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The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

TEUTONIC ALLIES IN PURSUIT OF RUSSIANS

Germans and Austro-Hungarians Have Taken Offensive Along the Stokhod River

HAVE CAPTURED 31 OFFICERS AND 2,500 MEN

In the Ludowa Region of the Carpathians the Russians Have Gained Some New Positions—A Reverse for the Rumanians in Transylvania is Reported From Berlin, Sofia and Vienna—Hard Fighting is in Progress in Macedonia, With No Apparent Changes—In France and Belgium There Has Been Violent Artillery Activity on the Somme and Verdun Fronts and Around Dixmude—Word Comes From Athens That the Austrians Are Preparing to Evacuate Triest.

Although there is a pause in the violent infantry fighting in the Somme region of France, due to the inclement weather, heavy battles are in progress on the eastern front in Russia, Galicia, Transylvania and Rumania and on the southern front in Macedonia.

Along the Stokhod river in Russia the Germans and Austro-Hungarians have taken the offensive against the Russians and, according to Berlin, near Zarocze have crossed the river in pursuit of their retreating foe and captured thirty-one officers and 2,511 men and 17 machine guns. Here four lines of Russian trenches were penetrated by the Teutonic allies, says Vienna.

In Galicia counter-attack by the forces of the central powers along the Narayuvka river, southeast of Lemberg, brought a further success to their arms and resulted in the capture of an additional 400 men. In the Ludowa region of the Carpathians the Russians have gained some new positions in the fighting among the snow-clad peaks.

The war chancelleries at Berlin, Sofia and Vienna see victories for the Teutonic allies over the Rumanians in Transylvania and Dobrudja. In Southern Transylvania, near Hatszef, according to Berlin, the invading Rumanians have been repulsed and are being pursued by the Austro-Germans, while in Dobrudja the new line formed by the Russians south of the Constanza railway and running from the Black sea to the Danube has been penetrated at points and several villages captured.

In Macedonia hard fighting continues at various points, but with no important changes in positions reported. Two counter-attacks by the Bulgarians against the Serbians on the left wing were unsuccessful, according to Paris, while Sofia reports that attacks by Russian, French and Serbian troops on Bulgarian positions around Florina were repulsed, as likewise was an offensive west of Lake Ostrova. Artillery engagements for the most part are going on along both the British and French sectors of the front.

In France the Belgium there has been violent artillery activity on the Somme and Verdun fronts and around Dixmude. A local German attack on British trenches east of Martinpuich, north of the Somme, was repulsed. Berlin admits the relinquishment to the entente forces of trenches east of Ginchy and near Combles which had been previously demolished by the entente artillery.

The infantry fighting between the Italians and Austrians on the Carso highlands has noticeably diminished, although the artillery of both sides continues active. A report attributed to reliable diplomatic sources in Athens is to the effect that the Austrians are preparing to evacuate Triest.

REFORM IN MEXICAN BANKING SYSTEM

Outlined to American Members of the Joint Commission.

New London, Conn., Sept. 19.—A plan for a Mexican national banking system to take the place of the suspended national bank and the Bank of London and Mexico, in Mexico, was outlined to the American members of the joint Mexican-American commission here today by Louis Cabrera, chairman of the Mexican members.

Mr. Cabrera explained that a monetary commission has been created which will have supervision of a chain of government banks, and it is hoped to obtain financial backing, chiefly from Mexican sources, to support the scheme.

This explanation was given after the American members had asked to be enlightened on the order suspending the two institutions. Mr. Cabrera said the two banks had issued bank notes far in excess of their metallic reserve and recently had refused to sell to the government exchange on foreign banks at rates demanded by the government. The institutions had been ordered to show a metallic reserve equivalent to their issue of paper money, he said.

Mr. Cabrera added that the step was largely retaliatory, as the banks of Mexico, chiefly the two in question, were responsible for the depreciation of Carranza money.

OFFICERS OF SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE, I. O. O. F.

Frank C. Coudy of Denver, Col., Was Elected Grand Sire.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 19.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, in annual session here, elected today the following officers: Grand sire, Frank C. Coudy, Denver, Colo.; deputy grand sire, Henry C. Borst, Amsterdam, N. Y.; grand secretary, J. B. Goodwin, Atlanta, Ga.; grand treasurer, William H. Cox, Louisville, Ky.

The grand lodge heard reports of officers showing the membership of the order to be 2,188,458; total pair out for relief funds, $5,975,208; total receipts for the past year $17,822,992, and total expenses of grand and subordinate lodges $9,860,671.

UNABLE TO FIND SOURCE OF INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Efforts of Federal and New York Health Authorities Fruitless.

New York, Sept. 19.—Efforts of federal and city health authorities to determine the source of infantile paralysis have been unsuccessful, it was disclosed tonight in an announcement by the United States public health service officials of the abandonment of the latest theory that the rat flea transmitted the disease.

Another attempt to trace the disease to dogs and cats taken from houses where there had been patients also proved futile. Tests were made in the city laboratories on six such animals, but while they were found to have paralysis, it was asserted positively that none had the same disease from which the children suffered.

Movements of Steamships.

Jotheburg, Sep. 9.—Arrived: The steamer Stockholm, New York.

London, Sept. 18.—Sailed: Steamer Sicilian, Montreal.

NO CAMPAIGN TOUR TO BE MADE BY WILSON

But He Will Address Several Non-Partisan Organizations.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 19.—President Wilson announced tonight that he had no intention of making any campaign tour, bdt that he will carry out plans already tentatively made for several speeches on public questions before non-partisan organizations. This announcement followed a conference between Vance McCormick, the chairman of the democratic national committee, and Mr. Wilson.

Both the president and Mr. McCormick expressed indignation over stories printed today to the effect that as a result of uneasiness over the republican campaign Mr. Wilson had changed his plans and would stump the country. Chairman McCormick discussed with the president many invitations received from different parts of the country urging Mr. Wilson to make speeches, but afterwards it was said officially that the places and dates had not been decided upon. It was understood that some of these speeches will be in Illinois, Indiana, Missouri and New York.

When asked whether the president would go as far west as the Pacific coast, Mr. McCormick replied:

"Hardly that far."

Secretary Tumulty authorized the following statement:

"The president has no intention of making any campaign tour. He does not intend to change the programme already agreed upon by those in charge of his campaign to accept invitations from non-partisan organizations to discuss political questions."

QUESTIONS AMERICA'S FRIENDLY FEELING FOR TURKEY

Le Soir Says Press is Partisan and Imbued With Enmity.

Constantinople, Sept. 19, via Berlin to London, 4.30 p. m.—In discussing recently published statements by Abram I. Elkus, the new American ambassador to Turkey, in an interview given in Berlin, Le Soir today says:

"This emphasis upon the friendly feeling of America for Turkey hardly fits in with the utterances of a large portion of the American newspapers, which, in contrast with the respectful spirit and fairness to the United States shown by the Turkish press, is partisan and imbued with unjustified enmity."

Le Soir adds that it hopes more friendly relations will develop between the United States and Turkey and expresses the opinion that American diplomacy sought to attempt to influence the American press to alter its manner of speech.

SUITOR WHO THREATENED GIRL FATALLY SHOT.

Brother of the Young Lady Proved Quicker With the Gun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 19.—Rafael Geraga, 23 years old, was quicker with his gun tonight than was Angelo Pelliceo, 32, and as a result Pelliceo is in a dying condition in a hospital with a bullet above the heart.

Geraga and his sister Mary, 20 years old, were walking along the street when Pelliceo, a rejected suitor for the girl, came along. Pelliceo, it is said by the police, drew a revolver with the avowed intention of shooting the girl, but Garaga whipped out his own gun and shot first.

Cabled Paragraphs

Austrians Prepare to Evacuate Triest.

Athens, Sept. 19, 11.30 p. m., via London, 11 p. m.—It is stated in most reliable diplomatic sources here that the Austrians are preparing for the evacuation of Triest.

Waters of Nile Very High.

Cairo, via London, Sept. 20, 2.02 a. m.—The waters of the Nile have reached a very high level, necessitating the enforcement of the decree of 1887, which empowers the government to call on any able-bodied man to assist in the work for the protection of threatened regions under penalty of imprisonment or fine.

B. & M. STOCKHOLDERS SANCTION DIRECTORS' ACTION

In Assenting to Receivership of the Road—Meeting Held in Boston.

Boston, Sept. 19.—Ratification of the action of the directors of the Boston and Maine railroad in assenting to receivership for the road was voted at a special meeting of stockholders today. The meeting had been called at the request of minority interests, counsel for whom objected to what they termed "the unseemly haste with which the directors hurried the corporation into receivership at the point of its greatest prosperity," and who stated that they "found the doors of the courts closed against it, at least temporarily," in efforts to intervene in opposition to the appointment of a receiver.

The vote of approval was overwhelmingly in favor of the resolution of endorsement introduced by R. H. Long of Framingham. Conrad W. Crocker, counsel for the Boston and Maine Minority Stockholders' Protective association, protested in vain that proxies had been fraudulently tricked by post-dating to effect an unbeatable majority combination, while Asa P. French, representing the Lawrence estate of Medford, asserted that the 51 per cent. stockholdings owned by the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad were voted illegally by the trustees who are acting under the appointment of the federal court.

Attorney French proposed a resolution calling for the appointment of a committee to report two weeks hence on various features of the receivership proceedings and to delve into the reasons "why the directors have made no move toward settlement of the suit involving claims of the Hampden railroad, which has tied up $4,000,000 of Boston and Maine property through attachments."

The resolution was voted down decisively.

HUGHES RENEWS ATTACK ON THE ADAMSON LAW

Called "Futile" the Reasons Advocated for Its Passage.

Springfield, Ills., Sept. 19.—Charles E. Hughes, addressing an audience in the arsenal here tonight, renewed his attack on the administration for the passage of the Adamson law in the face of the threatened railroad strike. Mr. Hughes discussed and called "futile" reasons advocated for its passage, quoted from President Wilson's address to congress on the subject, challenged the statement of Representative Adamson that it was passed to meet an emergency and cited a declaration attributed to Grover Cleveland in support of the contention that the law was "a surrender to force."

"We have seen," Mr. Hughes said, "what appears to be the consideration of immediate political expediency at the expense of public welfare. Mr. Adamson said 'it is hasty legislation, I admit, to meet an emergency.' What emergency? The emergency of force to which the administration had capitulated.

"Senator Underwood said, 'We have no information on which to legislate and to fix rates of wages which we are going to do and are attempting to do'

"Contrast the action of the administration with what was said by Grover Cleveland in 1886 with respect to labor legislation.

"All legislation on the subject should be calmly and deliberately undertaken with no purpose of satisfying unreasonable demands or gaining partisan advantage."

"It is idle to excuse the action by the request for additional legislation with respect to the future. That legislation was not obtained. We are dealing with what was demanded and actually enacted."

NAVAL CONSULTING BOARD NOW A LEGALIZED BUREAU

Impressive Ceremonies in the Office of Secretary Daniels.

Washington, Sept. 19.—The navy civilian consulting board, composed of twenty-four of the nation's most eminent scientists and engineers, took its place today as a legalized bureau of the navy department and the names of its members, headed by Thomas A. Edison as chairman, were placed on the rolls under a recent act of congress as "officers of the United States government."

The board's inauguration was attended by impressive ceremonies in the office of Secretary Daniels. The highest ranking officers of the department welcomed their new comrades to the naval service. Secretary Daniels declared that the occasion signified a great strengthening for the nation's first line of defense and gave renewed promise for the restoration of American prestige on the seas.

Immediately on taking the oath of office, the board members effected a permanent official organization. Mr. Edison was elected chairman; William L. Saunders of the American Institute of Mining Engineers and Dr. Peter C. Hewitt of the Inventors Guild, both of New York city, were selected as vice chairmen and Thomas Robbins of the Inventors Guild, were selected as vice chairman and Thomas Robbins of the Inventors Guild, was appointed secretary.

Preliminary plans for the $1,500,000 naval laboratory to be built under the board's direction were discussed and a committee of six were appointed to and investigate and report on a suitable site.

AN ATTACK ON CARRANZA TROOPS NEAR TAMPICO

Bandits Inflicted a Severe Loss Before Being Repulsed.

Washington, Sept. 19.—An attack on Carranza troops in or near Tampico by a force under a bandit named Palaez on Sept. 16, Mexican Independence Day, was reported today in official despatches received here. The bandits are said to have inflicted heavy losses upon the soldiers before being repulsed.

Citizens to Appeal to Striking Carmen

ONLY HOPE OF AVERTING SYMPATHETIC STRIKE IN NEW YORK

PRESIDENT SHONTS FIRM

Declares That the 11,000 Employes Who Remain at Work Threatened to Strike if Strikers' Union is Recognized—Walkout Set for Friday.

New York, Sept. 19.—After a citizens' committee had failed to effect a basis of settlement between the striking union carmen and their employers here, it was announced tonight that apparently the only hope of averting a threatened sympathetic walkout of 700,000 workers, set for Friday, now lies in a final appeal to be made to the labor leaders Thursday. The citizens' committee probably will confer tomorrow with Mayor Mitchel and Oscar S. Straus, chairman of the public service commission, in an effort to find some solution of the problem.

Citizens' Committee Visits Shonts.

Following a conference today with the mayor and Mr. Straus, the committee visited Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit company and the New York Railways company, and, it was said, proposed to him a plan evolved for the peaceable adjustment of the present differences.

Refused to Meet Strikers.

Mr. Shonts, it was learned tonight, informed the committee that he would refuse positively to meet representatives of the strikers. Mr. Shonts told the committee that even if he were disposed to treat with the strikers he could not do so because the 11,000 loyal employes of his companies, who make possible the continuation of traffic on the subways and elevated roads, had threatened to strike if the Interborough recognized the strikers' union.

In the meantime a meeting of the central conference committee of the strikers was held to count the strike votes of those organizations which already have voted. Ernest Bohm, secretary of the Central Federated union, announced at the close of the meeting that communications had been received from "three big unorganized groups of employes in three great industries asking permission to join the strike."

RIOTING IN VARIOUS PARTS OF MANHATTAN.

Mobs of Strikers Stormed Two Car Barns and Overpowered the Police.

New York, Sept. 19.—The most serious rioting since the transit strike in this city began two weeks ago occurred tonight in various parts of Manhattan, when attempts were made to run cars on the Forty-second and Fifthy-ninth street crosstown surface lines. Mobs of strikers and sympathizers stormed two car barns, overpowering the police and putting to flight all railway employes in the vicinities. Several motormen and conductors who had not joined the strike were beaten. Calls were sent to police headquarters for reserves, but before they arrived much damage had been done.

The police assert that the strikers took advantage of the fact that many policemen who had been detailed to strike duty were relieved to go to the polling booths in today's primary election here. The strikers apparently planned their attacks, it was said, as disorders occurred in many places at t hesame time.

At Forty-second street and Broadway, one of the busiest spots in the city, a great crowd bombarded a car with stones they had gathered from a subwa yexcavation. Passengers fled in terror.

The police reported late tonight that all surface cars had been ordered to the barns for the rest of the night.

Numerous arrests were made and many of the rioters were clubbed by the police. Several passengers were hurt by flying missiles. Many women fainted when mobs of strikers boarded cars and fought with the motormen and conductors.

After the cars had been driven from the streets the strikers attacked elevated trains, showering bottles and bricks from housetops. Policemen then were stationed on roofs of houses along elevated structures.

174 GUARDSMEN QUIT ON A LONG HIKE

General Funston Disappointed That So Many Dropped Out.

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 19.—One hundred and seventy-four of the guardsmen who left here last Saturday on the march to Austin dropped out and have returned to Camp Wilson here, General Funston said tonight. They have been put into the guardhouse and tomorrow will be conveyed by motor truck to Hunter, where they will rejoin their organizations.

General Funston expressed disappointment that so mauy men lacked spirit enough to make the hike. All of the 174 will be compelled to do the 83 miles to Austin, however, and further punishment probably will be devised for them later, General Funston indicated.

NEW HAVEN HIGH SCHOOL BOY SUICIDES

Despondent Owing to Fear of Not Succeeding in His Studies.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 19.—Elihu Thomas, 16 years old, a senior in the New Haven High school, committed suicide today by taking poison, at his father's farm in the Highwood section of the neighboring town of Hamden. In notes left for his parents and classmates he ascribed his act to despondency due to fear of not succeeding in his studies.

Aviator Killed.

Shawnee, Okla., Sept. 19.—M. G. Roberts of Rupert, Vt., was killed here today in a fall of 1,200 feet in an aeroplane. The machine he was flying was said to have been on its first flight.

Every woman knows that she talks too much, but what she doesn't know is a sure remedy for it.

Close Contest in N. Y. Primary

INDICATIONS OF A VICTORY FOR GOVERNOR WHITMAN

PROGRESSIVES DIVIDED

Calder, Republican, and McCoombs, Democrat, Apparently Assured of the Nominations for United States Senator.

New York, Sept. 20.—With reports from less than one-half of the districts in the state received at one o'clock this morning, Jovernor Charles S. Whitman was leading Judge Samuel Seabury, his democratic opponent, for the progressive endorsement for governor. Only a fraction of the 46,000 enrolled progressives in the state went to the polls and the average of their votes was only about four to a district.

Interest in Progressive Vote.

The progressive vote aroused more interest among state and national leaders than any other feature of the primary, for it was regarded as giving some light on how the strength of the party would be divided in the national election. A majority of the progressive leaders of the state supported Mr. Whitman's candidacy. The leaders of the so-called insurgent wing of the party who gave their aid to Judge Seabury professed to be more than satisfied with the result.

McCombs leads Conway 2 to 1.

William F. McCombs, former chairman of the democratic national committee, who was designed for the senatorial nomination by the unofficial democratic state convention, was leading his opponent, Thomas F. Conway, a former lieutenant-governor, by more than 2 to 1 at midnight.

State Senator William Bennett, who opposed Governor Whitman for the republican nomination, had received only 15,671 votes compared with 87,696 for Whitman.

Calder Leading Bacon.

The victor in the contest for the republican nomination for United States senator in the statewide primary remained in doubt at 2.15 o'clock tish morning. At that hour, with 4,124 districts heard from out of a total of 5,719 in the state, William A. Calder was leading Robert Bacon by about 1,200. The figures were:

Calder 109,561; Bacon 108,364.

ARRANGING PROSECUTION OF BLACKMAIL SYNDICATE

William C. Woodward, Leader of the Gang, Surrendered Last Night.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—A conference at Washington on the prosecution of alleged members of the "international blackmail syndicate" was arranged today, it was learned from local officials of the department of justice who left tonight for Washington.

William C. Woodward, accused by government officials as a leader of the gang, surrendered to the United States district attorney tonight. He surrendered, he said, when he learned that government officials had gone to Washington.

Woodward was released on $2,500 bond.

Mrs. Helen Evers, alleged "lidre" in the gang's operations and the only woman still under charges in connection with the "syndicate's" alleged operations, was released on $25,000 bond tonight.

Only two members of the gang, Edward Donahue and Henry Russell, are still in jail.

REPORTS OF PROSPERITY IN ALL LINES OF INSURANCE

Made at Meeting of National Association of Insurance Companies.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 19.—Reports of prosperity in all lines of insurance were made today at the opening of the 21st annual meeting here of the National Association of Mutual Insurance companies, held jointly with the ninth annual gathering of the Pennsylvania association. Constructive legislation, fire prevention, classification of farm risks, livestock and automobile insurance, tornado indemnities nd other questions of interest to mutual companies are being considered by the convention. Nearly every state in the east and middle west are represented in the meeting, over which L. R. Welch, of Fitchburg, Mass., is presiding.

CARRIER PIGEON WITH BAND BEARING GERMAN LETTERS.

Taken Captive by Soldiers at Fort Michie, Gull Island.

Fort Michie, Gull Island, N. Y., Sept. 19.—A carrier pigeon bearing an aluminum band with the No. 1098 and several German letters on it has been taken captive by soldiers at this fort and the belief exists that the bird came from one of the German submarines now on a voyage to this country. The bird was completely exhausted when captured and gave evidence of having been in the air a long time.

OBITUARY.

Dennis J. Gaynor.

Stratford, Conn., Sept. 19.—Dennis J. Gaynor, president of the Gaynor Manufacturing company, died at his home here this afternoon at the age of 70 years. He was a former city treasurer of Waterbury where he resided for many years.

William J. Calhoun.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—William J. Calhoun, former minister to China, died late today at his residence here. Mr. Calhoun was 68 years old. He had been ill some months, having been stricken with paralysis and thereafter a complication of ailments followed.

Mr. Calhoun gained fame as a diplomat through his mission to Cuba just preceding the war with Spain and as special commissioner to Venezuela for President Roosevelt.

Mr. Calhoun was born in Pittsburgh, Pa. He practiced law at Danville, Ills., and in Chicago and in 1897 was sent by President McKinley as special commissioner to Cnuba. He was a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission from 1896 to 1900, was special commissioner for President Roosevelt to Venezuela in 1907 and from 1909 to 1913 was minister to China.

Condensed Telegrams

Food disorders have broken out in Vienna.

Walter Scott, premier of Saskatchewan, is reported dying.

Exports of specie from Sept. 11 to Sept. 16, amounted to $2,827,827.

The German Minister to Bucharest has reached Haparanda, en route to Berlin.

The steamer Lafayette of the French Line arrived at New York from Bordeaux.

Canadian Pacific gross earnings for the second week of Sept.. increased $541,000.

Sir Cavendish Boyle, who was governor of Newfoundland from 1901 to 1904, is dead.

Shipments of fresh and cured meats from Chicago last week totalled 40,489,000 pounds.

Exports of general merchandise at the port of New York Saturday totalled $4,045,452.

For the year ended with last June, the United States imported sugar worth $208,769,000.

Nikolas Kalogeropoulos, the new Premier of Greece, has accepted the Entente Powers latest note.

The Second New York Infantry, on the border, has been ordered to return to the state mobilization camp.

James McNerney, a fireman of Engine Co. No. 256 at Rockaway Beach, was killed by a train at Seaside.

Two hundred and fifty corset workers of the Bay State Corset Co., of Springfield, Mass., went on strike.

A five-story factory building in Roebling Street, Brooklyn, was destroyed by fire at a loss of $100,000.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt joined in support of Robert Bacon for Republican United States Senate nomination.

Six new cases of infantile paralysis were reported to the state board of health yesterday, bringing the total to 683.

The annual convention of the American Association of Public Accountants opened at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

Gross earnings of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste Marie Railroad Co., for the year tnding June 30, totalled $35,010,064.

Gold to the amount of $250,000 was received from Canada and deposited at the Assay Office for the account of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The Navy Department on Friday will resume hearings to decide where to locate the $11,000,000 government armor plate plant.

Great Britain's reply to the strong American protest against the seizure and censoring of neutral mails is now on its way to Washington.

The New York Central Railroad has placed an order with the American Locomotive Co. and the Lima Locomotive Corporation for 230 engines.

More than $1,000,000 in British gold arrived at Boston from Cape Town, South Africa, on the British steamer York Castle, consigned to Montreal bankers.

Michael Ferguson of Galesburg and Bert Sapp of Monmouth, Ill., were arrested, charged with the murder of Emma Larkin, at the Fair Grounds at Aledo, Ill.

Henry W. Staples, for many years proprietor of the Old Orchard House, Old Orchard's largest ohtel, died of heart disease today at his home in that seacoast town.

Four persons were killed at North Springfield, 18 miles west of Erie, Pa., when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a New York Central train.

Arthur Curtiss James has been designated a Chevalier of the Crown of Italy in recognition of his generosity in building the $300,000 school for Italian cshildren in Ne wYork.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, arrived in Chicago after a speaking tour throughout the west in the interests of the Republican national ticket.

The Italian Government in order to reduce the cost of living which has increased about 25 per cent in the last six months, has seized 10,000,000 eggs and is selling them at 2 cents a piece.

The War Department sent orders to General Funston to return regiments of the National Guard now on the border in exact ratio of one regiment to return for each new regiment sent down.

Daniel Boddis died in the Rhode Island Hospital from injuries suffered when an automobile in which he was riding ran into a ditch and capsized on the Apponoug road, near Norwood.

"Indiana will give her electoral vote to Wilson," declared National Democratic Chairman McCormick on his return to New York from the West. "We shall elect two Democratic senators from that state."

Francis B. Sayre, President Wilson's son-in-law, who made a trip among the American troops along the Mexican border in the interest of the Young Men's Christian Association in Massachusetts, arrived at New York.

Naval Constructor William G. Du-Rose, who was sent to the Santo Domingo city to decide whether the wrecked cruiser Memphis could be salvaged, reported to the Navy Department that little could be saved from the vessel.

Delmar P. Crowley, six years years old, was struck and killed at Middletown by an automobile driven by Dr. John H. Mountain, of Middletown. The John H. Mountain. The boy it was said became confused and ran in front of the machine.

$500,000 Memorial for Dr. J. D. Murphy

Chicago, Sept. 19.—A $500,000 memorial to the late Dr. John D. Murphy, the noted surgeon, is to be erected in Chicago, it was announced today. It is probable that the memorial will be in the form of an institution for surgical research.

CHANGES IN DEM. STATE COMMITTEE

John C. Geary Displaces Bryan Mahan in the Twentieth District

THOS. J. KELLY REPRESENTS THE 19TH DISTRICT

Enthusiastic Gathering at Opening of Democratic State Convention in New Haven—Mention of Name of President Wilson Greeted With Applause—Every Delegate's Seat Was Occupied—M. C. Higgins a Member of the Resolutions Committee—State Central Committee Approved the Revised Rules Prepared by Chairman Fitzgerald, J. T. Fanning of This City, W. E. Thoms of Waterbury, J. J. Cullman of Bridgeport and T. J. Spellacy of Hartford.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 19.—It was a very enthusiastic gathering which opened the state democratic convention in Music hall tonight. Every delegate's seat was occupied, the galleries were filled and spectators fringed the floor beyond the rows of chairs both at the rear and along the sides of the hall. At every opportunity there was cheering and handclapping and mention of the name of President Wilson was greeted with cheers. The hall, gaily dressed in flags and bunting with the stage well set with scenery, seldom looked as well at a political convention. Former Congressman Thomas L. Reilly, the temporary chairman, was repeatedly interrupted by applause and he also had an ovation at the close of his address.

Ovation For Homer Cummings.

The convention started late, as delegates were outside viewing the parade of the equal suffragists. Then they rushed into the hall and State Chairman Fitzgerald had to vigorously wield his gavel to get order, so that the call might be read by Secretary P. J. O'Sullivan. Mr. Reilly's introduction followed and about that time Homer S. Cummings walked up the center aisle and the delegates rose in a body to cheer him. Several bodily led him to a seat on the platform.

The keynite speech of the temporary chairman was given in excellent voice and occasionally a delegate shouted out his approval of some point. At the conclusion a thirty minute recess was taken to permit districts to select members of a committee and to settle contests over the state committeemen of which thewe a number.

Resolutions Committee.

The resolutions committee follows by districts:

1, M. L. Hewes; 2, Augustine Lonergan; 3, Henry McManus; 4, John Cairns; 5, C. M. Gallup; 6, G. M. Landers; 7, W. A. Seymour; 8, Robert Jordan; 9, Frank Kenna; 10, J. E. McGann; 11, Andrew Meola; 12, W. J. Bridgett; 12 Owen Horan; 14, Herbert Peterson; 15, W. E. Thoms; 16, Joseph Lawler; 17, W. R. Palmer; 18, James Sweeney; 19, M. C. Higgins; 20, John C. Geary; 21, Robert G. Deforest; 22, D. E. Brennan; 23, G. F. Mara; 24, 4. 7. McAllister; 25, F. W. Wheeler; 26, J. T. Hayes; 27, Thomas Ryle; 28, F. E. Bitgood; 29, D. J. Danaher; 30, Robert A. Nisbet; 31, ——; 32, C W. Hodge; 33, Daniel McCarthy; 34, Dennis O'Brien; 35, J. M. Clarke.

Of the contests for central committeeman the most interesting was that in the 30th district, where Frank Coe of Torrington, a newly seated member was tied in the vote by Mr. Quinn and the decision went over until tomorrow.

New State Central Committee.

The new committee chosen follows: by districts:

1, James Dugan; 2, C. J. Dillon; 3, Herman Koppleman; 4, Edmond A. Clune; 5, Thomas Hewes; 6, G. M. Landers; 7, M. J. Connor; 8, T. E. Cahill; 9, E. P. O'Mara; 10, J. E. McGann; 11, M. Frank Hope; 12, Hugh P. Prior; 13, Owen Hare; 14, A. B. O'Keeffe; 15, J. A. Hynes; 16, J. F. Tobin; 17, W. R. Palmer; 18, W. H. —Farrell; 19, Thomas J. Kelly; 20, John C. Geary; 21, H. J. Clabby; 22, P. H. Bates; 23, W. F. Russell; 24, Lester O. Peck; 25, Hezekiah Elwood; 26, H. S. Weed; 27, John Walsh; 28, Asa M. Ross; 29, J. M. Bassett; 30, tie; 31, E. S. Roberts; 32, J. S. Addis; 33, D. I. McCarthy; 34, R. U. Tyler; 35, M. D. O'Connell.

As soon as caucuses had ended the convention accepted the list of committees and adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The several committeemen met, that on resolutions receiving a delegation of the Connecticut Women's Equal Suffrage League which asked for a plank on "Votes for Women" in the platform.

Meeting of State Central Committee.

In the afternoon the state central committee met and this gathering was enlivened by incidents which followed the discovery that newspaper men were in the room although the meeting supposedly was to have been an executive one. As there was some disagreement in the committee as to courtesy to be extended the reporters to stay a sergeant-at-arms in the person of Mr. Cahill of the Eighth district was appointed by Chairman Fitzgerald to see that the room was cleared of unauthorized persons.

Committeemen Absent.

The committeemen absent were M. A. Coleman of the first, A. B. O'Keffe of the fourteenth and M. J. Clabby of the twnety-first. Proxies were held by John Doughan for the eleventh, T. J. Brennan for the sixteenth, Thomas J. Kelly for the nineteenth, Albert Phillips for the twenty-seventh and A. M. Ross for the twenty-eighth. The new member from Torrington, Frank Coe, who was appointed vice E. T. O'Sullivan, who resigned, E. P. O'Meara of the ninth and Herman Koppleman of the third and Max Burrschmidt of the twenty-fifth sat for their first time each on the committee.

The temporary roll of the convention was accepted. It showed that seventeen towns had not reported their delegates.

Revised Rules Approved.

The revised rules prepared by Chairman Fitzgerald, J. T. Fanning of Norwich, W. E. Thoms of Waterbury, J. J. Cullman of Bridgeport and T. J. Spellacy of Hartford, were offered, discussed and approved and ordered reported to the convention for its action. In brief, the new rules include these changes: Lengthens the time from seven to fourteen days before a state convention in which caucuses for choice of delegates may be held; provides for election of state committeeman at the spring convention in presidential election years; creates an assistant secretary (or organizer) at a salary of $2,000 a year; changes the basis of represettatioo from towns to probate and senatorial district convention to the same ratio as for the state convention; allows the state committeeman calling a senatorial convention to have a vote in case of a tie such as occurred in the Hartford contest recently.

Discovered Reporters in the Room.

It was after adoption of the rules that Mr. Dillon of Hartford discovered reporters in the room. The committee after discussion voted to let them stay in but Chairman Fitzgerald declared that the meeting was an executive one an dthose not committeemen had to go out. This decision was enforced by the sergeant-at-arms. W. R. Palmer of Oxford then made an address in which he outlined plans which the committee has on foot concerning the campaign in this state. This information was to be kept secret by the committee, it was said afterward.

Mr. Cummings and Mr. Spellacy appeared at this point and both were invited into the meeting. Mr. Cummings spoke on organization conditions especially in other states. This disposed of all business on hand, although the matter of adoption of a rule to have the platform put into final shape by the nominees on the state ticket, was sent to the convention for its action.

Reilly For Permanent Chairman.

The committee on permanent organization tomorrow will recommend that Mr. Reilly be made permanent chairman. It is expected that Mr. Cummings upon his nomination for the office of United States senator will address the convention. There seemed no reason to believe tonight that any change would be made in the selection of a candidate for governor, although some opposition to Judge Morris B. Beardsley of Bridgeport, who will be named, is reported to be held by a few delegates.

No decision had been reached by the leaders as to the naming of a progressive for a place on the state ticket, although report had it that F. E. Duffy of West Hartford might be offered the place of secretary of state. Francis P. Guilfoile of Waterbury will be unopposed for the lieutenant governor nomination. County and congressional delegations were being canvassed tonight for names of possible presidential electors.

CONGRESSMAN REILLY PRAISES PRESIDENT WILSON

In Address as Temporary Chairman Democratic State Convention.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 19. — The paramount reason for the re-election of President Wilson, all other issues aside, is that "he has kept us out of war at home and abroad," asserted Former Congressman Thomas L. Reilly of Meriden, in his address here tonight as temporary chairman of the democratic state convention.

"The United States is at peace with the world today," he continued, "because providentially there had been raised up to guide its destiines a man big and just, and wise and strong enough to do what he believed to be right and what he knew to be truly American. * * * And when the names of great leaders of men are written and the names of the most illustrious presidents spoken, none will stand higher or be spoken with more fervid patriotism, than that of Woodrow Wilson."

Mr. Reilly reviewed the legislation enacted under the present administration, asserting that the record refuted the charge that it had not been constructive. He defended the Adamson law, passed to avert a nationwide railroad strike as a "necessary emergency measure;" urged the progressives to unite with the democrats because they had put into law the measures sought by the progressives, and referring to international questions, declared that peace had been maintained "with untarnished honor."

SUFFRAGISTS IN TORCHLIGHT PARADE IN NEW HAVEN

Carried Banners and Placards Bearing Suffrage War Cries.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 19.—So far as parades are concerned, Connecticut workers for woman suffrage maintain a benevolent neutrality for both the republican and democratic parties. On the eve of the republican state convention here on Sept. 5 suffragists from all parts of the state marched through the city streets in an impressive demonstration. Tonight, a thousand advocates of equal suffrage took part in a picturesque torchlight procession through crowded streets, as the democratic convention was assembling to hear the keynote speech of Ex-Congressman Reilly.

As was the case two weeks ago, most of the marchers tonight were women, and tey hearried banners and placards bearing suffrgae war cries. A decided feature was the presence in the line of march of the democratic "Mule," led by two women. After the parade, there were speeches favoring the cause on the Green.