

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

TERRIFIC EXPLOSIONS; \$25,000,000 DAMAGE

Ammunition Awaiting Shipment to the Entente Allies Blown Up on Black Tom Island, New York Bay, at 1:05 Sunday Morning

2 PERSONS KNOWN TO BE DEAD; 2 MISSING

Scores of Persons Were Injured, Some of Them Probably Fatally—Detonations Were Continuous and Could be Heard in Five States—Fire Started Soon After the First Great Crash, Destroying Thirteen of the Huge Warehouses in Which Were Stored Merchandise Valued Between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000—The Cause of the Disaster Has Not Been Determined, But is Said to Have Followed a Fire Which Started on a Barge—It Will be Several Days Before the Exact Loss of Life Will be Known—Many Men Were Blown Hundreds of Feet.

New York, July 30.—Property loss estimated at \$25,000,000 was caused early today by a series of terrific explosions of ammunition awaiting shipment to the entente allies and stored on Black Tom Island, a small strip of land jutting into New York bay off Jersey City. The loss of life still was problematical tonight. It will not be determined definitely until there shall be opportunity to check up the workmen employed on the island and on boats moored nearby. Two are known to be dead and at least two more are missing. Scores of persons were injured, some of them probably fatally. Detonations heard in five states. The detonations, which were felt in five states, began with a continuous explosion of small shells from the blowing up of several quantities of dynamite, trinitrotoleuen and other high explosives, followed by the bursting of thousands of shrapnel shell which literally scattered the surrounding country and waters for many miles around.

Fire started soon after the first great crash which spread death and destruction in its wake, destroyed thirteen of the huge warehouses of the National Storage company on Black Tom Island in which were stored merchandise valued between \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000. The explosion, which was reflected against New York "sky line" of towering office buildings, which only a few moments before were shaken to their foundations as by an earthquake. Miles of street in Manhattan alone were strewn with broken glass and shattered masonry.

Early reports of heavy loss of life were impossible of verification and the authorities admitted that the number of deaths would be small. It was said that owing to the extent of the wreckage it might be some days before the exact figures could be obtained.

Warrants issued for arrests. Warrants charging manslaughter were issued for the captain of the Black Tom Island docker for the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, the captain of the Johnson Lighterage and Paving company and Alexander Davidson, superintendent of the National Storage company. They are accused of having illegally permitted explosives to be stored where human life was endangered.

Mr. Hendry's boat thought was to be blown up. Mr. Hendry's boat thought was to be blown up. Mr. Hendry's boat thought was to be blown up.

Cabled Paragraphs

Smallpox in Athens. Athens, Greece, July 30.—An epidemic of smallpox at Athens, and Piræus is assuming large proportions. Compulsory vaccination of all inhabitants in the capital has been ordered. The virulence of vaccine is causing inquietude.

Island employees from the other. An explosion on one of the barges damaged the structure housing the power plant.

Craft Afire Grounded. Two other fire swept craft grounded on the southwest corner of the island which contained the contagious disease hospital. The medical staff removed the 450 immigrants on the island to the battery.

Sailing Craft and Steamers Damaged. The explosion on one of the barges damaged several steamers and sailing vessels, were badly damaged. Crews on the big ocean liners anchored out in harbor, or on the island, and the Jersey water fronts declared that when the first two great explosions occurred it appeared as if their vessels were being lifted up out of the water and then hurled back.

All Within a Radius of 25 Miles Awakened. All New York and cities within a radius of twenty-five miles were awakened by the explosions. Within an hour 6,000 telephone calls went over the post office wires from excited immigrants. Hundreds of thousands of persons, many of them scantily clad, ran excitedly through the streets while shouting and screaming in alarm.

Many Windows Were Broken. In the downtown section so many windows were broken that it was impossible to assign policemen to every damaged store and some of the men had to be armed with clubs.

Two Long Cuts in Cars Removed. Two long cuts of cars were successfully removed from the danger zone before the rapidly spreading fire engulfed the barge.

Thousands Fled to the Parks. Thousands of persons in Jersey City fled to the parks after the first explosion. Panic-stricken women wheeled baby carriages about, some of them crying and others screaming as they went. Not until after dawn today was the scene changed from one of great excitement and fear to one of grief and self-assurance.

Fire is Still Burning. The fire on Black Tom Island still raged tonight. The large railroad yard of the Lehigh Valley and the reclaimed meadow land for miles around virtually were covered with shrapnel shells, many of which had exploded. Thousands of persons who flocked there from New York, Jersey City and elsewhere crowded on the island, and others were seen in hundreds of frames at work amid the ruins of the vast warehouse system.

Chemical Warehouse Unharmed. Edmund L. Mackenzie, president of the National Storage company, declared tonight that the plant of his concern was valued at \$7,000,000, while the contents of the warehouses probably were worth \$10,000,000. One of the warehouses which remains intact, he said, is filled with chemicals. Besides the large quantity of high explosives burned, there were 24,000 bales of tobacco, much matting from China and Japan and other merchandise.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Loss of Millions of Feet. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water. The body of an unidentified young man was recovered from the water.

Petrograd Visited by Lagration

A RIVER OF ICE AND TWELVE TEAMERS BURNED. Flaming pontoons drifted from burning bridge into fleet of steamers—Police suspect it is the work of anarchists.

Several Ocean Liners. Berlin, July 30.—Reports of a great conflagration at Petrograd, in which a bridge across the River Neva, twelve large steamships and other vessels, trans-Atlantic liners, and the Putloff gun works and other establishments were destroyed, are printed in the Lokal Anzeiger.

Bridge Took Fire at Several Places. On Tuesday the wooden palace bridge across the Neva took fire at several places. Immediately flaming pontoons drifted to Vassili Ostrov (Island Island), where a huge fire broke out and also to the port where twelve large steamers, including several trans-Atlantic liners, a floating dock, the Putloff works and other establishments were burning.

All Wires Down. All wires are down north of Engelhart and only meagre reports have so far been received from refugees.

Relief Train Sent. A relief train for the scene and Cobalt has sent coffins.

Cochrane, in Nipissing County, is the largest of the towns burned. It had 1700 inhabitants. The other towns named are in the same section in Nipissing County, within a radius of 25 miles or so. The population in each of these towns is composed of only a few hundred persons.

Relief Train Caught Fire. Cobalt, Ont., July 30.—A relief train on which were physicians and nurses believed to be on their way to the scene of the disaster tonight and finally was halted north of Engelhart when the flames extended to the long trestle bridge over Blanche river.

Loss of Life Placed at 150 to 200. Scores injured, many of whom it is thought will die.

Engelhart, Ont., July 30.—Forest fire raging in northern Ontario are believed tonight to have resulted in the loss of from 150 to 200 lives. Scores of other persons have been injured and it is thought many of them may die.

Small towns have been wiped out by the flames, which have been raging for 48 hours. Reports thus far received show that 57 perished at Mushka, a French Canadian settlement, and 34 at Nipissing, Ontario. At least 15 dead and many injured, and Ramore 15 dead. The number killed at Porcupine Junction is not known, but the entire town was destroyed except the railroad station.

The death list will be materially increased, it is feared, by victims in outlying districts. There are apparent many unauthenticated reports that many persons have been trapped at Tashota and Kowash. One farmer and his ten children are known to have been killed. The man's wife was vainly seeking aid to check the onrushing flames sweeping through grass and timber.

A nearby lake in which they found refuge saved many residents of Cochrane, Ontario, from the flames. Only thirty-four bodies are lying side by side on the platform of the railroad station at Matheson. The station and two houses are the only buildings still standing. Rumors, a small settlement, were widely spread.

The flames were checked at Timmins after 17 houses had been burned. Only the platform of the railroad station at South Porcupine.

All that remains of Iroquois Falls are in two places south of Ypres, it was reported by the great paper mill and one other.

Refugees without food or clothing are pouring into the larger towns south of the burned district. A large number of them have arrived here and are being sent to Cobalt and Halesburg. English citizens worked all day last night caring for the homeless wanderers.

Canadian Infantry. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Official Announcement of British Commander in Chief. London, July 30, 3.15 p. m.—Parties of Canadian infantry last night successfully raided the German trenches in two places south of Ypres, it was officially announced today by General Sir Douglas Haig, the British commander-in-chief in France. A similar raid was carried out by the Royal Munster Fusiliers in the Loos salient. The German casualties in each case are not known, but the British and German forces succeeded in retaking a British front trench near Hohenzollern redoubt.

Condensed Telegrams

The clocks of Greece were advanced 25 minutes. Twenty-six persons died in Chile as a result of the heat. The Bank of England bought 8,000 pounds sterling bar gold. The exports of copper for the week ended July 27 were 14,554 tons.

Two men were killed and eight injured in a train wreck near Oresson Pa. The Panama Canal construction and fortification to date has cost \$401,500,000.

Two more cases of infantile paralysis were reported in New Haven Sunday. William T. Rock of Oyster Bay, millionaire motion picture producer, is dead.

Sir P. A. Landry, chief justice of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick, is dead. King George signed a proclamation forbidding the importation of cocaine into England.

Several hundred employees of the Central Railroad of New Jersey threatened to strike. The Midvale Steel & Ordnance Co. is now shipping 1,700 rifles a day to British government.

Count Williamowicz-Moellendorf, a conservative deputy in the Prussian Upper House, is dead. The Swedish Government has prohibited the export of all copper, nickel and aluminum articles.

Corp. J. Whittall King, Battery B. of Canadian N. died in the Calumet hospital at Douglas, Ariz. A meat famine for St. Louis was threatened when employees of the packing plants went on strike.

Ryland W. Phillips, of Philadelphia, was elected president of the Photographers' Association of America. Mrs. Lewis M. Lewisohn, wife of Adolph Lewisohn, died at her Elberon summer home after a lingering illness.

A. E. Carlton of Colorado Springs, was elected president of the Crescent Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co. The American Brake, Shoe & Foundry Co. has closed an order of approximately \$2,400,000 for 8-inch shells for Great Britain.

The garment workers' general strike committee called out all foremen, cutters and tailors from 400 shops of the manufacturers. The Spanish bark Juanito, more than 100 days and nights at sea, crossed the bar at the mouth of the river at New Orleans.

Senator Shepard of Texas, leader of the prohibition forces announced his definite decision not to push "dry" legislation this session. Francisco Tucci, of New Jersey, died in the Stump Memorial hospital at Kearney, N. J., from injuries received in an automobile accident.

Chief Officer Huestis of the British freight steamer Eskason, fell from the top of the deck of lumber to the main deck and broke his neck. A campaign to curb the practice of watering down has been instituted by the agricultural bureau of Attorney General Woodbury's office at Albany.

President Poincare of France and Emperor Nicholas of Russia exchanged telegrams of congratulations on the capture by the Russians of the Turkish fortress of Erzincan. Attorney-General Farrar announced that all cases against miners in the northern and southern Colorado coal fields, growing out of the riots during the strike of 1914, would be dismissed.

Banks of Southern Wisconsin declaring to transfer to the Chicago Federal Reserve district will be given a hearing by the Federal Reserve Board on August 8. Two miners were killed and eight others injured when a coal mine at Pennsylvania was struck by a gas explosion. The Pennsylvania Coal & Coke Company at Cresson, Pa., were wrecked.

A girl who was found sleeping on a park bench at Buffalo two weeks ago was identified as Esther Hoese of Troy, N. Y., for whom a country-wide search was made following her disappearance last January. The naval yacht Mayflower with the president and Mrs. Wilson on board, left Hampton Roads at noon today to complete her week-end cruise by a leisurely trip up the Potomac to Washington.

Frederick D. Underwood, Exo Railroad president, just missing death on a four-wheeler, was again saved later in the day when a landslide near Handsome, Ill. Pa., fell on the track ahead of his special train. Second Lieutenant S. H. Wheeler, of the Army, was killed in New Haven and lost control of his airplane at Ontario, Cal., and crashed into a line of automobiles, overturning four and killing Harold Stebbins.

Portrait Russell, who recently was fined for insulting paroled criminals in the manner in which the Government treated conscientious objectors to military service, has been refused a passport to visit America. Wanted in connection with the murder of Earl Warren, a New Haven fugitive, was arrested by Michigan and Delaware authorities. He was brought here tonight from Everett, Mass., where he was arrested on the order of Governor Eli M. Chittenden who was shot to death.

Farmhand Killed. East Granby, Conn., July 30.—John Roman, a farmhand, was killed last night when his horse crashed into an automobile driven by August Lebeck, a farmhand, who was a prominent local politician.

18 Chinese Arrested in New Haven. Police Raided Gambling Joint—Found Guards Asleep. New Haven, Conn., July 30.—Eighteen Chinese were arrested in the basement of a gambling joint in New Haven tonight. The police found a large amount of money and a number of Chinese who were being kept in a room in the basement of the building. The police were alerted by a tip from a local resident.

Sidecar Broke Away from Motorcycle. Frank North of Lynn, Mass., was killed as a result. Bedford, Mass., July 30.—Frank North of Lynn, Mass., was killed as a result of a motorcycle accident. The sidecar of his motorcycle broke away from the motorcycle and struck a tree, causing him to lose control of the machine. He was thrown out of the machine and killed.

General Carranza is about to retire. First Chief is to be succeeded by General Pablo Gonzalez. Laredo, Tex., July 30.—Venustiano Carranza is to retire as first chief of the de facto government of Mexico at the early date and will be succeeded by General Pablo Gonzalez, according to information given out by Mexican administrative circles in Nueva Laredo tonight.

Quarrel over GIN resulted in murder at Bloomfield, Conn. Bloomfield, Conn., July 30.—A fist fight, following a quarrel over a pint bottle of gin, ended in murder early today in the town of Bloomfield, Conn., when John Carter, 55 years old, blacksmith, struck Frank McNulty so hard that death resulted. Both men were employed at the same place. McNulty was taken to the hospital and died after a hard fight with his fatal ending ensued.

Presence of sharks in Narragansett Bay. Captain of a Fishing Schooner Reports Capture of Twelve. Newport, R. I., July 30.—The presence of sharks in Narragansett bay was reported today by the captain of the fishing schooner "Winona," which had captured twelve large specimens in a fish trap off Narragansett. The sharks were taken from the trap after a hard fight and were hauled aboard and dressed (as the market).

British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

GERMANS RETIRING ON BOTH FRONTS

British and French Forces Have Again Launched Violent Attacks in the Somme Sector

FRENCH TAKE TRENCHES IN VICINITY OF HILL 139

British Have Made an Advance on the Entire Line From Delwood Wood to the Somme—Russians Have Made Progress Against Foe in the Region of the Stokhod River—Rome Reports a Gain of Ground by the Italians Against the Austrians in the Tonzza Plateau and in the Tofano Region—The Turks Have Been Driven Out of Strong Positions by the Russians Operating Towards Sivas and Near Khaput.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.

The British and French forces fighting against the Germans in the Somme region of France have again launched violent attacks and made good progress against their foe, while the Russians in Volhynia, in the region of Stokhod, have driven the Germans to give further ground before their advance.