Wilkins & Co., of Pittsburg, for material furnished the builders.

Lambert, the pedestrian, has accomplished the feat of walking a thousand miles in a thousand consecutive hours. He lost seventeen pounds in weight, but won the $1,000 pending on the accomplishment of his task.

Hon. Peter D. Vroom, late minister at Berlin, had an enthusiastic reception in Trenton, N. J., on the 8th instant. Hon. William L. Dayton delivered the welcome address. He was serenaded last evening.

Rev. James B. Finley, the pioneer Methodist preacher, died at Eaton, Ohio, on Monday, of paralysis, aged 77. He was much beloved in the Methodist community, among whom he has labored for nearly fifty years.

At Wheeling, Va., on the 9th instant, Martin Binney was arrested by Col. Thomas P. Shellcross, special mail agent of the Post Office Department, charged with embezzling letters from the Chicago Post Office.

Lieut. Tryon, who shot a supposed deserter in Griffintown last week, has been acquitted by the coroner's jury rendering a verdict of "justifiable homicide."

Gov. Wise has re-appointed Capt. Robert Taylor, flour inspector of Alexandria, and Joseph McLain inspector of fish.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CAUTION TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—I would advise persons who are obliged to employ Irish servants in their houses to keep a correct inventory of their goods and chattels, and, as far as practicable, to keep under lock and key every article not too cumbersome to be conveniently carried away; for there is no question that a large majority of that class of servants are leagued together to steal, and carry to some common receptacle, everything of value which they can lay hands on, observing, of course, the usual precaution necessary to prevent detection.

For some years I have suspected and believed, whenever it has been my misfortune to employ one of them in my house, that the wages paid was a very small part of the compensation they received; but within a day or two past my attention was called to the contents of a large trunk taken by officers from an Irish dwelling in this city, and represented to belong to one of the gang alluded to, which satisfied me that my most extravagant conjectures respecting their dishonesty did not even approach the amount of filching practised continually and incessantly (as opportunity offers) by the hordes of dishonest and well-trained creatures who swarm among us to rob us of our substance.

In the trunk alluded to were found upwards of two hundred bundles, large and small, containing such articles as ladies' fine worked collars, washed and unwashed; fine linen cambric handkerchiefs; children's dresses, of all kinds and descriptions; shoes and gaiters, new and old; jewelry; all kinds of perfumeries and soaps; pins, needles, and buttons; silver thimbles, marked and unmarked; 1 1-2 set of false teeth (never used); a great variety of laces and silk ribands; quite a number of dress patterns, silk, worsted and cotton; silver spoons, large and small, all marked; several pairs of scissors; and an endless variety of articles which I cannot enumerate, seeming to have been collected from at least fifteen or twenty families, and of course the work of as many thieves. I was informed by the officers, before I left, that they had another trunk, unopened, taken from a party of similar character in another part of the city.

I forbear further comment. Every family who may read this notice, and is obliged to employ the class of domestics indicated, will see the importance of exercising a strict surveillance over their property, unless they have more of this world's goods than they need, in which event the system of abstraction may prove to them a convenient way of disposing of the surplus, and may save others not so highly favored.

ONE WHO HAS SUFFERED,

And who has read the article on this subject in the States of the 10th instant.

We find the following in the "Star" of Thursday:

THE TYLER AND SCOTT DIFFICULTY.—Mr. Walter Lenox has issued the following card in relation to an affair which has occasioned some talk:

"Having heard sundry versions of a personal difficulty between Major Henry B. Tyler, of Washington city, and Mr. Robert E. Scott, of Fauquier county, Virginia, in which I am named as the agent and responsible friend of one of the parties, I think proper to state that on the 12th of August last, at the request of Major Tyler, I waited on R. E. Scott, Esq., and informed him that Major Tyler had placed in my hands a note to be delivered to him, and that it was induced by the course which Mr. Scott had pursued towards Major Tyler in his speech before the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia in defence of the rioters at the municipal election, held on the first Monday of June past. Without presenting or announcing the specific character of the note which I was authorized to deliver, but in the exercise of that just discretion claimed by myself as due to all parties concerned, I deemed it proper first to express to Mr. S. a regret that any hostility should exist between gentlemen of their high standing and friendly relations, and that it was my earnest wish to prevent any serious issue between them. I then informed him that Major Tyler felt deeply aggrieved at the course pursued by Mr. S. on that occasion. Mr. S. expressed his surprise and regret that such was the case, and that he was not conscious of having transcended the privileges of counsel; that if Major Tyler would point out any offensive remarks he would cheerfully withdraw them. I remarked it was the general tenor and manner of his address of which Major Tyler complained, as injurious to his personal and professional character. Mr. S. then said that he disclaimed all purpose of intending to reflect injuriously or unkindly upon the character of Major Tyler as a gentleman or his conduct as an officer; and that in his speech he had aimed to exonerate the officers of the Marine Corps from censure, as they acted under the orders of their superiors. It is proper to state that Mr. S. distinctly stated that in making these explanations of his purposes and feelings, he by no means intended to abandon or abate his rights or avoid his duties as counsel in this particular case.

WALTER LENOX.

DISTURBANCES AT THE NAVY YARD.—On Monday evening about half-past seven o'clock, two marines, Rooney and Stewart, were attacked with sticks and stones by a party of young men collected at a corner on Garrison street, and considerably bruised and beaten. About an hour afterwards, as Sergeant McDonough, stationed within the navy yard gate, was returning from looking up some of his men, he also was assailed, and, as he states, stoned and shot at, as he bled much from the face. Investigations ought to be immediately instituted into these matters, and the law made to take its course. Faltering and hesitation only encourage lawlessness, and defer to a more distant, but sterner hour that retribution which cannot be avoided.—[*Intelligencer.*

The local editor omitted to state that the first assault came from the Marines, who harbor a most deadly enmity to the Americans.

As to the investigations, the sooner made, and the more thorough, they are the better. But the Marines and all others may as well understand, that *Americans* will not submit to a military despotism "Retribution!" Yes it *will* come sooner or later, and the longer it is postponed, the sterner it will be.

DEPLORABLE CASUALTY.—Thursday afternoon a young man, named Wm. L. Voss, went to the Great Falls in company with a brother and some companions, and on his return to his home, on Pennsylvania avenue between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, he retired early to bed, as was his wont. The family were startled by the report of a pistol, and going to his room found him in the agonies of death, from the effects of a ball which had entered the left breast, under the heart. The party had had this pistol (a Colt's revolver) with them on their excursion, and on their return young Voss had placed it in the left-breast pocket of his coat. It is supposed that in detaching the pistol from the pocket, the trigger (which was a light one) caught, resulting in an accidental discharge with this deplorable result. The deceased was in his 22d year.

PERSECUTION.—The Irish "bosses" at the navy yard, with McElhenny, the Navy agent, have everything their own way at the navy yard, and are going it at a high speed in turning Americans out of employment. The bloodhounds are on the scent continually, and whenever they snuff an American odor about a workman in the yard, or suspect him of preferring that America shall be ruled by Americans rather than Irishmen, he is at once spotted, and out he goes. And this is the boasted *liberty* we enjoy! the *equal rights* guaranteed to us by our Constitution!

ACCIDENT.—Last Thursday morning as Mr. Conner, hackman, was driving down 9th street with four or five persons in his vehicle, his horses became frightened near the Northern Liberty Market and ran a short distance, when, by a sudden turn, one of the horses was thrown down, and somewhat injured. A Mr. Simms, was also cut severely about the ear, and the driver bruised a little. The horse was soon cut loose. All were thankful that the accident was no worse.

The premium saddle horse at the recent Louisville fair has been purchased for the Hon. J. B. Floyd, Secretary of War. The price paid was $900.

The Northern Liberties Fire Company intend visiting Philadelphia about the first of October, and probably New York. They will join the Firemen's parade, which is to be held in the latter place on the 5th ult. They are to be the guests of the Northern Liberties Hose Company of that city. They will parade about forty men, and will be accompanied by Withers's Band.

The Perseverance Fire Engine Company are also making extensive preparations for participation in the great parade to come off in Philadelphia on the 5th ultimo. The Friendship Fire Company, of Alexandria, will visit Washington on Monday next, guests of this company.

We intend to pay our respects to the Fire Department of Washington. We will do them all the good we can, and if any members of the department will give us hints from time to time, as to the best and most acceptable way to accomplish this, we shall be obliged.

FIRES.—About two o'clock Thursday morning a destructive fire occurred on the corner of four-and-a-half and I streets, Island, which entirely consumed the shoe store of Mr. Spates, standing on the corner, and the dwelling house of Mr. Poulton, besides destroying a new unfinished building, which was being built by Mr. Tell.

Mr. Spates was insured for $600. Mr. Tell was uninsured.

The American Hook and Ladder Company and the Perseverance Fire Engine, were the only apparatus engaged, as we are informed. The companies were on the ground, but could not take an active part, on account of the scarcity of water.

About 12 o'clock an alarm was caused by the burning of a frame dwelling on M street, near the Navy Yard. The house belonged to B. Girer, and was occupied by a German family.

WANTED.—A number of workmen are wanted at the navy yard, to take the places of the rascally Americans who have been employed there heretofore, some of them for thirty or forty years.

Application must be made immediately to Mr. McElhenny, Navy agent, or to any "Boss" in the yard who is AN IRISHMAN.

P. S.—None need apply but such as have "the rich Irish brogue," or can bring a recommendation from the Mayor, or any Catholic priest; and none but those who belong to "the Plunder Party."

[Correspondence of the American.]

MR. EDITOR: I have to request the privilege of a small space in your paper on account of the extraordinary position assumed by the President of the United States in reply to the memorial of sundry citizens of Connecticut in reference to the employment of the United States Army alone as a *posse comitatus*, to enable the people of Kansas to form a Constitution. This is wrong, Firstly, because the Constitution of any State made at the *point* of the *bayonet* is no better than a sheet of *blank paper* according to the principles of this Government, and the Constitution of the United States. Secondly, because the force used is not the *posse comitatus per se*, but a hired soldiery, who are not qualified to vote, because they are not citizens, and let me here say, that the President's long residence at foreign courts, blinds him to the palpable fact, that the standing army is dangerous to our liberties, and never before was used in time of peace, and when mentioned by him in reference to the Hartford Convention as analogous to Kanzas or Topeka, he forgot that we were in a state of war with England—and Governors Strong, of Mass., and Chittenden, of Vermont, were in an almost open state of rebellion, with the Hartford Convention to back them, and, if I recollect right, Mr. Buchanan's sympathies, at that time, were with that party of misguided men, at least, my impressions are, that, in the contests carred on in Congress, John C. Calhoun and Henry Clay defended the administration, and Harrison Gray Otis and Josiah Quincy assailed it with the bitterest acrimony. Mr. B. can recollect on whose side he voted, and whether, on an occasion of great excitement, he did not utter the memorable words ascribed to him, excoriating the then vile Democracy. But he has changed, *outwardly;* but *inwardly*, he is the same, unless the leopard can change his spots. The advocacy of his acts by old standard federalists and federal prints, such as the New York Evening Post, and other old alien and sedition law prints, touching the employment of the hired soldiery to shoot down his fellow-citizens at the polls in the city of Washington make it doubly sure that he has the same feelings for the people, which the federal aristocratic party always evinced. That he early imbibed those principles the history of the times of 1812, and before and since will furnish ample proof. In conclusion, let me say, it is a rare joke to read his prayerlike homilies to Silliman and the clergymen of Connecticut, asking them to pray for him, and invoking Almighty God to approve his use of his standing army *comitatus* to shoot down all who oppose the coming Constitution of Kansas.

SHADE OF JEFFERSON.

Senator Toombs addressed the citizens of Newton county, at Covington, on Tuesday last, the 1st instant.

It is reported that in defending the Kansas-Nebraska act, he indulged in the most extravagant declaration, to wit: "That he was in favor of opening wide the Prison Houses of Europe, and receiving with open arms and a hearty welcome, all the criminals and paupers of Europe, and furnish them homes and land, that they might be reformed—and if we had not land enough, and more was needed, he was in favor of its acquisition." We may not quote word for word, but we give the substance and spirit.—Suiting tone and action to so important an announcement, he raised his voice to its highest pitch, and, with wide-stretched arms, delivered it to his startled audience! This is but another of the results of the Kansas-Nebraska act, one that follows it, just as naturally and as certainly as effect follows the cause.—*Atalanta American.*

THE AMERICAN PARTY OF NEW ORLEANS.—The Crescent says that the primary meetings in that city of the party have been numerously attended. "From all we have been able to gather, such primary meetings were never known in the city of New Orleans. The bone and sinew, the respectability, intelligence, and character of the metropolis turned out in full force, and with a harmony, discreetness, and enthusiasm rarely equaled and never surpassed, proceeded to the nomination of delegates.

"The prospect before the American party is, in the highest degree, cheering. Our accounts, which come to us from all quarters of the State, incite to hope, confidence and enthusiasm."

CHEAP SUGAR.—There is a bow of promise on the saccharine cloud, and we are inspired with the hope that sugar will be cheaper. Already the sugar market is giving way, and the prospect of the crop bids fair to run to the bottom before it stops. Louisiana promises three hundred thousand hogsheads when it had but about one hundred thousand last year. Cuba will afford an abundant crop, while Brazil and Mauritius will each yield a good supply. Even India gives indication that it will contribute its usual yield to help to stock the market.

Messrs Reeves, Abbott & Co., extensive railroad iron manufacturers, of Philadelphia, have suspended. Their liabilities amount to $8,000,000, one-third invested as collateral security. Their suspension is caused by the inability of certain railroad companies to meet their notes. The same firm failed three years ago, and subsequently paid their liabilities. It is presumed they will be able to continue their operations at their works.

BITTEN BY A FROG.—A young man named Green, was the other day bitten by a tree frog, as he was climbing on a wood-pile. It has been thought by some that the bite of this species of frog was deadly, though we had no idea that a frog *could* bite up to the present time. The matter of poison may be set at rest, we suppose, inasmuch as no dangerous symptoms have appeared.

Two Germans, respectively named Frank Baer and Jacob Myer, had an altercation in a grocery, at Buffalo, N. Y., on Saturday night, during which Baer stabbed Myer, instantly killing him.

Mr. Lockhart, a Democratic member of Congress elect from the first district of Indiana, died at Evansville, 7th instant.

## ARRIVAL OF STEAMER EUROPA.

*THREE DAYS LATER NEWS.*

The steamer Europa, from Liverpool, with dates to the 29th ult., arrived at Halifax on the 9th instant.

It was the general impression that the Atlantic Telegraph cable would be sold for the construction of a line to India.

ENGLAND.

The Queen's speech congratulates Parliament on the peaceable aspect of the affairs of Europe, and expresses a belief that the stipulations of the treaty of Paris, through the earnest efforts of the contracting parties, will eventually be satisfactorily settled. The Queen alludes with extreme concern to the Indian war; declares the determination to omit no efforts to quell the rebellion, and expresses full confidence that the power at her disposal will enable the Government to accomplish that purpose.

FROM INDIA.

The Indian mails had arrived. The main features in the Government despatch respecting Indian affairs are fully confirmed. The mutineers still held Delhi on the 10th of July. They had made three additional sorties, but were defeated in each, with heavy loss.

Sir Hugh Wheeler was killed at Cawnpore, the garrison of which, being reduced to famine, surrendered to Hena Sahib, who, in violation of his solemn promise, massacred the whole garrison. Sahib was subsequently defeated with great loss by General Harerbock, who re-occupied Cawnpore.

Sahib massacred at Cawnpore 240 women and children.

FROM CHINA.

The dates from China are to the 10th of July. Lord Elgin arrived at Hong Kong, on the 22d, and was about proceeding northward in the steam frigate Shannon accompanied by six gun boats.

FROM SPAIN.

The Mexican Envoy had arrived at Cadiz to embark for home. The new Cuban Governor who embarks in September, will, it is said, take out the ultimatum of Spain to Madrid.

MRAKETS.

LIVERPOOL, August 29.—Cotton—Sales to spectors 34,000 bales, and to exporters 3,200 bales. Sales of Friday estimated at 2,000 bales. Prices have advanced 1-8 a 1-4, the market closing buoyant and active. Orleans fair 9 1-4; Middling 8 7-8; Mobile fair 9 1-8; Middling 8 13-15; Upland fair 9; Middling 8 3-4. Stock in port 385,000 bales, including 312,500 bales of American cotton.

Manchester advices are favorable.

Breadstuffs—Wheat has been active at a decline of 2d—red 7s. 9d a 8s. 3d; white 9s. a 9s. 9d. Corn is dull at a decline of 6d—mixed 35s. a 36s; white 44s. Flour is dull and quotations nominal.

Provisions—Beef is dull and prices generally unchanged. Pork is dull and slow of sale at former rates. Bacon is quiet but steady. Lard is dull at a decline of 18—sales at 69s. a 70s. 6d.

JAMES B. CLAY'S BARBECUE.—The late barbecue at Ashland, the residence of James B. Clay, appears to have been a regular Locofoco affair, not a Whig being present nor any member of the Clay family, except the degenerate James B. himself. The Knoxville Whig thus alludes to it:

"The Lexington Observer states that the barbecue given to the renegade son of Henry Clay, was a regular Locofoco concern, and was remarkable in many respects. There was about one thousand persons present, all Locofocos, straight out and dyed in the wool. Not a member of the Clay family was present, but the new born Locofoco son. The cannon that boomed upon the occasion, was the *same one fired by the same party*, in rejoicing over Henry Clay's defeat in 1844!—The speakers, too, were appropriately chosen.—Col. Preston led off, who, though a Whig in Clay's lifetime, refused to vote for him, and left the Whig party on account of his hatred of "Old Hal." The next, and most vociferous orator, was George Wickliffe, who has grown gray in hating Henry Clay, to whom he had not spoken for years before his death. The whole crowd was composed of the vilest of Mr. Clay's slanderers, and the speakers were the most unrelenting of his enemies! What a commentary of the depravity of human nature. Fortunately the *old house* had been torn down, and the tongue and eyes of Mr. Clay silenced and dimmed in death, before the soil of Ashland was thus politically desecrated. For the drunken feast came off on the Ashland farm.

On one condition we would have gone on foot through the mountains, to have witnessed the scenes as an outsider. That is to have had an assurance that in the midst of the carousal, "Old Hal" should have come up out of his tomb, shaking his flowing locks, flashing his penetrating blue eye, and pointing with his long arm, the unerring finger of scorn at the "foul crowd," and as he would finish a sentence of sarcastic rebuke, and eloquent denunciation, tap his gold snuff box upon the lid, and with an air of patriotic disdain, take a pinch, make his graceful bow, and retire to his vault! We can almost see him going through the motions, as we write about it.

The love of a little girl is a sweet thing.—*Ex.*

The love of a big one is sweeter.—*Georgetown Gazette.*

To love and be loved is the sweetest thing on earth.—*Ægis.*

To love and *not* to be loved, is the *bitterest* thing on earth. The double distilled quintessence of gall, re-boiled, is nothing to compare with it. [*Terre Haut Union.*

We are afraid the editor speaks from bitter experience. Love every body and every body will love you, perhaps; but whether they do or not, *you* will be happy. Try it.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Several marcantile failures have occurred here to-day. Frederick G. Swan, dry goods merchant, for a million; also, J. H. Cotton & Co., with liabilities amounting to a quarter of a million, and assets of half a million; also, Peter Gasner, carpet dealer, for a quarter of a million. The pressure is very great.

The suspension is also announced of Messrs. Fitzhugh & Littlejohn, proprietors of the Old Oswego Transportation Company, one of the largest establishments in that line in the State. Mr. Fitzhugh is at present one of the canal commissioners, and Mr. Littlejohn was speaker of the Assembly at its last session.

A man named Williams, in Albany, on Thursday, attempted to cut the throat of his mother. She escaped from him, when he cut his own throat. He is supposed to have been seized with a fit of insanity.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—William R. Black & Co., and McBride & Bros., both cotton dealers, suspended to-day; also, Richards Bros., glass dealers, and Edward Mott, crockery dealers.

A young man named John Sturgeon, was instantly killed on Friday while at work at the windlass on board a boat in the Schuylkill; the capstain bar flew back, striking him on the head with terrible force.

The Camden and Amboy Railroad one day last week received $2,400 for freight on peaches at eight cents per basket. They were all sent to the New York market.

Miss Ann Ryley, aged 18 years, was killed by an express train on the Hudson river Railroad, at Croton, a day or two since.

Mrs. Clay, the widow of Henry Clay, is seventy-six years of age. Until within a year she has been in excellent health, but is now rapidly declining.

NEWARK' Sept. 10.—The Bank of New Jersey suspended to-day. Its capital exceeds its circulation two hundred thousand dollars.

A cargo of ox horns was shipped a few days ago at St. Paul, M. T., for New York, via New Orleans.

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—The State National American Convention met to-day and nomtnated Governor Gardner for Governor.

The Maine election takes place on the 14th instant.

### Affairs in India.

The atrocities committed by the natives, and the terrible revenge taken by the English when they have had an opportunity, is something fearful to contemplate. A clergyman at Bingalore gives the following idea of the hellish fiendishness of the natives:

"The cruelties committed by the wretches exceed all belief. They took forty-eight females, most of them girls of from 10 to 14, many delicately-nurtured ladies—violated them, and kept them for the base purposes of the heads of the insurrection for a whole week. At the end of that time they made them strip themselves, and gave them up to the lowest of the people, to abuse in broad daylight in the streets of Delhi. They then commenced the work of torturing them to death, cutting off their breasts, fingers, and noses, and leaving them to die. One lady was three days dying. They flayed the face of another lady, and made her walk naked through the street. Poor Mrs. ——, the wife of an officer of the regiment at Meerut, was soon expecting her accouchment. They violated her, then ripped her up, and taking from her the unborn child, cast it and her into the flames.

No European man, woman, or child has had the slightest mercy shown them. I do not believe that the world ever witnessed more hellish torments than have been inflic ed upon our poor countrywomen. At Allahabad they have rivalled the atrocities of Delhi. I really cannot tell you the fearful cruelties these demons have been guilty of—cutting off the fingers and toes of little children, joint by joint, in sight of their parents, who were reserved for similar treatment afterwards."

A letter from an officer in the army at Allahabad, of June 23, says:

"You can have no idea of the awful weather and of our sufferings from the heat; we sit with wet clothes over our heads, but the deaths from sunstroke continue large. The dreadful scourge cholera has also broken out, and we have lost already seventy fighting men. We buried twenty, three nights ago at one furneral, and the shrieks of the dying, were something awful; two poor ladies who were living over the hospital died, I believe from fright. We have now got about 400 men outside the fort, and the disease is certainly on the decline.

"Up to to-day we have had little to eat, indeed, I would not have fed a dog with my yesterday's breakfast, but our mess and the head-quarters arrived yesterday, and our fare was much better to-day. All the village people ran away, and any one who had worked for the Eurapeans these murderers killed, so if the population was to a man against us, we should stand but a bad chance. A poor baker was found with both his hands cut off and his nose slit, because he had sent in bread to us."

At a large meeting held in London to take measures to relieve those who have suffered from the ravages of the mutineers in India, Judge Haliburton, formerly of Nova Scotia, said:

"I have no mawkish sensibility in my nature. I don't cry out 'Shame!' against the punishment of those wretches that have surpassed in cruelty all that history can produce. (Cheers.) I am myself by birth and by education a British subject—a native of North America, and I am conversant with the history of that country from its first discovery by Columbus to the present day. I have known the aborigines, and have read of their wars with the white man; but nothing in the whole history of British North American has equalled that which is recorded of the proceedings in India at this day.

All the tortures, all the violence of the red devils, as they may be called, of the American forest, are merely childish when compared with the outrages that are committed in India; therefore I trust, although there may not be blood-thirsty punishments, that the punishments will be adequate to the enormity of the crimes committed. (Cheers.) But that is not now the subject with which we have to deal. There are thousands of our fellow-creatures in distress, and an appeal is made to us for aid. (Hear, hear.) It is an appeal which I take upon myself, as a native of British North America, to say will be heartily responded to in that country."

### Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Flour is heavy; sales of 4,000 bbls; State $5.15a$5.35, Southern $5.50a$5.90; Ohio $5.65a$6.

Wheat is lower; sales of 12,000 bushels; white $1.35a$145; red $1.25a$1.32. Corn is heavy; sales of 17,000 bushels; mixed 70a71c.

Pork is lower; mess $25,75a$26. Beef is quiet; Chicago repacked $17.50a$18. Lard is steady and unchanged.

Whisky has slightly declined; Ohio 25 1-2c.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 11.—Cotton is depressed, but prices are nominal. Sales for the week, 1,000 bales.

Flour has declined 25a50c. Red wheat has declined—sales at $1.20a$1.25.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 11.—No sales of Flour reported to-day, and prices are nominal. Wheat—no offerings of prime; common to fair white, $1.-13a$1.26; red do. $1.00a$1.22. Corn—sales of white at 66c. Oats—sales at 30a33c; Rye 75 cts.—Reported by the Corn Exchange.

### MARRIED,

On the 2d instant, by the Rev. Mr. Boyle, at St. Patrick's Church, G. B. CANTATORE and SARAH M. WAGGAMAN.

On the 8th instant, by the Rev. William H. Chapman, HEZEKIAH PAYNE to Miss SARAH E. RIDGAWAY, both of Prince George's Co., Md.

At Port Tobacco, Md., on the 29th June last, by the Rev. Father Woodley, Mr. JAS. E. WELCH to Miss ANNE E. COX.

On the 10th instant, in Seventh Street Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Mr. Bittenger, PHILIP H. LINTON, formerly of Pennsylvania, to Miss MARTHA A., daughter of James Burch, Esq., of this city.

### DIED,

On the 9th instant, TABITHA, wife of Raphael Jones, in the 80th year of her age.

On the 9th instant, WILLIAM L. VOSS, in his 22d year.


**SIXTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,**

*Corner Maryland avenue and Sixth street, Island.*

REV. DR. HAMNER will preach to-morrow at 11 a. m. from the passage, "Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature—beginning at Jerusalem."

Service at 11 a. m. and 4 p. m:

*At Night*, there will be, in the Session-room, a social prayer-meeting—a conversational meeting—an exhortation.

"Then they that feared the Lord spake often one to another; and the Lord hearkened and heard it, and a book of remembrance was written before Him for them that feared the Lord and that thought upon His name. And they shall be mine, saith the Lord of Hosts, in that day when I make up my jewels; and I will spare them, as a man spareth his own son that serveth him."—MAL. iii., 16, 17.

AMERICAN MEETING!

THE FRIENDS OF THE CAUSE are invited to attend a BARBECUE, to be held at the Annapolis Junction, to-day, Saturday, September 12.

All the Candidates for State offices will be present to address the people.

Hon. H. Winter Davis is also expected to be present.

Round trip tickets, $1.

Cars leave the Depot at 3 1-2 a. m.

STRAY COW.—CAME TO MY PREMISES on the 5th inst., an old BRINDLE COW. The owner of said Cow will oblige me by coming forward, paying charges, and taking her away.

JAMES RALEY,
s9 3t* Spring Tavern.

T. G. CLAYTON,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS

And Agent for Inventors.

OFFICE, 489 SEVENTH STREET,

*Washington, D. C.*

Business connected with the Patent Office and the Courts attended to for Inventors. Charges moderate.

NEW FALL GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of FRENCH FLOWERS, at all Prices.

Beautiful Style DARK RIBANDS, suitable for the Season.

BONNETS, the latest patterns.
RUCHES, FRAMES, and TIPS.
FEATHERS, and all kinds of MILLINERY.
FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

WILLIAM P. SHEDD,
502 Eleventh Street.

GROCERY STORE,

Corner Maryland Avenue and Seventh St.,

ISLAND.

HAVING BOUGHT OUT THE STORE FORmerly kept by Mr. Robert T. Knight, I shall keep on hand a select assortment of FINE GROCERIES, comprising, among others, the following articles:

Sugars, such as crushed, clarified, pulverized, and brown; Teas, such as Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Black and Colony; Rio, Maracaibo and Java, roasted and ground, Coffees; Refined Syrup; Segars and Tobacco, various brands; Hams, Bacon, Flour, Liquors, Wines, Crockery, Wooden-ware, Hardware, Vegetables, Eggs, Butter, Nuts of various kinds, Horse Feed, &c., together with many other articles usually kept in a Grocery.

I would most respectfully ask those living on the Island, as well as the citizens generally, to call and examine for themselves, as they then will see that there is no necessity to go further, as I am determined not to be outdone, both as to prices and articles. Call therefore and examine, and you will find it to your advantage, for I intend to sell cheap for cash.

☞ Do not forget the store, 595, Maryland Av.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of all charge.

aug 8-tf JOHN F. B. PURSELL.

LAW NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ATTEND THE Circuit and Criminal Courts of this District, and the Court of Claims, and will promptly perform such professional duties as may be entrusted to his charge.

His office, at present, is at the southwest corner of Eleventh and "I" fronting New York avenue.

Au 14-tf V. ELLIS.

ELVANS & THOMPSON,

326 Penn. Av. between 9th and 10th Sts.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Dealers in Coach and Cabinet Hardware, Carriage Dry Goods, Bar Iron and Steel, Cutlery, &c., &c.

A well assorted stock of goods in their line of trade is offered to city and country consumers at low prices, for cash.

368 NINTH STREET 368

BAKERY, CONFECTIONERY,

AND

FRUIT STORE.

WM. HUTCHINSON,

*No. 368, on Ninth Street, between I and K,*

WANTS it generally understood, but particularly known, that fresh, sweet Bread, and Tea Biscuit, (every evening) Cakes and Pies of every description, fresh Fruits of the season, and Confectionery, generally, can at all times be had at his establishment at as reasonable prices, as any place in the city. He flatters himself that by his personal attention and knowledge of his business, to give entire satisfaction to all who may bestow on him their patronage.

Also, wanted, an Apprentice, a well grown boy preferred. au 5-3t

No. 405. No. 405.

JOSEPH F. HODGSON,

*Dealer in Stoves, Tin, and Britania Ware.*

Seventh Street between H and I.

HAS NOW AND ALWAYS KEEPS FOR SALE at the above place, a large variety of the best Cooking Stoves in the market, warranted to bake, or no charge.

He has a fine assortment of the following wares:—
Planished Tin Ware,
Block Tin and Britania Wares.
Tea Sets, Toilet Sets.
A large lot of Lamps, Britania, Globe, Brass, and Parlor Lamps.

ALSO

A general assortment of Tin Ware and Kitchen requisites.

He has also an excellent assortment of the best Preserving Kettles in the market, enameled Saucepans, &c., &c., which he will sell at low prices.

Call and examine for yourselves.

CARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY (August 3d) entered into partnership in the House Carpenters and Joiners business, and having erected a new and commodious shop in the rear of JACKSON HALL, between Third and Four-and-a-half streets, are prepared to contract for and perform all work in their line of business, either in city or country, with which their friends or the public may favor them, on accommodating terms with promptness and despatch. They respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.

GEORGE W. GARRETT & CO.

They have several houses and lots for sale in different parts of the city on accommodating terms.

G. W. GARRETT & CO.
Au 14-1m (Intel.)

AT COST.—HAVING DETERMINED TO confine our business exclusively to the coach and cabinet branch of the trade, (including Bar Iron and Steel,) we offer our present stock of BUILDING HARDWARE, CUTLERY, AGRICULTURAL GOODS, &c., &c., AT COST, to close out.

All such goods must positively be sold, and if not entirely closed out by the 15th of December will be disposed of at auction, to make room for another class of merchandize.

An examination of prices will convince purchasers that on such goods there is chance for a good investment.

With increased facilities in the branch of the trade to which we shall hereafter devote our attention, both as to quality and quantity, we solicit the increased patronage of consumers, in full confidence that prices will be satisfactory.

ELVANS & THOMPSON,
326 Pennsylvania ave., bet. 9th and 10th sts.
s9 1m

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY of the District of Columbia offers to the property owners of the District the cheapest and as safe means of insurance against loss by fire as any other company, as will appear by an examination of its principles.

The fact that all of the Insurance Companies of the District are declaring large dividends to their stockholders, at once shows the great profit on their premiums, and the consequent saving to persons insuring with this company.

The actual cost of insurance in this company the past year has been but nine cents on each $100 for first-class property, and on other property in proportion.

ULYSSES WARD, President.
CHARLES WILSON, Secretary.
MATHEW G. EMERY, Treasurer.

MANAGERS.

Ulysses Ward, Mathew G. Emery,
John Dickson, J. C. McKelden,
T. J. Magruder, John Costigan,
John Van Riswick.

Office adjoining (north) the Bank of Washington.

NEW HARDWARE STORE,

*No. 34, Centre Market Space, between Seventh and Eighth streets.*

JOHN W. BADEN RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends