Norwich Bulletin

1796 1913

VOL. LV.—NO. 82 NORWICH, CONN., SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1913 PRICE TWO CENTS

HARTFORD CONN. APR 5 6 PM 1913

The Bulletin's Circulation In Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

SUFFRAGETTES BURN DOWN HOUSE

Was Unoccupied But Contractors Will Lose $12,500---"Votes For Women" Cards There

MRS. PANKHURST STARTS IN ON HUNGER STRIKE

Samples of "Instruments of Torture" Used on Miss Emerson Sent to Secretary of State Bryan—Attitude of United States Toward Emerson Case Not Yet Determined—Railway Stations and Tunnels Guarded by Patrol.

London, April 4.—The suffragettes, continuing their campaign of retaliation against the sentencing of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, their leader, to a term of imprisonment, tonight succeeded in destroying another large country house by fire. As in most previous cases of the kind, the residence, which was situated at Chorleywood, Buckinghamshire, was unoccupied, but was being prepared for the reception of a tenant. The owners of the building, a firm of contractors, estimate their loss at $12,500.

Men Hired to Do Dastardly Work.

Cards bearing the inscription "Votes for Women" and other suffragette mottoes were found on the grounds. No arrests were made.

The police believe that some of the recent criminal acts attributed to the suffragettes, principally the attempts to destroy railway property, was the work of men engaged by the women. All the railway stations and tunnels are being patrolled in order to prevent miscreants from damaging them.

"Instruments of Torture" Forwarded.

Miss Scott-Troy, the California suffragette, tonight forwarded to Secretary of State Bryan at Washington the samples of "instruments of torture" used forcibly to feed suffragettes, including Miss Zelie Emerson. An accompanying note explains that the samples do not contain the metallic tip which all the women declare are used in the prison. Dr. Mansell Moullin, whom Mrs. Emerson desires to visit her daughter in prison, also has written Secretary Bryan, declaring that one of the greatest dangers of forcible feeding as practiced in the prisons is the absence of proper anticeptic precautions.

Mrs. Pankhurst on "Hunger Strike."

Mrs. Pankhurst has carried out her threat to go on a hunger strike. The last meal she took was luncheon before sentence was imposed upon her yesterday. Since she ntrd Holloway jail sh has conformed to all its rules except that she refuses food. Mrs. Pankhurst will be removed to the women's penal establishment at Aylesbury, where any steps that are considered necessary to feed her will be taken.

MISS EMERSON'S CASE.

Home Secretary Denies Request of Mother for Examination.

London, April 4.—Reginald McKenna, the British home secretary, today curtly refused to permit the physician chosen by Mrs. Emerson of Jackson, Mich., to examine her daughter, Zelie, the militant suffragette, now serving a term of two months' imprisonment for window smashing and said to be suffering from the forcible feeding carried out by the officials in consequence of her "hunger strike."

Mrs. Emerson's siege of Mr. McKenna was brought to an end when Mr. McKenna's secretary handed her a letter, which after acknowledging the receipt of her request, stated:

"I regret that I cannot grant your request to have your daughter examined by a physician of your own choosing. The condition of your daughter's health is satisfactory and gives no cause for anxiety.

"If your daughter continues to be of good behavior, she will be released from prison on April 9."

WILL AWAIT REPORT.

Attitude of United States Has Not Yet Been Determined.

Washington, April 4.—Officials at the state department today said the attitude of the United States in the case of Miss Zelie Emerson, the American militant suffragette, imprisoned in London, would be determined after the receipt of a further report from the London embassy, which was ordered to investigate charges that the young woman had been subjected to cruel treatment.

Secretary Bryan will immediately take up with Chandler Anderson, the counselor of the department, the question of what is to be done. Practically there are no precedents bearing closely upon it, the nearest being the Maybrick case, when some of the highest officials in the United States petitioned the British government to release the American woman from the prison where she was serving a life sentence. It was held by various secretaries, notably Blaine and Hay, that there was no warrant for a direct official request from the United States government for clemency in Mrs. Maybrick's case; so these representations were unofficial, though made through and ther crew were afterwards released on payment of $2,000 as customs duty.

Cabled Paragraphs

Morgan's Body on Ocean Liner.

Havre, France, April 4—The body of J. Pierpont Morgan arrived here today from Rome and was transferred on board the liner France for transportation to New York.

Sensible Resolution in Reichstag.

Berlin, April 4—The budget of the Reichstag passed a resolution asking the government to see that admittance to a diplomatic career was open to the most capable men without regard to wealth.

Pope Pius Criticises Laws.

Rome, April 3—Pope Pius strongly complained of the laws of religious liberty existing in some Catholic countries in an address written by him, but delivered on his behalf to a large body of Italians and French pilgrims he received today.

To Restrict Military Expansion.

Berlin, April 4—Discussions of the latest race for military expansion in Europe, the Franfurter Zeitung in a leading article today suggested that the time is favorable for the holding of an international conference to evolve a plan for its restriction.

Four Months For Suffragette.

London, April 4—Olive Hocken, a militant suffragette, was found guilty at the Old Bailey sessions today of conspiracy in connection with an attempt to set fire to a pavilion on the Roehampton golf links. She was sentenced to four months in prison.

Obscene Books Seized.

New York, April 4—Two tons of obscene books and pictures were seized today by special agents of the department of justice in a 38th street tenement house. The raid also resulted in the arrest of Camille Nicholas, charged with being principal agent for a syndicate dealing in unclean literature throughout the country.

Political Crisis in Switzerland.

Berne, Switzerland, April 4.—A grave political crisis which is practically dividing the people of Switzerland again has developed by the ratification today by the national council of the St. Gothard convention of 1909 by which the last of the principal Swiss lines became the property of the Swiss confederation. The vote was 108 to 77.

German Aviators Liberated.

Luneville, France, April 4—The landing of the German military airship Zeppelin IV, which created a sensation yesterday by descending in the parade ground here in the midst of a brigade of French riflemen, was satisfactorily explained to a French board of inquiry today. The airship an dher crew were afterwards released on payment of $2,000 as customs duty.

MRS. OLSON TESTIFIES FOR HER HUSBAND

Declares That She Could Not Resist Murdered Man.

St. Paul, Minn., April 4.—With quivering and uncertain voice, Mrs. Lillian Olson, wife of Professor Oscar Olson, became a witness late today and admitted having had illicit relations with Clyde N. Darling, for whose murder her husband is on trial.

"I told Darling that I was not a bad woman and begged him to discontinue his visits to our home, but he persisted in coming and when he pressed me closely in his arms I could not resist," Mrs. Olson testified.

Finally her answers to questions became so low that they could not be heard by the jury and she swayed as if on the verge of collapse. Then an adjournment was taken.

VASSAR STUDENTS PANIC-STRICKEN

Chefs in College Kitchen Carry on Argument with Carving Knives.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., April 4.—Several hundred young women students in Vassar college became panic-stricken today when a quarrel between two chefs in the college kitchen over which should pick a chicken developed into a duel with carving knives. The main building kitchen was badly wrecked and one of the combatants seriously cut. As the racket of the encounter penetrated the young women's quarters they ran screaming from the building. Fraleigh MacVeigh, 22 years old, the younger of the combatants, was taken to a hospital. Augustus Brennan was arrested and held in $1,000 bail.

FIRST PENOBSCOT SALMON CAPTURED

Weighed Sixteen Pounds and Sold for $2 a Pound.

Bangor, Me., April 4.—That highly coveted prize of the Maine angler—the season's first Penobscot river salmon—was taken at Bangor pool today by Charles C. Bissell.

The fish weighed 16 pounds and was sold for $32, the highest price per pound ever paid for a Penobscot salmon. It will be sent to Mrs. W. Campbell Clark of New Jersey.

THE "MOVIES" IN SCIENCE

Show Every Detail of Processes Too Rapid for the Eye To See.

The extension of the art of moving pictures from the fild of amusement to that of scientific observations is becoming a reality. Several years ago, says Cassler's Magazine, it was noted that the possibilities of continuous tography indicated a method of investigating movements and operations which occurred too rapidly to be properly studied by the unaided eye.

The microscope permits the examination of things far too minute for study by ordinary vision; the telescope brings distant objects near; the microphone magnifies feeble sounds; the stroboscope permits the study of rapidly revolving bodies and gives instantaneous glimpses of swiftly moving objects.

To these must now be added the practicability of using the moving picture film for parts in such manner as to allow them to be studied subsequently at much slower speeds.

By running a film, for example, at an extremely high speed before a piece of material under test at the moment of yield and then passing the same film much more slowly through the projecting lantern the successive phenomena of rupture may be seen and studied at leisure, all details appearing in correct sequence at a rate slow enough to allow the eye to perceive them.

Recently this method has been used in connection with a glass cylinder to study the scavenging action in combustion engines, and as the apparatus is perfected it is evident that there is here a most valuable instrument and method of scientific research.

Not for Old Men.

Porfirio Diaz will not return to Mexico. It's no country for an old man.—Philadelphia Record.

Needs of the Flooded Zone

IN OHIO 40,500 PERSONS ARE WITHOUT HOMES.

RED CROSS STATEMENT

Every Dollar Contributed Will Be Needed to Rehabilitate the Stricken People and Start Wheels of Industry.

Washington, April 4—Ohio's loss in the recent flood was estimated tonight in a telegram from the American Red Cross agent in charge at Columbus, as follows:

460 lives lost.
40,200 homes destroyed.
40,500 persons homeless.
9,000 families outside of Dayton, Columbus and Cincinnati in need of rehabilitation.

It has been extremely difficult to get information according to the agent because wires are still down and transportation facilities uncertain.

Needs Underwear, Bedding, Blankets.

"Emergency relief situation in each flooded district in Ohio being well covered," the telegram said. "Dayton, Columbus, Piqua, Troy, Ottawa, Sidney, Hamilton, Miamisburg, Middleton and Zanesville covered by Red Cross representatives. In these places information is being rapidly accumulated on which to base rehabilitation. Are rushing men into other flooded towns as fast as water subsides and we can get men.

Colonel Miller, chief quartermaster, reports need of underwear of all sorts, bedding and blankets."

Red Cross Statement.

How the American Red Cross has undertaken the rehabilitation of home and business life in the flood-swept districts of the middle west and in what manner that organization met the first call for relief from the sufferers in this disaster—probably the greatest with which it ever has been called upon to deal—were described in a comprehensive statement issued tonight by Miss Mabel Boardman, chairman of the Red Cross National Relief committee.

Rehabilitation of the individual sufferer declared Miss Boardman, is what is necessary to restore normal conditions. "To continue merely to give out food and clothing," said she, "will mean the continuation of the paralysis of the all-important business life of the community.

Aid Merchants to Start Again.

In many of the flooded districts the merchants have lost all their stock and have no insurance as in case of fire. Unless an effort is made to aid them to make a start again, unless the people are assisted in such a way as to enable them to resume the normal condition of buying, the business of the community will remain in a hopeless condition. To accomplish this the individual must be considered, and his or her rehabilitation will mean that of the whole city, town or village.

"While factories are closed for repairs men can be given work for which they will be paid for the clearing away of the immense amount of debris, such cleansing being necessary for sanitary and other reasons.

Aid in Repair of Homes.

Thus a purchasing power will be given them again. They may be aided in the repair of their houses, and thus employment provided for others.

"The re-establishment of his market will enable the merchant to re-employ his staff and thus again others can return to a normal existence. Where men or women have been paying for their homes by monthly instalments they can be assisted in such payments for a time so as to prevent the loss of their homes, and possibly the failure of mutual building associations, which would be disastrous to many of the working people. All this great work the Red Cross, with the generous contributions of the American people, is undertaking.

Every Available Dollar Needed.

"So many thousands have suffered, so many cities, towns and villages in Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and Illinois have been affected, that there will be need of all the generous contributions received."

Don't Be Caught Napping.

Enough activity is being shown by Colonel Roosevelt to indicate that he does not intend to let 1916 catch him napping.—Washington Star.

Tried to Kill Police Officer

FIVE SHOTS FIRED AT NEW HAVEN DETECTIVE.

WENT THROUGH CHEEK

But One Bullet Took Effect—Prisoner Landed at Headquarters and Questioned About Mysterious Murder.

New Haven, Conn., April 4.—While William B. Allen of this city is locked up in police headquarters, technically charged with attempting to murder Detective Sergeant Edward F. Lawler, when he tried to arrest him in Fair street this afternoon, it is believed that the authorities have questioned him for hours concerning another and graver crime.

Questioned About Mysterious Death.

Since three o'clock this afternoon until midnight tonight Allen has been subjected to a grilling by Coroner Eli Mix, State's Attorney Arnon Alling and Captain Donnelly of the detective force. Although none of the three would allow themselves to be quoted directly, it was admitted that they had examined Allen to ascertain if he knew anything concerning the mysterious death of a stranger, believed to be Patsy Donahue of Hartford, whose body was found in the Westville woods Thursday morning.

Fired Five Shots at Sergeant.

The shooting of Sergeant Lawler in broad daylight in a busy section of the city this afternoon caused a sensation. A telephone message to detective headquarters requested that a man be sent to watch the movements of a suspicious looking man in front of No. 36 Fair street. Sergeant Lawler was detailed and he found his man soon afterwards. He took him by the arm and said that he was wanted at headquarters. Allen went along for a distance, without trouble, and then he asked if he could have something to eat. Lawler released his arm for a moment and Allen pulled a revolver and fired five shots. One shot went through Lawler's cheek, another went through his hat, two bullets went through the shoulder pads in his coat and the fifth shot went wild.

Was Fireman on New Haven Road.

Lawler managed to hold Allen until help arrived. The wounded detective was rushed to St. Raphael's hospital, where an examination showed that the wound was not serious, and he was then taken to his home.

Allen is about 24 years old and he says his home is in Dixwell avenue, this city. He was formerly employed as a fireman on the New Haven road. The police have searched his record and find that he has been arrested twice before—once for breach of the peace and once for being a deserter from the army.

Victim Last Seen in Saloon.

Almost from the first the authorities questioned Allen concerning his movements just prior to the time of the finding of the body of the dead man in the Westville woods. The man, whose identity is not yet definitely established, had a bullet in his head. After the detectives had questioned Allen for a few minutes, Coroner Mix and State's Attorney Alling were hurriedly sent for.

The man who is believed to have been murdered in Westville, was seen Wednesday night in a saloon in the neighborhood, in company with a young man. The police will neither affirm or deny that Allen resembles the man who was last seen with the dead man.

Fined $500 For Conspiracy.

Mays Landing, N. J., April 4—Former Councilman James W. Lane and William Malia of Atlantic City, who pleaded guilty to conspiracy in connection with the "concrete" board walk fraud exposé some time ago, were fined $500 each today by Justice Kalisch of the supreme court.

Steamship Arrivals.

Liverpool, April 4.—Arrived: Steamer Megantic, New York.

Naples, April 3.—Arrived: Steamer Ancona, New York.

Southampton, April 4—Arrived. Steamer Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, New York.

A Corps of Expert Sociologists and economists will be called on by the new progressive organization in the house to frame the bills contemplated in the extensive legislative programme of the new party in the coming congress.

Advertising--A Business Tonic

Every merchant, every business house, every storekeeper, everyone in fact who is seeking the trade of the public is constantly confronted with the question of maintaining a healthy increase in business. In each case there should be the proper consideration given to these questions:

Are you doing all the business that should properly result from this field?

With stock, merchandise and service being equal, are you commanding your share of the trade?

Are you depending upon past efforts, or are you constantly keeping your offerings before the public?

Do the buying public know that you have features which are superior to your competitors?

Are you reaching the outlying districts?

These are questions which are vital to successful business operations. Advertising is the remedy for overcoming the ills of run down or unhealthy business. It gives the publicity which arouses interest and invites trade. It not only starts it but keeps it coming. Advertising is a greeting every morning, the greatest silent salesman in existence. Let The Bulletin give you the benefit of its widespread circulation.

In the past week the following matter was printed in The Bulletin, for twelve cents a week:

Bulletin		Telegraph	Local	General	Total
Saturday,	March 29..	93	153	1051	1297
Monday,	March 31..	62	130	275	467
Tuesday,	April 1..	103	120	213	436
Wednesday,	April 2..	104	115	217	436
Thursday,	April 3..	93	125	298	516
Friday,	April 4..	88	112	206	406
Totals		543	755	2260	3558

Condensed Telegrams

Chief of Police Young has ordered all grocery stores in St. Louis to close at 9 a. m. Sunday.

Billy West, a Favorite Minstrel ten years ago, died in the S. R. Smith infirmary on Staten Island.

The Law Providing that hatpins be equipped with tips or guards has gone into effect in New Jersey.

Winnipeg Sent $70,000 yesterday to the Red Cross society at Washington for the benefit of the Ohio flood sufferers.

The Vaterland, the Largest Ship in the world, being 5,000 tons larger than the Imperator, was launched at Hamburg.

Ten Bills Recommended by the state factory investigation commission were signed by Governor Sulzer of New York yesterday.

Charles W. Warwick, aged 65, mayor of Philadelphia from 1895 to 1899, died at his home there yesterday after an illness of several years.

The Turkish Government yesterday sent a message of sympathy to the American government over the flood disaster in the middle west.

Two White Men and Two Negroes, convicted of murder in Montgomery county, Alabama, were hanged in the jail at Montgomery yesterday.

Examinations Will Be Held at all army posts July 14 next for civilian candidates for appointment as second lieutenants in the mobile army.

All the 75 Striking Weavers at the Salts Textile Mills, Bridgeport, returned to work Tuesday morning as a result of an agreement reached at a conference.

Approximately 300 Clerks employed in the retail stores of Liverpool, Ohio, struck yesterday,leaving none but proprietors and accountants to wait on customers.

Herbert Mandel Stone of New Bedford, Mass., has been found after a world-wide search lasting several years. He is heir to $10,000 left by his grandmother.

Secretary McAdoo Has Issued a "gag" order to the assistant secretaries of the treasury, instructing them that all news of that department must be given out by him.

Charges Involving the Moral Conduct of a democratic senator from a western state have been presented to United States Attorney Wilson, who is investigating them.

James Williams and John Marshall, negroes, each convicted of wife murder in McDowell county, were hanged in the state penitentiary at Moundsville, W. Va., yesterday.

Fire Caused by the Dropping of a lighted cigarette in a livery stable yesterday destroyed a hotel and several business houses at Langdon, a town 20 miles east of Calgary, Alberta.

Walter Jones, Aged 24 Years, was hanged at Birmingham, Ala., at noon yesterday for the assassination of Lawrence B. Evans, a mining contractor, at Lewisburg in October, 1911.

An Increase of More Than 100 per cent. in the number of injuries to employes on railroads in Georgia as compared with 1911 was shown in the report of the state railroad commission.

A Large Dairy Barn owned by John Grunwold in West Avon was destroyed by fire yesterday. Six head of cattle and one horse, a large number of hens and many farming implements were burned.

Police Commissioner Waldo of New York will try to polish up public nuisances at restaurants which permit young girls to turkey trot, drink cocktails and smoke cigarettes in the afternoon.

Mayor Gaynor's "war on tea time turkey trotting in Broadway restaurants" was taken to Albany in the form of a bill, drafted by the mayor himself, which he wants the legislature to enact into law.

Governor Hiram W. Johnson has notified representatives of the Panama-Pacific exposition that there would be no California building at the world's fair in 1915. An empty treasury, he said, precluded it.

Mrs. R. S. Woodward and John Costiglio were arrested at Chickasa, Okla., yesterday, charged with the murder by poison of Mr. Woodward's husband, who died a week ago and left a $10,000 insurance policy in his wife's favor.

Sister Rosalie, a Catholic Nun, went to the White House yesterday to ask President Wilson to pardon her brother, Julian Hawthorne, under federal prison sentence of a year for frauds in connection with the sale of mining stocks.

The Cape Cod Canal cannot be completed by June, 1914, the time required by law, and attorneys for August Belmont, who is doing the work, yesterday filed a petition at the state house asking for an extension of 18 months.

Only 14 of the Larger Cities in the United States are lax in their enforcement of the Sunday liquor laws—so the New York Methodist conference was told yesterday by Dr. F. C. Iglehart, secretary of the New York Anti-Saloon league.

Rev. W. T. McElveen has reached the concusion that the decorations of the First Congregational church at Evanston, Ill., and not his sermons, have been responsible for the drowsiness of his audiences, and he wants it redecorated.

Miss Ethel Roosevelt, daughter of Theodore Roosevelt, was married in Christ Episcopal church, at Oyster Bay, N. Y., at noon yesterday, to Dr. Richard Derby of New York. Two hundred close friends and relatives saw the ceremony.

The Mississippi Valley Suffrage conference began its closing session at St. Louis yesterday with its doors wide open to negro women, despite the protests of the management of the hotel where the conference is being held that the rules of the house prohibited the presence of negroes.

Bishop James J. Carroll, titular bishop of Metellopolis and rector of St. Edward's Roman Catholic church at Philadelphia, died yesterday from a complication of diseases which resulted from an injury he received by falling from a horse more than a year ago in the Philippine Islands.

SUGAR STANDS IN WAY OF HARMONY

Louisiana Delegation May Declare War on the President's Free Sugar Programme

ULTIMATUM BY WILSON TO SUGAR INTERESTS

Warns Them That Unless They Agree to Tariff of One Cent a Pound For Three Years, He Will Attempt to Secure Free Sugar at Once—Revision Bill Complete Except the Sugar Feature—Income Tax Rates Are Agreed Upon.

Washington, April 4.—The democratic tariff revision bill is completed tonight, with the exception of a final decision upon the sugar tariff. From beginning to end it is a measure modeled in accord with the ideas of President Wilson, with wool, meats and many other foodstuffs and clothing materials on the free list, with low duties upon all agricultural products and foodstuffs that are not free; and with the tariff on chemical, steel and other commercial products cut far below the present protective rates.

Senate Leaders to Study Bill.

The senate tariff leaders today asked for an opportunity to study the bill until Sunday afternoon. They will then confer with Chairman Underwood of the house committee on ways and means, and later will have a final conference with President Wilson. A careful analysis of the senate will be made in the meantime, to determine whether free wool, "one cent sugar" and low rates on "market basket" products, will prove acceptable to a majority of the democrats.

Briefly summarized, the tariff developments of the day were:

Ultimatum to Sugar Interests.

President Wilson's ultimatum to sugar interests, that they must agree to a tariff of one cent per pound for three years, with free sugar after that time or he would attempt to secure free sugar at once.

The committee is prepared to agree to free sugar if the president insists. Income tax rates fixed at one per cent. for all corporation incomes above $5,000; one per cent. on personal incomes from $4,000 to $20,000; two per cent. from $20,000 to $50,00; three per cent. from $50,000 to $100,000; four per cent. above $100,000.

Louisiana Statesmen May Fight.

The president submitted his proposal on the sugar tariff to Representative Broussard of Louisiana early in the day. Louisiana senators and representatives conferred throughout the day and sounded out other members of the senate, to determine whether enough strength could be secured to fight the free sugar features of the plan. They had reached no decision tonight, however, as to the course they would take.

Notwithstanding the sugar controversy, events so shaped themselves today as to indicate that the house, the senate and the president will come to a definite and final agreement upon the tariff bill before Monday and that the measure will be presented to the house early next week as an administration measure and with all tariff leaders behind it.

Whole Matter in President's Hands.

The house tariff makers have left matters entirely in the hands of the president. Members of the senate finance committee today declared there would be an ultimate agreement with the president over all contested points. It is understood that unless the sugar compromise is accepted by the senators from southern states, the finance committee probably will act on its own initiative, and comply with President Wilson's desires.

The situation is unique in tariff history of recent years, is expected to greatly shorten the time required for the tariff bill and to reduce to an unusual degree the congressional debate and amendment of the measure. A preliminary agreement on the bill, it is claimed, will result in the making of few changes by the senate when the bill reaches that body.

Sugar Controversy May Delay Bill.

Because of delay in settling the sugar schedule the committee may not be ready to introduce the bill on Monday. Chairman Underwood assured the president that he could have all the time necessary to bring about an agreement with the senate leaders. If he should ask for time, the bill will be withheld until it be apparent that no agreement can be reached. In this case the democratic caucus also would be delayed.

A SWEEPING PROBE OF CUSTOMS FRAUDS.

Some Surprises in Store When Names of Witnesses Are Known.

Boston, April 4—It was learned today that the United States district attorney's office is engaged in preparing 100 subpoenas for witnesses before the federal grand jury which on Tuesday will begin an investigation of the customs frouds at this port.

The number will include about sixty inspectors and other customs employes who were at work on March 17, the date of the arrival of the steamship Carpathia, which brought Miss Kate Brennan of New York and a trunk which was seized to this city.

It was said in government circles that many of the witnesses would be women including a large number of dressmakers both in Boston and New York, as the government would make a thorough inquiry, hoping also to clear the atmosphere in regard to frauds that may have been perpetrated in years past.

Some surprises were said to be in store as to the character of the witnesses summoned as men as well as women who have not been mentioned publicly in connection with the smuggling, were on the list.

JANITOR FARRELL GIVEN FREEDOM.

Was Arrested on Charge of Sending Bomb to Mrs. Herrera.

New York, April 4—John Paul Farrell, the aged janitor who confessed to sending the bomb that killed Mrs. Madeline Herrera and later repudiated the confession, was released today by the coroner after a jury had returned verdicts at a double inquest on the deaths of Mrs. Herrera and Henry Klotz, the bomb-maker.

The jury decided that Klotz came to his death by the explosion of a bomb of his own construction, and that Mrs. Herrera died from the explosion of a bomb placed in her home by "a person or persons unknown" although police officials testified that Klotz had confessed on his death bed to sending bombs to Mrs. Herrera as well as to Grace Taylor and Judge Otto Rosalsky.

Farrell spent two months in prison.

Bad Gang Under Indictment.

White Plains, N. Y., April 3.—The grand jury today indicted for murder ten men declared to be members of an organized band of foreigners that has for many months been engaged in committing crimes of violent character. According to District Attorney Winslow, this gang is responsible for blackmailing, white slavery, dynamiting, bomb throwing, robbery and murder. Twelve men besides those under indictment are in jail.

Trial Marriages Legal.

New York, April 3.—Trial marriages for young women under 18 years old are legal in New York, according to a decision by Supreme Court Justice Cohalan today. If she marries with the consent of her parents and leaves her husband before she attains that age the present law in effect permits her to come into court and obtain a decree of annulment as a matter of course, he declared.

Prefer This Country.

Diplomatic appointments are going a begging. Everybody seems disinclined to go abroad. Democrats have taken charge.—Florida Times-Union.

The Department of Justice will not consider the question of pardoning John H. Patterson, president of the National Cash Register company, and under sentence to prison for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, unless he makes application himself or shows that he is favorable to pardon proceedings.

MANY CANDIDATES FOR THE MINOR JUDGESHIPS.

Legislative Committee on Judiciary Holds a Friday Hearing.

Hartford, Conn., April 4.—The legislative committee on the judiciary this afternoon, working overtime without any additional compensation, took up the first batch of resolutions concerning the appointment of minor court judgeships on which there are contests. The number of such contests on the face of the resolution list is remarkably large. This is due to the fact that the outlook for deadlock because of the dividend political complexion of the legislature added to the fact that democratic victory last fall convinced many democratic lawyers that they were worthy of judicial appointment, is remarkably bright.

Unlike previous sessions the committee has delayed the hearings on judgeships. Heretofore it has taken the greater part of two months after the session began to get the resolutions reported, even with few contests.

Should there be deadlocks in confirmation the democrats pin their faith in the governor's exercise of the right to fill vacancies after the session ends.

The committee called the Ansonia, Manchester, Enfield, Bridgeport and Waterbury resolutions. Except in one instance the lawyers and others who appeared in behalf of candidates unsparingly used adjectives and commendatory terms.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S FOREIGN POLICY.

His Attitude Toward Mexico, China and Philippines.

Washington, April 3. — President Wilson indicated informally today what the attitude of this government would be toward Mexico, China and the Philippines.

Pending a settlement of affairs in Mexico, the holding of elections and the establishment of a stable government, recognition probably will be withheld.

The Chinese republic is to be recognized next Tuesday, April 8, the meeting day of the new assembly. Notice of this intention has been given to the diplomatic agents of the governments represented here, with a formal proposal that the other governments grant recognition at the same time.

With respect to the Philippines, the president intends to see that the pledge of the democratic party for the ultimate independence of the Philippines is carried out, but he believes the date for the granting of independence is a debatable question and depends upon a thorough and non-partisan investigation of conditions in the islands. eH proposes therefore to give careful consideration to the appointment of a governor general and the Philippine commission.

Roosevelt and Cubists.

It's all up with the Cubists and Futurists. Colonel Roosevelt writes of them in the Outlook as a "lunatic fringe." This shows that they are not so progressive as they thought—or else that he isn't.—New York Evening Post.

Compensation for Everything.

There is compensation for everything. The man who isn't disturbed by the high cost of living has the income tax to think about.—New York Evening Sun.

Survival of the Fittest.

In a mighty conflict between Mexican forces, 80 men were engaged on each side, which seems to indicate that the contest is getting down to a fine point.—Nashville Tennessean.

Secretary McAdoo Yesterday announced he would make no appointments or promotions in the customs service until after July 1, when the customs reorganization plan becomes effective.

CONFESSED MURDER TO SAVE A FATHER.

"Jack" Mulraney, Taken From Death Cell to Tell His Story.

Ossining, N. Y., April 4.—"Happy Jack" Mulraney was escorted today from the Sing Sing death house to the warden's office, where he told Judge Otto Rosalsky of New York why he should be granted a new trial on the charge that he murdered McBreen, the New York saloonkeeper known as "Paddy the Priest."

From the time he left Auburn prison shortly before the murder, on October 3, 1911, Mulraney frankly described his career as a forger and showed Judge Rosalsky how forgers traced signatures on checks. He confirmed the evidence of witnesses examined in New York, who declared that on the night of the murder he lay drunk at the home of his mother.

He asserted that Police Inspector Hughes had played on his sympathy, telling him that one John Dowling had confessed to the murder, but that Dowling had a wife and four children and that if Mulraney would sign a confession Hughes would use his influence to get him off with a sentence of not more than eight years. With this understanding, Mulraney said, he signed a confession which afterwards he repudiated.

INCUBATOR FIRM IS SUED FOR $5,000.

Purchaser of 12,000 Egg Machine Says It Failed to Work.

New York, April 3.—Chickens that didn't hatch form the basis of a $5,000 suit filed today by John L. Dunlap, a poultry raiser of Chatham, N. Y., against an incubator company. Mr. Dunlap charges that a 12,000 egg incubator purchased from the defendant failed to perform its functions properly, with the result that in some instances three-fourths of the chickens he counted before they were hatched failed to see the light.

Seashore Automobile Roads.

The Rincon automobile road, between Ventura and Santa Barabara, Cal., includes a series of causeways—stretches of highway built on piling over the seashore—the longest stretch of which is 4,400 feet long, while there are three others ranging in length from 400 feet up.

They are all constructed, says Popular Mechanics, upon substatial piling of eucalyptus, a teredo-proof wood, and are twenty feet wide, floored with planks and stoutly railed on both sides. The floor will eventually be covered with some paving material to protect the planks from wear.

The run from Los Angeles, through Ventura, to Santa Barbara, is one of the finest one-day automobile trips on the coast, having for its terminus the best preserved and most beautiful of the ancient missions, the only one that is still occupied by the Franciscan Fathers.

Nother Family Mixup.

With the plunging of William Shepard Bryan into the senatorial fray in Maryland, where the Democratic candidates are vying in their fealty to one William J. Bryan, the situation is more mixed than is the tangle of Wilsons at the national capitol.—Birmingham News.

WON'T PAY ALIMONY TO HER HUSBAND.

Woman Makes Odd Request of Court Which Granted Separation.

New York, April 4—Mrs. May E. Thorpe, buyer in a department store, is rejoicing today because she will not have to pay alimony to her husband. Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum granted her petition for a decree of separation and asked her how much alimony she wanted.

"I don't think I ought to pay any," she replied. "Can't you put a provision in the decree to keep my husband from demanding money of me? I have been supporting him so long I've gotten tired of it, and I want to be rid of it."

Justice Greenbaum promised to word the decree as she wished.

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT LODGES FORMAL PROTEST

Objects to Proposed Alien Ownership Act in California.

Washington, April 4.—The Japanese government has lodged formal protest with the state department against the proposed enactment by the state of California of what is considered anti-Japanese legislation, the measure prohibiting the alien ownership of land in California.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT TENDERS RESIGNATION.

Accused of Gross Immorality in a Report of Grand Jury.

Fort Wayne, Ind., April 4.—Henry G. Felger, county superintendent of the Allen County schools, against whom impeachment proceedings were instituted following the grand jury's recent investigation of the delinquency of young girls, resigned today.

Felger was not indicted by the grand jury, but he was accused in the report of ross immorality and his removal demanded. He declares he is innocent and his resignation came as a surprise.

The Fastest Growing Tree

Hard, fine-grained, durable wood usually grows slowly. Amost remarkable exception is the eucalyptus, and this it is that gives the tree its great value as a means of reforestation. It is said that the eucalyptus grows five times as rapidly as any other tree. Seedlings have been observed to make an average growth of six inches in height a day; and one tree in California attained a height of 125 feet and a diameter of thirty-six inches in nine years. The eucalyptus will not thrive where there are frosts, but in the South it promises to go a long way toward filling the place once occupied by other hardwoods, which have been greatly reduced by demands for furniture, carriage and cooperage stock.—Exchange.

A Startling Revelation.

There is nothing that startles the public more than to find a man who got elected going ahead and trying to do what he promised while running for office.—Washington Star.

A Tremendous Task.

The hardest job we wot of is to be President and right at the same time.—Washington Post.