

City's Population. The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Greater Than That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the

GERMANS HURLING DESPERATE ATTACKS

Against the British Line Which is Pointing Toward the Ostend-Lillie Railway

TEUTONS ARE SHOWING EXTREME NERVOUSNESS

They Are Apprehensive Over the Next Assault of Field Marshal Haig's Forces—In Storming Masses the Germans Have Made Valiant Efforts to Dislodge the Enemy, But They Have Been Swept Back by a Hurricane of Fire—French and Germans Continue Their Artillery Duels—On the Northern Front in Russia the Russians Are Keeping Up Their Offensive—The British Victory Over the Turks in Mesopotamia is Greater Than at First Reported.

That extreme nervousness over approaching events pervades the German front in Flanders is indicated by the infantry attacks the forces of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria daily are throwing against Field Marshal Haig's army on the Ypres salient.

These attacks are being centered upon the apex of Haig's salient in the line which is pointing dangerously toward the Ostend-Lillie railway, the ultimate gaining of which by the British, Scotch and Australian contingents would work sad havoc to the replenishing and supplies of the German line to the south from the naval bases at Ostend and Zeebrugge.

In storming waves of great strength the Germans have made valiant efforts to wrest from the British positions captured from them in the recent offensive, but everywhere, except at two small points, the great array of British repulse under the hurricane of fire which swept against them from guns of all calibers, strewn the ground with their dead or wounded.

Numerous attacks also have been taken by the British and to a man they have since gratified that they are safe from the inferno of bursting shells which the British without cessation are pouring in upon the German holdings.

The big guns of the Germans have not been idle during the fighting, but their strength is in no way comparable to that of the great array that Haig has set up for the purpose of pounding the German entrenchments, and warding off any further attempts on the part of the German to send his infantry as they surge forward on new exploits.

As yet there has been no indication that the British commander-in-chief has the food situation worked out to a point where he is prepared to turn loose his infantry for another smash across No. Man's land and further German-held territory, but doubtless

from the great German activity this time is not so far off.

Meanwhile the French and the Germans are engaged in violent artillery duels along the Aisne front and the Verdun sector, in both of which regions General Petain's armies also again have been forced to withstand and successfully repulse attacks from troops of the German crown prince, especially near Craonne and Beaumont and between Hill 344 and Samogneux. Near Hill 424 the Germans entered a French position, which later was recaptured in a counter-attack.

On the northern front in Russia, in the region south of Riga, the Russians are keeping up their offensive against the Germans. Following up their attacks of Sunday, in which gains of from 300 to 1,000 yards were made, the Russians again have surged forward and beaten back the enemy for a distance of one mile south of the Kronenburg-Spital-Grundtull sector. Quiet still prevails on the eastern front farther south and in Galicia and Ruthenia.

In Mesopotamia the British victory over the Turks at Ramadie, west of Baghdad, was greater than at first reported. In addition to capturing the town, nearly 4,000 Turks were made prisoner and large numbers of guns and other military equipment captured. Besides heavy casualties were inflicted on the Ottomans.

British and French armies are continuing their raids against German positions behind the lines and the French armies are carrying on further reprisals against German cities and towns for the bombardment of open French settlements. Large quantities of explosives have been dropped by the British and French in the fort-on-Main, Coblenz, and Treves, while in conjunction with British aviators railway stations, airfields, munition depots and military encampments have been effectively bombed.

Cabled Paragraphs

E. Carl Victor to be Interned.
Richmond, Va., Oct. 2.—Dr. Karl Victor, former German agent here, will be taken to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., tonight to be interned with other German prisoners until after the war.

British Casualties for Week 21,179.
London, Oct. 2.—The British casualties for the week ending today numbered 21,179, divided as follows: Killed or died of wounds, officers 161; men 2,773. Wounded or missing, officers 531; men 10,724.

Count Csernin, Hase Gone to Budapest.
Amsterdam, Oct. 2.—Count Csernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, has gone to Budapest, according to Vienna advices, to visit the Hungarian premier, Dr. Wekerle. It is expected that Count Csernin will there make an important political speech.

THIRD CONTINGENT OF NATIONAL ARMY MEN Will Begin Moving Today to the Sixteen Cantonnements.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The third contingent of national army men will begin moving tomorrow to the sixteen cantonnements where approximately half of the 687,000 selected men called out by the president already are mobilized. Quotas now ready to leave home vary greatly, ranging from 17 to 46 per cent of the full state quotas, with a general average of between 20 and 25 per cent.

Modification of previous quota plans will be made to accommodate a larger percentage of men.

Definite figures still are lacking as to the number of selected men to be mobilized for the national guard, aviation service, medical corps or other branches of the army that will have to be filled up to war strength. It is certain, however, that the men remaining at the camps will not be sufficient to form the sixteen national army divisions at full strength.

Senator Csernin today was brief, participated in by war members, all of whom realized the futility of opposition. Most of the criticism was upon the second class postage increases.

Hopes for Early Adjournment.
The speedy action on the conference report raised members' hopes for adjournment of the session by Saturday or not later than next week.

The administration sailors' and soldiers' insurance bill, which has passed the house, will be brought up tomorrow in the senate. Its disposal in a few days is anticipated.

The only other measure before the senate expected to pass before adjournment is the eight billion dollar deficiency appropriation bill, whose conferees expect to report it today and secure adoption of their report by perfunctory debate.

In finally drafted, after one of the lowest and worst sessions in the congressional history, the revenue bill, which was passed by the house May 23 and by the senate after a month's debate, Sept. 10, will principally upon incomes and war excess profits.

As passed by the house, it totaled \$1,845,000,000, and the senate conference draft increased the total assessment by about \$750,000,000 over the house and \$128,000,000 above the senate.

Some of Its Provisions.
The bill now is estimated to raise about \$850,000,000 from incomes, corporate and individual, and about one billion dollars from war excess profits.

Other major items are \$300,000,000 on tobacco, about \$275,000,000 on liquor, \$70,000,000 on beer, \$40,000,000 on automobiles, \$75,000,000 on freight transportation, \$32,000,000 on amusement admissions.

Elimination of consumption taxes on tea, coffee and gas, electrical and telephone service, together with house taxes on 1916 incomes and a general 10 per cent tariff levy, were features of the evolution of the bill.

ABOUT 300 MEN IN CUSTODY IN NEW YORK Held on Various Charges Associated With the War—Jails All Full.

New York, Oct. 2.—With about three hundred men in the government's custody here on various charges associated with the war, United States prisoners turned in New York on three charges of murder in connection with a preparedness day bomb explosion, called for in superior court here today. The case was continued until October 9, because of the absence of the defendant.

District Attorney Charles H. Fickert today received a telegram from New York saying Berkman's hearing on extradition proceedings had been indefinitely postponed.

\$10,000,000 FOR PAYMENT OF FAMILY ALLOWANCES For Enlisted Men in Active Service in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps.

Washington, Oct. 2.—An appropriation of \$10,000,000 for the payment of family allowances for enlisted men in active service in the army, navy and marine corps is proposed in a bill introduced by Representative Raker of California.

Preferential civil service status would be given veterans of the war by the bill, which was introduced by Representative Crisp of Georgia.

GOLD STORAGE FOOD MUST BE MARKED With Date of Its Refrigeration—Law Effective in Illinois Yesterday.

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Beginning today, food products held in gold storage in Illinois must be plainly tagged or stamped with the date of their refrigeration. The law, known as the Illinois gold storage act, effective today, will prevent long frozen foods and months old meats from masquerading as "fresh from the farm."

Fire in British Munitions Factory.
London, Oct. 2.—A serious fire and explosion has occurred in a munitions factory in the north of England, according to an official report. Much damage was done to the factory, but the fire has been extinguished. A number of the workers were injured.

Swedish Ministry Has Resigned.
Stockholm, Oct. 2.—The Swedish ministry has resigned, but King Gustave requested the ministers to retain their portfolios for the present.

Great War Tax Bill Ready to be Signed

LEVIES TAXES OF MORE THAN TWO AND A HALF BILLIONS LONG UNDER DISCUSSION

The Administration's Sailors and Soldiers' Insurance Bill Will be Brought Up in the Senate Today—Adjournment Looked for Early Next Week.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Congress finished its work on the great war tax bill today when the senate, following the example set yesterday by the house, adopted the conference report without roll call. More than two and a half billion dollars of new taxes are levied by the measure, which has been in the making since last April.

As soon as the bill is engrossed and signed tomorrow by Vice President Marshall and Speaker Clark, it will be sent to President Wilson, who is expected to sign it immediately.

Senate discussion today was brief, participated in by war members, all of whom realized the futility of opposition. Most of the criticism was upon the second class postage increases.

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WOMEN URGED TO BOYCOTT LIBERTY LOAN By Mrs. Abby Scott Baker, an Official of the Women's National Party.

Baltimore, Oct. 2.—Mrs. Henry O. Havemeyer, of New York, a member of the advisory council of the National Women's Party, in an address before a meeting of 150 suffragists here today, appealed to the suffragists not to lift a finger in aid of the Liberty loan. She declared she would not work for it, although she had served on the committee of women which toured the country for the first Liberty loan.

The suffragists present greeted her with applause and most of them declared they were ready to follow her.

Mrs. Abby Scott Baker of Washington, an official of the National Women's Party, urged the women to boycott the loan. She said she had three sons in the service of the government but that made no difference.

REVIVAL OF GRADE OF FULL GENERAL Is Planned by the War Department for Major General Pershing.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Revival of the grade of full general is planned by the war department to provide suitable rank for Major General John J. Pershing, commanding the American expeditionary forces in France.

It was learned tonight that Secretary Baker already has submitted the department's program, which includes provision for the title general to be held by other serving as chief of staff and the making of several lieutenant generals to command corps under general Pershing. In the senate the nomination of Pershing as chief of staff carrying it into effect is to be pressed for prompt passage when congress reconvenes in December.

AN AMERICAN AVIATOR MISSING IN FRANCE Andrew Courtney Campbell, Jr., of Kenilworth, Ills.

Paris, Oct. 2.—Andrew Courtney Campbell, Jr., of Kenilworth, Ills., a corporal in the American flying corps, disappeared Monday while on a reconnoitering expedition in his aircraft. His fate is not known.

White slave act was placed on trial today in the federal court in the charge of smuggling ashore 19 dutiable ship chronometers from the raider while she was interned at the Philadelphia navy yard.

CAPT. THIERICHENS IS CHARGED WITH SMUGGLING He Was Placed on Trial in Philadelphia Yesterday.

Philadelphia, Oct. 2.—Captain Max V. Thierichens, former commander of the German seized commerce raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich, who yesterday was found guilty of violating the Mann-White slave act, was placed on trial today in the federal court in the charge of smuggling ashore 19 dutiable ship chronometers from the raider while she was interned at the Philadelphia navy yard.

Episcopal Bishop of Buffalo.
Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Rev. Charles Henry Brent, now Episcopal bishop of the Philippines, was elected bishop of the Buffalo diocese at the diocesan convention here today. Two ballots were taken.

Wage Increase for Mine Workers

PROVIDED OPERATORS MAY ADD IT TO PRICE OF COAL

AGREEMENT REACHED Miners Are Seeking a Contract for Two Years, But Operators Insist That Agreement Terminate Sixty Days After the End of the War.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The wage increases were granted by the operators contingent on their absorption in high coal prices, which they expect the fuel administration to give on presidential next week of their cost production figures.

Differ on Length of Contract.
The miners are seeking a contract for two years, but the operators insist on a provision for its termination 60 days after the end of the war. Miners' representatives said tonight they would not yield on this point. Provisions will be inserted in the contract to prevent either side from breaking it for any cause. This was demanded by the operators because the miners are asking the present increases are ignoring a contract signed last April.

Coal mine wages scaled throughout the country are based on the central field scale, and if today's agreement is ratified wages will be raised accordingly in other districts.

Operators Ask to Increase Price.
Operators of the central field are asking the fuel administration for increases of about 50 cents a ton in the prices fixed for coal at the mines in recent orders on this point. Many mines, they insist, will be forced to shut down unless prices are revised. Already Dr. Garfield, the fuel administrator, has granted increases in outlying districts, where for the most part coal veins are thin, making the cost of operation high.

Japan issued an imperial decree forbidding the selling, mortgaging or chartering of Japanese ships to foreigners.

Bartenders at Lawrence, Mass. went on strike in sympathy with brewery workers, who are on strike for wage increases.

During the nine months ended Sept. 30 automobiles cause the death of 425 persons of streets and highways of New York.

Charged with the murder of their secretary, the attorney Joseph and Sarah Wakelin were placed on trial in Cambridge, Mass.

Establishment of vocational schools to train shipbuilders was discussed by New England shipyard officials at their meeting in Boston.

Having been closed since the advent of the boll weevil, several years ago the National Milled Cotton Mills will shortly be reopened.

Brooklyn's "Red-Legged Devils" the 14th Infantry sent to Sparta, N. C., after being held for three days by lack of cars.

Announcement was made that 281 interned German sailors will be transferred from Boston to the detention camp at Hot Springs.

Collection and delivery of all mail and parcel post matter in Boston has been taken over from private contractors by the government.

The nomination of J. Franklin Fort of New Jersey as a member of the federal trade commission was confirmed yesterday by the senate.

Charles P. Taft son of former President and Mrs. William H. Taft, will be married on Saturday to Miss Eleanor Chase, of Waterbury, Conn.

J. Ogden Armour, the Chicago packer, predicted that the war will bring forth more uniform business and prosperity following the war.

In a 400-mile flight from Turin to Rome Sergeant Stoppani, of the Royal Italian Flying Corps, maintained an average speed of 140 miles an hour.

A resolution favoring an American conference to discuss common and economic commercial relations was introduced in the Argentine chamber.

Detroit is the most dangerous city in the United States to live in, according to a statement issued by H. L. Brownell, of the Detroit Safety League.

More than 1,000 longshoremen employed by the Boston & Maine and Boston and Albany railroads, at once went on strike for more pay and an eight-hour day.

Robert Warm, a cavalryman at Fort Ethan Allen was sentenced to prison from 10 to 14 years imprisonment after being convicted of the murder of 14-year-old Jennie Hemmingsway.

Minister Michailovitch, Serbian Minister to the United States, issued a statement in which he characterized as a menace the presence in America of Bulgarian Minister Panaretov.

Emperor and Empress William of Germany are reported to have placed a large number of valuable jewels at the disposal of the Reichsbank to help reduce the war debt of Germany.

Major James H. Perkins, former executive manager of the National City Bank New York, was appointed commissioner for the American Red Cross in France. He has been directing military affairs of the Red Cross.

Organization of the shipping board's chartering commission was completed with the appointment of J. D. Small of New York as a member. The other members of the commission are Welding Ring, chairman and Daniel Bacon, both of New York.

Corporal E. F. Hart Killed.
Washington, Oct. 2.—General Pershing called the war department today to inform that Corporal Ernest P. Hart, signal corps, was killed behind the front in France yesterday by the premature discharge of a hand grenade at practice. Corporal Hart's father lives at Oxford, N. C.

Condensed Telegrams

Meatless days have been abolished in France.

President Wilson signed the Aircraft Production Bill.

France's moratorium has been extended three months.

All interim dividends were passed by the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.

S. R. Gooding, of Idaho, was appointed fuel administrator for that state.

A peace demonstration, accompanied by rioting, is reported from Essen, Germany.

American soldiers "over there" will have a real old-fashioned Thanksgiving dinner.

All transports bound for France are to carry accumulated mail for the soldiers at the front.

Two high naval officers inspected the American destroyer flotilla now in service in British waters.

Drafted men at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I., will be put to work to prepare barracks grounds.

Byron A. Newton was sworn in as collector of the port of New York, succeeding Dudley Field Malone.

Railroads in Argentina have been taken over there by the government as a result of the general strike there.

President Wilson urged upon the Congressional leaders passage of the soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill.

Representative Jeannet Rankin appealed to President Wilson to aid in settling the Butte copper mining strike.

A further credit of \$50,000,000 making \$1,240,000,000 in all, was extended to Great Britain by the United States.

Bradley M. Thompson, professor of law at the University of Michigan since 1887, died at Ann Arbor, aged 83.

Work was resumed with full crews in the San Francisco shipyards, all striking metal workers having returned.

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Democrats Win in New Haven

DAVID E. FITZGERALD ELECTED MAYOR BY PLURALITY OF 2,675

Board of Aldermen Will be Democratic 14 to 7—Town Clerk F. E. Whittaker, Defeated, Had Held That Office for Twelve Years.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 2.—The democratic tide in this city today reversed the result of two years ago, as a party out of office every republican office holder except the registrar of voters, David E. Fitzgerald, who took office after the death of Mayor Frank J. Rice. The board of aldermen will be democratic 14 to 7. Fitzgerald took in with him ten ward aldermen and four at large members. A feature of the landslide was the defeat of Frederick E. Whittaker, for town clerk. He had held that office for twelve years, at one election being the only republican to win. John E. Douglas, a member of the democratic state committee, beat Whittaker by about 100, the lowest of any democratic plurality.

Republican Mayors Since 1910.
New Haven has had republican mayors since 1910, when Frank J. Rice was first elected. He succeeded himself in each election after that until 1915. He was succeeded by Samuel Campner, then acting mayor during the mayor's illness, was made, by special act of the legislature, the mayor. He was then under the legal obligation to serve for a year here and the special act was hurriedly passed that he should continue to serve.

City Clerk A. Oswald Pailman was defeated after having held that office for three terms. Most of the other republican candidates were on their first terms.

There Was a Hot Campaign.
The campaign here was waged energetically from the date of the nominations, the democratic tide, particularly hot fight. The influx of men from other places to the munitions plants here has lately increased the democratic vote. It was shown in the presidential battle of last year.

The democratic ticket this year was essentially new one, only three, Arthur D. Mullen, for mayor, Arthur D. Mullen, treasurer and William H. Hackett, collector, having held city office before. Mullen, who has won those places in the republican landslide of 1915.

The Vote in Detail.
Mayor: Samuel Campner, democrat, 11,537; Arthur D. Mullen, democrat, 8,862.

Treasurer: Arthur D. Mullen, democrat, 9,274; F. C. Barnes, democrat, 10,600; A. F. Pailman, republican, 9,549.

Collector: William H. Hackett, d. 11,188; Edmund L. Babcock, r. 8,276; Arthur D. Mullen, r. 11,074; A. J. Lorenzo, r. 9,342.

Town Clerk: John E. Douglas, d. 10,568; F. E. Whittaker, r. 9,312.

Registrar of Voters: John A. Andrew P. Allen, d. 10,862; Robert E. Lee, r. 9,561.

Registrar of voters: Edward P. Keating, d. 10,915; Louis Knollmeyer, r. 9,512.

Aldermen-at-large: Edmund J. Coffey, r. 9,465; J. J. Johnson, d. 9,476; L. Carey Slaton, r. 9,414; Donald A. Adams, r. 9,501; Thomas Ryan, d. 10,336; Dr. A. H. Devereaux, d. 10,860; Francis A. Kierman, r. 9,933; Frederick G. Crabb, d. 11,052.

Of the aldermen-at-large the two republicans, Michael D. Russell, Jr. and Adams and E. F. Johnson.

A CLEAN REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN WATERBURY For Mayor William H. Sandland Had a Majority of 637 Votes Over Mayor Scully.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 2.—William H. Sandland, former city clerk of Waterbury, the republican candidate for mayor, has been elected mayor of the city by a majority of 637 over Mayor Scully.

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