

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

TEUTONS ARE WITHIN FIVE MILES OF VERDUN

Have Occupied All French Positions North of the Forges Brook Between Haucourt and Bethancourt

NOW SHELLING THE BURROUS WOOD REGION

East of the Meuse, Around Vaux, the French Have Driven Back the Teutons to the Northern Outskirts of the Caillette Wood—Germans Lose Four Aeroplanes in Aerial

Combats Near Verdun—Artillery Duels Between the Russians and Germans Continue on the Eastern Front—Constantinople Reports That the Turks Have Checked the Russian Offensive in the Caucasus Region.

Having straightened out their line by occupying all French positions north of Forges Brook between Haucourt and Bethancourt, northwest of Verdun, the Germans are now engaged in shelling the region of the Bourrou Wood, some five miles northwest of the fortress.

East of the Meuse around Vaux there has been considerable fighting between the French and the Germans, in which the French were victorious in driving back the Teutons to the northern outskirts of the Caillette Wood and in re-organizing the western part of the village of Vaux, which had previously evacuated. The occupation by the Germans of the Haucourt-Bethancourt front followed a close attack in which, however, the Germans met no foe, the French having evacuated their positions at night without the Germans observing the movement. From their new positions south of the Forges Brook and at Bethancourt, the French poured a direct and flanking fire into the attacking Germans, who suffered heavy casualties.

Along the remainder of the French front artillery bombardments have predominated, although there have been occasional combats near Verdun in which the Germans lost four aeroplanes and aerial bombs by the French on various occasions in the past few days.

Artillery duels between the Russians and Germans continue on the eastern front. An attack by the Germans against the bridgehead at Iskull was repulsed by the Russians. The usual bombardments are in progress on the Austro-Italian line.

Constantinople reports that the Turks, strongly reinforced, have checked the Russian offensive in the Caucasus region and that the Ottoman forces have made advances in the Taurus valley.

Petrograd, however, asserts that the Russians have seized heavily fortified Turkish positions at an altitude of 10,000 feet on the upper Ichorus, and farther south have captured a Turkish aerodrome and dispersed Turkish cavalry detachments.

In Arabia, according to Constantinople, the British near Sheikh Osman have been driven from their positions with heavy casualties and forced to retreat.

The sinking by a Turkish submarine in the Black sea on March 29 of a 12,000-ton Russian transport with troops aboard and of the German liner on March 31 is reported by the Turkish war office. It was on March 30 that the Russian hospital ship Portugal was torpedoed and sunk in the Black Sea.

SCOTLAND'S FIRST EXPERIENCE WITH A ZEPPELIN RAID. Five Persons Killed in a Passage Leading to a Tentement Building.

London, April 3, 7.1 p. m.—A Scottish correspondent in a despatch concerning Sunday night's air raid says: "Scotland has had its experience with a Zeppelin raid last night. A Zeppelin appeared ten minutes before midnight and circled over the town for forty minutes, dropping many bombs. Warning of the enemy's approach was given by the electric lights being cut off. Everybody remained calm and many persons ventured into the streets to get a better view of the raider. No building of public importance was struck, but some damage was done in the residential quarter.

"Five persons were killed in a passage leading to a tentement building. Two servants and several persons were killed or injured. A bomb in one instance penetrated a building from the roof to the basement."

BERLIN'S ACCOUNT OF BATTLES AT VERDUN. Says French Have Lost Positions North of Forges Brook.

Berlin, April 3, via London, 8.30 p. m.—All the French positions north of Forges Brook, between Haucourt and Bethancourt, west of the Meuse, in the region northwest of Verdun, are in German hands, the war office announced today.

The text of the statement is as follows: "Western theatre: On the left bank of the Meuse, all the enemy's positions north of the Brook of Forges, between Haucourt and Bethancourt, are in our hands.

"Southwest and south of Fort Douaumont our troops engaged in battle with troops holding the French trenches and points of support.

"Eastern theatre: There is nothing to report.

"Bombs were dropped by squadrons of German aeroplanes on the railway stations at Forges Brook and Haucourt on the line to Minsk (Russian front) and on the camp at Ostrowki, south of Minsk. Bombs also were dropped on railway establishments at Minsk by one of our aeroplanes.

"Balkan theatre: There is nothing to report.

"Alshp movements: Army and

Cabled Paragraphs

British Bark Bengaim Sunk. London, April 3, 7.45 p. m.—Lloyd's reports that the British bark Bengaim has been sunk by a submarine. Part of the crew were picked up. It stated that the vessel was not armed. The Bengaim sailed from Seattle Dec. 10 for the British Isles. She was a vessel of 2,127 tons and was owned in Liverpool.

REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL AND CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTIONS

Noticable Harmony Bridgeport. Bridgeport, Conn., April 3.—Four republican conventions were held here tonight and simultaneously and in harmony. All elections being held in the city. Delegates were chosen as follows:

First senatorial district—James Turner and John Stanley. Twenty-second—Hiram S. Winterburn and Thomas J. Cunningham. Twenty-third—William Anisley and Arthur Brown.

Town to congressional convention—John T. King, William E. Seeley, Geo. C. Peet and J. Alexander Robinson.

Charles Hopkins Clark Endorsed. Hartford, Conn., April 3.—At the republican convention held tonight delegates were named to the state convention with opposition, from the first, second and third senatorial districts and from the town of Hartford. Hopkins Clark was endorsed as delegate-at-large to the national convention at Chicago.

Close Contest in 12th Senatorial. East Haven, Conn., April 3.—Close contests featured the twelfth senatorial district republican convention today. Judge A. W. Marsden of Madison was elected a delegate to the state convention by a vote of 11 to 10. Arthur Woodruff of Hamden, the other delegate, was elected by a vote of 12 to 11.

Hot Fight in the Fourteenth. New Haven, Conn., April 3.—The fourteenth district republican convention was held here tonight. Delegates to the state convention, R. J. Woodruff of Orange, upon whom the district centered, finally won out on the second ballot. Delegates to the state convention were Edgar Wallace of Prospect.

Result of New Haven Caucus. New Haven, Conn., April 3.—Twelve delegates were named by the republican caucus tonight to the state convention by a vote of 11 to 1. Ex-Governor R. S. Woodruff and Mayor Rick, Colonel I. M. Ullman and Charles Woodruff were named to the national convention.

Harmonious Convention at Waterbury. Waterbury, Conn., April 3.—A city convention marked by its harmony, delegates were elected to the state convention by a vote of 11 to 1. Delegates to the state convention, R. J. Woodruff of Orange, upon whom the district centered, finally won out on the second ballot. Delegates to the state convention were Edgar Wallace of Prospect.

House Naval Committee Ends Hearings For 1917. Secretary Daniels Closed a Three Days' Session.

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Militia Co. Called Out at Haverhill

TO QUELL RIOT, THE RESULT OF AN ANTI-CATHOLIC MEETING

11 FALSE ALARMS OF FIRE

Riotous Demonstration in Vicinity of City Hall, Where a Former Priest Was Advertised to Speak on State Aid for Sectarian Schools.

Haverhill, Mass., April 3.—The local militia company was called out tonight to assist the police in controlling a crowd of 5,000 people concerned in a riotous demonstration in the vicinity of city hall. Many windows in the building were broken by missiles.

The crowd gathered in front of the city hall for the discussion of state aid for sectarian schools. The meeting was regarded as anti-Catholic.

Decided Meeting Could Not Be Held. Thomas E. Leyden of Somerville, who was announced as a former Roman Catholic priest, had been advertised as the speaker. When the hour for the meeting arrived, the crowd in front of the hall on Main street was so dense that the police decided that the meeting could not be held and the door of the building was closed.

For several hours the throng, swelled constantly by curious citizens, surged up and down the street shouting and committing various acts of mischief.

Eleven False Alarms of Fire. Eleven false alarms of fire were rung in, as if by a pre-concerted plan, from all parts of the city, the activities of the demonstrators adding to the excitement.

Sounded Militia Signal on Fire Alarm. Finding the police powerless to control the mob, the city council decided about 11 o'clock to seek the aid of the militia.

Many Locked in Building. In city hall meanwhile many people who had arrived early for the meeting found themselves locked in with the building by the riotous demonstrators.

First Presidential Primary in Michigan. Senator Smith Leading Henry Ford For Republican Nomination.

Detroit, April 3.—United States Senator William Alden Smith of Grand Rapids was leading Henry Ford of Dearborn by a comfortable margin in the republican nomination for the presidential preference primary according to scattering reports received here tonight.

Senate Votes for Cummins' Amendment to Army Bill. Creating a National Guard Section of the General Staff.

Washington, April 3.—Over vigorous objection by Chairman Chamberlain, of the military committee, the senate today voted 45 to 30 for the Cummins amendment to amend the army reorganization bill by rating a national guard section of the general staff.

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Stowaway Hudson as Mental Defective

HE PROBABLY WILL BE SENT TO BELLEVUE TODAY

WAS IN ENGLISH ARMY

Man Who Held Up Matoppe Was Born in Petrograd of English Father and German Mother—Turned Out of Father's Home.

New York, April 3.—Clarence Reginald Hudson, alleged "mentally defective" British freight steamer Matoppe on the high seas, was committed to the psychopathic ward at Bellevue hospital tonight for observation.

United States Attorney H. Snowden Marchant was released by the federal authorities. Then he was taken in charge by District Attorney Swann.

Committed to Bellevue. Hudson, with George Haller and Otto Miller, arrested in connection with an alleged plot to damage the steamship Pannonia, were questioned for two hours in the district attorney's office. Hudson was taken before a magistrate. Probably he will be sent to Bellevue for ten days.

Had English Father, German Mother. District Attorney Swann said he had learned that Schiller was born in Petrograd, Russia, of an English father and a German mother. He was in the British army for three months at Salisbury Plains. He came to New York in March, 1915, and worked since in factories and on farms.

Turned Out of Father's Home. The police say they have learned that Hudson's parents and two sisters were once living in Petrograd, previous to the declaration of war, was manager of cotton mills in Moscow. According to information gathered by the police, Hudson was turned out of his father's home during a quarrel which arose when Hudson brought a tramp into the house while his father was entertaining a distinguished guest and insisted that the tramp should be kept on the same equality as the guest.

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Condensed Telegrams

The dock strike at Liverpool has been settled. Pope Benedict received in audience Premier Asquith of England.

Six thousand painters in Brooklyn went on strike for higher wages. England has started the process of weeding unfit men from the army.

First National and Yale National Banks of New Haven are to consolidate. Beach Hill well known author, mathematician and educator, died at Bridgeport.

As a result of the paper famine, publishers in London have reduced the size of their newspapers.

Twenty-two persons were killed by automobiles in the streets of New York during March.

The Duke of Avarna, Italian Ambassador to Austria-Hungary when the war broke out, died in Rome.

The Bethlehem Steel Co. has purchased the Baltimore Sheet & Tin Plate Co. a \$3,000,000 enterprise.

Russian Poland and Galicia are reported to be ravaged by fleck or spotted typhus, smallpox and cholera.

Fishermen in the Peconic Mountains say that conditions have seldom been better for the spring trout season.

Fire Commissioner Adams reported 419 fewer fires in New York city during March last than in March, 1915.

Hydro-aeroplanes for use by the Mexican expeditionary forces were shipped to the border from Llyn, Mass.

During the first three weeks of the campaign to recruit the United States army to war strength 32,253 men were enlisted.

Gov. McCall of Massachusetts vetoed a bill which would permit national banks to act as administrators and executors.

William H. Hasey, a stationary salesman of New York, was arrested in Ansonia, charged with passing worthless checks.

Captain Fred Shaughnessy, second man of Lord Shaugnessy, head of the Canadian Railway, has been killed in action.

April 14 will be observed in the schools of New York as State Bird Day, to encourage study and care of the birds.

Lieut. Le Bourhis, the first French military aviator to use a parachute, died of wounds received in an aerial encounter at Verdun.

More than \$150,000 for the relief of Jewish sufferers from the European war was collected during the bazaar in New York, just ended.

James D. Clark, coin counterfeiter, was arrested and jailed at Los Angeles after having struck on Secretary Service men for months.

William G. McAdoo and the other American members of the International High Commission which is to meet at Buenos Aires, arrived there.

Albert Kennedy, 13 years old, of the Bronx, died of a fracture of the skull received while playing baseball with a baseball while watching practice.

A number of painters, paperhangers and decorators employed in ten shops of New Bedford, Mass., struck for increased wages and shorter hours.

Information was received by the American Red-Cross that Turkey, for the first time, is ready to accept aid for 500,000 of her people who face starvation.

Four Socialists arrested at Glasgow in connection with the strike of munitions workers, have been remanded for trial before the High Court of Edinburgh.

About 200 members of the painters' union at Pawtucket, R. I., went on strike when their employers refused to increase wages from 41 to 45 1-2 cents an hour.

More than 600 journeymen painters and decorators employed by painters and contractors in Providence and Olneyville, went on strike, dateless.

Forty-two head of Ayrshire cattle, valued at \$4,000 were burned to death by fire that caused from \$15,000 to \$15,000 damage to the Tarleton Farm at Plattburgh, N. Y.

The Lactaire medal, annually awarded a distinguished Roman Catholic layman by the University of Notre Dame, was this year bestowed on Dr. Thomas J. Walsh of New York.

One man was killed and several firemen injured by the fire that destroyed 14,000 gallons of oil at the W. D. Fenlon Co., at Middletown, N. Y., causing \$20,000 damages.

Staten Island schoolboys have organized a troop of cavalry, in which they will receive training to fit them for admission to the reserve forces of the army in time of need.

Joseph H. Johnson formerly clerk of the United States Senate finance committee and later a door-keeper in the United States Senate, died at Providence from pneumonia. He was 54 years old.

One hundred thousand women, members of the American Revolution, are making a nationwide campaign for contributions for relief of the \$3,000,000 destitute non-combatants in Belgium and northern France.

WILY VILLA HAS ELUDED PURSUERS

Scouts Are Endeavoring to Pick Up the Trail of the Scattered Band of Bandits

CAVALRY ARE YET RIDING THE HILLS AND PLAINS

General Pershing's Report Contains News That a Part of the Band is Moving in the District Northeast of Guerrero

Peons Display Liberality in Imparting Misinformation to United States Troops—Information Received at El Paso

is to the Effect That Villa, Unwounded and With an Escort of Only Eight Men, Was at Satevo, Fifty Miles South of Chihuahua, Two Days Ago—Same Informant Declares Villa Has Not Taken Any Part in the Fighting With Either Caranza or United States Troops.

San Antonio, Tex., April 3.—The fear expressed yesterday at army headquarters that Francisco Villa has escaped from the region in which General Pershing's cavalry columns are operating became a conviction tonight.

General Pershing's report, received after noon, contained the news that at least a part of the dispersed Villa force that was driven from Guerrero northeast of El Paso, but no mention of Villa's whereabouts was made. The report was dated yesterday.

Cavalry Riding Hills and Plains. Six columns of cavalry were yet riding the hills and plains in that section of the state where endeavoring to pick up the trail of the scattered band, as well as that of their fugitive chief. One force of Villa's men, estimated at 100, commanded by Colonel Beltran, was located near Bacinava, about 25 miles northeast of Guerrero, and another force, estimated at 50, was located near Satevo, 50 miles northeast of El Paso. No reference was made in that report of an encounter that was mentioned in press despatches from the front.

False Information Liberally Supplied. Information gathered from various sources and confirmed by General Pershing's report, indicated that the peons of the punitive force were having to contend with difficulties created by the desertion of the peons. Generally supplied in districts through which Villa or his followers had passed General Pershing also reported that he had difficulty in securing reliable guides.

His statement that it had been reported to him that Colonel Canzo had engaged a Villa force in a fight on the same day that the Americans were driving the bandits from Guerrero served to allay the fear that had arisen here that Canzo had revolted, a report that appeared well founded.

Scouts Must Locate Villa. When Villa has gone is now largely a question for General Pershing's scouts to answer. It was pointed out at General Pershing's headquarters that once the trail was picked out, the troops would resume the chase further into the interior, although it was realized that this second phase of active expeditionary warfare would be far more difficult than was the first. It is not improbable, it was said, that the peons would have already in Mexico will be required.

TOLEDO STREET CAR CO. MUST KEEP CARS RUNNING. Or a Receiver Will Be Appointed—Employees Hold Out for Union Button.

Toledo, O., April 3.—Toledo's street car situation rests in the hands of one man. He is Judge John M. Killits of the United States district court, and he promises quick settlement of the tie-up which has compelled all Toledo to walk or ride "buses since last Tuesday.

Judge Killits has set tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock for the appointment of a receiver following petition by the city legal department today.

In a statement tonight the federal court said he would require the city citizens to hasten his action and start the cars running not later than Tuesday afternoon. He gave no indication, however, as to who would be named receiver.

The 300 men held a meeting this afternoon and reiterated the statement that they will not return to work until the union button has been recognized. The company remains firm in its stand to refuse to recognize the recently former street car men's union.

MORE LABOR TROUBLE FOR TORRINGTON. 306 Employees of the 900 at the Hendley Machine Co. Vote to Strike.

Torrington, Conn., April 3.—Less than half of the 306 employees of the Hendley Machine Co. went to work today and voted to strike tomorrow morning, because their demands for increased wages and a uniform system of working hours had not been granted by the company. The vote was 206 to 91. The attitude of the employees who did not attend the meeting could not be learned tonight.

The employees want a 30 per cent increase in wages and a double time for overtime and holidays. There were labor troubles at the plant last fall, the company finally agreeing to a 20 per cent increase. The men claim that the company recently endeavored to change the working hours by asking the men to work ten hours on some days instead of nine under the agreement. The total number of hours, however, would not exceed 54 a week.

GOETHALS INSPECTS SLIDE AREA IN GAILLARD CUT. Satisfied That the Canal Will be Reopened April 15.

Panama, April 3.—Major General Goethals, chief engineer in charge of the canal zone, today examined the slide area in the Gaillard Cut to satisfy himself regarding conditions of the slide area. He is satisfied that the slide area is now in a condition to be reopened.

General Goethals expressed the belief that the canal would be reopened at first, but they have a fair knowledge of the real situation now and the