

BOOKKEEPER COLEMAN MISSING

National City Bank of Cambridge, Mass., Looted of \$114,000—Coleman Was Known as a "Liberal Spender"—Last Heard From in Kansas City.

Boston, Feb. 23.—Following the discovery that the National City Bank of Cambridge had been looted of \$114,000, the doors of the institution were closed today, probably forever, by National Bank Examiner Ellis S. Pepper, acting in behalf of the controller of the currency. Six hours after this action had been taken a warrant was issued for the arrest of George W. Coleman, the young bookkeeper of the bank, who was last heard from in Kansas City a few days ago. Coleman is charged with embezzling the funds of the bank. The institution is insolvent, the capital stock having been wiped out by the defalcation. Among the stockholders is Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard college.

Under the national banking laws, the stockholders are liable to assessment if the assets are not sufficient to pay the creditors in full. Bookkeeper Coleman is 27 years of age and is the son of a prominent Cambridge business man. He is unmarried. Coleman is treasurer of the Boston branch of the Kissel Car company, a St. Louis automobile concern. It is said that he had little of the company's money at any time. So far as known the company has lost nothing. Coleman maintained two touring cars and a kennel of dogs and was regarded as a "liberal spender." Bank Examiner Pepper was appointed receiver of the Psychon National bank of Springfield when it was closed in 1901.

THE HANDLING OF OYSTERS FOR INTERSTATE SHIPMENT

Hearing March 2d Before Dr. Wiley—Connecticut Interested.

(Special to The Bulletin.)

Washington, Feb. 23.—There will be a hearing before Dr. Wiley, chief of the division of chemistry of the agricultural department, on March 2, on the subject of handling oysters for interstate shipment, and the oystermen from along the Atlantic coast are expected to be present to protest against the rulings of the department. Some time ago Secretary Wilson promised Congressman Hill that an inspector should be sent to Connecticut to educate the oyster shippers in the workings of the law relating to oysters, but it is thought that the inspectors have secured "cultures" and sent them to the department, where they have been found unfit for food, according to the departmental standard. This conclusion will, of course, be fought by the shippers, and the Connecticut members of congress will be asked to lend a hand.

BUILT BY NEGRO LABOR WITH NEGRO CAPITAL

North Carolina Hosiery Mill to Be Operated Entirely by Negroes.

Durham, N. C., Feb. 23.—Within the next few weeks a hosiery mill built by negro labor with negro capital is to be operated entirely by negro skill, will open business here with a capitalization of \$50,000. Most of the capital has been supplied by John Merrick, a negro who began life as a barber, and R. B. Fitzgerald, reputed to be the richest negro in South Carolina. He began life making bricks.

The factory has been built by the negro people for an hour today, Durham. It was designed by a negro architect and all the work upon it was done by negroes. The building is owned by a negro insurance company, and the erecting company will be composed largely of the same men. Hosiery will be the sole output. The mill will begin on a small basis and operate at the start only ten machines.

HEARD MRS. GLOVER THREATEN TO BUY A REVOLVER

In Order to Kill Her Husband, the Murdered Laundryman.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 23.—The declaration by a woman witness that she had heard Mrs. Lillian M. Glover threaten to buy a revolver in order to kill her husband, marked the hearing today in the objections to the probate of the will of Clarence F. Glover of Waltham, for whose murder Miss Hatfield Leland is now awaiting trial. The witness was Mrs. Katie Sampson of Auburndale, a "half" aunt of Miss Leland. Mrs. Sampson knew of the relations between Mr. and Mrs. Glover and said that they were not pleasant.

PRESIDED OVER SENATE

Venerable Senator from Mississippi Celebrates His Last Official Day.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Colonel Gordon, the venerable senator from Mississippi, celebrated his last official day in the senate by presiding over that body for an hour today, while Senator Brown of Nebraska was delivering his speech on the income tax. While not entirely conversant with all the intricacies of senatorial procedure, the veteran Mississippian contrived, with the aid of a written guide, to discharge the functions of the office in a satisfactory manner.

During the delivery of Mr. Brown's speech Colonel Gordon's attention was apparently concentrated quite as much upon some notes upon his desk as upon the senator's remarks and it was rumored about the senate afterwards that he had given expression to his meditations in the form of some verses at the expense of his western colleague.

SECOND TRIAL, ELECTRIC CHAIR

E. F. McGrath Got Life Imprisonment on First Trial.

New York, Feb. 23.—It would have been better for Edward F. McGrath, laborer, if he had not had a second trial. A jury today convicted him of murder in the first degree and he will go to the electric chair. At his first trial, two weeks ago, the verdict was murder in the second degree, which means life imprisonment. But as is the usual custom, McGrath's counsel made a motion for a new trial and Justice Gott unhesitatingly granted it. He refused to entertain such a motion after the second conviction today. The prisoner was convicted of the murder of Benjamin Rose, a man with whom he roomed in Rochester of last year. Robbery was the motive.

Bridge Across the Connecticut at Old Lyme.

(Special to The Bulletin.) Washington, Feb. 23.—The bill authorizing the building of a bridge across the Connecticut river at Old Lyme, which passed the senate last week, was taken up in the house yesterday and passed just as it came from the senate.

As soon as the president signs the bill the secretary of the bridge commission, Senator Day of Saybrook, is expected down here to lay the plans of the commission before the war department for the approval of the secretary of war. Under the law the bridge must be commenced within one year and completed within three years after the passage of the act authorizing it.

Prominent Connecticut Politicians in Washington.

(Special to The Bulletin.) Washington, Feb. 23.—Quite a number of prominent politicians from Connecticut are in this city at present. Four are from Windham county—Sheriff Fred B. Sibley, Judge Harry E. Back and Representative Edwin H. Keach of Killingly former Representative George A. Hammond of Putnam, State Chairman Kenesaw of Stamford and Railroad Commissioner Andrew E. Gates of Hartford. They were at the capitol yesterday in consultation with the delegation. The object of their visit was not divulged.

ANOTHER EXPULSION FROM NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

For Connection With the Recent Hocking Pool Incident.

New York, Feb. 23.—Clifford M. Washburn, board member of the defunct house of J. M. Fiske & Co. was adjudged guilty of "reckless and unbusinesslike dealings" for his firm's connection with the Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron pools by the governors of the New York stock exchange today and declared ineligible for reinstatement. The is tantamount to expulsion of the firm and is the same action as taken by the governors last week in the case of Henry S. Haskins, board member of the firm of Lathrop, Haskins & Co., who were the managers of the pools.

While no official statement was made, it is understood that the case of several other members of the exchange who were parties to the manipulation of the same stock are yet to be dealt with.

The firm of J. M. Fiske & Co. was organized in 1900. Its members, besides Mr. Washburn, are Josiah M. Fiske, Arthur C. Sherwood and Dudley T. Humphrey.

Counsel for J. M. Fiske & Co. issued a statement tonight, in part as follows:

"The action of the governors of the stock exchange comes as a great surprise, and we cannot but feel the decision to be unjust and unwarranted by the actual facts. The night before the failure the capital was more than \$250,000 over and above all liabilities. If a 75 point break in Hocking, occurring as it did in a few hours, can be considered an ordinary occurrence, which a firm should guard against, then there might be some foundation for the charge, but a movement of this sort is something that no firm can be expected to guard against."

The firm denies that it was in any way responsible for the break in the stock, and concludes:

"We feel that the present agitation against the stock exchange at Albany may have had some influence on the severity of the penalty meted out to us in an attempt on the part of the stock exchange authorities to show how vigorously they enforce any break of their rules."

SO-CALLED MILK TRUST INDICTED IN NEW YORK

Blanket Indictment Naming Eight Directors of the Consolidated Milk Exchange.

New York, Feb. 23.—The milk trust, so-called, was indicted in New York today. After a grand jury investigation, lasting weeks, a blanket indictment was handed down in the criminal branch of the state supreme court late today, naming eight of the directors of the Consolidated Milk Exchange, a New Jersey corporation, and charging that they met on June 29, 1909, at No. 4 Harrison street, New York, to fix the price of milk and to conspire together and with others to fix the wholesale price of milk and did fix it at \$1.41 for a forty quart can of milk.

The Penalty.

One year in prison and a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both, is the penalty for each offense, which is classed as a misdemeanor by the consolidated laws of the state, generally referred to as the general business laws. An additional fine may be imposed on the corporation upon conviction.

Bench Warrants Issued.

Bench warrants were issued for the eight directors. They are: Walter R. Canford, president of the Robert Reid Ice Cream company, a director of the City Actua National bank, the Delaware Consolidated Milk company and several other corporations; Thomas O. Smith, of Thomas Smith & Sons; Frederick B. Sellen, a milk dealer of Newark, N. J.; Daniel Bailey, a milk producer; John A. McBride, a dealer of Sussex, N. J.; Henry F. Huntmann, of the Standard Dairy company; James A. Howell, of the Howell-Demarest Dairy company; George Slaughter, of the R. F. Stevens Dairy company.

Nine Other Directors Escaped.

Nine other directors of the exchange escaped indictment, having earned immunity by testifying before the grand jury and before the state inquiry into the milk trade, which is still in progress.

The Consolidated Milk Exchange was formed under the laws of New Jersey soon after the supreme court of this state annulled the charter of the old Milk Exchange, limited, in 1895.

The First Specific Results.

Today's indictments are the first specific results obtained by the state since it began its investigation of the milk trade in Greater New York. A commissioner appointed by the attorney general's office has been holding hearings on the matter at which such important evidence was obtained as to warrant it being laid before the grand jury. After returning the indictments the grand jury will continue its sittings to consider further evidence in the hands of the district attorney.

KIDNEY AND BLADDER MISERY ENDED

Even the Most Severe Backache Vanishes and Your Out-of-Order Kidneys Act Fine After Taking Just a Few Doses of Pape's Diuretic—Harmless Though Effective.

Out-of-order kidneys act fine and backache or bladder misery is relieved after a few doses of Pape's Diuretic. Pains in the back, sides or loins, rheumatic twinges, debilitating headache, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness, inflamed or swollen eyelids, worn-out feeling and many other symptoms of clogged, inactive kidneys simply vanish. Frequent, painful and uncontrollable urination due to a weak or irritable bladder is promptly overcome. The moment you suspect any kidney, bladder or urinary disorder, or feel rheumatism coming, begin taking this harmless remedy, with the knowledge that there is no other medicine, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which will effect so thorough and prompt a cure as a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic, which any druggist can supply. This unusual preparation goes direct to the out-of-order kidneys, bladder and urinary system, cleaning, healing and strengthening these organs and glands, and completes the cure before you realize it. A few days' treatment with Pape's Diuretic means clean, active, healthy kidneys, bladder and urinary organs—and you feel fine.

TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA

MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS ONE SIZE ONLY. 50¢ A BOTTLE

WEDDING

Wheeler—Tillinghast. The marriage of George I. Wheeler, Jr., and Miss Annie E. Tillinghast, both of South Canterbury, took place Thursday morning, Feb. 17, at Canterbury, Rev. George Clark, pastor of the Congregational church, performing the ceremony. Miss Tillinghast is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Tillinghast of South Canterbury. After a wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Wheeler will reside in South Canterbury, where Mr. Wheeler is employed as R. F. D. carrier.

Body of Late Father Sheridan Lies in State Awaiting Burial.

Naugatuck, Conn., Feb. 23.—The offices of the dead were chanted this evening at St. Francis' Roman Catholic church, where the body of the late pastor lies in state awaiting burial. Following the service, the guard of honor, composed of members of the various Catholic societies here, resumed its watch, which will be continued until tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock, when the women of the local sodalities will again act as guard of honor.

\$30,000 for Thaw's Creditors.

Pittsburg, Feb. 23.—The first and partial account of Roger O'Mara, trustee in bankruptcy for Harry Kendall Thaw, now confined in the Mattewan hospital for the criminal insane, New York state, was filed with Referee Blair today. After all items of expenses are deducted Mr. O'Mara states that thirty thousand dollars remain for distribution to Thaw's creditors. A meeting of creditors will be held here March 8.

Fishguard promises to supplant Queenstown as a stopping place for transatlantic passenger vessels.

"We feel that the present agitation against the stock exchange at Albany may have had some influence on the severity of the penalty meted out to us in an attempt on the part of the stock exchange authorities to show how vigorously they enforce any break of their rules."

Not in any Milk Trust The Original and Genuine HORLICK'S MALTED MILK The Food-drink for All Ages. At restaurants, hotels and fountains. Delicious, invigorating and sustaining. Keep it on your sideboard at home. Don't travel without it. A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S. Others are imitations.

Building ARE YOU THINKING OF DOING THIS? If so you should consult with me and get prices for same. Excellent work at reasonable prices. C. M. WILLIAMS, General Contractor and Builder, 218 MAIN STREET. Phone 270. Jan17d

Stirring Up Business has been forced upon us by the pressure of public approval. Because we know how to buy and to sell goods so satisfactorily that they absolutely fly off our premises. Just our stirring way of keeping WINES and LIQUORS up to the mark. We expect to stir harder than ever soon, because of the extra good value of our new stock. Come in before the cream's off the top.

Geo. Greenberger, 47 Franklin Street, Norwich, Conn. Telephone 812. feb1d



Stirring Up Business has been forced upon us by the pressure of public approval. Because we know how to buy and to sell goods so satisfactorily that they absolutely fly off our premises. Just our stirring way of keeping WINES and LIQUORS up to the mark. We expect to stir harder than ever soon, because of the extra good value of our new stock. Come in before the cream's off the top.

Geo. Greenberger, 47 Franklin Street, Norwich, Conn. Telephone 812. feb1d

Take the Post-Office Out of Politics

In attempting to charge up the deficit in his Department against the magazines the Postmaster-General has done the country a genuine, even if an unintentional, service. He has drawn attention to the necessity for a thorough reorganization of the Postal Department. He has emphasized the importance of taking the Post-Office out of politics for all time.

The Fifty-ninth Congress authorized an investigation of postal affairs, and a joint commission, headed by Senator Penrose and Representative Overstreet, made a thorough investigation of the whole subject. As a result, the Overstreet bill, which contains many excellent recommendations, was presented. It is not from guesswork that we have concluded that the Department is in need of radical reorganization, but from the official reports of this Joint Congressional Postal Commission and of the disinterested accountants hired by it to investigate the business methods of the Department. We quote from these reports, remembering that the findings and criticisms are not ours, but those of a Congressional Commission and its authorized agents. First read these recommendations from the preliminary report of the Joint Postal Commission, in this week's number of

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST



Then read these extracts from the report of the public accountants employed by the Joint Commission:

"The service has grown from small beginnings over a long period of years, hampered by restrictive laws which may have been necessary in the past and may even now be considered necessary to some extent for a Government department, but which would render it practically impossible for any private business to survive. "The general absence of any efficient methods of accounting has been brought to light by the inquiry carried out by the Joint Commission on second-class mail matter. This report was referred to Congress on January 30, 1907, and our investigation has confirmed the impression gathered from the study of it, that the whole of these methods are crude in the extreme and such as no private business concern or corporation could follow without the certainty of loss, if not of financial disaster."

There are half-a-dozen more of these extracts on the Editorial page of this week's issue of THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

In the Joint Postal Commission's report of 1907 we find:

"As an indication of the views at present entertained it is proper to say that the commission is profoundly impressed with the wisdom of the accountant's report in recommending the following: "That the actual direction of the business of the Post-Office Department and postal service be committed to an officer with necessary assistants to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for long terms, so as to insure the continuity of efficient service, and that the Postmaster-General, as a member of the Cabinet, be chargeable only with general supervisory control and the determination of questions of policy."

We ask Congress to give us a Director of Posts—as recommended by the Joint Congressional Committee of 1907, an officer who shall be non-political, and whose term of service shall not be subject to political changes, and who shall conduct the workings of the Post-Office Department with the efficiency, economy and businesslike methods which distinguish high-class American business enterprise.

The Curtis Publishing Company Philadelphia, Pennsylvania