

TARIFF BILL STANDS COMPLETED

Conferees' Report Signed at 4.55 P. M. Yesterday by the Republican Conferees

IT WILL GO TO THE HOUSE TODAY

Tomorrow the House Will Vote on it and on Monday Its Consideration Will Egin in the Senate—Conferees Surrender to the President's Views on Lumber and Gloves—Some Concessions Were Made.

Washington, July 29.—The Payne-Aldrich tariff bill tonight stands completed. An agreement on all disputed points was reached by certain conferees at 4.55 p. m. the conferees' report was signed by the republican conferees.

It will go to the house tomorrow and be voted on by that body on Saturday. The senate will begin consideration of the measure as agreed to by the conferees on Monday.

Conferees Surrender to Taft. Halted by the mandate of President Taft, the tariff conferees were compelled to turn back and revise their rates on lumber and gloves. In a communication to Senator Aldrich, the conferees demanded that the high rates on gloves as fixed by the house and the high rates on lumber as fixed by the senate should not be made a part of the conference report.

After struggling over these questions throughout the entire day, the conferees surrendered to the president's view and signed the report which will go to the house tomorrow at noon and will be ordered printed. The house may be called to meet at ten o'clock on Saturday, for it is the intention of the leaders that the report will be pushed through in one legislative day. Probably a week will be required to dispose of the conference report in the senate.

When the conferees fixed lumber and glove rates by shading very slightly the higher rates on each, they were so certain that the president would consent to the arrangement that notices were sent to the democratic members of the conference committee to be present at ten o'clock today to approve or disapprove of the conference report.

The president had other ideas of what the rates should be and he expressed them very forcibly in a letter. He said that lumber should not be more than \$1.25 per thousand feet for rough, with the differentials fixed by the senate on finished lumber. He declared also that the senate rates on gloves, which are the same as the Dingley rates and much less than the house rates, would have to be adopted in order to obtain his endorsement.

Not content with issuing an injunction against high rates on these articles, the president specified that hides must go on the free list and the house rates on boots, shoes and manufactures of leather reduced. He also specified that the Dingley duties on these articles should be maintained.

White House Communication to Conferees. It was not until after the democratic members had assembled that the White House communication was received at the conference chamber. Hurriedly opening the envelope, Senator Aldrich read the president'smissive and called on the republican conferees to an adjoining room. The contents of the letter were discussed at some length and it was decided that the minority should be informed that the conferees were not prepared to advance to a stage where it could be submitted to them for their judgment. Senator Daniel and Representative Griggs of Georgia exhibited some annoyance at having been called into session prematurely and the democratic majority had scented trouble for the majority and advised his associates to go in peace.

Minority Hold Little Conference of Their Own. After the democrats had reached the corridor outside the conference chamber, they held a little conference of their own. The republicans were criticized, but Senator Bailey again came to their defence by calling attention to the fact that if the democrats were in power and were charged with the responsibility of making a tariff bill, they would not be so ready to concede to the republicans. The minority was further mollified by Representative Champ Clark being called back to the chamber. He was given a copy of the bill as the conferees intended to report it, except for the schedules discussed by the president in his letter. The democrats then went into session.

Not Disposed to Delay Proceedings. The minority members were in the conference chamber less than an hour. At the outset, Representative Griggs, speaking for his associates, said that they were not disposed to delay proceedings. He suggested that if the republicans would consent to put cotton bagging on the free list they would show the utmost cordiality in supporting the conference report to a vote. Many of the conferees were disposed to grant this request, but Representative McCall of Massachusetts protested vigorously on the ground that it would injure the manufacturers in his state which turn out cotton bagging. So emphatic were his objections that it was seen that agreement would be delayed if such action were attempted.

Scurrying to Get a Final Word. The republicans continued in session after the democrats left the chamber. There followed one of the busiest scenes witnessed about the corridors of the senate office building during the three weeks the debate has been in conference. Scurrying to and from the chamber were senators and members of the house vying with representatives of special interests to get a word with the conferees. Late in the day, Representatives Fordney and Calderhead went to the White House and from there to the office of Speaker Cannon and then back to the conference chamber.

Capitulation of Speaker Cannon. Later they conferred with a number of northwestern senators who were interested in the lumber question. After their activities without the conference room Speaker Cannon was seen hurrying down the main corridor. The door to the conference room was thrown open and he was permitted to enter without delay.

Speaker Cannon has been one of the chief supporters of the House rates on gloves. He said he believed these rates were necessary to stimulate manufactures in women's gloves.

When the speaker concluded his visit to the conference chamber he hurried down the corridor without stopping. One of the waiting newspaper correspondents asked him if the conferees had finished.

"I am not a member of the conferees' committee. How do I know?" responded the speaker. His reply, however, was garnished with certain emphatic expressions which gave it considerable weight. The speaker wore the unmistakable air of a man who had capitulated before a superior force.

There was no opportunity to compromise on gloves. The president said the figures named by the senate bill, which are the same as the existing duties except for the fact that alpaca and mohair gloves were reduced by the senate from \$1.75 a dozen to \$1.25.

Some Concessions on Lumber. On lumber some concessions were made in spite of the fact that the president's instructions were complied with to the letter. Round lumber was made dutiable at \$1.25 per thousand feet; finished on one side, \$1.75; finished on two sides or one side planed and tongued and grooved, \$2.15; finished on three sides, \$2.53 1/2, and finished on four sides, \$2.90.

To consolidate Senators Piles and Jones, the conferees adopted the senate rate of 50 cents a thousand on shingles instead of the house rate of 30 cents.

Rate on Pig Lead in Bars Restored. In order to obtain the support of Senator Heyburn, the industries of whose state had been assailed through the abolition of the duty on pig lead, the reduction in the duty on lumber and the reduction in the differential on pig lead in bars, the latter schedule was reconsidered. The senate fixed the rate on pig lead at 2 1/2 cents per pound, but this was reduced in the conference to 2 cents. In view of the dissatisfaction of the Idaho senators, this subject was reopened today and a rate of 2 1/2 cents a pound on pig lead in bars was restored.

Concession to the Cattle Industry. In view of the action of the conferees in putting hides on the free list, a concession also was made to the cattle industry today by taking tallow off the free list, where it had been placed by the conferees, and restoring it to the dutiable list. Tallow had been put on the free list by the house, but the action of the conferees today makes it dutiable at 2 1/2 cent per pound.

The Rates on Hosiery. The rates on hosiery were fixed by increases of about 20 per cent. Grades valued at \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 a dozen pairs. This is an increase over existing rates, but a material decrease from the advances made by the house. On all other values of hosiery the Dingley rate, which had been re-imposed by the senate, were retained.

When their session adjourned tonight it was announced that the experts had proceeded far enough to show that the new bill will be an increase of from 1 to 3 per cent, over the all valorem of the Dingley law. It is understood that in reaching this conclusion the experts did not take into consideration transfers of articles from the dutiable to the free list, which the republican conferees say would reduce the average valorem considerably below those of existing law.

PUBLIC UTILITIES CHANCES GROWING LESS AND LESS. If Any Bill Passes It Will Be the Bannum Bill.

Hartford, July 29.—The chances of any public utilities commission legislation passing at this juncture are growing less and less. If any bill passes, it will be the Bannum bill, but that this measure, even in an amended form, will pass the house, is very doubtful. Nothing more radical will pass the senate under any conditions and the likelihood of an agreement between the two houses is disappearing, if it ever existed.

In the feeling of the senate is that there is no public demand for any bill at all at this time and that this talk of being under an obligation on the part of the republican party to pass one amount to very little, while one or two business men's associations with active press agents are making any stir whatever in favor of a commission of any kind and they don't know what they want. On the other hand, those who favor a commission in the house are in favor of the minority bill from the special committee, but not in its entirety; they want to amend it and nearly every man has a different amendment he wishes to tack on.

It is certain that the senate will agree with the house on nothing except the Bannum bill. Just as it is, and it is almost certain that the house passes it will be a hedge-podge which looks a good deal like the minority bill than the other, in which case there can be no agreement between the houses. Unless these conditions change, there are many numbers who have come to the point where they believe that it is better to let the whole matter drop than to ask them to vote for something which they do not wholly approve of. A motion to indefinitely postpone in the house would get many votes.

INCOME TAX AMENDMENT TRANSMITTED TO SENATE. Received by Governor Weeks from the Department of State at Washington.

Hartford, July 29.—In the senate today Executive Clerk Post presented a communication from Governor Weeks, enclosing a communication from the department of state, presenting the amendment to the federal revenue act in relation to the authority of congress to lay an income tax. The amendment passed by congress reads as follows: "Article XXV.—The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several states, and without regard to any clause of enumeration."

On the motion of Senator Penn the communication was referred to the committee on federal relations.

Death of General Henry C. Worthington. Washington, July 29.—General Henry C. Worthington, formerly member of the California legislature, delegate in congress from Nevada, diplomat and artist, died at the Garfield hospital here today from cerebral hemorrhage. He was 61 years old.

Cabled Paragarm

Berlin, July 29.—Samuel Gombosi, president of the American Federation of Labor, arrived here today to study labor conditions.

FORCES IN MOROCCO IN DANGER OF ANNIHILATION.

75,000 TROOPS NEEDED To Overcome the Rif Tribesmen, Who Are Fighting at the Very Walls of the City of Melilla.

Madrid, July 29.—Spain tonight is rent by two fears—the fate of the army in Morocco and the situation in the Mediterranean provinces in Catalonia. At the outbreak of Melilla the Spanish army has suffered a serious check. Three thousand soldiers have either been slain or wounded and the Moorish hordes are fighting at the very walls of the city itself.

Moors' Revolutions Using Bombs. News from Barcelona, the center of the Voluntary militia, is meagre and unsatisfactory. From Lisbon comes the report that the revolutionists are using bombs and that one hundred persons were killed and two hundred wounded during the earlier stages of the conflict.

Moorish Forces Strengthened. Premier Maura's announcement that the situation in Barcelona showed a little improvement and a word from Melilla that the Moors were retreating from it, gave Spanish troops a certain general quietude. The Moorish forces, however, have been strengthened by the arrival of 5,000 additional troops and the official judgment that the 12,000 Spanish troops are needed to overcome the tribesmen would indicate that the Melilla army of Spain is in sore straits.

Insurrectionary Outbreaks in Spain. Insurrectionary outbreaks are reported from many points in Spain. At Granollers two consents have been burned while at Casanovestiva the civil guard was disbanded and imprisoned in the barracks. The revolutionists are active at Llanes and Figueras, where the railroads have been damaged. Financial institutions are sending their funds across the frontier.

RETURN A PRISONER. Adventurer Bailey Arrives in New York Homeless and Penniless.

New York, July 29.—Homeless and penniless, Francis G. Bailey, the ambitious adventurer who sailed to Honduras about a year ago with the steamship Goldsboro, leaving a string of creditors behind, arrived in New York tonight in charge of detectives and was locked up at police headquarters.

WOMAN SUPERINTENDENT. Mrs. E. F. Young Head of the Chicago Public School System.

Chicago, July 29.—The superintendency of Chicago's great school system has been given into the hands of a woman for the first time in its history. Mrs. Ella F. Young, principal of the Chicago normal school since 1905, and an educator of national reputation, was chosen tonight by the newly organized board of education as head of the public schools in this state.

OBITUARY. Charles L. Dean. Malden, Mass., July 29.—Death came to former State Senator Charles L. Dean at the Malden hospital tonight, in a room adjoining that in which his wife had lain for a week. A relapse from a long illness, which was largely responsible for his demise, Mrs. Dean's condition is not serious, but the news of her husband's death was a shock to her.

Schooner L. C. Chaples Stranded on Hell Gate Rocks. New York, July 29.—The swift tide in Hell Gate swung the schooner Lois C. Chaples abruptly around, snapped the hawser of her tow and she drifted in midstream, as she was bound in from New Haven today. The tug towing her had another tow at the time and could not go to her assistance. As the tide continued to ebb, the schooner listed heavily and barely escaped capsizing. A crew of eight men was aboard the Chaples, but no one was injured. Tugs were trying to pull the schooner into deep water tonight.

Sale of Cigarettes to Sailors of Schroeder's Fleet Prohibited. Provincetown, Mass., July 29.—With the exception of the battleships Ohio and Virginia, all the vessels of Rear Admiral Schroeder's fleet were at sea tonight after a day spent in various evolutions.

Artist John R. Tait Found Dead. Baltimore, July 29.—John R. Tait, ranking high as an artist and a critic, was found dead today at the foot of a flight of steps in his home, in West Linnvale street. Whether he died from the effects of the fall or suffered a stroke of apoplexy has not yet been determined. Mr. Tait was 74 years old. He was the art critic of two New York newspapers and a frequent contributor to magazines.

French Monoplane in Hudson-Fulton Celebration. New York, July 29.—Louis Bleriot, the first man to cross the English channel in an aeroplane, has cabled his American representative here that he will enter a monoplane in the flight to be held here next fall for a \$10,000 cash prize, during the Hudson-Fulton celebration.

\$60,000 Lumber Yard Fire. Doylestown, Pa., July 29.—Chalfonte, a lumber yard here, was destroyed by a fire, which caused damage estimated at \$60,000. The flames started in a lumber shed.

Condensed Telegrams

Chelera, Cienfuegos and Vitrook, Russia, ferry taken, appearing daily.

Too Squally For Aeroplane

Washington, July 29.—A squally wind caused another postponement of the ten-mile official speed trial of Orville Wright's aeroplane tonight. It had been announced that Wright would make the test after sundown if weather permitted and at 5 o'clock a large crowd had gathered at Fort Myer. Until word came from the Alexandria end of the course at 7 o'clock that a strong wind was blowing there, Orville Wright seemed determined to make the trial.

Another Disappointed Crowd at Fort Myer. The aeroplane was wheeled across the field and placed on the starting rail. The motor was tried out for a final test and the crowd applauded. A little later, however, they saw the signal corps men trundle the aeroplane back to the shed. The spectators seemed good natured in the face of the postponement. They have become used to postponements at Fort Myer.

Speed Flight Called Off. For the Day—Wright Brothers Intended to Make a Ten-Mile Official Flight Last Evening.

President Taft Wired His Condolences to Mrs. Leopold Markbreit on the death of Mr. Markbreit.

M. Bleriot, the successful channel aviator, was given an enthusiastic reception when he returned to Paris.

George Delling, a giant who arrived in New York from Europe, drank the contents of a three-quart stein of beer at one sitting.

The World's Alliance of Young Men's Christian associations opened its seventh annual conference at Barmen-Eberfeld, Germany.

Mrs. Thomas Appleton of Seattle, Wash., has been arrested on the complaint of the proprietor of a hotel at Geneva for failure to pay a \$500 bill.

Mrs. Gordon Hoyland, her daughter, Miss Clara Hoyt, were drowned at Snug Harbor, N. Y., while the mother was attempting to rescue her daughter.

Secretary of War Dickinson left Washington for Belle Meade, his country home, near Nashville, to see his son, Capt. Overton Dickinson, who is seriously ill.

Theodore Hauer, the merchant who was arrested at Mexico two days ago charged with organizing a Castro plot to overthrow President Gomez, is a German subject.

Giovanni Zaccaria, the Italian murderer of Danbury, Conn., was the fourth man connected with the mysterious murder in New York in 1903 to meet a violent death.

CHICAGO'S TORRID WEATHER BROKEN BY ELECTRICAL STORM. Great Damage to Buildings in the City—Deaths by Lightning.

Chicago, July 29.—Two days of torrid weather in this city were broken shortly after noon today by an electrical storm which brought temporary relief. Several deaths resulted either from the storm or the great heat. Thousands of dollars' worth of damage was done to buildings in the city. A maximum temperature of 92 degrees was reached. This swung down to 77 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and back to 84 by 6 o'clock.

Clad Hanson, a truck driver, was struck by lightning and killed instantly while trying to escape the rain.

Thomas Madoney, a butcher, fell down on the sidewalk in front of his shop.

Virginia Republicans

William P. Kent of Wythe Nominated by Acclamation for Governor.

Willing to Race With Wrights Under the Seattle Conditions

Paris, July 29.—Louis Bleriot, the French aviator, who successfully flew across the English channel in his monoplane last Sunday, appeared greatly pleased when informed this afternoon that the officers of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition had offered a purse of \$25,000 for an aeroplane race between him and the Wright brothers.

Blown Up by Black Handers. Dynamite Destroys Front of Italian Store in Hazleton, Pa.

Hazleton, Pa., July 29.—The entire front of the store of James Antinuzzi, an Italian merchant here, was blown up early today with dynamite.

Japanese Royalty Coming. Prince and Princess Kuni May Attend Hudson-Fulton Celebration.

Tokyo, July 29.—Japan will be represented by royalty at the tri-centennial of the discovery of the Hudson river, according to the belief current here. The Japanese court will probably be represented by Prince and Princess Kuni, who are now touring Europe. The couple will leave London for New York on August 25.

Trumbull Man Dead at 93. Trumbull, Conn., July 29.—George Hawley, aged 93, one of the oldest residents of this vicinity, died at his home here today after a short illness. He had been unusually strong and active and youthful appearing up to a short time ago. He was a bachelor, his nearest relatives being a nephew and niece, with whom he lived here.

Steel Car and Foundry Co. Bought in Baltimore. July 29.—The plant of the South Baltimore Steel Car and Foundry company was bought in by the reorganization committee of creditors yesterday for \$340,000. The company will be reorganized with a capital of \$1,500,000.

\$10,000 Fire in Ohio Town. Lima, O., July 29.—Fire, which for a time threatened to burn the business section of Harrods, ten miles east of here, destroyed the central hotel and several residences tonight. The loss is \$10,000.

Alabama General Prohibition. Montgomery, Ala., July 29.—The general prohibition bill was reported favorably to the house today.

Dead Body Identified. Hartford, Conn., July 29.—The body of the man struck by a Valley train in the tunnel today was identified tonight as that of Thomas J. Peby, though his residence is not known. Peby received a fractured skull and died in the hospital.

Steamship Arrivals. At Naples: July 30, Roma, from New York. At Trieste: July 30, Argentina, from New York.

Chicago Woman Killed in Automobile Accident. Chicago, July 29.—Mrs. Parker Winfield Kerr of this city, wife of a salesman for a woolen mills company, was killed tonight in an automobile accident near Libertyville, Ill. W. S. Mills, a tailor, who was driving the machine, was seriously injured. In turning a corner the machine skidded and instead of putting on the brakes or low speed Mills by accident touched the accelerator and the machine gave a great jump and turned turtle in the ditch.

Glidden Cars in Kansas. Salina, Kan., July 29.—Without meeting with a single accident on the two hundred mile trip from Oakley to Salina, the forty-two cars in the Glidden tour reached here tonight. The cars will start for Kansas City tomorrow at 6.30.

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