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DRIVE OF ENTENTE ALLIES SLOWING UP

But They Have Been Successful in Repulsing the German Counter-Attacks

RUSSIANS APPEAR TO BE HOLDING POSITIONS

Except in Front of Dvinsk and Volhynia, Where the Germans Claim to Have Made Progress, All the Attacking is Being Done by the Russians—Italy Has Commenced an Offensive Along the Isonzo River—Belief is Prevalent That Bulgaria Will Take Sides With the Germanic Allies.

London, Oct. 1, 9.45 p. m.—The belief that Bulgaria has taken sides with the central powers and Turkey and that the Anglo-French and Russian troops will assist the friends of the entente allies while it momentarily has diverted the attention of the diplomats, has not dampened the interest of the public in the situation in the eastern and western theatres of war. The offensive of the allies in the west and the determination with which the Russians are opposing the Austro-German advance in the east are the absorbing topics. The news from the two fronts is considered here as the best for many months.

The French and British forces apparently have made no further progress except in the region of Nouville, in Artois, but on the other hand they have been successful in repulsing the German counter-attacks and so far as is known have virtually held all the ground gained.

In the east the Russians appear to be making a much better effort to hold their positions, except just in front of Dvinsk and in Volhynia the Germans claim to have made no progress, while between those two points in Galicia, according to a Berlin official report, all the attacking is being done by the Russians. Indeed, the Russian troops, by countering the attack which Field Marshal Von Hindenburg launched at Minsk from the northwest, have succeeded quite well in straightening out their line from north to south.

Italy also is showing signs of renewed activity and has commenced an offensive along the Isonzo river, particularly against the important Austrian position of Tolmino.

Nothing has been heard of the much talked-of Austro-German offensive against Serbia or of the operations on the Gallipoli peninsula.

HOPE FOR PEACE IN BALKANS HAS BEEN ABANDONED

Rumors That Austro-German Officers Have Arrived in Bulgaria.

London, Oct. 1, 9.20 p. m.—The hope expressed yesterday that war in the Balkans might be averted virtually has been abandoned, according to the belief expressed in official quarters.

The statement made by Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, in the house of commons this afternoon, confirming rumors that Austro-German officers had arrived in Bulgaria, just as they did before Turkey threw in her lot with the Germanic allies, is taken by officials to mean that Bulgaria, too, has definitely decided to join them. Such a move by Bulgaria would result in the entente allies being called upon to keep their promise to support with all the means in their power those Balkan states who remain friendly to them and who are menaced by the threatened Bulgarian aggression.

Athens never had much confidence in the Bulgarian assurances that Bulgaria's mobilization was quite innocent, it was asserted here today, and the others capitals have now been forced to the same conclusion. There is nothing to indicate the attitude of Rumania, but it has always been taken for granted that her friendship for Italy and France assured her continued support of the cause of the entente allies.

The question arises as to what assistance the entente allies could give Greece and Serbia. It is suggested that an agreement be made with Greece that for every soldier sent to her to help Serbia the allies would land a soldier and equipment at Saloniki to protect Greek territory to the south and, when the time came, to march against Bulgaria. It is probable that this would be only one of the steps taken against Bulgaria should her attitude continue provocative, which officials now consider it to be, despite the fact that a large majority of the people in that country are believed to be still friendly to the entente allies, particularly Russia and England.

CHAMPAGNE BATTLE MAY LAST FORTNIGHT.

French Military Critic Says Supply of Ammunition is Abundant.

Paris, Oct. 1, 5.50 p. m.—The military critic of the Temps estimates that the battle in Champagne is likely to last a fortnight.

"It cannot continue without incidental checks," he continues, "but the allies upon the whole front today are in a good condition; the soldiers are filled with ardor; the supply of munitions is abundant, and artillerymen are obtaining extraordinary results. Fine weather enables the aviators to observe accurately the effects of the fire."

The critic states that the official communication from the war ministry under-estimates rather than otherwise the results attained.

GERMANS STRENGTHENING TURKISH FORTIFICATIONS

Have Thirty Thousand Laborers Working Day and Night.

London, Oct. 1.—A Saloniki despatch to the Times says that the Germans are employing thirty thousand laborers working day and night to strengthen the Tchataldja (European Turkey) fortifications. Elaborate workings have been constructed so that, if necessary, the plain south of Tchataldja can be flooded with water from Lake Dercos. All the forts have been armed with heavy long range guns.

Germans Selling Booty.

Paris, Oct. 1, 4.40 p. m.—On receiving information that booty taken by the Germans at Lille, France, is being sold at a department store in Berlin, the French government has entered a protest with neutrals against such sales. The protest is based on a letter from an officer of the German military at Lichterfelde to a German prisoner interned in the French camp of Fougères announcing the sale.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF GRAND ARMY

Elias R. Monfort of Cincinnati New Commander-in-Chief

Washington, Oct. 1.—Elias R. Monfort f Cincinnati was today elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. Three candidates were nominated. They were Frank O. Cole of Jersey City, N. J.; William J. Patterson of Pittsburgh and Captain Monfort. The contest was between the new commander-in-chief and the New Jersey candidate. Cole withdrew and the election of Captain Monfort was made unanimous. The new commander-in-chief was formerly postmaster of Cincinnati.

B. F. Clarkson of Baltimore, was elected chaplain and Reuben A. Adams of Rochester, N. Y., surgeon general.

The elections concluded the new commander-in-chief appointed John Adams of Cincinnati adjutant-general and re-appointed Colonel D. R. Stowitz of Buffalo, N. Y., quartermaster-general.

There was a number of committee meetings and reunions tonight. Thousands of veterans left Washington for their homes during the day and night.

Virtually all of thse who remained over will leave town tomorrow.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT TO ROB JEWELRY STORE.

Two Armed Men Smashed Windows in Full View of Hundreds.

Philadelphia, Oct. 1.—A desperate attempt to steal jewelry valued at $16,000 from a show window at one of the busiest corners in the shopping district was made today by two armed men in full view of hundreds of persons. After smashing the window with a padded hammer they seized two trays containing the jewels and made a dash to escape at the same time firing their revolvers as a warning to pursuers.

Women shoppers were panic-stricken and several fainted. One of the men was seized by an iceman who felled him with a blow on the jaw and snatched his revolver. The other man escaped through an office building a block and a half away after one trry of jewels had been knocked from his hald and recovered by a messenger boy. The other tray was found intact where it had been dropped in front of the store.

The captured man was held in $2,500 bail. He gave his name as Nathan Heller, 28 years old, of New York and insists that he had nothing to do with the robbery.

VILLA OFFICIALS REPORTED TO HAVE RESIGNED

General Jose Leyva and Fifteen Other Army and Civilian Officials.

Nogales, Ari., Oct. 1.—General Jose Leyva, former Villa commandant at Guaymas, and 15 other army and civilian officials of Nogales, Sonora, were reported to have resigned today, leaving the border post, which Governor Jose Maytorena quit last night, virtually without authority, either civil or military.

Urbalejo, the Yaqui chief, who was named commander of the Villa forces in Sonora, is somewhere south of the border, but has not reached Cananea, the mining town which has been occupied by bandits. The Yaquis, according to reports here tonight, have killed two Chinese.

UNITED STATES SUBMARINES TO SAIL FOR HONOLULU.

K Type Will Replace the F Group New There.

San Francisco, Oct. 1.—The United States submarines K-3, K-4, K-7 and K-8 were ordered today to be ready to sail from here late tomorrow or Saturday for Honolulu, T. H. They will be convoyed by the cruiser Maryland, the tug Iroquois and the naval collier Nanshan. Lieutenant Commander Frederick Freeman, commanding the flotilla, will go on the K-3.

The K type submarines will replace at the Honolulu naval station the F group, one of which, the F-4, sank off Honolulu harbor last March with all on board.

Cabled Paragraphs

Franco-Swiss Frontier Reopened.

Paris, Oct. 1, 6.25 p. m.—The Franco-Swiss frontier, which was closed on September 29, has been reopened to travelers and mail.

STATE'S RECEIPTS FROM AUTOMOBILES $536,970.09

For the Fiscal Year Ending Sept. 30—All Goes to Highway Department.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 1.—Secretary of State Charles D. Burnes issued today a statement of the receipts of the automobile department for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1915. The total receipts from all sources for the year amounted to $536,970.09. For the previous fiscal year of 1914 the receipts amounted to $406,623.34. This shows an increase of 24.2 per cent. for the year. There was an increase in the number of pleasure and commercial automobiles registered, the number for the past year being 35,631. There are now 2,467 livery vehicles registered, an increase of 1,178. The number of licensed operators at the end of the year just closed is given as 50,179, an increase of 13,807 over that of last year. The motorcyclists have increased 455, the present number being 2,803. The amount received from fines for violation of the automobile law was $8,993. All the money taken in by the automobile department was turned over to the highway department, to be used on the repair of state highways. Under the law not a dollar of it can be used for any other purpose, not even to pay the expenses of the department. Nor can any of it be used in the construction of new highways. It is believed that the receipts for the coming fiscal year will exceed the amount received during the year 1915 50 per cent.

STRIKING CHICAGO GARMENT WORKERS TO ARBITRATE.

A Number of Women Were Hurt During Small Riots.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—An agreement for arbitration whereby 500 employes of one of the largest shops affected by the strike of garment workers returned to work was reported otday. H. L. Rissman, president of the company by the same name, announced that two arbitrators were to be named by the union and two by the company, the fifth to be Prof. J. E. Williams of Streator, Ill., recently appointed by Governor Dunne as chairman of the commission on employment.

While this move gave a touch of optimism to the situation, labor leaders apparently were concerned over the increased number of disturbances and arrests.

A delegation of representatives of the strikers called to see Mayor Thompson, who refused to grant them an audience.

A number of women were hurt during small riots today. On one occasion a group of alleged strikers and their sympathizers threw a brick at a policeman, precipitating a riot in which the police reserves were summoned.

CARRANZA TROOPS ON ON OUTSKIRTS OF CAPITAL.

Capture Electric Power Plant and Kill 100 of Zapata Soldiers.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Capture of the electric power plant on the outskirts of Mexico City by Carranza troops, who killed one hundred of the Zapata soldiers holding the plant, was announced in delayed despatches received today at the state department. The capture followed a sharp fight Thursday and it was said that the plant was damaged so slightly that it would be possible to resume service in a few hours.

Raiding bands of Zapata troops have intermittently occupied the power house fo rsome time and in the last few days had been in complete control.

Lack of fuel in the city interrupted the service of the plant long ago and emergency stations have been relied upon by the city for its light and power.

Reports from Vera Cruz dated September 30 announced that the Carranza government had promulgated a decree giving banks of issue 45 days to comply with the banking law.

FORMER VILLA OFFICERS ARRANGING TO SURRENDER.

Three Are Said to Be En Route to Vera Cruz to Join Carranza.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Three former Villa officers, according to announcement from the Carranza agency here tonight are en route to Vera Cruz, commissioned to arrange for the surrender of many of the chiefs of Villa's army.

"It is stated," says the announcement, "that they are travelling incognito because Villa is ignorant of their intention and of this recent action of his subordinates and secrecy must be preserved in order to avoid assassination of such of them as still remain within his reach."

The Carranza agency gave out also what purported to be an intercepted telegram from a Villa consul at Tiajuana, Lower California, to Enrique C. Llorente, Villa's Washington representative, saying that conditions in the territory being abandoned by Villa were "growing worse every day" and that General Villa intended "to proceed westward into districts hitherto untouched by the fighting and where there are crops in abundance."

STRIKE AT UNITED STATES CARTRIDGE PLANT SETTLED

Employes Vote to Return to Work Pending Arbitration.

Lowell, Mass., Oct. 1.—The three weeks' strike of cartridge workers at the plant of the United States Cartridge company ended tonight, when the strikers votedsto return to work pending arbitration on the question of wages by the state board of conciliation and arbitration. It was announced that the company had agreed not to discriminate between employes, either union or non-union.

The strikers sought abolition of Sunday night work, shorter hours and an advance in wages. The plant, employing about 5,000 persons, has been shut down, with the exception ow one or two departments, since the strike went into effect.

OBITUARY.

Rev. George Curtis, D. D.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 1.—The Rev. George Curtis, D. D., a retired Congregational minister, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Herbert K. Job, in West Haven, tonight, aged 79. He was a graduate of Amherst and held pastorates in this state.

Storm's Death Toll Will Exceed 150

105 ARE REPORTED DEAD AND 105 MISSING

VILLAGES SWEPT AWAY

Hundreds of Persons Along the Mississippi and Interior Points Are Marooned in Flooded Sections.

New Orleans, La., Oct. 1.—Reports from scattered sections of the hurricane area in Louisiana and the Mississippi Gulf coast late today give 149 known dead, 106 reported dead and 105 missing. Hundreds of persons along the Mississippi and interior points are marooned in flooded sections.

Known Dead.

The property damage will run into the millions.

The known dead in Louisiana included: New Orleans and environs, 24; Rigolets 21, Lake Catherine 22, near Frenier 25, eight drowned in sinking packet Hazel, near Grand Isle.

Reported dead and missing in Louisiana:

Shell Beach, St. Bernard Parish, 16. Island De La Croix 22, Yolosky 15 (negroes.)

Property Loss Tremendous.

Couriers by boat and train as well as mail advices brought in reports of tremendous property loss and rumors of many dorwned along both sides of the Mississippi river south of here.

The town of Dunbar, La., near the Mississippi state line, virtually was swept away, it is reported.

Only meagre reports have been received from the delta sections south and southwest of New Orleans. A wireless fessage received from a staff correspondent of a New Orleans paper said:

Life Toll Heavy.

"Whole country between Poydras and Buras inundated. Levees gone, property loss appalling. Life toll probably heavy. Conditions worse than ever before. Relief needed."

Reports from Chef Menuer, directly south of this city, indicated that a tidal wave from nine to twelve feet high struck that section. From below Houma and Terrebonne section no reports have been received. The country there is low and there is hardly any protection from wind and tide.

Little Damage at Mouth.

The Honduran steamer Yoro arriving here last night reported little damage at Pilottown, at the mouth of the river. C. E. Bowers, wireless operator on the Yoro, said property loss all the way up the river to a point within fifteen miles of New Orleans was enormous. Plantations were flooded and houses demolished. As far as he could see, on either side of the river was flooded, Bowers said. The damage to the levees was the greatest a few miles below Magnolia.

VILLAGES ON NARROW STRIP OF LAND WIPED OUT

Between Lake Borgne and Lake Ponchartrain in Louisiana.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 1.—Rigolas and Dunbar, La., villages on a narrow strip of land between Lake Borgne and Lake Ponchartrain northeast of New Orleans, have been wiped out with large loss of life by the tropical hurricane, according to a statement given out here today by officials of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

The announcement said train service over the road into New Orleans would be impossible for weeks, the tracks from Pass Christian to Bay St. Louis having been destroyed.

A. G. Spalding's Estate Over $1,000,000

Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 1.—John W. Carrigan, state inheritance tax attorney, announced today that he had completed a survey of the estate left by the late A. G. Spalding, sporting goods manufacturer, who died recently at Point Loma, Calif., and found that the value was in excess of $1,000,000 instead of $600,000, the value placed upon it by Mr. Spalding before his death. "It may go as high as $2,000,000," said Carrigan.

No Longer Fear the Submarines

ENGLAND SOLVES PROBLEM HOW TO COMBAT THEM

ENTANGLED IN NETS

Nets Suspended Between Floats Have Been Scattered Broadcast—Between 50 and 70 German Boats Caught.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Great Britain has discovered and put into effective operation means of combatting the submarine, which, according to official reports to the United States government, already has resulted in a loss estimated at between fifty and seventy German submarines. The reports declare that the British admiralty confidently believes it has crushed the German under-sea campaign. The British censorship has presented the disclosure of details concerning the developments. Within the last three weeks, however, confidential reports to various government departments, from representatives in European capitals of neutral as well as belligerent countries, have been received and are now being closely scrutinized on account of the bearing they may have upon the naval policy of the United States. They strengthen the conviction of naval officers that the dreadnought still is the mainstay in warfare on sea.

Capture 50 Submarines.

According to the reports, destruction or capture of fifty submarines actually had been reported several weeks ago, and it was regarded as possible that the number might have reached seventy. A dinner was given recently in London which, while not a formal state affair, was attended by high government officials, in celebration of the destruction of the fiftieth under-water enemy. Reports of the dinner apparently were suppressed by the censor in accordance with Great Britain's policy of keeping Germany in doubt as to how many of the boats have been destroyed.

A Submarine Telephone.

The United States government has learned that in order to combat the German war zone campaign, a submarine telephone has been developed by which it is possible to detect the approach of a submarine by sound from observation boats or stations planted off shore connected with points in the mainland.

For the capturing of craft whose pressure has not been detected, huge nets have been stretched across the channels through which the submarines may be expected to attempt to pass; and in open waters, near steamship lanes or in the vicinity of warships, nets suspended between floats have been spread broadcast. Armed patrol boats watch, and when the disappearance of the floats beneath the water shows that a submarine has

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NEW BRITISH CONSUL GENERAL AT NEW YORK

Charles Clive Bayley to Succeed Sir Courtenay Walter Bennett.

London, Oct. 1, 8:03 p. m.—The appointment of Charles Clive Bayley as British consul-general at New York was announced today.

Charles Clive Bayley, who has been consul-general at Moscow since 1913, has previously been stationed in New York, having been British consul in that city from 1899 to 1908, afterwards going to Warsaw and holding the post of consul there until ap appointed to the higher post at Moscow. He succeeds as consul-general in New York Sir Courtenay Walter Bennett, who has been consul-general since 1907.

Pratt & Whitney Strikers Parade.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 1.—Pratt & Whitney strikers to the number of 1,400, paraded in the factory district today. A band, an American flag and an eight-hour banner were carried at the head of the procession. There was no disorder of any sort, although many special policemen were stationed along the line of march.

Constant, Positive and Profitable

The cost of doing business increases rapidly with development. That of one average drygoods store has about doubled in the past thirty years. Though this may be looked upon as making a hole of good size in the net profits, the rising cost is met, not by increasing the price of the goods or cutting down on the quality or quantity but by speeding the turnovers.

The more goods that can be disposed of the better the business and the larger the net profit and there is nothing which aids in the hastening of turnovers or the speeding up of business like advertising. It is the necessary force to such an end and its cost does not come out of the buyer but like other overhead charges is much more than made up by the increased volume of business.

Advertising means brushing aside the idea that business will come without encouragement as every advertiser has learned, and when it comes to getting the best results there is no medium in this end of Connecticut that can equal The Bulletin. Its service is constant and sure, and it pays.

The following matter was published in its columns during the past week:

Bulletin	Telegraph	Local	General	Total
Saturday, Sept. 25..	150	168	1103	1421
Monday, Sept. 27..	155	192	249	596
Tuesday, Sept. 28..	109	155	213	477
Wednesday, Sept. 29..	121	133	216	470
Thursday, Sept. 30..	139	142	202	483
Friday, Oct. 1..	158	150	208	516
Totals	832	940	2191	3963

Condensed Telegrams

Another slide in the Panama Canal was reported.

Kaspar von Zumbetsch, noted Austrian sculptor, died at Vienna, aged 83.

September wheat jumped 11 cents a bushel just before the close of the Chicago grain pit.

A quarantine has been placed on all Chicago live stock owing to the foot-and-mouth disease.

The Philadelphia mint will coin $5,000,000 of gold bars recently received from England.

Chancellor von Bethman-Hollweg will issue the third German war loan at the end of October.

Colonel E. Livingston Price of Culver's Lake, N. J., picked a quart of strawberries in his garden.

Beginning today, wages of 6,000 employes of the Lackawanna Steel Co., will be advanced from 8 to 10 per cent.

All untrained Germans in Holland belonging to the 1916 draft were ordered to return to Germany immediately.

The Farrell, Pa., tin mill of the American Sheet & Tin Plate Co., is being worked at capacity on rush orders.

An aviation section of the signal corps of the New York National Guard was authorized by Governor Whitman.

More than 5,000 miners in the South Wales district went on strike in protest against the employment of non-unionists.

All metals in the Kaiser's palace at Berlin that are not in actual necessary use will be taken over by the Government.

Four thousand prisoners among whom were 67 officers, arrived at Marseilles on their way to French prison camps.

A daughter has been born to Mrs. Edwin W. Friend of Farmington, whose husband lost his life in the Lusitania disaster.

British prisoners taken in the region of Arras were increased by 24 officers and 2,194 men, the German War Office announced.

President Wilson appointed American Ambassador Guthrie at Tokio as his personal representative at the coronation of the Mikado.

L. U. Morris has been appointed general superintendent of the El Paso & Southwestern Railroad with headquarters at El Paso, Tex.

An appropriation of $28,950,000 for mobilization expenses and to help the families of soldiers was passed by the Greek Chamber of Deputies.

A 1,500 ton metal mixer, the largest of its kind, will be erected at the Homestead plant of the Carnegie Steel Co., at a cost of $200,000.

Fire that broke out on Wednesday on the American steamer F. J. Linsman, at Rio de Janeiro, damaged the cargo of kerosene and turpentine.

President Wilson will greet the Daughters of the American Revolution at their seventy-fifth annual meeting in Washington on October 11.

To prevent further violence by striking garment workers additional police were ordered to patrol the clothing manufacturing district of Chicago.

Employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad machine shops at Altoona, Pa., were ordered to work full time, beginning Oct. 1. About 2,000 men are affected.

Alexander S. Porter, one of the leading real estate operators in Boston, and prominent in the development of the Back Bay section, died at the age of 76 years.

Chicago packers will not be given a hearing by the State Department until the official text of the British Prize Court's decision confiscating their products is received.

Allen H. Seaman of Yonkers was killed and his wife and mother fatally injured when their auto turned over several times and was wrecked near Middletown, N. Y.

J. J. Mendenhall, prominent orange grower and mill operator of Clearwater, Fla., convicted last week of the murder of Miss Susie Elliot, was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Police Commissioner Woods summoned representatives of the patrolmen's and lieutenants' benevolent associations to headquarters and warned them that they had violated the law in formally indorsing woman suffrage.

Judge Sumner Lobinger of the United States court in China, called on President Wilson, expressed the opinion that the form of government of China would not be changed at this time from a republic to a monarchy.

Forty-three American doctors and sanitary engineers, representatives of the Red Cross and Rockefeller Foundation, were decorated by Crown Prinve Alexander of Servia in recognition of their services in stopping epidemics there.

Baroness De Crombrugghe, a prominent Belgian woman, and her son, have been sentenced to a month's imprisonment for singing Brabanconne, the Belgian national anthem, within doors, according to the Ghent, Belgium correspondent.

An eight hour work day with the same wages they now receive for nine hours was announced b ythe Victor Talking Machine, of Camden, N. J., for its 7,500 employes. The action was vluntary on the part of the company, the men having made no demand for shorter hours.

Riggs Bank Cashier Has Resigned.

Washington, Oct. 1.—It become known tonight that the Riggs bank had notified the comptroller of the currency that H. H. Flather, cashier of the bank and one of the men indicted, had resigned. Officers of the bank refused to discuss the matter but it was understood that Mr. Flather offered his resignation to the directors yesterday and it was accepted.

$365,000,000 TOWARDS THE BIG LOAN

It is Believed That Today Will See the Entire Amount of Anglo-French Bonds Placed

BOOKS TO BE LEFT OPEN SEVERAL DAYS

Middle Western and Western Banks Are Yet to be Heard From—Total Promised Includes Pledges of the Chief Large Banks and Those of Wealthy Individuals—Books Will be Open for Subscription to the General Public Before Oct. 15—Bonds Were Bought and Sold on the Curb Yesterday to the Extent of $75,000, Opening at 98, Falling at One Time to 97¾.

New York, Oct. 1. — Subscriptions amounting to approximately $365,000,000 appeared to be in sight Thursday night towards the $500,000,000 issue of joint Anglo-Franch bonds, according to a declaration made today by the president of one of the largest national banks in the city.

This would leave $135,000,000 to be taken and it was his opinion that today and tomorrow would see the entire amount placed.

The $365,000,000 it is assumed, represents the total pledges tabulated up to Thursday night and includes the chief large bank subscriptions and those of wealthy individuals entering the list of underwriters. It was also thought that this total covered subscriptions from every section of the country, although this was not stated.

Books Open For Several Days.

The books will be left open, in all probability, for several days. Middle western and western banks are yet to be heard from and the wants of some of them remain to be ascertained. It might be considered discourteous to close the door while they are at the threshold; hence there probably will be no final casting up of totals until ample time—four or five days—will have been afforded all to come in.

Bonds Sold on Curb.

In the pouring rain on the curb, outside the stock exchange, the bonds were bought and sold today for the first time by any stock dealing association. Delivery, of course, was subject to their issuance. The opening price was 98, the figure set by the underwriters and the Anglo-Franch commission as the price the general public is to pay. They fell to 97 3-4 and later went back to 98. At the close of the market they were quoted at 97 3-4 to 98. Dealings, it was said, totalled about $75,000.

Payable in Installments.

The books will be open for subscription to the general public before October 15. It was definitely decided today that payments on the bonds would be payable in three installments as follows: October 15, twenty-five per cent.; November 15, twenty-five per cent.; December 15, fifty per cent. Purchasers desiring to pay the full amount in cash upon taking their bonds would be permitted to do so, it was said, paying at the rate of 98 and receiving a rebate of 1 3-4 upon the expiration of the sixty day syndicate, if they come in on the underwriters' terms.

Responses Gratifying.

Responses from every section of the country have been extremely gratifying, a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan said today and New York city, especially, has done better than it was thought would be done within the first two days after publication of the details. Hundreds of investors it was reported tonight, had accepted the offers of banks and bond houses and had come in for a substantial total of the bonds at 96 1-4, the price to the underwriter. When the full amount has been pledged, individual investors will no longer have an opportunity to do this, it was said, as the price will be then 98.

Members of the commission were luncheon guests today of the Franco-American society.

St. Louis Banks Subscribe $1,500,000.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 1.—Seven St. Louis banking institutions, it was learned today, have forwarded subscriptions for participation in the Anglo-French loan. A canvass indicated that $1,500,000 would be subscribed by St. Louis banks.

HARTFORD SUBSCRIPTIONS AMOUNTED TO $1,970,000

$750,000 Taken by a Large Insurance Company—Remainder by Banks.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 1.—Hartford banks and insurance companies today subscribed $1,970,000 to the Anglo-French war loan. Of this amount $750,000 was taken by a large insurance company of which ex-Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley, former United States senator, is president and its subsidiaries. Subscriptions of the banks are: Hartford-Aetna National bank, $250,000; Phoenix National bank, $250,000; Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit company, $150,000; First National bank, $125,000; United States bank, $50,000; National Exchange bank, $25,000. The first four of these, with state bank and trust company, are acting as a local group at the request of J. P. Morgan and Company to assist in underwriting and distributing the loan.

INSTRUCTED TO RELEASE GOV. JOSE MAYTORENA

Chief of Villa Forces in Sonora, Who Crossed the Border Thursday Night.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Governor Jose Maytorena, chief of the Villa forces in Sonora, who crossed the international line last night at Nogales, Ariz., will be released from custody of United States soldires at Nogales according to a decision reached by department officials after a conference with Acting Secretary Polk of the State Department. The State Department has no objection to the admission of Maytorena to the United States.

Colonels De Lavega and Flores, also carried what purported to be discharges from the Villa army, were arrested at the line an hour later and released on parole. Maytorena said he was en route to Washington to attend the Pan-American conference, while the two colonels said they wished to remain in the United States on the same footing as other Mexican citizens and to be permitted to cross to and from Mexico as they saw fit. It is probable the colonels will be released by the war department and civil authorities at the border are satisfied they have no connection with any new revolutionary movement in Mexico or with recent bandit raids on American territory.

General Funston reported also that Carlos Randall, former state treasurer of Sonora, and General Urvalejo, had been announced as acting governor and commander-in-chief, respectively, of Villa forces in Sonora.

TO DISCUSS NAVAL PLANS FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE

President Wilson, Secretary Daniels and Representative Padgett, Meet Monday.

Washington, Oct. 1.—President Wilson will discuss with Secretary Daniels and Representative Padgett, chairman of the house naval affairs committee, next Monday naval plans in connection with the national defense programme to be presented to congress this winter.

The secretary and Mr. Padgett have had frequent conferences during the last few days and Senator Tillman, chairman of the senate naval committee, discussed plans with President Wilson some weeks ago.

A TRANSCONTINENTAL TELEPHONE RECEPTION

To Be a Feature of the 50th Anniversary Celebration at Vassar.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The press board at Vassar college announced today that a feature of the 50th anniversary celebration of the founding of the college, Oct. 10, would be a transcontinental telephone reception by Vassar alumnae in San Francisco to President Henry Dobie MacCracken here, during which the college an da large number of graduates at the Golden Gate will exchange felicitations.

ELEVEN MEXICANS DEAD ON THE AMERICAN SIDE

Bodies Found on Both Sides of the Road Near Donna, Tex.

Brownsville, Texas, Oct. 1.—Eleven dead Mexicans were found today on the American side of the river, near Donna, about 45 miles above here. The finding of the bodies was reported by Major Edward Anderson of the 12th cavalry. He said they had apparently been dead about a week. Their bodies lay on both sides of the road. All were dressed in farm hands' working clothes and wore soft felt hats. Several of the bodies were identified as members of a family residing near Donna, Texas.

Major Anderson said he had no information to indicate in what manner these Mexicans were killed, or why.

The bandits, under De La Rosa, are in the woods opposite Progreso, where American army officers have received reports that several hundred Mexicans were organizing with hostile appearance. A Mexican at Rio Bravo gave information which led to the locating of the band.

Luis De La Rosa was the leader of 60 Mexicans who several weeks ago attacked Norias ranch house about 60 miles north of Brownsville.

Fifteen Americans, including seven cavalrymen, drove De La Rosa off with the loss of five killed after a fight of an hour and a half.

JOINED METHODIST FORWARD MOVEMENT.

New Haven District of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Meriden, Conn., Oct. 1.—The New Haven district of the Methodist Episcopal church joined the Methodist forward movement today at a meeting of all the ministers of the district in the First Methodist church of this city. The meeting was conducted by District Superintendent Dr. Elmer A. Dent. Bishop L. B. Wilson of the New York east conference addressed the meeting. The work will be carried out by 72 ministers of the district, each of whom will have charge of one section.

CHANCE OF MAINTAINING PEACE IN BALKANS REMOTE.

German Influence in Bulgaria is Daily Gaining Ground.

London, Oct. 1, 6.03 p. m.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram company from Athens says:

"Latest advices from Sofia, Bulgaria, point to German influence gaining ground daily. It is naturally concluded that the chances of maintaining peace in the Balkans are remote."

Movements of Steamships.

New York, Oct. 1.—Sailed, steamer Cymric, Liverpool.

Rotterdam, Sept. 30. — Arrived, steamer Ryndam, New York.

Liverpool, Oct. 1.—Arrived, steamer Baltic, New York.