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Proportion to the City's Population

CARPATHIAN BATTLE GROWS IN INTENSITY

Russian Forces From Przemysl are Arriving to Aid Troops Already in the Mountains

STERN OPPOSITION BY THE TEUTONIC ALLIES

The Result of This Struggle Will Have a Strong Bearing on the Entire Situation—The Austrians Have Forced the Russians to Withdraw From Bukowina—Attack and Counter-Attacks With Varying Success Reported in France and Belgium—The Allied Fleet is Operating in the Dardanelles in a Modified Form.

Russian forces from Przemysl are already taking their place side by side with the troops who have for weeks past been striving to carry the Carpathian passes in the face of stern opposition by the Austrians and Germans. The presence of a division from Przemysl on the Carpathian front is not in the Austrian official communication.

That this is a struggle of the greatest importance, the result of which will exercise a strong effect on the entire situation is pointed out by Major Morley, the military critic of the Berlin Tageblatt, who adds: "The supreme army command has grounds enough for employing all disposable forces to avert a Russian eruption into the Hungarian plain."

In this region, particularly along the Balford-Alzou, the Russian forces, according to the official statement from Petrograd, "are developing with perfect success, notwithstanding the enemy's stubborn resistance."

The nature of the fighting is indicated by the same official communication, which, telling of desperate counter-attacks, says that the Russians captured on Sunday and Monday last 75 officers, 5,384 men and a great number of guns.

The Austrians have improved their advantage in the Dardanelles by forcing the Russians to withdraw from Bukowina, for in an advance from Kermowitz, the Austrians crossed the Russian frontier and advanced half way to Chotin. Already the Russians are sending troops to that section to repel the invaders.

In the western war area attacks and counter-attacks, with varying degrees of success, are reported. The Germans continue to bombard the bridges around Neuport, while from the sea to the Aisne and in Champagne there have been artillery actions. The seriousness of the battle for Hartmanns-Werkkorf, in Alsace, is shown by the fact that the bodies of 700 German dead have been found.

A somewhat new view of the operations in the Dardanelles is afforded by a correspondent who says that apparently no serious attempt to sweep the mines from the straits has been made by the allies since March 18, and that while the weather conditions for a bombardment have been the best with a quiet sea, there has been virtually no bombardment since March 18. This correspondent visited the Dardanelles and bore the brunt of the last heavy shelling by the allied warships and says: "The damage done to the Turkish positions was uniformly infinitesimal to an almost unbelievable extent."

The death list of the steamer Falaba, which was sunk by a German submarine, has been officially placed at 111. The bodies of the crew, Leon Chester Thrasher, an engineer who had been living for the past year on the Gold Coast.

CHANGING FRONT IN BELGIUM. Said to be Made Necessary by the Fall of Przemysl. London, March 31, 3:48 a. m.—The Dutch correspondent of English newspapers in their despatches refer to persistent rumors in circulation in Holland of a change in the German front in Belgium, which is alleged to have been made necessary by the fall of Przemysl and by the pressure of the allies along the existing extended front.

According to these rumors the line on the Yser is to be abandoned in favor of a less extended line slightly west of Brussels. It is reported that large bodies of cavalry already are being withdrawn from the Yser.

Cabled Paragraphs

Total Prohibition. London, Eng., Bradford, Eng., March 30, 11:45 p. m.—The chamber of commerce adopted tonight a resolution in favor of total prohibition, with compensation to the holders of liquor licenses.

Spain to Nationalize Foreign Debt. Paris, March 30, 6:50 p. m.—King Alfonso has signed a decree for the nationalization of foreign debt, says a despatch to the Havas Agency from Madrid. The bonds will be negotiated in Spain and the coupons will hereafter be paid exclusively in pesetas.

France to Advance Finances. Paris, March 30, 9:55 p. m.—The senate today adopted a bill which already had passed the chamber of deputies at another point in the conversation. Serbia, Belgium, Greece and Montenegro as friends of the allies the sum of 1,350,000,000 francs. (\$270,000,000).

American Lost With Falaba. London, March 31, 2:52 a. m.—The official announcement is made that among the missing passengers of the steamer Falaba which was sunk by a German submarine, is Tom Chester Thrasher, an American engineer, who had been living for the past year on the Gold Coast, West Africa.

CONFERENCE OF SOCIETIES FOR SERBIAN RELIEF. American, British and French, Held in Paris Yesterday. Paris, March 30, 5 p. m.—A conference of American, British and French aid societies for Serbian relief was held in Paris today. A committee, composed of Ernest Ricknell, national secretary of the American Red Cross, and member of the Rockefeller Foundation; J. Ridgely Carter, Herman H. Hays, secretary of the American Red Cross, and Sir Thomas Lipton was received by a committee from the relief work in these sections respectively.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE ODENWALD. Had No Arms and No Unusual Quantity of Provisions or Coal. Washington, March 30.—Additional information about the attempt of the German steamship Odenwald to slip out of the harbor of San Juan, without clearance papers, a week ago Sunday was received here tonight from the central figures in the drama which led to the seizure of the Odenwald. The steamer had taken on coal and provisions just before starting out of the harbor, but Collector Richardson says she had no unusual quantity of arms or ammunition. Some officials think however, that the report supports the belief that the ship was carrying a full complement of arms and ammunition.

NOTE SENT TO GERMANY ON SINKING OF THE FRYE. Was Delayed Pending Securing of Information. Washington, March 30.—The views of the United States government regarding the sinking by the German submarine of the Frye, an American ship, have been put in the form of a note, which is expected, will soon be communicated to the German government through Ambassador Gerard at Berlin.

Marshall Von Der Goltz at Headquarters. Amsterdam, via London, March 31, 3:08 a. m.—The Telegram says that General von Der Goltz has left Berlin for the main German headquarters.

Russia Raising Tariff Rates on Imported Articles. Cotton Fabrics and Yarns Increased from 30 to 50 Per Cent. Washington, March 30.—Tariff rates on most articles imported into Russia have been raised ten percent, while rates on certain cotton fabrics and cotton yarns have been increased from 30 to 50 per cent. American Consul North York says that the tariff on articles specified in the Russian commercial treaty with Germany have been abolished, and the general rates of the Russian tariff are consequently to be applied in the case of countries, including the United States, the products of which were formerly entitled to the reduced rates.

British Capture German Camp in Africa. London, March 31, 1:23 a. m.—A Cape Town despatch to Reuters Telegram company says that a German camp at Plattein, fifty miles northwest of Okamas, German Southwest Africa, has been captured by the British. It contained great quantities of supplies and horses and other livestock.

Movements of Steamships. Pireaus, March 30.—Arrived: steamer Thessalonica, New York. Genua, March 30.—Arrived: steamer Torina, New York. Sailed: 24th, steamer Finland, New York. Rotterdam, March 30.—Arrived: steamer Rochambeau, Liverpool. Liverpool, March 30.—Arrived: steamer Orduna, New York. Rotterdam, March 30.—Sailed: Rotterdam, Rotterdam.

Insane Asylum Burned. Oklahoma City, Okla., March 28.—One wing of the state insane asylum at Fort Supply burned today and four of the six hundred inmates are missing. One of the guards was so badly burned he may die.

Jitneys Hurting R. I. Railroad

TRUSTEES SAY ROADS WILL BE UNABLE TO COMPETE "UNFAIR COMPETITION"

Declare Motor and Bus Lines Should be Regulated—Railway Company Unable to Meet Fixed Charges. Providence, R. I., March 30.—The Federal trustees of the Rhode Island Railway, operating street railway lines throughout the state, issued a letter to city officials today that unless what they termed the "unfair competition" between the jitneys and the street cars is regulated soon, it would be impossible for the corporation to continue its business.

STRIKE ON STREET RAILWAY AT SPRINGFIELD. 800 Men Affected on the Palmer and Westfield Divisions. Springfield, Mass., March 31.—A strike on the Springfield, Palmer and Westfield divisions of the Springfield Street Railway system will go into effect this morning, when the crews of the last all-night cars ran their cars into the barns. The strike order followed a conference between the representatives of the union, the management and Security company and members of the executive board of the local trolley union late yesterday afternoon, at which the relevant articles of the trolleyman were discussed.

PROSECUTION OF NATIONAL CASH REGISTER COMPANY. Attorney to Hold Consultation About Alleged Violation of Sherman Law. Washington, March 30.—United States District Attorney McPherson of Cincinnati is expected in Washington tomorrow to confer with G. C. Tinsley, assistant attorney general in charge of anti-trust prosecutions. Sherman law against officers of the National Cash Register company, recently ordered back for re-trial by the circuit court of appeals.

INSTRUCTION IN HAWAII Proposed in Bill in Territorial House—Its Passage Urged. Honolulu, March 30.—Major General Wood, commanding the department of Hawaii, in a formal address to the territorial house today, urged the passage of the compulsory instruction bill, pending before that body.

Cash Contributions to Belgian Fund. New York, March 30.—The cash contributions to the Belgian relief fund passed the Belgian mark today, according to an announcement made by the committee tonight. The exact amount collected so far is \$1,094,965.44, and is said to be the largest amount ever raised by a committee on behalf of foreign charity.

Austrians Ambushed by Russians. London, March 31, 2:45 a. m.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Bucharest says: "It is reported that a Russian force of 1,000 men, a considerable Austrian force which crossed the River Pruth near Bojana Monastery, was ambushed by the Russians and compelled to retire across the river with heavy losses."

Answer Cabled to Order in Council. Washington, March 30.—The reply of the United States government to the British order in Council decreasing a virtual blockade against commerce to and from Germany was cabled to Ambassador Page at London tonight for presentation to the British foreign office.

Not Certain Object is Submarine F-4

WHICH DRAG LINES OF NAVAL TUG ARE ATTACHED TO. WORK ON DIVING TUBE. Believed It Will Be Ready Today to Determine Whether the Navajo's Find is Really the F-4.

Honolulu, March 30.—Work on a diving tube, with which it is hoped to locate definitely the submarine F-4 lost with its crew of 21 men outside the harbor here since last Thursday, progressed so rapidly today that it will probably be ready for work early tomorrow.

ROCKEFELLER RELIEF FOR DISTRESS IN COLORADO. Ready to Contribute \$100,000, Particularly for Mining Districts. New York, March 30.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in a telegram to the Colorado state committee on unemployment and relief, announced that the Rockefeller Foundation stood ready to contribute \$100,000 to relieve distress among the workers in Colorado, particularly in the mining districts.

STATIONS OF THE BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROADS. Tipperary is Now out of Date with the British Soldiers, who are now singing Dolly Gray, John Brown's Body and sometimes Dixie, American airs.

Only \$95,000 of the \$250,000 necessary to defray the expenses of the Sase for an equal sum toward new dining halls at Princeton university remains to be raised.

Ordered to vacate the "Hotel de Gink" New York, by April 1. Jeff Davis and the Boston staying there declared that it will take the militia to put them out by then.

The Maine Senate took action which will prevent the possibility of any change at this session in the legal length of masters which may be made by law.

Burglars, using a powerful "cannopener" ripped off the back of the safe in the United Cigar store at No. 871 Eighth avenue, and escaped with \$110 in cash and 10,000 coupons.

At the hearing given by Governor Whitman the bill permitting direct settlement under the compensation law, a storm of protest was raised from representatives of almost every labor union of the state.

More than 5,100 horses have been shipped through Portland, Maine for the winter of 1914 and 1915, according to reports made available today. They came from the ranches of Texas and other western states.

Requests of \$170,000 are left to charitable and other institutions by the will of William D. Sloane, who died at Aiken, S. C., on March 19. Columbia University is given \$50,000. The House of Mercy at Pittsfield, Mass., is left \$50,000.

Dr. George Peck Eckman, of New York, editor of the Christian Advocate, has accepted a call to the pastorate of Elm Park Methodist church at Scranton, Pa. He will succeed Rev. George Wood Anderson, who resigned to become an evangelist.

James P. Chapin, who was sent to Africa by the American Museum of Natural History in 1899 to bring back rare specimens of fauna from the interior, returned on the American liner New York. He brought 45 tons of specimens and 6,000 photographs.

Condensed Telegrams

Roumania officially announced her neutrality. There was heavy snow in northern New York state. Martial law will go into effect throughout Italy on April 1. Export of cotton for the week ended March 27 totalled 129,369 bales.

Eight steel mills at Newport, Ky., resumed operations and two more resume today. As a result of high zinc prices the Historic mine, near Irondale, Mo., will be reopened.

Archbishop Ireland is suffering from a general breakdown due to overwork, at St. Paul, Minn. Dr. Charles R. Henderson, professor of sociology at the University of Chicago, died at Charleston, S. C.

Application for operators in the British textile mills for ten per cent increase in wages was refused. England and France will celebrate April 8, King Albert of Belgium's fortieth birthday, as King Albert day.

One thousand men were put to work on full time at the plant of the Dodge Manufacturing Co., Mishawaka, Ind. There are at present 158 ships at Genoa, Italy, waiting to unload, an unparalleled state of congestion at that port.

The French government refused to allow the Duke of Orleans to join the Foreign Legion under an assumed name. Gold to the amount of 2,000,000 pounds sterling was earmarked for Argentina account by the Bank of England.

United States government ice patrol will begin April 1, and former cutter Seneca will take the station in the North Atlantic. Former Secretary of War Jacob W. Dickinson declared that "organization of the American Legion is a step in the right direction."

The bill increasing railroad rates from 2 to 2.1 cents a mile in Minnesota was killed by the senate transportation committee. The British anti-tobacco league wants the government to prohibit smoking in trenches, despite the soldiers' cry for tobacco.

An absolute embargo on any reference to defensive or military supplies being taken in Italy was declared by the council of ministry. But one new case of smallpox was reported in Millville, N. J., and health authorities of the state believe that all danger of an epidemic is over.

Stations of the Boston and Maine railroad at Hampton, North Hampton, Seabrook and Atlantic, N. H., and Salisbury, Mass., were broken into. Tipperary is now out of date with the British soldiers, who are now singing Dolly Gray, John Brown's Body and sometimes Dixie, American airs.

George Virtue, prominent business man of Hampton, N. H., and former sheriff of Essex county, N. J., cut his throat with a razor at his home in Newark. Harry K. Thaw was taken before the supreme court while an order despoiling a writ of habeas corpus was signed, and then taken back to the Tombs.

The Atlantic fleet, Admiral Fletcher, has reported to Secretary Daniels, is preparing to leave Quantanamo drill grounds and start for Hampton Roads about April 1. Ice went out of the harbor at Two Harbors, Minn., the earliest in recent years, and an early opening of navigation on the Great Lakes is predicted by ice men.

Only \$95,000 of the \$250,000 necessary to defray the expenses of the Sase for an equal sum toward new dining halls at Princeton university remains to be raised. Ordered to vacate the "Hotel de Gink" New York, by April 1. Jeff Davis and the Boston staying there declared that it will take the militia to put them out by then.

VILLA DELAYS MATAMOROS ATTACK

Awaiting the Arrival of Artillery—Another Battle Imminent at Lampazos

IN BATTLE SATURDAY VILLA'S FORCES LOST 300

Nine Troop of United States Cavalry Were Ordered Out to Observe at Battle Opposite San Bernardino—At Brownsville a Dozen Guns for the Third Field Artillery are Ready for any Emergency—The Food Situation in the Mexican Capital is Again Somewhat Critical.

Washington, March 30.—While the Villa forces are waiting time in their attack on Matamoros, awaiting the arrival of artillery, the stage is being set for another battle at Lampazos, about 70 miles southwest of Nuevo Laredo. Troops assembling.

Advices from the border to the state and war departments today said the Villa forces have been ordered to attack Carranza troops at Lampazos. The Villa troops were expected to reach Lampazos today, "when the battle probably will be fought." Early messages said Carranza troops were being assembled at Nuevo Laredo, including the force recently driven out of Ciudad Acuña. The garrison will number 1,200 in all and presumably a part of this force will be sent out along the National railway to meet the Villa forces at Lampazos if the battle is not already in progress.

Should more troops be necessary on the American side at Laredo, Texas, in the event of an attack on Nuevo Laredo, a regiment of infantry is in readiness at Texas City. Situation at Matamoros Unchanged. The situation at Matamoros and at Brownsville across the border was unchanged today. The Villa troops, repulsed Saturday in their first attack, were encamped five miles from the city, the state department said, expecting to renew the assault on arrival of their artillery. Latest estimates of the losses of Saturday said 300 Villa troops were killed and an equal number wounded, while the Carranza garrison had been killed and 30 wounded.

On the American side a dozen guns from the third field artillery are ready for any emergency. Secretary Garrison today considered the situation at Matamoros similar to those given when bullets and shells fell on the American side during the fighting at Naco. The secretary refused to say, however, whether orders had been given to return the fire if the same thing happened at Brownsville.

Meagre Advices From Capital. The state department had but meagre advices from Mexico City today. Secretary Bryan characterizing the situation as "a matter of no great importance." No report tending to confirm statements that the Zapata forces were preparing to abandon the capital and move toward the south. The food situation is again somewhat critical, Mr. Bryan said, but General Huerta's government, he said, something will be done to meet the emergency.

Reports from the border that Villa had demanded the resignation of General Felipe Angeles be installed as provisional president in place of General Carranza, confirmed today by the state department or at the Villa agency here. General Villa was at Torreon today and expected to start southward in a day or two. General Carranza, General Garza was coming too much under the control of Zapata and his advisors, and that General Angeles could dominate the situation in the capital. No foreigners have yet left Mexico City, Secretary Bryan said, although the situation in the capital has improved to afford them facilities to reach Vera Cruz. A report from the latter place today said Elpidio Salgado, 60 miles from Vera Cruz, had been looted by a rebel band and the manager had asked for a military guard.

VILLA ARTILLERY HAS ARRIVED AT LAS RUSIAS. A Renewal of Attack on Matamoros is Expected Today. Brownsville, Texas, March 30.—Seven-ton machine guns, ten pieces of artillery and other heavy arms have arrived at Las Rusias, headquarters of the Villa army, which is besieging Matamoros, opposite Brownsville, today. A renewal of the attack is expected Wednesday.

There was no fighting today, the Carranza forces defending the Mexican town being occupied principally. It was said, with the burial of the Villa soldiers killed in Saturday's battle, Major General Fredrick Funston, commanding the American forces on the border, arrived in Brownsville this morning and spent the day acquainting himself with the situation, especially with reference to the manner in which the Carranza troops under General Samaniego retained the border. The constitutionalists consult in Brownsville issued a statement tonight that Carranza troops have reoccupied Mier, opposite Roma, Texas, and Camargo across the border from Rio Grande City.

Douglas, Ariz., March 30.—Five hundred Carranza troops under Colonel Miguel Samaniego and a Villa force of the same strength commanded by General Trujillo, came into contact yesterday opposite San Bernardino, Ariz., sixteen miles east of here. The fighting continued today, and Samaniego recovered four hundred men from Agua Prieta last night, appeared to be slowly forcing Trujillo back to the border. The Carranza forces returned on the American liner New York. He brought 45 tons of specimens and 6,000 photographs.

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MORE AMERICAN TROOPS FOR THE TEXAS BORDER

General Evans Notifies Department Headquarters from Laredo, Tex.

San Antonio, Texas, March 30.—Brigadier General K. Evans, commanding the troops at Laredo, Texas, today notified department headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, near Austin, that an attack on Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, by Villa troops, was expected and that more American troops might be needed on the Texas border to protect neutrality.

The Laredo garrison at present consists of one regiment of infantry, one battery of artillery and four troops of cavalry. Batteries A, B and C of the Third Field Artillery left this morning for Brownsville.

Reinforcements for Carranza Troops. Laredo, Texas, March 30.—Four hundred troops have left Nuevo Laredo, opposite here, it was learned today, to reinforce Carranza troops at Lampazos, 80 miles south of here, where a Villa attack was expected late today. Villa troops are said to be seeking to advance on Nuevo Laredo.

BROWNSVILLE REPORTS BATTLE HAS STARTED. Firing Began Shortly After Midnight Under Cover of a Heavy Fog. Brownsville, Texas, March 30.—An engagement lasting about an hour occurred late tonight between Villa and Carranza forces three miles south of Matamoros. It was reported Villa troops attacked constitutionalist reinforcements, but the number of men involved on either side and the outcome was not known here.

St. Patrick's Cathedral BOMB CONSPIRACY. Young Italian Detective the Only Witness Yesterday. New York, March 30.—Amedeo Polignat, the secretary of the church, who uncovered the St. Patrick's Cathedral bomb conspiracy, was the only witness to testify today at the trial of Francesco Albano and Carmine Carbone, charged with making and placing a bomb in the cathedral on March 2.

Polignat, while posing as an anarchist, gained the confidence of the defendants and he associated with them. The young detective explained in detail his association and conversations with the defendants and told of their alleged plans to blow up the cathedral. Polignat also testified that in conversations with Carbone the latter revealed secrets of his employers and that "Rockefeller should be blown up."

A vigorous cross examination by attorneys for Albano and Carbone failed to reveal the detective to change his testimony. Polignat denied that he had ever been employed as a chemist in a free-lance capacity. He said he was not especially nervous while he was associating with the anarchists because he revealed secrets of his employers occupying a room across the street from the one in which the anarchists were working.

Revolution in Paraguay Still Underway. Washington, March 30.—Despatches to the state department today said that the revolution which broke out in Paraguay recently still was underway. Sixty persons were under arrest in Asuncion, charged with conspiracy against the government, the despatch said, and 21 others had been deported on similar charges.

Charge Against German Consul Dropped. Seattle, Wash., March 30.—The prosecution of Dr. Wilhelm Mueller, German consul at Seattle, and B. Max Schuler, secretary, are investigating complaints from Missouri that there is a combination at Joplin that controls the smelter industry. Several members of congress have urged that an investigation is necessary to bring out whether there is any agreement affecting prices.

Louisiana's Sugar Crop Short. Washington, March 30.—Louisiana's sugar crop for the season just closed totalled 42,000 tons, or about 50,000 less than in 1913. A statement issued by the department of agriculture tonight says the trade conditions in the beginning of August to the opening of the grinding season has encouraged the sugar owners to prepare for an active season.