

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population.

OPPOSING LINES AT VERDUN HOLD FIRM

Sectors to the Northwest of Verdun Are Still Under Heavy Bombardment

GERMAN INFANTRY ATTACK IS IMMINENT

On the Front of Haudremont, to the Northeast of Verdun, German Attacks, Following Violent Bombardments, Were Halted by French Curtain Fires—French Aeroplanes Have BombarDED Numerous German Positions—On the Eastern Front Teuton Infantry Charges Near Baranovichi Were Repulsed by the Russians—In Asia Minor, South of Bitlis, the Russians Have Dislodged the Turks From All Their Positions in the Mountains.

The sectors of Avocourt, Esnes and Cumieres, northwest of Verdun, are still under the same heavy bombardment that has been in progress for several days. No infantry attacks by the Germans have yet been attempted here, according to the Paris official communication, but an attempt at an advance probably is imminent, as these artillery preparations usually presage an attack.

GERMAN RESERVE OFFICER ARRESTED IN NEW YORK

On Suspicion That He Had Been Spying on Panama Canal Fortifications

New York, April 27.—Conrad Wilhelm Aufmussner, a reserve officer of a German pioneer regiment, was arrested by United States secret service officers on his arrival today aboard the steamship Colon from Cristobal on suspicion that he had been spying upon the Panama canal fortifications.

It was learned that before his departure from Panama, Aufmussner's person and baggage were searched by United States authorities, but that nothing of consequence was found. Later information reached them that just prior to the search he had passed a package to a fellow passenger for temporary keeping.

COL. CHARLES JOHN COVENTRY IS A PRISONER IN EGYPT.

English Nobleman Who Married Lily Whitehouse of Newport in 1900.

London, April 27, 10:42 p. m.—Colonel The Honorable Charles John Coventry, second son of the Earl of Coventry, who was in command of the Worcestershire Yeomanry in Egypt, has been made a prisoner, according to a cable despatch received by his father today.

LOCKOUT OF CLOAK AND SUIT MAKERS IN NEW YORK

Involves About 60,000 Operatives in 409 Shops.

New York, April 27.—Formal notice of a lockout in the cloak and suit industry was given tonight by the Cloak, Suit and Shirt Manufacturers' Protective association. About 60,000 operatives employed in 409 shops in Greater New York will be notified tomorrow morning not to report for work until further notice.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS APPROVE SENATE PHILIPPINE BILL

28 Members Announced They are Not Bound by Action of Caucus.

Washington, April 27.—House Democrats tonight approved by a vote of 140 to 55 the senate's Philippine independence bill but agreed to permit an amendment in the house to the prohibition section of the measure.

Cabled Paragraphs

Dutch Tug Sunk. London, Wednesday, April 28, 9:40 p. m.—The Dutch tug Noordsee has been sunk. Lloyds announced tonight.

Lieut. Fikentacher Captive in Toulon. Toulon, France, Wednesday, April 27, 4:30 p. m.—Lieutenant Fikentacher of the German raiding Emden, who escaped only from the British at the British at being captured at sea, has been brought to Toulon.

Londonderry is Orderly. Londonderry, April 27, 10:35 p. m.—During the past three days there was a behavior of all classes of the community in Londonderry has been absolutely orderly. Business is proceeding normally.

LULL YESTERDAY IN MEXICAN SITUATION

Troops There Are Fully Supplied and Are Forming New Lines.

Pittsburgh, April 27.—Philander C. Knox, secretary of the United States cabinet, explained at a republican banquet here tonight why Mr. Taft did not recognize General Huerta as president of Mexico; replied to the assertion that President Wilson inherited the troublesome Mexican situation from President Taft; and denied that President Wilson's course may be likened to President Lincoln's during the period preceding the Maximilian intervention in Mexico, the former secretary declared, seemed "dangerously near, if not inevitable."

Democratic Blundering in Mexico. "The Madero revolution broke out some two years later and resulted in driving Diaz from power. Although the revolution was not supported by the United States and the other powers, it was not accepted by powerful forces in Mexico. Rebellion against his authority and finally, in February, 1913, General Felix Diaz carried the capital city to the streets of the revolution."

Downfall of Madero. "When it was apparent that Madero's downfall was imminent it was made certain by Huerta and a portion of the army going over to Diaz, who then seized the palace and on Feb. 19, 1913, Francisco I. Madero and Jose Pineda Suarez resigned as president and vice president respectively. Their resignations were in writing. The copies were transmitted to foreign powers by the diplomatic relations with the republic and also to the Mexican congress then in session. This was the congress elected at the same time to follow. The next day the president, the election having taken place subsequent to the success of the Madero revolution."

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Disposition of Forces in Mexico. General Scott has received the instructions for his guidance prepared by Secretary Baker. The re-disposition of the forces in Mexico is proceeding under General Funston's direction. No steps are being taken at the state department toward preparing a reply to General Carranza's note suggesting a withdrawal of the American troops and no will be taken until the conference concludes.

Naval and State Department Advices. The naval and state department advices continued quiet today. Only routine reports and a few additional details of the last actions between the war department and the bandits reached the war department.

New Aeroplanes Inadequate. A complaint that the four new aeroplanes sent to the border were inadequate came from General Funston. He said the planes were too light for the work required. Secretary Baker replied that the four had been sent only because they were the only type available for immediate delivery. Four additional 150 horse power machines are on their way to the border and eight others will follow. They are the most powerful aeroplanes engines yet developed in the United States.

Troops Fully Supplied. Reports to the department showed the troops in Mexico were fully provisioned and equipped now for a month at least. Lines of communication as well established that of the army going over to Diaz, who then seized the palace and on Feb. 19, 1913, Francisco I. Madero and Jose Pineda Suarez resigned as president and vice president respectively. Their resignations were in writing. The copies were transmitted to foreign powers by the diplomatic relations with the republic and also to the Mexican congress then in session. This was the congress elected at the same time to follow. The next day the president, the election having taken place subsequent to the success of the Madero revolution."

SENSATIONAL CONSPIRACY CASE AT NEW HAVEN

Hampton Triplett, a New York Lawyer, the Defendant—His Wife Co-plainant.

New Haven, Conn., April 27.—Mrs. John Edwin Triplett, the complainant, was the chief witness today in the case brought against her husband, a lawyer of New York, on the charge of conspiracy, and assault and battery, and which received attention of a jury in Judge Grier's court.

Legal Tangle Over Japanese Boy Immigrant Who Came to California to Join His Father, a Laundry Employee.

San Francisco, April 27.—Edward White, United States commissioner of immigration here, in a complaint on record today in the United States district court at San Francisco, charged that Matsutaro Nakao, a 17 year old Japanese boy ordered deported, attempted to gain admission to this country in violation of the Root-Kakihira laborer exclusion agreement. The boy's father, Suketaro Nakao, according to Commissioner White, is a laundry employe at Stockton, Calif., on the basis that Matsutaro was likely to become a public charge he was denied admission.

GILT EDGE EXPRESS IN ACCIDENT AT WATERFORD

Engine Derailed by Broken Rods—No One Hurt.

New London, Conn., April 27.—The Gilt Edge Express bound from Boston to New York and which figured in the wreck at Bradford, R. I., on April 17th, met with an accident at Waterford tonight when a defect happened to the driving rods of the engine. The engine was derailed but all the cars remained on the track. The wreckage was rushed to the scene from this city and an extra engine was used to continue the run to New York city.

WOULD RAISE \$500,000 TO ENDOW NATIONAL THEATRE

A Memorial to Shakespeare Urged by William Faversham.

St. Louis, April 27.—The raising of a fund of \$500,000 to endow a national theatre—a memorial to Shakespeare—was urged by William Faversham, the actor in an address before the Drama League of America here today. The league endorsed the suggestion and at once began to take subscriptions. Two subscriptions of \$100 each were received and two of \$100 each.

OBITUARY

Solomon Close. Stamford, Conn., April 27.—Solomon Close, a retired locomotive engineer, known throughout the country for his collection during fifteen years of material from all over the world, died at his home here today, aged 71 years. He was his custom to mix the earth from various places and use it in connection with the planting of medicinal plants in cities and towns about the country.

Electrician Suicides in Waterbury. Waterbury, Conn., April 27.—Charles G. Anderson, an electrician, committed suicide in his home here tonight by cutting his throat with a razor. Anderson left a note addressed to his sister, a Mrs. Thornton, Conduit avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Wilson's Mexican Crowded Car Policy Assailed

Made Wild Ride Down a Steep Hill in Cincinnati Yesterday.

BY PHILANDER C. KNOX AT BANQUET IN PITTSBURGH.

DEMOCRATIC BLUNDER

Refutes the Assertion That President Wilson Inherited the Troublesome Mexican Situation from President Taft.

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WILSON'S MEXICAN CROWDED CAR

Made Wild Ride Down a Steep Hill in Cincinnati Yesterday.

BY PHILANDER C. KNOX AT BANQUET IN PITTSBURGH.

Cincinnati, April 27.—A double truck street car, crowded with men, women and children, became unmanageable as it was approaching McMillan street here today, ran wild on a downward grade for six blocks, jumped the track, and crashed into a telegraph pole and caused the death of one woman and injury to 38 other persons.

A Prospective Bride Had Beheaded. Miss Carrie Stiller, aged 31, an attendant at the City General hospital was beheaded. She was to have been a bridesmaid tonight at the wedding of Miss Carrie Geisler, who was with her on the car. Miss Geisler was seriously, although not fatally injured.

Physicians at the hospital to which the injured were taken, announced that the condition of the woman was serious and that some might die.

Brakes Did Not Work. Motorman Thomas Devanney, in a statement to the recently by the city, he did not respond and he could not help allowing the car to run past the switch and down the grade.

WAGE INCREASE FOR 50,000 COTTON MILL OPERATIVES. In New Bedford and Fall River—Effective May 1.

New Bedford, Mass., April 27.—Fifty thousand cotton mill operatives will benefit by wage advances announced by the Manufacturers' association in this city and Fall River today. The increase in each case will be effective May 1 and will amount to 10 per cent, bringing the scale of wages to the highest point in the history of the industry in this section, according to mill authorities.

Demands for the increase, accompanied by threats of a general strike, have been made recently by the textile councils representing various classes of organized employes in the mills in the two cities.

Under the operation of the new schedules, the textile workers will receive 15 per cent, more wages than they were paid up to January 31, as a five per cent, advance was granted early in the year. The new advance will increase the annual payment to operatives here by \$1,500,000, it is said.

RUMORS OF REVOLT ON WEST COAST OF MEXICO

Juan Carrasco, Former Carranza Follower, the Leader.

San Francisco, Calif., April 27.—According to an unconfirmed report received today from the Mexican west coast by officials at the Mare Island navy yard, Juan Carrasco, heretofore a Carranza follower, has started a revolution in southern Sinaloa against the de facto government of Mexico. The report is based on a cable from Carrasco to the effect that the Mexican armed transport Korrigan III had sailed from Guaymas, presumably for Mazatlan, carrying de facto troops and fifteen field guns.

"Villa-Carrasco" is the inscription on the flags carried as standards by Carrasco's forces, according to the report. Carrasco at present is said to be in the vicinity of Culiacan, a town in southern Sinaloa. Anti-American feeling is intense in Sinaloa, according to the reports received at the navy yard.

HAITIEN SENATE REFUSES TO BE DISSOLVED

Met in Hired Premises and Constituted Themselves a National Body.

Port au Prince, Haiti, April 27.—Despite the opinion of the executive, who has dissolved the senate by a decree, the deputies and senators met today in hired premises and constituted themselves a national assembly.

News advices from Haiti recently of the dissolution of the senate by President Lescot and the executive charged by him of a national council charged with the framing of a new constitution in conformity with the American treaty. Dissatisfaction among defeated candidates for the presidency and objection to the government's course by the opposition party in the senate also have been reported.

BRITISH ADMIRALTY'S ORDER TO MERCHANT CAPTAINS

Delivered to State Department at Washington Yesterday.

Washington, April 27.—Copies of the British admiralty's orders to merchant captains, which the German government contends provide for attacks on submarines, were delivered to the state department today by the British ambassador, Sir Ciel Springs.

They are said to correspond with those announced recently in London and will be published later with a statement from the state department.

OREGON MAY ASK WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS

To Submit Assurances That Carranza Troops Are Able to Cope With Bandits.

Chihuahua, Mexico, April 27.—General Alvarez Oregon, minister of war of the de facto government, will submit his assurance to Major General Scott and Funston at their coming conference in Juarez or El Paso, that Carranza forces are now fully able to cope with the Villa bandits operating in Southern Chihuahua. He said he hoped to arrange for an early retirement of the American troops.

FRENCH BIPLANE PICKED UP BY LUGGER AT SEA

Manned by a British Officer—Fleeted Helplessly For 80 Hours.

Scheveningen, Holland, April 27, London, 7:51 p. m.—A lugger brought into this port today a biplane bearing the French colors and carrying a British officer named Beare. The aeroplane and its occupant were picked up 14 miles from the coast after it had floated helplessly there for thirty hours. The aviator had been obliged to descend because of lack of fuel.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

The German-Swiss frontier has been closed since Monday.

Chinese revolutionists have ordered rebel attack on Peking, capital of China.

The Pure Oil Co. declared a dividend of 8 per cent, and an extra dividend of 20 per cent.

Four Swedish officers, commanding the police in Persia, have been arrested by the Russians.

One thousand South Sea islanders are on their way to Europe to join the entente forces.

Currency amounting to \$2,000,000 was transferred to San Francisco by the New York Sub-Treasury.

According to a report of the State Mining Bureau, California produced 83,249,620 barrels of oil in 1915.

The second men's national mission congress convened at Washington, with President Wilson in attendance.

John A. Patten, whose suit against the American Medical Association is in Chicago, died there unexpectedly.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad raised its embargo on corn on all points except points east of Pittsburgh.

Prince Albert of Monaco sent a cable to President Wilson congratulating him on his firm attitude toward Germany.

Prospectors are reported to have made a rich gold strike at Booth and Tolstoi creeks, in the Inno district of Alaska.

Corporal Emit Troilo, of New York city, a member of the Sixth Infantry, died at the San Antonio, Mexico, hospital camp.

Police Superintendent Matthews of Pittsburgh forbade Pittsburgh cops to interfere with "uppers" in the city parks.

A number of employes at a prominent hotel in Geneva, Switzerland, have been arrested on the charge of being German spies.

A Villa captain who wore seven pounds of silver lace decorating his uniform, was killed by American troops near Nampiqua.

As a result of the recent escape of two convicts, Gov. Whitman has ordered a rigid investigation of conditions at Sing Sing prison.

A new corporation, to be known as the Sun Shipbuilding Corporation, will establish another shipyard on the Delaware river at Philadelphia.

The Senate judiciary committee again considered but took no action upon the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis for the supreme court of the U. S.

The Norwegian steamship Strommen, bound for Lubeck, with cargo of herring from Norway, has been blown up and sunk off Cjeder, Denmark.

President John D. Cooper filed a petition in the superior court asking that the Cooper Aircraft Co. of Bridgeport be thrown into the hands of a receiver.

New York state will bottle and distribute waters from the state reservation at Saratoga Springs, the Conservation Commission at Albany announced.

President Wilson shook hands with 1,600 tourists from New York and other parts of the country, the largest number he has ever handled in one day.

Official denial was made of the report that water had been found in one of the Penn-Mex Fuel Co.'s wells in Mexico, by the management of the company.

Mrs. Mary A. Ragan of New Britain, an aged woman who was partly blind, died of burns she received when she walked blindly into a bonfire in her back yard.

Extra guards have been stationed at the British consulate in New York, following an attempt made by supposed German agents to steal important papers.

A report from Mexico City says that the German Embassy is directing the new Guatemalan revolt, while Japanese agents are furnishing the arms and ammunition.

Fire destroyed the cotton compress of the Gulf Compress Co. at Decatur, Ala. Between 10,000 and 13,000 bales of cotton were burned, at an estimated loss of \$1,000,000.

Five granulated sugar touched the highest price in the industry in this country when the Warner Sugar Refining Co. advanced its price 10 points to 7.50 cents a pound.

British coal mine owners have been notified by the war office that 10,000 miners skilled in tunneling and lumbering work are needed for the British forces in Flanders.

Private P. H. Harris, of the Canadian army, station at Brantford, Ont., was notified by British lawyers that because of deaths in the war, he is heir to an English earldom.

Because of anti-suffrage activities, State Senator Eben R. Brown of Watertown, N. Y., has been elected an honorary member of the Jefferson County Anti-Suffrage Association.

The changes in rates on milk and cream shipments sought by the Boston & Maine railroad were further suspended until August 28 by the Massachusetts Public Service Commission.

President Wilson was requested to designate the week preceding Memorial Sunday as a period of contributing through the churches for the relief of war sufferers in Europe and Asia.

Thirty thousand acres of valuable farm land near East Winona, Minn., was flooded by waters from the Mississippi river. The Mississippi will love it at Winona than it has been for 20 years.

The state department and the German embassy apparently are at a deadlock over the disposition of papers seized by agents of the department in New York of Wolfe von Iest, former secretary to Captain Von Papen.

REVOLT IN IRELAND IS SPREADING

MARTIAL LAW DECLARED ALL THROUGH THE ISLAND.

ANXIETY IN ENGLAND

Rebels Are Still in Possession of Some Parts of Dublin and Street Fighting is Still in Progress—England Anxious Over Insurrection.

London, April 27, 10:17 p. m.—Martial law has been declared throughout Ireland, chiefly to the west and south. This information, together with the fact that the rebels are still in possession of parts of the city of Dublin, was given to the nation by the ministers in parliament today.

Premier Asquith, who yesterday had given reassuring news respecting the situation in Ireland, caused something of a flutter of anxiety by his statement today in the house of commons when he announced an spread of the movement to other parts of Ireland, the retention by the revolutionary forces of certain parts of Dublin and the fact that fighting was still going on in the streets.

The government, the prime minister further announced, was convinced that the forces now in Ireland were adequate to deal with the situation.

Condemned by Redmond and Carson. John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalist party, and Sir Edward Carson, the Unionist leader, strong opponents on the home rule question expressed their detestation of the rising in Ireland. Sir Edward Carson said he did not think it necessary to hold a session of the house Monday, as had been suggested by one of the opposition members, in view of the world that true amount of support was behind the movement.

News Through Official Channels. Dublin is farther from London today than Peking is from New York, so far as communication is concerned. The general public is concerned. No Irish newspapers have reached here since the rising and passenger traffic has been for the most part suspended. The only information comes through official channels.

England Extremely Anxious. England naturally is extremely anxious about the situation in Ireland, and fears are expressed that the government will not be able to suppress the rising. The casualties thus far do not exceed what would be expected in a civil war, but more severe fighting is likely to follow before quiet is restored in Dublin.

Extent of Seditious Movement Secret. The extent of the seditious movement is for the present a government secret, but it is said that it has spread to the west and south. It was reported that a submarine expedition, consisting of a submarine and a motor launch, was intended to land munitions when the steamer was captured by a patrol boat.

No Disturbance in North of Ireland. In the north of Ireland, so far as is known, there has been no disturbance, a direct despatch from Londonderry reporting that the situation there is quiet. Melbourne, Adelaide and other parts of the empire came a flood of cables about the dramatic as it is reported the action of the government in Dublin and expressing scorn at what they have done "while British soldiers are dying at the front that their country may prosper."

Incidentally, the messages express the fullest confidence in Mr. Redmond and the Irish parliamentary party.

STATEMENT BY SECRETARY OF FRIENDS OF IRISH FREEDOM

Declares Rebellion was the Act of Brave and Patriotic Men.

New York, April 27.—No one familiar with the course of Irish affairs since the outbreak of the war was surprised at news of the insurrection now in progress, according to a statement issued today by John D. Moore, national secretary of the Friends of Irish Freedom.

"The Irish rebellion was the act of brave and patriotic men who are neither firebrands nor hotbeds," said Mr. Moore. "Now that Mr. Asquith has acknowledged that it has spread all over Ireland, it is clear that the uprising has only one meaning and that is that Ireland is, as always, resolved to be free and independent."

"Convinced that England's necessities, ever more pressing, would soon lead them into the war, thousands of gallant Irishmen have revolted because they prefer to die fighting against England for Ireland rather than fighting for England in the trenches in Flanders."

"If the rebellion succeeds its leaders will rank with the world's great men. If it fails the Irish will love them as they love Robert Emmet. The revolt does not look like a failure now. Since the outbreak of the war, the uprising has been, it could surprise nobody who has followed the course of Irish affairs since the outbreak of the war. Moreover, it completely shatters the carefully constructed myth of the mere passage of a mock home rule bill had transformed Ireland into an integral part of the British empire."

U. S. GAVE NO EVIDENCE FOR CAPTURE OF CASEMENT

Sec'y Lansing Makes an Unqualified Denial of Such Reports.

Washington, April 27.—Secretary Lansing today made an unqualified denial of published reports that the United States had given any evidence whatever to the British government which aided in the apprehension of Sir Roger Casement on his unsuccessful expedition to Ireland.

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