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The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City Population

ROOSEVELT PROMISES MILLENNIUM

"Everything Is Going to Heaven When He Gets Into Office," Says Taft in Ohio Speech.

HOW WILL COUNTRY GET ALONG WITHOUT HIM

Ex-President Subjected to Severest Arraignment of This Campaign By The President—"Likens Himself to Lincoln More and Resembles Him Less Than Any Man in The Country—Harmon Says Bryan Once Admired Him.

Steubenville, Ohio, May 13.—President Taft's first day in his final campaign tour of Ohio which came to an end with a speech here tonight was marked by the most pronounced assaults on Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, to which Mr. Taft so far has given public utterances. In speeches which were filled with indignant attack and with uncomplimentary adjectives, Mr. Taft discharged his oratory at his predecessor in the White House.

He started out upon his last canvass to urge the people of Ohio to support him at the primaries on May 21, at Marietta in a cold hard rain which kept up several hours but finally fled before the sun.

Crowds Large and Demonstrative

Late today when he spoke at Dennison, Uhrichsville, St. Clairsville, Bellaire and Bridgeport, the weather was fair and the crowds came out in summer attire.

At many points the president touched the steel manufacturing district of Ohio which his political advisers openly said was opposed to his renomination, but the crowds were large enough and frequently demonstrative enough to make his Ohio friends feel a bit optimistic.

Although in substance all of the dozen speeches the president made today were much like those he delivered in Massachusetts and Maryland they differed widely at times in the words used to score Mr. Roosevelt. These were unusual and piquant and gave his hearers opportunity for applause and laughter which seldom failed.

Claims He Is Necessary For The Job.

One of the attacks on Mr. Roosevelt which raised a laugh delivered at Dennison late today ran like this:

"I think it would be dangerous to put a man with Mr. Roosevelt's present constitutional views and with the intoxication he would necessarily feel by reason of getting something that all the great presidents have never gotten, it would not be safe to put him in the White House again.

"He says the reason the American people are going to elect him is because he is necessary to the job. That is the description he gives. Well, I hope the American people will not think that he is necessary for the job. I want to call your attention to what the job is which he proposes. It is the millenium that he is going to bring about when he gets into office. And bosses are going to disappear, politicians are going to be fewer, and he is going to have a finger in every community in every state, in every country and everything is going to Heaven.

How Would We Get Along if He Should Leave Us?

"If that be true the millenium is coming and that is the job he is to do. It is going to take longer than four years. I beg of you to ask him when he comes here whether he would take a fourth term, ask him whether he is going to take a fifth term and why he should not continue in office during his life."

Another sally which brought a response was made at Cambridge. Speaking there of the job Mr. Roosevelt said the people wanted him to do President Taft asked:

"Suppose Mr. Roosevelt were wafted to the skies in a chariot like the prophet of old and were to disappear from sight, how do you suppose this country would get along anyhow?

Resembles Lincoln Less Than Any Man in History.

"My friends, it is a dangerous thing to put in the White House a man for the third term with his views of the constitution and his views of himself. In every announcement he makes you would think he was the whole show and that there wasn't anybody else in the country. It's I, I, I, and therefore I say that if you feel that vanity and that egotism by giving him something that Washington did not get and Jefferson did not get and Jackson did not get and Grant could not get, you are going to put him in office with a sense of power and with a view of Constitutional restriction that will be dangerous to this country."

Mr. Taft compared Colonel Roosevelt and President Lincoln with a smile. "Mr. Roosevelt likens himself to Abraham Lincoln more and resembles him less than any man in the history of this country," he rmarked during the day.

An Accusatory and Libellous Campaign.

Mr. Taft called upon Roosevelt's backers to find one indictment if he had done wrong, asked for more facts and less "lurid headlines and lung power," and dubbed the campaign the former president was making against him "accusatory and libellous."

"Let Mr. Roosselt point out what thing I have done, or failed to do, under the influence of anybody, and then I will say that he has made a point, but while he continues merely in general denunciation to say that the bosses are all for me and all against me, I say he is conducting a campaign that is not worthy the man who has had the veneration, the respect and the honor put upon him by the American people."

HARMON ON STUMP.

Declares That in 1908 Bryan Had Him Slated for His Cabinet.

Wooster, Ohio, May 13.—Governor Judson Harmon of this state began his campaign in Ohio for the presidential nomination tonight with a reply to the attacks made on him by W. J. Bryan, who recently made a tour of the state. Mr. Harmon said that he was unanimously selected by the last state convention as Ohio's candidate for president, and that it was not self-seeking which put him before the country and subjected him to "the falsification and abuse which are disgracing American politics this year."

The governor said that the watchword adopted for the gubernatorial campaign was "Harmon has made good."

"But there were some who thought I had made too good," continued Mr. Harmon, "and to stave off political bankruptcy from a bipartisan combination I had to be beaten. The Commoner's mailing list was secured and three separate circulars sent out filled with falsehood and denunciation. They bore Mr. Bryan's picture and urged his friends to vote against me because my re-election would make me the candidate for president.

"I was re-elected by more than 100,000 majority, though Colonel Roosevelt and most of his cabinet came into the state to oppose me.

"It may be thought wiser to select some other candidate than myself at Baltimore. I would not if I could, interfere with the free choice of the convention. But if the unanimous action of the Dayton convention is to be reversed at the primary it will be heralded as a repudiation of my administration.

Aided Bryan in 1908.

"Now my opponents have brought Mr. Bryan and carried him around the state. He was reliably informed of the character and motives of the leading spirits in this rule or ruin movement, but seems not to care.

"Now, as to Mr. Bryan. What has caused the change of his attitude toward me?

"At the national convention of 1908 he offered to place me in nomination if I would have the Ohio delegation reconsider their decision not to have any name presented.

"In 1908 I constantly urged his election, declaring I would willingly be defeated for governor if it would help him. And during out joint campaign he repeatedly praised my efforts in his behalf and told many person he meant to offer me a place in his cabinet if he was elected.

"What Have I Done?"

"What have I done which leads him now to say I am not fit to be even a justice of the peace? He has stated not a single fact in my official record or elsewhere to justify his conduct, except that I repudiated the platform on the initiative and referendum. This is not true. I advocated before the joint caucus and signed when passed the bill authorizing resort to it in municipalities, which was all our constitution would permit. He says I am not a 'progressive,' but a 'reactionary.' This is merely calling names, and the last resort in a poor case. If 'progressiveness' means sincere and successful efforts to secure practical reforms in government, instead of mere talk, where has so much been accomplihhed as in Ohio during my administration?

"Mr. Bryan twits me with alleged disappointments in the selection of delegates in various state. Well, I would rather take a disappointment from my party in its nominations than inflict disappointment on it in the elections. Though I have five times been its candidate, I have never disappointed it yet.

Bryan Not Qualified to Pick a Winner.

"He says failure is certain if I am nominated. If the party thinks so, I shall be content. But I do not think Mr. Bryan, great as his abilities are in many directions, has shown himself qualified to pick a winner.

"Is Mr. Bryan really for the New Jersey governor? I do not recall a word he has said in his behalf. Is it because the governor never supported him, but wants him 'knocked into a cocked hat?' The people of Nebraska have instructed for the speaker. He cannot be for both. Is he really for either?"

Agree to Split Maryland Delegation.

Baltimore, May 13.—In an agreement reached late tonight at a conference between the leaders of the Roosevelt and Taft forces to split even on Maryland's delegation to the republican national convention, each side will have two delegates at large and eight district delegates—16 in all.

Taft Scores in Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., May 13.—Taft supporters scored the first victory in the fight for control of the republican state convention, which will meet here tomorrow, when tonight the state committee selected Foster V. Brown of Chattanooga as temporary chairman. Mr. Brown is an ardent Taft supporter. The committee was in session at a late hour tonight trying to straighten out numerous contests. Both Roosevelt and Taft men say they will control the convention.

VICTOR LOUIS MASON AND AVIATOR FISHER KILLED

American Was a Passenger in English Birdman's Machine.

London, May 13.—Victor Louis Mason, an American identified with extensive mining interests and at one time private secretary to the American ambassador, General R. A. Alger and his successor, Elihu Root, was killed today while making a flight at Brooklands with the English aviator, E. V. Fisher. Fisher also was killed by being pitched out of the machine when at a height of about 150 feet. Fisher was about to give an exhibition and picked Mr. Mason as a passenger from among the spectators. They circled the track once when, eye-witnesses say, the machine which was a monoplane, made an abrupt it wavered a moment and then fell straight to the earth. The sudden stoppage in the air shrew Fisher headlong from his seat. Mason was pinned beneath the wreckage which caught fire and was badly burned before being extricated. Physicians say that both men died almost immediately.

Victor Louis Mason lived in Passaic, N. J. His wife was Miss Daisy Comstock Simons of Washington.

One Cent Verdict Reversed.

New York, May 13.—A verdict of one cent damages given recently by the supreme court was reversed today by the appellate division in the suit brought by Henry W. Jessup against the United States Express company for alleged failure to deliver promptly a golf club addressed to him at Montrose, Pa. The suit was for $52.

Cabled Paragraphs

Tokio, May 13.—Great appreciation was expressed today by the emperor and empress of Japan of the resolution of the Red Cross conference at Washington, forwarded to them by President Taft.

Berlin, May 13.—The reichstag today adopted the anti-dueling resolution introduced on May 9 with an amendment drawn up by the socialist members providing that officers who refuse to accept a challenge to a duel shall not be dismissed from the army.

Manila, May 13.—A convention of supporters of Colonel Roosevelt today elected as contesting delegates to the Chicago convention Mr. Squires and Judge Waite, who are pledged to vote for Roosevelt or any other progressive candidate for nomination.

London, May 13.—A son of Prince Tuan, who was a prominent figure during the Boxer rising and was at one time heir apparent of the Chinese throne, has arrived in Peking, according to a news agency despatch received today from Tien Tsin.

Buenos Aires, Argentina, May 13.—Official advices received here from Asuncion, Paraguay, today confirm the victory on May 10 of the government troops over a large revolutionary force under the command of Col. Alvino Jara, former president of the republic. The revolution is now considered as over.

APPLEJACK EULOGIZED IN SENATE CHAMBER.

Promotes Happiness, Health and Longevity, Says Senator Martin.

Washington, May 13.—The good old elixir known as applejack was eulogized in the senate today by Senator Martin of New Jersey, and Senator Nelson of Minnesota was moved to make a few remarks about whiskey straight during consideration of the agricultural bill.

"You can always tell whether a man has taken whiskey straight or a whiskey blend by smelling his breath," declared Mr. Nelson.

He said he was opposed to determining so fine a point by gross scientific standards. Senator Martin thought the main point was being lost sight of.

"What difference does it make," he said, "if the whiskey is good. Pray God, what does it matter if the deliciousness and the delirium flavor are there? Come to the glorious commonwealth of New Jersey, where they brew rivers of an elixir known as applejack, whether colored or uncolored. It is rich in aroma, delirious as an intoxicant, promoting happiness, health and longevity. Why, Mr. President, after a couple of drinks of New Jersey applejack they would not be able to detect the colors in a rainbow. But, Mr. President, dismiss this question, and on the adjournment I invite you to come to New Jersey and see and taste and test for yourself. Come!"

The fun arose during debate on an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill recommending the purchase of a test to determine the coloring matter in whiskey. The amendment was voted down.

An amendment by Senator Crawford of South Dakota to appropriate $15,000 for a buffalo preserve at Wind Cave was adopted and consideration of the bill will be concluded tomorrow.

BAN ON DANCING AND CARDPLAYING REMAINS

Methodist Committee Rejects Proposition to Eliminate It.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 13.—Unless the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church overrules the action of the committee on state of the church, that part of the famous paragraph 260 of the church discipline which especially prohibits dancing, card playing and kindred amusements, will remain a law of the church.

By a vote of 100 to 51 the entire committee late today voted to reject the report by the majority of the subcommittee which favored the elimination of that portion of the paragraph and leaving the amusement question to the "conscience" of the individual member. Dr. James R. Day, chancellor of Syracuse University, Syracuse, N. Y., chairman of the subcommittee which favored striking out that section of the paragraph served notice on the committee that a minority report would be made to the conference.

ALLEN CASE MAY GET TO JURY TOMORROW.

Court Gives Instructions and Attorneys Begin Summing Up.

Wytheville, Va., May 13.—The jury in the Allen case was instructed by the court today on the law of murder, conspiracy and self defense, and attorneys on both sides began summing up the case. Floyd Allen, the first of the clansmen who on March 14 shot up the Hillsville court and killed five persons to be brought to trial, exhibited more interest than at any time since his ordeal began. The case can hardly go to the jury before Wednesday.

Four other members of the clan are now awaiting trial and upon the verdict of the jury in Floyd Allen's case probably rests the course of the state in the others. It has been the contention of the prosecution that the Allens hatched a conspiracy to shoot up the Carroll county court and came protected by metal breastplates. The defense has maintained that the shooting was started by the court officers, three of whom were killed in the affray, who had a feud on with the Allens.

OBITUARY.

Jonas M. Kilmer.

Binghamton, N. Y., May 13.—Jonas M. Kilmer died at his home here today following a long illness. Mr. Kilmer was president of the People's bank, a trustee of the Binghamton Savings bank, president of the Dr. Kilmer company and for several years president of the Binghamton Press company.

In 1878 he removed to this city and with his brother, Dr. S. A. Kilmer, engaged in the manufacture of medicines. He purchased his brother's interest in 1893 and became sole owner of the plant.

John Haley.

New Britain, Conn., May 13.—John Haley, who had been continuously in the blacksmithing business at one stand in this city for fifty two years, died tonight aged 73. He was a native of Stonington.

Boy Run Over By Freight Train.

Waterbury, May 13.—John Zouris, 11 years old, died at the Waterbury Hospital this evening from injuries incurred by being run over by a freight train near Plainville late this afternoon. The boy had been missing from his home here several days.

Bridgeport.—Four murder cases are scheduled for trial at the May term of the Bridgeport superior court.

For People to Elect Senators

HOUSE FAVORS THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT.

NOW GOES TO STATES

Must Be Ratified by Three-fourths of Them Before It Becomes Part of Constitution of United States.

Washington, May 13.—The house today adopted, 237 to 39, a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution to permit the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. It already had passed the senate and now goes to the states for ratification.

Opposed by Southern Democrats.

All that remains to be done is the formal signing of the instrument and the issuance of a proclamation to states to signify their wishes as to the proposed change.

The vote was preceded by a bitter fight in which the southern members made common cause against the resolution. Led by Representative Bartlett of Georgia, the Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana delegates strove to prevent its passage because of the senate amendment which gave the federal government supervision of the elections. They based their opposition almost entirely on the danger of negro domination.

No Republican Votes Against It.

The first vote taken was on an amendment by Representative Bartlett which took from the federal government all supervisory powers. It was defeated by a vote of 189 to 89. On the vote for the adoption of the resolution, two-thirds of the house being necessary, 50 democrats deserted.

There was not a single republican vote cast against the resolution, which was adopted to the accompaniment of thunderous applause.

Movement Started In 1826.

Direct election of senators was first taken up by congress in 1826. From time to time recurring attempts have been made to make the senate a popular body, and have its members elected as are the members of the house. Numbers of these resolutions have died in committee.

ONE TERM FOR PRESIDENT.

Committee Will Report Favorably Bill for Six Year Tenure.

Washington, May 13.—The United States senate judiciary committee today decided to report favorably the Works resolution restricting the presidential tenure of office to a single term of six years.

A minority report favoring a single term of four years also will be made from the committee. The reports are expected in a day or two.

There was no formal adoption of the measure as to its phraseology has not been worked out, but this will be undertaken immediately by a sub-committee.

It may be finally acted upon at a special meeting of the judiciary committee this week. In any event, it is to be reported immediately after the committee's regular meeting next Monday.

The committee is practically unanimous to make a president ineligible for a second term four years instead of six.

If congress adopts the change an amendment to the constitution will have to be ratified by three-fourths of the states.

CONFIDENT MADERO WILL BE OVERTHROWN

Gen. Orozco Not Dispirited in Consequence of Defeat.

At General Orozco's Headquarters, Jiminez, Mexico, May 12.—Although he conceded tonight his defeat in the battle before Conejos, General Pascual Orozco is by no means dispirited.

"The revolution has just begun," he said, "and we are confident that we will ultimately overthrow Madero for a just revolution will always triump.

General Orozco would not say how many men he lost, but he admitted that he had not heard from General Campa and General Artumegudo, whom he sent around to be west of Conejos with 2,500 men to flank the federals.

General Tellez of the federal army is believed to have engaged them and cut off their retreat.

General Orozco was at a loss to understand rumors in circulation today that he was killed.

grimly. Only skirmishing occurred today.

"Madero will find me very much day. The rebels chiefly occupied alive before many days," he said themselves in recovering from yesterday's fight.

TRIAL OF LAWYER DARROW THIS WEEK.

Counsel for McNamaras Accused of Jury Tampering.

Los Angeles, May 13.—Unless something unforeseen occurs, Clarence S. Darrow, the Chicago lawyer, will be placed on trial Wednesday for alleged jury tampering while chief counsel for the McNamara brothers, the confessed dynamiters. Mr. Darrow said today hew as eager to have the trial begin.

Th prosecution has subpoenaed forty local witnesses and completed other arrangements. Mr. Darrow will call about thirty witnesses. Judge George H. Hutton will preside. Outside of newspaper men only forty-one spectators will be allowed in the court room, as there is only seating capacity for that number.

Baby Injured by Runaway.

New Haven, Conn., May 13.—Lawrence, the 1 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Buro, is in a local hospital with injuries that may cause death, as a result of a peculiar accident this afternoon. The mother was standing in front of her home, on East street, this afternoon when a runaway horse dashed down the street. The horse collided with a hitching post, swinging the wagon around so that it struck Mrs. Buro. She was thrown down a cellar way, and Lawrence, who was in her arms, fell so that his head struck the stone pavement. It is believed that his skull is fractured."

State Board of Charities.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 13.—The officers and executive committee of the state board of charities and correction met here tonight and voted to hold the next convention in this city April 27, 28, 29, 1913.

Reid Had Very Poor Memory

"HIS MIND A PERFECT BLANK," HE DECLARED.

THE "TIN PLATE KING"

Proves a Balky Witness at Hearing in Dissolution Suit—Admits Advance in Prices After Concerns Combined.

New York, May 13.—Daniel G. Reid, the railroad financier and former "tin plate king," a director and member of the finance committee of the United States Steel corporation, was called on the stand today at the hearing of the government suit to dissolve the corporations to testify how the American Tin Plate company was organized.

Proves a Poor Witness.

First of the many prominent defendants in the suit to appear on the stand, Mr. Reid proved a poor witness for the government and time and again his answer to pertinent questions in regard to the financial phases of the tin plate company formation was "I do not remember" or "I do not recollect." His weak memory appeared to exasperate Judge Jacob M. Dickinson, chief counsel for the government, and prompted him to remark:

"You can bring a horse to water, but you can't make him drink. You can subpoena a witness, but it seems that you can't make him remember."

Merger of 35 Concerns.

The government contends that the American Tin Plate company, which became a part of the United States Steel corporation, was in itself a combination in restraint of trade and that its stock was watered. Mr. Reid said that in 1898 he and Judge William H. Moore welded the company together out of about 35 tin plate concerns represented at that time some 9 per cent. of the industry, but upon the question as to what the properties were worth Mr. Reid s'recollection was hazy. He admitted that $10,000,000 in stock went to the underwriting syndicate which financed the company over and above $36,000,000 preferred and common stock issued in exchange for stock of the various plants taken over. He was unable to recall, however, how much of this ten million he received himself as a member of the syndicate or whether cash was paid for any of the plants instead of stock.

"My Mind a Perfect Blank," Says Witness.

All Judge Dickinson's efforts to refresh the witness' memory on the subject by reading extracts from testimony Mr. Reid gave before the industrial commission in 1899 proved futile. Judge Dickinson pressed the witness with equal lack of success for information concerning alleged contracts by which the American Tin Plate company is said to have prevented machinery for teh manufacture of tin plate being used by competitors.

"My mind is a perfect blank on that subject," declared the witness.

"Competition Fair and Open."

Mr. Reid admitted that there was competition among the various constituent plants before he and Judge Moore brought them together, but he denied that there was any intention to monopolize the industry or that there were any efforts to suppress competition.

"Competition was fair and open," he asserted.

At the present, Mr. Reid said, reading from statistics which were compiled, he explained, in the office of the steel corporation, competition had grown to such an extent that the annual capacity of the corporation's tin plate plants was only 53.7 per cent. of the country's total compared with an independent capacity of 46.3 per cent. "We figured that by combination we could buy supplies cheaper, reduce overhead charges, and make the business more profitable," the witness said, but persistent questioning by Judge Dickinson elicited the admission that he "might have had the regulation of prices in mind."

Advance in Prices Followed Merger.

Prices of tin plate advanced after the organization of the company, but this was due, he said, to advances in the price of crude steel and pig tin, over which the tin plate company had no control. Moreover, he said, prices of tin plate were much higher in the years previous to 1898 than after. Judge Dickinson got the witness to say that the National Steel company, manufacturers of crude steel, was controlled by "practically the same interests" which controlled the tin plate company. This company, the American Sheet Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company were organized as customers of the National Steel company, Mr. Reid said, and Judge Moore, chief organizer of all four, negotiated their sale to the United States Steel corporation through J. P. Morgan & company. The steel corporation wanted only the tin plate company, he said, but it was "all or none."

Mr. Reid flatly refused to tell the amount of the steel corporation stock he received for his holdings in the American Tin Plate company.

An Independent Testifies.

Jacob Meurer, an independent tin plate manufacturer, who was the only other witness today, testified to his inability to buy black plate from constituent companies of the American Tin Plate company after it was organized. As a result he was obliged to import his black plate from abroad, he said, and the high tariff caused him serious losses.

Naugatuck's Socialist Regime.

Naugatuck, Conn., May 13.—The socialists' regime in this borough formally started this afternoon when A. B. Cross, Jr., was sworn in as warden by the retiring warden, William J. Neary. Tonight the warden and burgesses met and made appointments. Socialists were favored, but in some instances republicans and democrats were named. James P. Sweeney, a well known Yale graduate, was named as borough attorney.

Frank Goetz Buys Big Plant.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 13.—The plant of the Federal Biscuit company, which was declared bankrupt some time ago, has been sold to the Frank Goetz Bakery company of New Haven, and a portion of the business sold to Jacob Hockheizer, who conducts a bakery business in this city.

Has No Rival.

There may be different opinions of Colonel Roosevelt's monopoly of all wisdom, but there can be nothing but reluctant admiration for his continuous optimistic belief in his personal infallibility.—Hartford Times.

Condensed Telegrams

The Striking London Tailors decided to return to work.

The Mayor Gaynor Titanic Relief fund has reached a total of $129,735.

The Consumers' Rubber Company, recently reorganized, resumed operations at Bristol, R. I., yesterday.

President Taft Will Go to the summer capital at Beverly, Mass., about July 1.

President Taft Attended Church in Washington Sunday and wore a white carnation in honor of Mothers' day.

The Canadian Minister of Finance announced that the government would discontinue putting out $4 banknotes and fractional paper currency.

The Presence of the Duke of Sutherland in this country is believed by yachtsmen here to foreshadow a new challenge for the America's cup.

C. C. Bonnette, Parachute Jumper, of St. Johnsbury, Mass., was seriously injured in Lynn when his parachute failed to work.

Jack the Ripper Claimed His 20th victim in Atlanta. Like the other 19 he has slain in the last nine months, she was a comely yellow girl.

Robert L. Clarkson, prominent in democratic circles in Fairfield county, died at his home in Stratford yesterday after a long illness.

More Than 40 Persons Were Arrested for walking on the grass in Central Park, New York. They were discharged with a reprimand.

Alanson Middlebrooks, at one time a prominent farmer in Sharon, Conn., died yesterday of old age in his 92d year.

Fire of Unknown Origin caused a loss of $15,000 at Oldtown, Me., yesterday and wiped out three stores and some tenements in the same building near the business section.

Beginning Yesterday the Employes at the Crane mills at Dalton, Mass., work on a neight hour basis instead of 10 and 12 hour shifts as heretofore.

About 110 Members of the Woonsocket Painters' union went on strike yesterday. They want a uniform rate of 37 1-2 cents per hour, with Saturday afternoons off.

Paul Peck, Who Has Been Designated as a special mail carrier between New York and Washington, plans to make the trip by aeroplane on May 22, carrying 100 pounds of mail.

President Taft Favors the Plan proposed for all the people and the school children, especially, to wear the national colors or a sprig of evergreen on Decoration day.

The Postoffice Department has placed a ban upon the use of the Champ Clark stickets, as they are similar to regular stamps, and it is contended that their use will confuse the mails.

George Redding, Jr., under sentence for murder, was transferred from the county jail at New Haven yesterday to Weethersfield. The condemned young man keeps up his spirits.

Mayor Bading of Milwaukee, who defeated the socialist candidate at the recent election, has received many threatening letters. His office and his home are being closely guarded.

Carlton E. Garrison of the editorial staff of the Leslie-Judge publications, who was thrown from his horse last week, is in a New York hospital in a critical condition.

Fashionable Hostesses in Paris, anticipating the new 24-hour system of counting time, are sending out invitations for 17 o'clock tea instead of 5 o'clock as before.

Surrogate Fowler Yesterday appointed A. Perry Osborn, a lawyer, special guardian for Muriel Astor, aged 14, for the purpose of looking after her interest in the probating of the will of her father, Col. John Jacob Astor.

Many Million Dollars in Texas were lost yesterday by the state of Oklahoma by a decision of the supreme court of the United States that the state cannot tax land allotted to about 8,000 less than half-blood Indians.

George Ingraham, Formerly Vice President of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance company, is dead at his home at Fishkill Landing, N. Y., from a complication of diseases. He was 62 years old.

Whether a Cotton Tariff Revision bill will be introduced at the present session of congress probably will be decided definitely today at a conference of the democratic members of the house ways and means committee.

Charged With Performing a criminal operation upon Mrs. Bertha Richards, who died at a private hospital in Pawtucket yesterday, Dr. Llewellyn D. Chandler of Central Falls, R. I., was arrested.

An Improvement in the Condition of William A. Dorr, who is charged with the murder of George E. Mash, the Lynn soap manufacturer, was noticed by the jail physician, Frank S. Atwood, yesterday.

A Bronze Tablet Inscribed with the names of 32 policemen who lost their lives in the performance of duty was unveiled and set in the entrance of the police headquarters building in New York.

A Giant Iceberg 1,000 Feet Long and 150 feet high, 15 miles away, but gleaming and flashing brilliantly in the sunlight, was sighted by passengers and crew of the steamer George Washington, which reached New York yesterday.

About One Hundred Weavers employed by the Corr Manufacturing company, print cloth manufacturers, at Taunton, Mass., struck yesterday, claiming that the machinery had been speeded up and that they were obliged to do their own oiling.

A Verdict of Guilty of manslaughter was returned by a jury at Salem, Mass., yesterday against Mrs. Jennie O. Wentzell of Lynn for causing the death by beating of her four year old nephew, Charles J. Beaupre. Sentence of 15 years in the Sherborn prison was imposed.

A Motorcycle is Not a Bicycle within the meaning of the statute and a rider who drives his motorcycle on the sidewalk cannot be prosecuted under the statute which forbids "riding a bicycle on the sidewalk." This ruling was made by Judge Wolfe in the common pleas court at New Haven yesterday.

ALIENISTS CONTINUE EXAMINATION

Richeson Subjected to Further Tests By Three of Them For Five and One Half Hours Yesterday.

ONE OF THE EXPERTS SUBMITS HIS REPORT

Condemned Clergyman Standing Strain Well But Fears Entertained That He Will Collapse When Tests Are Finished —Pleads With Sheriff to Have Uncut Newspapers to Read—Interested in What They Say of His Case.

Boston, May 13.—"There is nothing they can print about me now that is any worse than what I have already heard and read," calmly argued Clarence V. T. Richeson, with Sheriff Quinn in his cell at the Charles street jail today, while he besought the sheriff to allow him to read what the papers were saying of his case.

Pleads for Uncut Newspapers.

Since the former Baptist minister of Cambridge received his sentence, early in January, for the murder of his sweetheart, Avis Linnell, all newspapers given him have had the news pertaining to the case cut out. The prisoner's plea had its force with the sheriff today, however, and, anxious to gratify as much as possible every whim of the prisoner in his highly nervous state during the final hours before his execution, which is set for the week beginning May 19, Sheriff Quinn will, for the remainder of Richeson's stay in the jail, allow him the papers uncut, unless they contain sensational or unusually trying news.

Another Session With Alienists.

That the alienists named by Governor Foss to examine Richeson intend to make their investigation as complete and exhaustive as is possible to expert scientists, was made apparent today. Although Richeson was subjected to an all day examination yesterday, the three state alienists again today visited the jail and for five and one-half hours probed into the prisoner's mental and physical condition. They would not say what had transpired during the afternoon, but Dr. Stedman admitted that they might return tomorrow.

His Appetite Not as Good.

That Richeson had not reached the limit of his endurance was apparent from the fact that he walked briskly back to his cell after the examination.

"Richeson went into the examination calmly and without any sort of bravado, bluffing or shamming," said Sheriff Quinn tonight, and when he came out he did not appear any different. I do not think that he has eaten quite as much during the past two days, however, which may or may not be due to the unusual strain which he has been under."

Expect He Will Collapse.

The examination today makes a total of more than 60 full hours of tests and questions to which the prisoner has been subjected by alienists for both the defense and the state during the past two weeks. In view of the fact that the strain is telling upon the alienists there is anxiety upon the part of the jail officials as to how long Richeson himself can hold up under the pressure. That he is strengthened only by the realization that it is his last fight for life, and that he will collapse when the tests are over, whatever the results of the tests, is believed by those closest to him.

Guard Changed Every 40 Minutes.

He is being guarded more vigilantly than ever. The guard which sits inside his cell through the night is changed every 40 minutes and in addition Harry H. Butts, the negro companion of Richeson, is likewise alert through a greater part of the day and night. The door of Richeson's cell is unlocked, that help may be speedily summoned at any time by the guard within. The officer sits with his back to the door and a light burns through the entire night over the single cot within the cell.

Transfer to State Prison.

Sheriff Quinn intimated tonight that he would not wait for the meeting of the governor and council which may consider Richeson's case Wednesday or Thursday before removing his prisoner to Charlestown. He will keep the prisoner until the alienists have completed their work, which will probably be tomorrow. "I want the prisoner to go over to Charlestown with just some ray of hope left within him," said the sheriff tonight.

Dr. Briggs' Report Turned In.

Dr. L. Vernon Briggs, one of the governor's special experts, rendered a report to Governor Foss today on the examination made by him last week. The reports of three state alienists, Drs. Stedman, Tuttle and Frost, will, it is believed, be turned in to the governor by tomorrow night or Wednesday morning. The governor's council meets on Wednesday and Thursday.

Tests Applied to Richeson.

During the tests of yesterday, Richeson's kneecaps were tapped with silver hammers, he was blindfolded and made to jump, first on one foot and then on the other, a needle was jabbed into his body in different places to determine the effect on his nerves, his eyelids were twitched this way and that, he held his hands out with fingers spread apart so that any tremors could be detected, and he was put through a stern course of gymnastic stunts which aided the experts in testing the reflex action of the muscles. At times Richeson hopped about in scant clothing.

Questions about Miss Avis Linnell and Miss Violet Edmands, to whom he was engaged at the time of his arrest, and about his parents were put to him in quick succession, and he answered all without the slightest display of feeling.

A TRAP SET FOR JUDGE ARCHIBALD

Defense Claims That Williams Is Confederate of Boland.

Washington, May 13.—Judge Robert W. Archibald's defense in part at least to the charges against him now being aired before the house judiciary committee which will decide if impeachment proceedings shall be brought was indicated at today's hearing.

What appeared to have been a deliberate trap to ensnare the judge in an embarrassing transaction was revealed by the testimony and the defense indicated that it would make the most of it. It was alleged that W. P. Boland of Scranton, Pa., who was one of the defeated parties to a case before Judge Archibald in the commerce court purposely had Edward J. Williams, the principal witness against the judge, solicit Judge Archibald to enter the Katydid culm bank operation transaction with the Erie Railroad while the road's lighterage cases were pending in the court. This transaction led to the filing of charges against the judge. Boland is waiting to testify and may be heard tomorrow.

W. A. May, manager of the Erie road's coal properties, who gave the option on the culm bank to Williams and Judge Archibald and G. F. Brownell, vice president and general counsel of the Erie, probably will testify next. According to Williams' testimony Judge Archibald personally sought Mr. Brownell's influence to get the Katydid option after May had refused it.

The committee will meet again tomorrow.

ANOTHER EXPLOSION AT HAZARDVILLE, CONN.

Was Similar to the Explosion of a Week Ago Yesterday.

Hazardville, Conn., May 13.—An explosion, the origin of which is not known, tonight wrecked wheel mill No. 3 of the Dupont powder mills of this place. The building, which was 20x80 feet, was demolished, but the machinery was not badly injured. There were no workmen in the building at the time. The force of the explosion was very slight, the first intimation that townspeople had of anything wrong being when they heard the mill whistle blowing.

The explosion was similar to the one last Monday, when a "man killer" was blown up. These two explosions within a week are the first in eleven years.

Youthful Stonington Couple Held by New London Police.

New London, May 13.—Alice Briggs, aged 15, and William Duff, aged 19, both of Stonington, were arrested tonight upon the arrival of the New York boat by Lieut. Shepard of the local police, who had received instructions from Miss Briggs' parents. The young couple were to have been married tomorrow, the police say. They are being held at the police station pending the arrival of the girl's parents here tomorrow.

The Deadly Female.

Moslem women led the massacre in Fez, thus again helping to vindicate Mr. Kipling's comment on the comparative deadliness of the species.—Kansas City Times.

ROOSEVELT CARTOON IN CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

Senator's Effort to Have It Printed Causes Animated Debate.

Washington, May 13.—Colonel Roosevelt was again the subject of a spirited passage in the senate today.

Senator Stone asked permission to have reproduced in the Congressional Record a cartoon entitled "Saint Roosevelt by Roosevelt" in which the colonel was represented as throttling "Trusts" with one hand and "political bosses" with the other.

"I request that the cartoon be revised" said Senator Stone, "and instead of impersonating trusts I would place McCormick of the Harvester trust in one hand and Perkins of the Steel trust in the other and then I would have him pictured with both feet planted on the prostrate form of "Munsey."

Senator Burnham in charge of the agricultural bill insisted that Mr. Stone's remarks had nothing to do with the subject.

"We are considering matters pertaining to the bureau of animal industry and may well give some attention to human industry, interjected Senator Gallinger, amid laughter.

Senator Smoot chairman of the the printing committee invoked the rule which forbids illustrations in the Record. "I take it that the senator's word picture will go into the Record and that ought to be sufficient," said he.

"That shows the senator from Utah is not so much of a Taft man as had been supposed," returned Senator Stone and the incident was closed.

SUPREME COURT TO PASS ON "WHITE SLAVE" LAW.

Decides to Determine Constitutionality of Federal Act.

Washington, May 13.—The supreme court today decided to pass upon the constitutionality of the federal "white slave" traffic laws. It issued an order to have forwarded to it for review the decision of the sixth circuit court of appeals holding the law constitutional in the indictment of two Cincinnati women on a charge of inducing two women to go from Charleston, W. Va., to Cincinnati for immoral purposes.

Drank Arsenic in Cider.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 13.—Christopher Dietz, aged 45, committed suicide at his home in Greenfield Hill today by drinking arsenic in cider. It is said he had been drinking heavily lately. He leaves a widow and eight children.

Pressmen Stay at Work.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 13.—The pressmen of the Los Angeles Examiner will ignore the call of President Berry of the International Web Pressmen's union, and remain at work, it is understood.

Dean Snow Resigns.

St. Louis, May 13.—Marshall S. Snow, dean of the college of Washington university, who has been connected with the university for 37 years, resigned today, and Frederick A. Hall was named as his successor.