

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

VIGOROUS BATTLES TO SOUTH OF RIGA

Where the Germans Have Made Some Progress In New Thrust at Baltic Provinces

TEUTONS CONCENTRATED LARGE FORCES THERE

Situation is Considered by the Russians More Serious Than it Had Been for a Long Time—There is Again Talk of the Evacuation of Riga by the Russian Military Forces—Along the Fringe of Galicia the Russians Maintain Their Offensive—Austro-Germans and Bulgarians Are Forging Ahead in Serbia, But Not With the Speed Anticipated—Serbians Deny Bulgars Have Cut Railway Near Vrnaya—Germans Were Repulsed in an Attack on Rheims—Unofficial Report Places British Within a Few Miles of Bagdad.

London, Oct. 20, 10 p. m.—Battles south of Riga, where the Germans have made in this respect, reports two days ago that his forces had reached the River Dvina, but, as on previous occasions, this broad and fast running waterway appeared to have held him up for the time being.

Russians Consider Situation Serious.
The situation, however, is considered by the Russians to be more serious than it had been for a long time. There is again talk of the evacuation of Riga by the military, who have been in sole occupation of the city since the civilian population left a month ago.

Teutons on Defensive in Galicia.
At the other end of the eastern front, the position is just the reverse. General Ivanoff who has proved himself to be the most aggressive of the Russian commanders, has been striking hard at the Austro-German forces on the middle Stry and all along the fringe of Galicia still in Russian hands. At several places he has driven his opponents back, and there is a report tonight that his forces have evacuated Czernowitz, a report which finds some confirmation in an Odessa despatch declaring that the Russians have abandoned their contemplated evacuation of the northern districts of Bessarabia.

Serbians Holding Strong.
The progress of events in Serbia is surrounded by considerable mystery. The Austro-Germans and Bulgarians are advancing all along the various fronts, but not with the speed anticipated. The Austro-Germans apparently have abandoned their contemplated wider front, as Berlin tonight reports that they are advancing on Shabatz, which is a long distance west of Belgrade, while the Bulgarians are making straight across the country for Macedonia, where they will find part of the population friendly to them.

German Offensive at Rheims.
The Germans, according to the British and French statements, attempted offensive movements against Rheims yesterday, but again suffered reverse. On the other hand, the Germans claim success near Prunay, in the Champagne district.

Serbian Successes.
The Anglo-French forces have been in action near the Greco-Bulgarian frontier, but seemingly the battle was not important, as no official reports have been issued concerning it.

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Denial of Sinking of Six German Transport.
Berlin contends that only commercial steamers have been sunk.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 20.—The Lock company, which has been in strike of 1,200 employees of the Eagle progress about two weeks was ended tonight when the strikers voted to accept a compromise offer from the company and to return to work tomorrow. Under the terms of settlement the employees will work 55 hours a week and receive 60 hours' pay.

Cabled Paragraphs

Women Conductors in London.
London, Oct. 20, 8.20 p. m.—In order to release men of military age from the London it was announced at the police department this evening that hereafter licenses would be issued to women to drive omnibuses and street car conductors.

Pour le Merite for Admiral Von Schroeder.
Berlin, via London, Oct. 21, 12.05 a. m.—Emperor William during his visit to the extreme western front and the Belgian coast conferred the order Pour le Merite, the highest of the Kaiser's decorations, upon Admiral Von Schroeder, commander of the naval corps.

Mellen Testified at Trial of New Haven Directors.
Evidence of Cordiality Shown Former President by Defendants.

New York, Oct. 20.—Charles S. Mellen, one-time president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, testified in the courtroom today against the eleven men with whom he was formerly associated on the road's board of directors, whose trial on the charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law began one week ago.

By Spring We Shall Probably Have Peace.
Quotation From German Who Holds a High Position.

Berlin, Oct. 8.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—That by spring we shall probably have peace. This remark of one of the most highly placed and prominent state officials in conversation with The Associated Press correspondent may be taken as indicative of the views on the probable duration of the war held in German government quarters, or at any rate, in certain influential circles of the government. The person quoted occupies a position which lends much weight to his opinion on this subject, and the remark was made incidentally during a discussion of certain future possibilities in the Balkan situation.

Arrest of German Wife of Member of Parliament.
Caused a Sensation in the Northern Part of England.

London, Oct. 20, 5.33 p. m.—A sensation has been caused in the north country, says the Evening News, by the arrest of the wife of William J. D. Burney, who was a liberal member of parliament for Whitehaven from 1907 to 1910. Mrs. Burney is a German, the daughter of Colonel Retzius, of Berlin. The couple own a fine house near Whitehaven, which was raided by a German submarine. It was alleged at the time that the submarine was guided by signals from the coast.

Who Were Convicted by Courtmartial in Belgium of Aiding Prisoners to Escape.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—(Via Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Overseas News Agency says that President Wilson, in addition to Pope Benedict, interceded on behalf of the Countess De Bellevalle, Miss Thullier and seven other persons who were court-martialed in Belgium and convicted on the charge of having aided in the escape of Belgian and French prisoners and the execution of whose sentences were postponed by Emperor William in order that he might make a detailed examination in the cases.

Crossing of the Danube a Great Military Feat Without the Use of a Bridge and in the Face of the Enemy.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—(By wireless telegraph to Tugerton, N. J.)—Field Marshal von Mackensen, commanding the German campaign against Serbia, after the storming of Belgrade on Oct. 8, by his troops, is quoted by the Cologne press as saying: "The passage of so large a river (the Danube) without the use of a bridge and in the face of the enemy, is in our history of all times."

Serbian Successfully Resist Invaders.
Advance Made by Austro-Germans and Bulgars Very Slight.

London, Oct. 20, 6.27 p. m.—At the arrival at Odessa of a military mission en route from Rumania to Paris, its object is not known, but it is thought here that such a mission would hardly be undertaken unless Rumania contemplated action on the side of the allies.

Britain Offers Island of Cyprus to Greece.
In Return for Intervention in War on Side of Entente Allies.

London, Oct. 21, 1.52 a. m.—Great Britain has made a formal offer of the island of Cyprus to Greece as soon as Greece undertakes to intervene in the war on the side of the allies. The Daily Telegraph makes this announcement this morning.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 20.—Louis Barnick, alias Louis Barron, alias Joe Barton, 18 years old, was this afternoon sentenced by Judge Lucien F. Burpee in the superior court to not less than two years nor more than six years in state prison on one of the three counts of burglary placed against him.

Opposed to Military Drills in Schools

President and President Emeritus of Harvard

Declares Dr. Eliot—Implicit Obedience Not a Good Way to Train Young Americans—Spirit is Un-American.

Boston, Oct. 20.—A. Lawrence, president of Harvard university, and Charles W. Eliot, its president emeritus, today took issue with those who would carry military drills in the grammar schools. Military drills in these schools, President Lowell said at a hearing before a legislative committee, were of no importance whatever in the development of soldiers and the teaching of military history, he thought, while of some value in the high schools, would be useless among boys in the lower grades. He opposed any plan of drafting young men into the militia.

Cooperate in Education of Officers.
The great need of the United States army at the present time, Dr. Lowell thought, was a sufficient number of officers and a sufficient number of privates. He believed the colleges and universities should cooperate in the education of such officers. Harvard, he added, would be glad of an opportunity to take part in the work.

Army Spirit is Un-American.
Dr. Eliot said that his objection to military drill in the public schools was based principally on the fact that it was a bad form of physical exercise. The army spirit, he asserted, was un-American, an insistence on implicit obedience meant submission to another's will, and that he held, was not a good way to train young Americans. He felt the chance that this country would be called to defend itself was very remote.

Endorsement of Plans for Continental Army.
By Large Employing Firms and Corporations.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Endorsements of the administration's plan to create a great continental army for defense are beginning to pour in. Washington from large employing firms and corporations. It was learned tonight that approving letters had been received from at least one hundred sources, and that at least one had expressed willingness to grant its men leave on full pay for service in the proposed organization.

Great Britain May Place Embargo on Export of Steel.
For the Purpose of Safeguarding the Government's Requirements.

New York, Oct. 20.—Great Britain may place an embargo on the export of steel, according to a cable received here today by the Iron Age.

Emperor William Pleased with Saxony Troops.
Excellent Impression Made by Victory Near Auberive.

Berlin, Oct. 20.—(Via Wireless to Tugerton, N. J.)—The Overseas News Agency says the following: "Emperor William has telegraphed the king of Saxony informing him of the excellent impression that had been made on him by the victory of the Saxons."

Italy's King Confers with Military Staff.
Subject Believed to Be Participation in Balkan Campaign.

Udine, Italy, via Paris, Oct. 20, 11.30 p. m.—King Victor Emmanuel, today held a council with Lieutenant General Count Cardona, chief of the general staff, and Admiral Pelloni, chief of the general staff and Admiral the Duke of the Abruzzi. Nothing has become known as to the subjects discussed or the decisions arrived at, but it is inferred from the presence at the council of the Duke of the Abruzzi, who is commander-in-chief of the Italian fleet, that Italy's participation in the Balkan campaign was the subject of the deliberations.

Youth Confesses He Tied Himself to Track.
First Claimed He Had Been Sandbagged—Unable to Explain Why.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Newton Hoffman the youth who was found wired to the Erie tracks at South Avon late Monday night and whose foot was cut off by a southbound electric car admitted today that he wired himself to the track by the head and feet and then tied his own hands behind himself with a handkerchief. He was unable to explain why he did it.

Executed for Conspiracy in Huerta Uprising.
Gustavo Navarro Paid Penalty at the Mexican Capital.

Galveston, Texas, Oct. 20.—Gustavo Navarro was executed in Mexico City yesterday morning after having been convicted on charge of complicity in the Huerta uprising against Madero, according to information reaching the Mexican consulate here today.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 20.—(By Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—Captain Boy-Ed, naval attaché of the German embassy at Washington, has been promoted to a full captaincy, according to the Overseas News Agency.

Condensed Telegrams

The Spanish Minister of Finance has resigned.
Many Greeks are enlisting in the Serbian army.
France has re-established the import duty on wheat.
Cholera is raging among the Austrian troops at Brody, Galicia.

The American Antiquarian Society held its annual meeting at Worcester, Mass.
The Newtonia Hotel at Somerset, Ky., was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$150,000.
Many wounded Bulgarians are at Kola. The Queen of Bulgaria will act as a nurse.

The National Bank of Cuba in New York received \$1,200,000 in gold coin from Havana.
Dr. John Henry McCracken was inaugurated president of Lafayette College at Easton, Pa.
English sovereigns valued at \$25,000,000 arrived at the Assay Office in New York from Canada.

Police Sergeant J. S. Dolan, of Los Angeles, Cal., was shot and killed in a round-up of auto thieves.
An increase of \$1 a ton in the price of steel bands was announced in Pittsburgh by the Carnegie Steel Co.
The Ford Motor Car Co., of Canada, declared a cash dividend of 50 per cent. on the capitalization of \$1,000,000.

William D. "Pall" Ferritt, pitcher of the New York Giants, and Miss Florence Blake, were married in New York.
Accompanied by Luther Burbank and Henry Ford, Thomas Edison, visited the Panama-Pacific Exposition grounds.
The British Government will not return Bulgarians at present, in spite of the fact that Bulgaria and England are at war.

General Pickler, of the Austro-Hungarian army, committed suicide by shooting. He was about to undergo an operation.
A bid of \$3,000 was made for a Chicago Board of Trade membership. This is an advance of \$50 over the last previous sale.
Four persons were killed and several injured in a collision between two Chicago-Rock Island & Pacific trains at Chickasha, Okla.

About \$750,000 will be spent in increasing by 25 per cent. the capacity of the American Steel & Wire Co.
Three more German officers from the Interned German raider Prinz Eitel Frederick have broken their parole and escaped from Norfolk.
Prince Alexander, second son of King Constantine of Greece is in Athens, seriously injured by a fall from his horse during manoeuvres.

The Fore River Shipbuilding Co. will build a large ship, larger than any ever built, to act in the role of a battle cruiser.
Sergeant James S. Stewart, Massachusetts National Guard, won the national rifle championship at Jacksonville, Fla., with 315 points out of 325.
Marian Jewett was seriously injured yesterday morning when an explosion occurred in a primer house of the Metallic Cartridge company, Bridgeport.

David Lloyd-George, British Minister of Finance, delivered in the House of Commons that a New York Jew had offered Great Britain 2,000,000 shells at \$17 apiece.
Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople, called the State Department and did not let the pistols taken from Henry D. Brown and Edward McDonald, two men connected with the shooting, according to testimony today.

Dr. Kivy Pearlstein testified that he removed a .38 calibre pistol bullet from the body of a man who was shot by James R. Cantwell, testified that pistols taken from Brown and McDonald were each of 32 calibre.
Brown was charged by the police with murder and McDonald with conspiracy to commit murder, assault and battery with intent to kill.

A jury yesterday acquitted on all counts of the indictment against John Cameron Miller, who was arrested last week on the charge of defrauding the Colombian government on postal payments.
President Wilson granted a pardon to Cameron Spear, of New York, formerly head of the Collins Wireless Telegraph Co., who served a five year sentence at Atlanta for using the mails to defraud.

A British decree was issued prohibiting the exportation of cotton manufactures with the exception of cotton waste and lace, to any European country except Italy, France, Russia, Spain and Portugal.
Practically the whole town of Boise, Idaho, was evacuated on Monday night to greet Duffy Lewis, Red Sox world's series hero, as he returned to his home. Music, fireworks and a banquet were scheduled.

Berlin newspapers state that the German empress has asked that her birthday, which falls on Friday of this week, be celebrated as "marmalade day," and that gifts of jam be sent to the troops in the trenches.
Beginning on Monday next, Interstate Commerce Commissioner Harlan will investigate rates on Lake Superior routes from Lake Erie points in West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio and western Pennsylvania.

Former Deputy Austin E. Blake, of Newington, Conn., died suddenly of heart disease, aged 59. Before moving here a number of years ago, Blake was postmaster and station agent at Botsford, Ill.; leave his wife.
President Wilson issued a proclamation establishing an embargo on the shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico and an order excepting from the prohibition the recognized de facto government of which General Carranza is chief executive.

Entente Ultimatum to Greece.
London, Oct. 21, 2.34 a. m.—A Rome despatch to the Daily Mail gives the report that the entente allies will send an ultimatum to Greece, insisting that she define her position.

Struggle for Existence.
Tears came to the eyes of some of the girls as they told the struggle for existence. The normal earnings of the girls, testimony showed, were \$5 a week and only supreme efforts, working from midnight to dawn, without lunch, would bring in eight dollars. Sidney Hillman, national head of the garment workers' union, explained that "in the better shops girls received \$12 a week for the work with which today's testimony was concerned. Today's witnesses came from the cheaper shops."

Earned as Low as 78 Cents a Week.
Kerri Krupnik said that in dull times she had earned as low as 78 cents a week. "I have seen girls who had to bar their own needles. Three hundred girls, she said, had to use the same roller towel. A day for four weeks, she said, was the health department this."

Harsh Treatment From Foremen.
Miss Berg said she worked from 7:30 a. m. to 5:45 p. m. and that she and 13 other girls, engaged on bastings, were always treated as workhorses, giving up half of the lunch hour to work. All the witnesses complained of harsh treatment from foremen, mostly in the way of abusive language.

Girl Often Hungry.
Alderman Geiger was curious to learn how the girls managed to make out on their incomes. Miss Berg explained: "I pay \$5 a month for my room and my sister charges me 15 cents a day for food. I have to get my grocery but I cannot afford to spend more."

Evasion of Ten Hour Law.
Grace Gross told of an alleged system of evading the ten hour law. "I go to work at six, but I am not supposed to punch the time clock until 7:30," she said.

25 Cents a Day for Food.
Beattie Ait, who earns \$4 a week, related that she keeps within her income by walking two miles to and from work and spending only 25 cents a day for food. "I have seen girls if any foreman made improper advances to her."

Some of the girls told me that to go out foreman had asked them to go out with him," answered the witness. "If they did they were better treated."
"Better paid," asked Alderman Geiger.
"I think so."

Pathetic Tales of Chicago Work Girls

UNFOLDED AT AN ALDERMANIC COMMITTEE INVESTIGATION

WEEKLY EARNINGS \$5.00

Of Garment Workers Who Told From Dawn to Dark—Complained of Harsh Treatment from Foremen.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Pathetic stories of the lives of girls who dwell in tenements and gain a precarious livelihood in the garment work were unfolded today before the aldermanic committee investigating the garment workers' strike and its causes. Manufacturers ignored invitations to be present.

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BIENNIAL SESSION COUNCIL OF CONGREGATIONALISTS
Henry M. Beardsley of Kansas City Chosen Moderator.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 20.—The National Council of Congregational Churches began its forty-first biennial session in historic Center church this afternoon, devoting its first sitting to the election of officers. The counting of reports and organization for a week of consideration of national matters.

Henry D. Brown, of Kansas City, Mo., was unanimously chosen moderator in succession to Dean Charles R. Brown of Yale School of Religion, Chicago. Dr. Brown is the son of Dr. Los Angeles, Calif. was chosen first assistant moderator and Rev. Dr. Alfred Lawrence, Jr., of New Orleans, second assistant moderator. The counting of reports and organization for a week of consideration of national matters.

RUSSIAN SOCIALISTS TO SUPPORT NATIONAL CAUSE
To Subordinate Personal Interests to the Welfare of the Country.

Petrograd, Oct. 20, 1 p. m., via London, 8.10 p. m.—Wide attention is being attracted by a call issued by leaders of all sections of the Russian socialists, representing many shades of opinion. The call urges socialists to subordinate their personal interests to the interests of the country and to support the national cause against Germany.

"We, the signers, represent various groups which differ in many things, but we are all united in the belief that the defeat of Russia in the war with Germany would also be the defeat of Russia in the struggle for freedom. Hence, the call is issued, we believe, by the friends of Russia should subordinate their differences and unite in friendly, loyal service to the country, in our national disaster."

"We appeal to workmen, peasants, artisans, clerks—in short, all who suffer under the yoke of political oppression, all who are trying to attain a better future for themselves and their children."
It is asserted that indifference on the part of the people would destroy Russia and that defense of the nation is the road to freedom.

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London, Oct. 21, 2.34 a. m.—A Rome despatch to the Daily Mail gives the report that the entente allies will send an ultimatum to Greece, insisting that she define her position.