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CERAMIC'S HEAVY SEGE GUNS STILL BOMBARDING ANTWERP

Concussion Caused by the Detonations Has Shaken Houses Twenty Miles Distant

INHABITANTS OF THE CITY HAVE FLED IN PANIC

Six Zeppelins Drop Bombs in the Besieged City—French Official Report Says the Situation in Northern France is Stationary, Except That There Have Been Several Violent Encounters Between the Allies and the Germans in the Vicinity of Roe—Russians Claim to Have Repulsed the Germans in Russian Poland.

That the Germans are still vigorously bombarding Antwerp with their heavy siege guns from three positions, and that great bombardment already has been done in the shells in the beautiful city is the outstanding feature of the war news.

Situation in France. On the battle line in northern France, where the contending armies are burrowed into entrenchments, the French official report says the situation is stationary, except that there have been several violent encounters between the allies and the Germans, notably in the vicinity of Roe, in the department of Somme. No claims of successes or accumulations of defeat are made in the report.

Bombardment of Antwerp. Antwerp so violent has been the concussion caused by the detonations of big German guns that houses 20 miles away were shaken. King Albert, at the head of a portion of the Belgian army, has been ordered to march out of the besieged city, from which the populace in hundreds previously had fled in panic.

Among the few neutrals remaining in the city, where not alone shells from the guns of the Germans, but bombs from their aircraft are falling, is H. W. Diederich, the American consul, and the members of his staff.

Affairs in Russian Poland. In the east the Russians claim to have repulsed a heavy attack by German tanks near Wlbalien and Philippoff, Russian Poland. They declare also that some of the principal forts of Przemysl, in Galicia, have been taken by the forces of Emperor Nicholas, and that the Germans have been driven out of Wlcalow, in Poland, across the border from the fortress of Thorn, East Prussia.

From the south came a report from Cetting that the Servians had repulsed the Austrians and occupied Bilek, Herzegovina.

In Belgium, it is said to have refused to withdraw her troops from northwest Persia, but at the same time advised Persia that she had no intention to take Persian territory.

GERMAN INVASION TO LAST DETERMINATION EXPRESSED IN MESSAGE TO LEGATION AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Belgium's determination to resist the German invasion to the end was emphasized today in a message to the Belgian legation to the foreign minister at Antwerp. The removal of the government to Ostend, the Belgian minister said, was to give the guns of the Antwerp forts "the greatest liberty."

German troops, the message says, "having taken the southeast section of the advance line of the defenses of Antwerp, have now attacked the second line of defense, and are moving toward the city. In order to leave the greatest liberty the forts covering this position, the government has moved to Ostend."

The plight of the little kingdom aroused great interest in diplomatic circles. The possibility that the Germans would in the end drive the government from Belgian territory forced it to seek a refuge in England was widely discussed. Both at the Belgian legation and the British embassy, however, it was said that King Albert would rule the country in the event that every foot of his territory was wrested from him and his subjects made wanderers.

Mr. A. Havard, the Belgian minister, declared emphatically that Belgium would never make terms with Germany before she is completely repulsed. He believed the city would repel the German attack and was positive that the Belgian army would fight to the last, no matter what the location or circumstances of the administrative and executive branches of the government.

British officials called attention to the reported massing of the English fleet near Ostend and the importance of marine artillery as a defense of a no-war, however, becoming imminent in Antwerp despatches that British troops and artillery are sharing in the defense of the city.

ALIES AND GERMANS MEET ON BELGIAN FRONTIER

Manoeuvring for a Position to Outflank Each Other. From the battle front, via Paris, Oct. 8, 12:41 a. m.—Detachments of cavalry of the Germans and the Allies met today on the frontier of Belgium, manoeuvring for a position to outflank each other. The Germans had thrown a brigade after a long march from the east, but these found advanced positions in force. The flanking operations are rendered difficult owing to the proximity of the sea and the day passed without very serious encounters.

The great plateau near Lille and Armentieres favors cavalry work, but farther north the ground becomes marshy, although it is interspersed with excellent roads. The allied leaders appear to be satisfied with conditions

Cabled Paragraphs Paris Reports Situation Satisfactory. Paris, Oct. 8, 11:33 p. m.—The official communication posted by the French war office "it says: "On the situation is stationary, notwithstanding several engagements notably in the north of France."

Zeppelins Drop Bombs in Antwerp. London, Oct. 8, 7:05 p. m.—A despatch to the Central News from Antwerp says that since the night of Oct. 7, six Zeppelins flew over Antwerp dropping bombs in all directions. The extent of the damage done is not known, but one of the bombs damaged the palace of Justice.

Germans and Austrians in London Must Use Right Names. London, Oct. 8, 7:22 p. m.—By a "special order in council" issued to-night any Germans or Austrians engaged in the remembrance of the outbreak of the war have adopted English names will be required after October 12 to resume the use of their own names, not including several engagements notably in the north of France.

Tokio, Sept. 18.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—A few members of the opposition party opposed the government war programme during the special session of the Japanese diet, but finally in the interest of national harmony withdrew all opposition, and the war credit of about \$27,000,000 was voted. The opposition took the form of a remonstrance against the government's war programme, but submitting to any form of limitations at the hands of Great Britain as to what she could or could not do in the war with Germany.

Russians Govern Lemberg. London, Oct. 8, 10:17 p. m.—A Petrograd despatch to Reuters' Telegram Company says that the Russian government has completed the administrative organizations of the conquered region around Lemberg, which has been divided into three districts. The Russian troops, adds the despatch, are advancing slowly, but irresistibly, upon Cracow, and one of the districts has already been reduced by one half.

SILLIMAN LEAVES FOR MEXICO CITY. U. S. to Observe Strict Neutrality in Carranza-Villa Controversy. Washington, Oct. 8.—In dealing with the Carranza-Villa controversy, the establishment of a provisional government, Consul John R. Silliman, who left Washington for Mexico City, will follow closely the wishes of President Wilson and other administration officials with whom he has consulted.

FIGHT ON PRUSSIAN FRONTIER CONTINUES WITH FEROCITY. Petrograd Reports a Series of Russian Victories. Petrograd, Oct. 8.—An official communication issued from general headquarters says: "The fighting on the east Prussian frontier continues with the same ferocity. In spite of German reinforcements, all their attacks in the region of Wlbalien (Russian Poland) and Filipow, have been repulsed with great losses. By a night assault the Russian troops have captured the west of the fortress of Wlbalien, which was surrounded by a German contingent of 10,000 men. The German troops, which were dispersed, abandoning their rapid fire."

Directing Campaign for Greater Turkish Navy. Ruten Bey Believed to Be Devoting Energies to That End. Washington, Oct. 8.—A. Hassen Bey, formerly first secretary of the imperial Ottoman embassy, has been made chargé d'affaires in the department of the navy, Berlin, Petrograd, Tokio, Vienna and Antwerp. The message follows: "In obedience to the proclamation of the president of the United States assembled at their places of worship on October fourth and joined in prayer for the restoration of peace in Europe, the attendance was very large and there was everywhere a spirit of earnestness. Care was taken that nothing should be said of a non-neutral nature, the trend of the speeches being that God might so direct the course of events that the restoration of peace and that the American people might be wisely guided in the exercise of their sovereign powers as they might be able to exert."

WAR IS COSTING ENGLAND \$55 PER SECOND According to Sidney, a Well Known Political Economist. London, Oct. 8, 10:25 p. m.—"This war is costing the country \$11 (\$55 per second, day and night," said Sidney Webb, well known as a political economist, in a lecture today at the Royal Institution, which was the principal feature of a series of lectures on the war, Mr. Webb added, was equivalent to a species of economic earthquake and was upsetting everything and producing everything new. "No body could predict to what degree of good or evil the world would be changed by the war, but it is certain that the changes undoubtedly would be colossal."

INTRUDING NEGRO CHOKED TO DEATH. Had Entered House at Alton, Ill., With Burglarious Intent. Alton, Ill., Oct. 8.—A negro burglar was choked to death here today by Joseph Winkler, after the negro had cut Winkler's wife and son with a razor.

BOMBARDMENT OF ANTWERP IS VIOLENT Houses in a Town Twenty Miles Distant Have Been Shaken. London, Oct. 8, 6:50 p. m.—The bombardment of Antwerp has been so violent that the houses at Rosendaal, a town 20 miles distant, have been shaken, according to a telegram from the city to the Central News by way of Amsterdam.

TEN STOWAWAYS TAKEN FROM LIFEBOATS. Of Scandinavian-American Liner Just Before She Sailed. New York, Oct. 8.—Ten stowaways who said they were German reservists were taken from the lifeboats of a liner of the Scandinavian-American line United States just before the vessel sailed for Copenhagen late afternoon. The men said they did not have sufficient money to pay for their passage, and were determined to steal a ride across the Atlantic. All ten were arrested.

GERMANY OCCUPY TURNHOUT. According to a message from Barle-Nassau, the Netherlands, to the New

National Balloon Pursuit Race

WON BY BALLOON L'EEREUIL OF PITTSFIELD, MASS.

AUTOS ALSO IN CONTEST

Requirements Were to Follow a "King Balloon" and Make Landing as Close as Possible to It.

Pittsfield, Mass., Oct. 8.—The national balloon pursuit race in which four balloons and twelve automobiles started from here today was won by the balloon L'Eereuil of Pittsfield, Mass., and the automobile operated by Roy Bridges and A. Joseph Peacock of this city. The chase was in Worthington, twenty miles from here.

Conditions of Race. By the conditions of the race, which was for a trophy offered by F. Higgins of New York, one of the air craft known as the King Balloon was sent up first and the other three were required to follow it and make a landing as near as possible to the place where it descended. A trophy was also offered to the automobile which reached the King Balloon after it landed.

Haw Balloons Landed. "L'Eereuil," the winner, piloted by Robert Golden of Philadelphia, with Sidney Weish, also of that city, as passenger, was the first to be sent up from the King Balloon at the distant, while the North Adams, with Alton R. Hawley and George Von Utasch, also of New York as pilot and passenger respectively, was four thousand feet in the air. The third balloon, piloted by Dr. Jerome M. Rogers of New York, and carrying William Richardson of Brattleboro, Vt., was the last to be sent up.

A. Leo Stevens of New York piloted the balloon Dancing Doll and had Gordon Bruce of New York as his passenger. The automobile which won the trophy offered by the Aero Club of America in the pursuit race, reached the King Balloon two minutes after its descent.

AMBASSADORS NOTIFIED OF DAY OF PRAYER Secretary Bryan Has Sent Message to Capitals of All Warring Nations. Washington, Oct. 8.—Secretary Bryan has today authorized the help of the capitals of all the warring countries of Europe a message telling of President Wilson's day of prayer for peace. The message, which was sent to the president's action, prompted the sending of the message, which will be communicated to the foreign offices of the United States, Berlin, Petrograd, Tokio, Vienna and Antwerp. The message follows: "In obedience to the proclamation of the president of the United States assembled at their places of worship on October fourth and joined in prayer for the restoration of peace in Europe, the attendance was very large and there was everywhere a spirit of earnestness. Care was taken that nothing should be said of a non-neutral nature, the trend of the speeches being that God might so direct the course of events that the restoration of peace and that the American people might be wisely guided in the exercise of their sovereign powers as they might be able to exert."

THE ARGENTINE BATTLESHIP MORENO, launched at Camden, N. J., is so far completed it will be able to leave the yards on October 15 for her trial trip.

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Charles F. Loomis, chief engineer of the bureau of gas and electricity in New York, handed in his resignation to take effect November 12. The job pays \$7,500.

Residents of Bound Brook, N. J., heaved a sigh of relief when they learned that the great fire which had escaped from a carnival show six weeks ago, had been captured.

The governing committee of the Boston Curb Exchange voted to resume business next Wednesday. October 14. Sessions will be held from 10 a. m. until 3 p. m., as formerly.

Genevieve Chausse, four years old, of North Grovesdale, was probably fatally burned at her home. She set her clothing on fire while playing with matches and about two-thirds of her body was burned over.

On the floor of the Senate it was declared that the Rock Island had been exploited to the great benefit of a small coterie of financiers and that the stockholders had been left substantially "to hold the bag."

An order was filed in the United States Court of Appeals refusing a rehearing to John R. Markley and five other officers of the International Lumber & Development Co., accused of using the mail to defraud.

The recount in 18 of the 136 districts of the Republican ballot in the Tenth Congress district in Newark has changed the plurality of four votes for W. Lincoln Adams to a plurality of 46 votes for Fred E. Leitch.

Sergeant John E. Hodgins, an honor man in the New York Police Department, was killed when an automobile on which he was riding to a fire was struck by a trolley car. Joseph H. King, another policeman, was injured.

Clarence Green, 46, committed suicide at Waterbury by drinking poison. He had been dependent for the past week because he had not been working steadily. He left a note bidding his wife and two children a fond farewell.

Barn Burned at Litchfield. Litchfield, Conn., Oct. 8.—Fire of uncertain origin tonight destroyed the large barn owned by F. D. Newcomb in Mead street, containing a lot of \$5,000. Horses, automobiles and wagons were removed in safety.

Condensed Telegrams

Charles M. Schwab resigned as a director of the American Locomotive Co. Mrs. Winston Churchill, wife of the first lord of the admiralty, gave birth to a daughter in London.

The government of the town of Norwood, Mass., will be conducted hereafter by a general manager. A. Rustem Bey, the Turkish Ambassador to the United States, sailed from New York for Constantinople.

The first annual convention of the Farm Mortgage Bankers' Association of America opened in Chicago. The Rev. Paul R. Mathews, of Fairbault, Minn., was elected bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of New Jersey.

George E. Dietz has been elected president of the Merchants' Bank of Pittsfield, succeeding A. Hills Boyd, resigned. Marcus E. Cook of Wallingford, was nominated for state senator in the 12th senatorial district in convention yesterday.

William J. McCormick of New York, was struck and killed by an automobile as he was about to board a trolley car at Red Bank, N. J. Officers commanding Federal troops in the Colorado mining district have been directed to provide winter quarters for cavalry horses.

The death has been announced in Berlin of Admiral Friedrich A. Breusing, retired. He was well known as a writer on naval subjects. Circulars printed in English, Yiddish, and Italian have been sent to families in Brooklyn advising them of the danger of a water famine.

Dr. Thomas Ople, one of the founders of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Baltimore in 1873, died in Washington, aged 72 years. Daniel Bellman, of Blue Point, L. I. was killed and five others injured when their automobile overturned while rounding a curve near Patchogue.

The relative merits of different kinds of street paving were discussed at the session of the American Society of Municipal Improvements at Boston. Irvin Mellett, farmer, of Ollie, Ia., was found murdered in an automobile near Hedrick. He had been shot four times and his skull was crushed.

There will be no formal review of the Atlantic battleship fleet this year in view of the absence of many vessels on Mexican and West Indian duty. The ten cotton mills of the Dominion Textile Co. in Halifax and other eastern cities have resumed operations, giving employment to 7,000 persons.

Contributions amounting to \$5,545 were received by the New York State Board of Prisoners' Relief, bringing the total amount to \$198,733. The new Canadian Pacific liner Mississauga sailed from Liverpool for Montreal on her maiden voyage. The gross tonnage of the vessel is 13,000.

Jean Bouin, the French cross country runner, who won the world's championship last year, was among those killed at the front in a recent battle. Commissioner J. H. Lippincott announced that a roque's gallery will be established in the New Jersey State Department of Motor Vehicles at Trenton.

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ANTI-TRUST PROGRAM COMPLETED

Clayton Bill Endorsed by House as Received From the Senate

BY THE OVERWHELMING VOTE OF 244 TO 54

Provisions of Bill Exempt From Prosecution Under Anti-Trust Laws of Agricultural, Horticultural, Financial and Labor Organizations—Prohibits the Existence of Holding Companies Which Would Lessen Competition.

Washington, Oct. 8.—The conference report on the Clayton anti-trust bill, already adopted by the senate, was agreed to by the house late today, 244 to 54, completing the anti-trust legislation programme for this session. Every democrat and many of the republicans voted for it. The bill now goes to the president.

Twenty-two republicans and six progressives voted with the solid democratic membership for the report. With this out of the way, congress has only the war revenue bill and the Philippine measure to dispose of to be ready for adjournment. Simultaneously with the administration plan for the session. The house is expected to pass the Philippine bill, but it will not be considered before adjournment in the senate, where debate on the war revenue measure begins tomorrow.

What the Bill Provides. The Clayton bill as finally enacted fixes guilt upon individuals connected with corporations which violate the anti-trust laws. It prohibits unfair price discrimination and the interlocking of directors of railroad corporations with stock supply companies and limits the interlocking of bank directors. The bill also prohibits the existence of holding companies which would substantially lessen competition and forbids exclusive and tying contracts.

Provisions of the act liberalizes the laws relating to injunctions and contempt and exempt from prosecution under the anti-trust laws agricultural, horticultural, financial and sanitation.

Myrtle Coates, Oct. 8.—The body of an unidentified man apparently 50 years old was found today in a shallow hole in a hillside. Medical examination of the body revealed no signs of disease. There were no papers or identification in his clothing. Some buttons used by tanners were in his pockets.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 8.—Planks demanding the retirement of New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad directors and declaring for equal suffrage, are included in the platform adopted today by the democratic state convention.

Patrick H. Quinn of West Warwick was nominated for governor. The platform asserts that any director who would "vote to pay Nelson W. Aldrich and his associates \$25,000,000 for the Rhode Island Company and its property is not a proper person to act as a justice for others."

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