

PEACE CONGRESS TO OPEN FIRST WEEK IN JANUARY

President Wilson Has Been Informed by Wireless of the Plans—The Inter-Allied Conference Will Reassemble on December 16 or 17—David Lloyd George, the British Premier, and A. J. Balfour, the Foreign Minister, Will Be Present to Meet President Wilson—It is Expected the Peace Deliberations Will Last About Four Months.

Paris, Dec. 6. (By the A. P.)—President Wilson will be informed by wireless today of the plans for the assembling of the inter-ally conference and the meeting of the peace congress. He also will be advised concerning the recent gathering of the supreme war council at London. In the meantime, reports that the president has approved of any plan for the peace conference are premature, as the steps taken at that meeting will not be made known to him until today. The plans concerning the peace meetings are the results of Colonel Edward M. House's long talk with Premier Clemenceau, following a conference with Baron Sonnino, the Italian foreign minister, and the Earl of Derby, the British ambassador to France.

The inter-ally conference will reassemble on Dec. 16 or 17. The meetings will be at the foreign office in the Quai d'Orsay and not at Versailles. David Lloyd George, the British premier, and A. J. Balfour, the foreign minister, expect to come here at that time to meet President Wilson and attend the conference, but the elections in Great Britain may not permit them to remain more than two or three days.

The opening of the peace congress is set for the first week in January. It was the desire of the Americans to begin at the earliest possible moment, but it is probable that a later date would be necessary, owing to the Christmas holidays and the official functions connected with the presence of President Wilson and King Victor Emmanuel of Italy, but the first week in January finally was chosen. The first meetings will be for the actual work of the preliminaries of peace with the representatives of the enemy powers, who will be present.

The names of the plenipotentiary delegates to the congress have not as yet been announced, but it is understood they will be three members of the government and two from the neutral member. The British delegates will

Cabled Paragraphs

President to Land at Brest.

Paris, Dec. 6.—The Hava agency says that President Wilson has delayed his arrival in Paris twenty-four hours. He will land at Brest on Dec. 13, but will not come to Paris until the following day.

1,959 NAMES IN TWO ARMY CASUALTY LISTS

Washington, Dec. 6.—The following casualties were reported by the Commanding General of the American Expeditionary Forces:

Killed in action 40; died of wounds 32; died of disease 222; wounded severely 330; wounded (degree undetermined) 50; wounded (slight) 245; missing from action 41,192.

Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts men:

Killed in Action. — Privates—Harold Brown, Worcester, Mass.; Joseph Donvito, Worcester, Mass.

Died from Wounds Received in Action. — Lieutenant Richard A. Storrs, Ansonia; Corporal Arthur E. Gammond, Worcester, Mass.; Privates—Milton Block, Island, R. I.; Valentine Zambreski, New Britain.

Died from Accidents and Other Causes. — Private Martin J. Brennan, Danbury.

Died of Disease. — Privates—Alfred C. Butts, Providence, R. I.; George A. Rice, Providence, R. I.

Wounded Severely. — Sergeant William A. Burns, Seymour, Wagoner Daniel H. Wood, Slocum, R. I.

Privates—James Purdon, Jewett City, Albert Little, Springfield; Edward Dupont, Springfield, Mass.; James Pender, Bridgeport; Herbert Hopkins, Redford; Alexander Kaminski, Bridgeport.

Wounded Slightly. — Cooks—Thomas Harrington, Newport, R. I.; Samuel J. Robb, South Manchester; John Joseph Murphy, Pawtucket, R. I.

Missing in Action. — Privates—Asahel Albee, Providence, R. I.; Forna G. Niznick, Hartford.

Died of Disease. — Sergeant—Alban M. Potvin, Williamantic.

Wounded Severely. — Lieutenant Harry R. Burdick, Westbury, R. I.; Corporal Warren W. Birdsall, Naugatuck.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined). — Sergeant Roy T. Loveloy, Worcester, Mass.

Privates—Ernie L. Desaulniers, Central Falls, R. I.; Harold K. Hobson, Bridgeport; George W. Johnson, Providence, R. I.; Joseph Klepinski, Providence, R. I.; Clarence L. Goldrey, Central Falls, R. I.; Emil M. Geatz, Bridgeport, R. I.

Wounded Slightly. — Corporal Alexander Kelly, Newport, R. I.; Mechanic Raymond McKinney, Worcester, Mass.

Privates—William M. Earle, Providence, R. I.; Cesare Falvo, Providence, R. I.; James J. Brazier, Naugatuck; Thomas Arcari, Hartford.

Major Casualties Not Yet Reported, 16,000 Killed in Action, Died of Wounds, Disease or Other Causes, Severely Wounded and Missing.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The war department announced today that 16,000 major casualties including killed in action, died of wounds, disease or other causes, severely wounded and missing, have not yet been formally reported to the next of kin. The reports in minor casualties is much larger, it was added.

From cable reports now expected the department hopes to clear up the arrears in major casualties within a week, except for a few names with respect to which identification has not yet been completed. The minor casualties listed here represent slight wounds involving relatively brief disability and in most cases the men sustaining them already have been reported to their next of kin. This class also includes many duplications, the same soldier having been slightly wounded two or more times.

The official statistics today shows that of the total major casualties reported by General Pershing on November 27th, 56,925 have been reported to the next of kin, with 5,699 still to be reported. Of the 14,776 missing and prisoners of war sent in by General Pershing 14,049 have been cleared up finally.

"Ten thousand men seriously wounded and reported by cable," says the statement, "are being held up because of the delay in reporting."

Condensed Telegrams

Turkey's fleet was turned over to the Allies.

Inspiration Copper produced 7,500,000 pounds of copper in November. Peru is reported seeking a loan of \$33,000,000 from American bankers. An additional credit of \$24,764,036 was extended to Greece by the Treasury.

Shipping board fixed the price for 3,500-ton wooden ships at \$700,000 apiece.

Abandoned canal lands in Shenandoah, N. Y., were sold by the State for \$386,000.

There were only 549 failures in November compared with 676 in November, 1917.

Robert S. Lovett resigned from Railroad Administration. He will return to the Union Pacific Railroad.

A bill was introduced in the House providing for the payment of one month's pay to returning soldiers.

A contract for 500 standard locomotives was awarded to the American Locomotive Co. by the government.

Secretary Daniels announced he is in favor of government ownership of all railroads owned by private interests.

Minneapolis flour output for last week amounted to 499,225 barrels, as compared with 500,000 barrels in the week ending Nov. 26.

Savings approached \$12,000,000,000 are expected to be made from the \$24,241,000,000 War Department appropriations.

In a robbery on the Leavenworth State Bank \$100,000 worth of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps were stolen.

Secretary Daniels announced that about 100,000 men, 20 per cent. of the personnel of the navy, will be discharged.

Lieut. Edward Berry Wall, of Orange, N. J., was killed when an airplane in which he was flying at Weather field, Sacramento, fell.

In forms promulgated issued by Governor Whitman of New York, he asked all the people to observe today as Britain's Day.

Charles Moran, of the New York Kane, was suspended from the Stock Exchange for five years.

The State Department was notified that King George VI had conferred the Military Cross of Michael the Brave on General Pershing.

The Chilean consul at Callao, Peru, reports a hostile demonstration at Lima.

A new director-general of railroads to succeed William G. McAdoo may not be named for some time.

Major General Clarence R. Edwards has consented to speak at Hartford. The date is left open.

A state convention of the Sons of Irish Freedom has been called for Dec. 15 in New Haven.

Three hundred thousand cases of influenza and pneumonia were reported in Massachusetts during the recent epidemic.

Thirty-five officers and 455 men of the Seventy-fifth division, homebound from France on the steamer Canopic, are expected to arrive at Camp Devens Saturday or Sunday.

Mount Holyoke college girls are to furnish entertainment once a week for the soldiers at Camp Devens.

Louis Superior, of New York, a railroad porter, was fined \$50 in federal court at Rutland, Vt., for smuggling drugs into this country from Canada.

Went Down in the Baltic Sea Wednesday Night—Eleven Men Are Reported Missing.

London, Dec. 6.—Eleven men are missing as a result of the British warship Cassandria being lost just before midnight Wednesday and sank at 1 a. m. Thursday. Eleven men are missing. Presumably they were killed by the explosion. Tornado boat destroyers rescued the remainder of the crew. The admiralty statement says:

The British warship Cassandria, struck by a mine in the Baltic Sea Wednesday night, according to an official communication issued by the admiralty tonight. Tornado boat destroyers rescued the remainder of the crew. The admiralty statement says:

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LIPSNER RESIGNS FROM AERIAL MAIL SERVICE

New York, Dec. 6.—Captain E. B. Lipsner announced here tonight that he had tendered to Postmaster General Burleson his resignation as superintendent of the aerial mail service. The reasons given were that he had been informed that his resignation was in charge of important branches of the service and special airplanes connected with the war effort.

The resignation of Max Miller, first pilot of the service, was announced at the same time for the same reasons.

Appointment of a Commission Decided Upon at Final Session of the Reconstruction Congress of the Industrial War Service Committee—To Give Aid to Delegates in Considering Economic Problems—Adopt Resolutions Urging Speedy Return of All Railroads to Private Ownership and Opposed to Government Operation of Telegraph, Telephone and Cables.

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 6.—Appointment of a European commission representative of American business to go to France and be available for the peace delegates from the United States in considering economic problems that might enter into the peace negotiations was decided upon today at the final session of the reconstruction congress of the Industrial War Service Committee. Other resolutions approved or rejected by the committee's particular plan of machinery for carrying out the principle.

Regarding the cancellation of war contracts, the congress decided that it is in the public interest that all war orders placed by the government, whether regularly executed or not, should be promptly cancelled and adjusted and equitably adjusted and satisfied as if every formality had been observed.

What is regarded as an important step in the work of stabilizing business during the readjustment period was the creation of a war service executive committee to coordinate the business and industrial interests of the country in close touch with the government. One of the duties of the committee will be to coordinate the war service committee with the executive committee of the business and industrial interests of the country in close touch with the government.

The proposed commission while abroad will also study the reconstruction needs of Europe. Mr. Wheeler, it is said, may be one of the commission. The size of the body has not been decided upon but will probably number fifteen to twenty-five. It is planned to study the economic conditions from each of the important industrial groups of the country. The difficulty, it was said, will be to find the right men to study the conditions and make the sacrifice of staying away from their home interests long enough to accomplish the work planned for the commission.

Only one voice, that of a delegate from Lynn, Mass., was raised against the passage of the resolution for the prompt return of all railroads to private ownership, and he only asked delay until more light could be had on the situation. The railroad resolution also urged congress to consider the elimination of "wasteful" competition, the pooling of equipment, combinations or consolidations through ownership of the railroads, operation of terminals, and such other practices as will tend to economize without destroying competition in service.

The resolution favoring modifications in the anti-trust laws declared that the war has demonstrated that through industrial co-operation great economies may be achieved, waste eliminated and efficiency increased. "It is in the public interest," the resolution declared, "that the return of railroads should be entered into, but the failure of the government to either clearly define the dividing line between these agreements which have, and

REVENUE BILL IN SENATE NEXT WEEK

Washington, Dec. 6.—In reporting the revenue bill to the senate today Chairman Simmons of the finance committee arranged for beginning of debate next Tuesday. The bill is expected to pass by the end of the week.

"Hill of committee reports on the bill was deferred until next week," said Simmons. "The committee report on Pennsylvania will be a minority report, attacking the plan, which is being reported by the majority. The report on the bill will be a majority report, attacking the plan, which is being reported by the majority. The report on the bill will be a majority report, attacking the plan, which is being reported by the majority."

VALUABLE BECAUSE IT GETS RESULTS

Advertising invariably plays an important part in all large undertakings. One observer predicts that newspaper advertising will play an even greater part in reconstruction than it did in the war, great as the advertising of the Liberty Loan and the Liberty Bonds was. The work drives to realize what a part advertising has played in the winning of the war.

That is the service which The Bulletin furnishes in Norwich and vicinity and a service which no other advertising medium in this territory provides.

During the past week The Bulletin has carried the following reading matter in its columns, all for 12 cents a week:

Bulletin	Telegraph	Local	General	Total
Saturday, November 30.....	79	150	312	541
Monday, December 2.....	103	139	312	554
Tuesday, December 3.....	64	106	235	405
Wednesday, December 4.....	91	142	430	663
Thursday, December 5.....	91	108	313	512
Friday, December 6.....	106	112	320	537
Totals	533	757	1922	3212

cause of discrepancies in initials or names of soldiers, including many slight casualties, are still to be drawn from the hospital records which have been forwarded by courier from France.

The statement attributes the great delay in reporting casualties and the large number of soldiers who have been found to the fact that "our growing army was operating on many fronts under many commands and in the latter fighting conditions the enemy for a quick decision every other consideration being subordinated."

AMERICAN TROOPS RENEW MARCH TO THE RHINE

Paris, Dec. 6.—(By the A. P.)—The American army has renewed its march to the Rhine today. General Dickman's army reports that the advance guard has reached the Rhine at the village of Maastricht. The army is moving eastward. Scores of additional villages and small towns were brought under the domination of the American army. At the soldiers' home the king was received by Belgian officials, Belgian boys and French soldiers, and several hundred citizens.

Queen Elizabeth, accompanied by Mrs. Poincaré, visited the Belgian front lines today. She was greeted enthusiastically by the soldiers and the people with whom she shook hands.

Later the king and queen were the guests at a luncheon at the fort of the city, where a reception was held in their honor. The president of the municipal council, in welcoming the Belgian monarch, told of the love Paris had for them. The king thanked the president and expressed the wish of all Belgians for the permanent greatness and prosperity of Paris.

SENATE CONFIRMS THE NOMINATION OF GLASS

Washington, Dec. 6.—The nomination of Representative Carter Glass as secretary of the treasury to succeed William G. McAdoo was confirmed tonight by the senate without objection.

Mr. Glass immediately will resign from congress, in which he has served sixteen years, and accept his new duties on December 16. Mr. McAdoo will continue as director general of railroads until his successor takes his position, which has been appointed.

Representative Glass said today that he had every reason to believe that the future policies of the treasury would not be different from those now being pursued except as varying circumstances may suggest.

"There is no further statement that I could make at this time which would either interest or enlighten the public," said Mr. Glass. "I would readily wish the country to be approximately as well as in administering the affairs of the treasury as has the distinguished man whose retirement so distresses the country. It is my judgment that his retirement is a national misfortune."

APPEAL AGAINST NATION WIDE 'MOONEY' STRIKE

Washington, Dec. 6.—An appeal to the workers of the country not to engage in a nation-wide strike as a protest against the conviction of a man convicted of murder in connection with the preparation of a bomb explosion in San Francisco, was issued today by the National Labor Union.

In a telegram to Otto A. Harwitz, president of the Oregon State Federation of Labor, the secretary said that the union is not interested in the case of Mooney. He is a man who has been convicted of a crime which is not in the interest of the labor movement. He is a man who has been convicted of a crime which is not in the interest of the labor movement. He is a man who has been convicted of a crime which is not in the interest of the labor movement.

DISCUSSION IN SENATE ON LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Washington, Dec. 6.—There was general discussion in the senate today on the proposed league of nations treaty. The discussion was led by Senator Lewis of Illinois, who is a strong supporter of the league. He was opposed by Senator Borah of Idaho, who is a strong opponent of the league. The discussion was also led by Senator Clegg of Missouri, who is a moderate supporter of the league.

AMERICANS AND RUSSIANS TAKE BOLSHEVİK POSITIONS

Archangel, Monday, Dec. 2. (By the A. P.)—A detailed report of the capture by American and Russian forces of the Bolshevik positions on the Pines river, on Nov. 29, says:

Our troops, with only machine guns and rifles, defeated the Bolsheviks, who were retreating without any or with very few minor casualties. Before retreating, the Bolsheviks are reported to have killed three of our men.

An international battalion, composed mostly of Magyars, has recently been sent to the front. It is reported that the Bolsheviks are retreating in the direction of the Pines river.

HOSPITALS FOR SICK AND DISABLED SOLDIERS

Washington, Dec. 6.—Hospitals costing \$28,000,000 and providing 2,000 beds are estimated as necessary to care for discharged sick and disabled soldiers.

Assistant General Stimson, of the public health service, asked the house building committee today with the approval of Secretary McAdoo for an appropriation of \$10,000,000 to provide for the care of 5,000 beds.

New hospitals are planned at Norfolk and Seattle, he said, and at sites yet to be selected in the Massachusetts, North Carolina and Virginia. Additions also are planned to the marine hospitals at Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Evansville, Louisville, New Orleans, Norfolk, St. Louis and Wilmington, N. C., and at the Fort Stanton, N. M., sanitarium.

Hospitals now under the control of the army are expected to be turned over to the public health service after demobilization. Dr. Stimson said, however, that the contract for the hospitals are best only for temporary purposes.

NEW YORK CURFEW ORDINANCE VETOED

New York, Dec. 6.—The curfew ordinance recently passed by the board of aldermen was vetoed by Mayor Hylan today as unconstitutional. The ordinance provided that children under 15 years old should not be allowed in any public place or on any street after 9 o'clock in the evening unless accompanied by an adult. The mayor held that children might be on the streets alone for hours stipulated upon many legitimate errands.

PROVIDENCE PHYSICIAN SENTENCED FOR SEDITIOUS STATEMENTS

Providence, R. I., Dec. 6.—Dr. Frederick O. Balcom, for ten years physician in this city, was sentenced today to one year in the Providence jail for making seditious statements by Judge A. L. Brown, in the United States district court. Dr. Balcom was charged with making seditious statements by Judge A. L. Brown, in the United States district court. Dr. Balcom was charged with making seditious statements by Judge A. L. Brown, in the United States district court.

RECORDS OF GERMAN PROPAGANDA SUBMITTED

Washington, Dec. 6.—Confidential records of the department of justice dealing with the activities of German agents and others in the United States were placed today before the senate committee investigating brewers and German agents in the United States.

The resolution of Senator Clegg of Missouri, proposing appointment of a senate committee to investigate the activities of German agents and others in the United States, was not brought up today because of the absence of his author, Senator Clegg.

The committee announced that part of the \$50,000,000 centenary fund recently raised by the church will be spent for the relief of Finland.

THOUSANDS OF FINNS IN DANGER OF STARVATION

New York, Dec. 6.—Thousands of Finns are in danger of death by starvation and the Finnish government has appealed to the board of bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church in America for help.

The appeal was delivered through the Rev. Karl Huitte, Methodist pastor at Helsinki, the committee said. In presenting the plea Mr. Huitte added:

"A year ago Finland bought wheat from America, but has not yet received it."

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ROLE OF CONCIILIATOR

London, Dec. 6.—Premier Lloyd George has taken up his role of conciliator. He returned to London today from his mission to the east coast of the railroad situation. The premier conferred with Sir Albert H. Stanley, president of the board of trade, after which Sir Albee received representatives of the railway men and explained the premier's attitude.

The result of the premier's mediation seems developed when word was sent from the conference that a beginning had been made by granting the locomotive men an eight hour day. The settlement includes Ireland and comes operative Feb. 1. Other conditions remain unchanged while committees of both sides review wages and other questions.

STORY OF THE SALVAGE OF A BRITISH SUBMARINE

London, Nov. 29. (Correspondence of the A. P.)—An extraordinary story of the rescue of a British submarine which went down in Gerloch lock, near the Clyde, has now been published. The submarine had 73 persons on board, including many contractors and men from the yard where she had been built. The order was given to submerge, and she had descended just beneath the surface when water began to pour into her aft and she descended steep down to a depth of 15 fathoms. The captain showed that the ventilating shaft had been closed and that 31 persons in the rear of the vessel were immediately drowned. The fore part was saved and the 42 persons there were rescued.

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AMONG FIGHTING FORCES

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 6.—Plans for continuing the Central New Jersey Young Men's Christian association among the American fighting forces after their return from the battlefields of France were discussed today in conference by today of representatives of the international committee of the Y. M. C. A. state committees and local associations.

It was decided that vital changes in the Y. M. C. A. "home base" operations were necessary if the work here in the future was to keep pace with the magnificent results attained overseas. Committees were appointed to formulate a home base extension program and the work of one thousand men represented a reduction of 25 per cent. There was a slight increase in pneumonia admissions.

FIVE AEROPLANES MAKING TRANSCONTINENTAL FLIGHT

Washington, Dec. 6.—Authority was granted by the war department to Major Albert D. Smith, commander of the squadron of five army airplanes which left San Diego, Calif., Wednesday for 39 Pass, Texas, to continue the trip to the Atlantic seaboard. If possible, the trans-continent flight is made, it will be the first by a military aircraft formation.

MORE COAL FOR CLAY AND CEMENT MANUFACTURERS

Philadelphia, Dec. 6.—An increased supply of anthracite coal for clay products and cement manufacturers was ordered today by the anthracite committee of the United States fuel administration. The increases range from 10 per cent. of the average normal consumption for manufacturers of building or paving brick, enameled sanitary ware and tiles, to 1-2 per cent. for manufacturers of stone ware. Cement makers are given 57 1-2 per cent. of their average consumption for the two years ending Dec. 31, 1917.

GREAT BRITAIN TO DEMAND £8,000,000,000 OF GERMANY

London, Dec. 7.—Great Britain will demand of Germany 8,000,000,000 pounds sterling for Great Britain and her dominions as reparation for the war, according to the Daily Mail. The newspaper says it understands that David Lloyd George, the premier, will make this announcement in a speech in Leeds today.

The war cost Great Britain and her dominions and British taxpayers well over £1,000,000,000, and the German payment of £8,000,000,000 will be a deterrent to the war cost.

TO CONTINUE Y. M. C. A. WORK AMONG FIGHTING FORCES

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TRADING RESUMED IN FUTURES OF CEREALS

Washington, Dec. 6.—All time limitations on trading in future deliveries of corn, oats, rye and barley were removed today by the food administration. Present conditions, the announcement says, do not warrant abrogation or modification of present limits on speculative activity.

AMERICANS ENTER THE PORT OF MAINZ

Amsterdam, Dec. 6. (By the A. P.)—American troops on Wednesday entered Mainz, capital of the province of Rhenish Hesse, and one of the principal fortresses of Germany, on the left bank of the River Rhine, according to the semi-official Wolff News bureau of Berlin.

SPANISH INFLUENZA IN THE SOCIETY ISLANDS

Washington, Dec. 6.—Consular advice to the state department today from Papeete, capital of Tahiti, in the Society Islands, said Spanish influenza had created a grave situation there and that the authorities had sent out an appeal for assistance.

There are only two physicians at Papeete and the drug supply is reported exhausted. No indication of the extent of the epidemic was given.

22 HARVARD MEN WERE KILLED IN THE WAR

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 6.—Two hundred and twenty-two Harvard men have been killed in the war, according to reports received by the Harvard war records office. Of the number, 201 were in the army and navy and 21 in auxiliary branches of the service overseas. Approximately 8,500 Harvard men participated actively in the war.

BELGIAN CAVALRY HAS ENTERED DUSSELDORF

Amsterdam, Dec. 6.—Two Belgian cavalry detachments, three hundred men strong, today entered Dusseldorf, on the left bank of the Rhine, twenty miles northwest of Wesel, being received at Dusseldorf by infantry.

PEACE AND PEACE POINTS

Authorities disagree whether business will boom after the war, but haven't been making much sense than war materials for the past year and a half, so it is apparent, will have to do the work.—Portland Press.

LA FOLLETTE MOVES FOR FREEDOM OF DISCUSSION

Washington, Dec. 6.—Senator La Follette of Wisconsin introduced a bill today providing for freedom of discussion in the executive branch of the government. The bill "shall be construed to prohibit the discussion of the policy of the United States government, including repeal of any law or passage of any proposed law or a declaration of war or proposed declaration of war or terms of peace or any other matter of public interest or concern." It was referred to the judiciary committee.

10,000 MEN HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED FROM DEVENS

Aver, Mass., Dec. 6.—Demobilization of the depot brigade of the Twelfth Division, with the exception of three regiments, was completed today at Camp Devens as a permanent organization was completed today. Since the work started about 19,000 men have been discharged. The first officers to be released were discharged today. There were 38 of them, including 27 in the medical corps.

THE HOHENZOLLERNS NO LONGER ILLUMINE FROM LAW

Berlin, Dec. 6.—The Prussian government has formally withdrawn the privilege heretofore held by the members of the Hohenzollern family of immunity from law.