

FIRST PASSENGER STEAMER FROM GERMAN PORTS SINCE 1914

American Liner Manchuria, From Hamburg, Has Docked at New York—Brought 39 Passengers, All From Southampton, Eng.—Could Have Filled the Ship at Hamburg With Passengers Had Passport Regulations and Other Restrictions Permitted—Germans Voiced Regret That They Could Not Come to This Country.

New York, Feb. 2.—The first passenger ship to sail from a German port to the United States since July, 1914, and the first American passenger ship in many years to undertake a similar voyage, reached here today when the American Line steamer Manchuria docked. The Manchuria sailed from Hamburg, January 23, calling at Southampton. She brought 39 passengers, all from the English port.

OUTLINE OF GOVERNMENT'S CASE AGAINST NEWBERRY

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 2.—An outline of what the government expects to prove against Truman H. Newberry, United States senator, and his 113 associates, charged with conspiracy in connection with the 1918 senatorial campaign, was started in federal district court here today by Frank D. Bailey, special assistant attorney general.

TI SEIZE \$4,800,000 CARGO OF WHISKEY

New York, Feb. 2.—The \$4,800,000 cargo of whiskey aboard the Black Star liner Yarmouth, now in New York harbor, is being seized today, according to an announcement tonight by James Sheelin, prohibition enforcement officer for New York.

GEN. CALLE'S RESIGNATION FROM CARRANZA CABINET

Mexico City, Feb. 2.—General Plutarco Calles, secretary of industry, commerce and labor, tendered his resignation to President Carranza today. The president has not signified whether he will accept it.

Chairman Important Republican Committee

Washington, Feb. 2.—A delegation of citizens from Hawaii, appearing today before the house immigration committee, requested a modification of the immigration law so as to permit the bringing of forty thousand Chinese coolies into the territory for work on sugar and rice plantations.

900 INFLUENZA CASES REPORTED YESTERDAY

Hartford, Feb. 2.—An increase of 900 influenza cases was reported to the state department of health today. Waterbury led with 94 and Bridgeport with 84. Other cities and towns reporting were: New Britain 82, Meriden 77, Hartford 78, Thomaston 50, Danbury 24, Manchester 24, Orange 21, Seymour 23, New Haven 24, Ansonia 21, Putnam 29, New London 17, scattering 137.

DEALERS WARNED AGAINST PROFITEERING IN LEMONS

New York, Feb. 2.—Warning against profiteering in lemons because of the increased demand for them during the influenza epidemic was issued by Food Administrator Williams here today. "Many persons are taking hot drinks made with lemons now," he said. "It is not wise to buy lemons at dealers who are profiteering in lemons because of this epidemic demand will mean prosecution by the federal government. Some dealers have jumped their prices 50 per cent."

Cabled Paragraphs

Strike of Physicians Averted.

Vienna, Feb. 2.—A strike of the staffs in the various hospitals in Vienna today was averted by the threat of a promise to furnish the personnel with meals. Physicians employed by the health insurance companies struck today for higher fees, their action being part of the general agitation for higher compensation by members of the medical profession.

Treaty Back in the Senate Next Monday

Republican Leaders Have Joined Forces With Democrats in Setting That Date.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Republican leaders of the senate joined forces with the democrats today to bring the peace treaty back into the open senate at the beginning of next week. Considering the demerits of the treaty would be resumed then by unanimous consent.

San Blas Tribe Killed 17 Persons and Wounded Many Others 80 Miles East of Colon

Panama, Feb. 2.—San Blas Indians, in a sudden attack on Panama police, killed 17 persons and wounded many others, according to reports received here. Whites were involved in the fight. The Panama government is fitting out an expedition to sail from Colon to San Blas to force the Indians, it is stated, came from Colombia to participate in the attack.

Coal Operators Present Statistics to Commission

Washington, Feb. 2.—Submitting statistics on the net earnings of 1919 to the Bituminous Coal Commission, operators producing more than thirty per cent of the total output in the central competitive field, operators told the committee today that if the present fourteen per cent wage increase were applied throughout the year 1920, these companies on a basis of their 1919 production would realize less than one per cent net return on the capital investment.

CLAM AGENT PENN. LINES SHOT TO DEATH IN FIGHT

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Bernard Donovan, 32 years old, was being held by the police tonight in connection with the shooting to death today of Henry T. Swegman, chief claim agent of the Pennsylvania Lines and the wounding of Harry J. Clausen, a clerk, during a struggle in Swegman's office in a downtown office building.

17-YEAR-OLD GIRL KILLED IN HER HOME IN NEW YORK

New York, Feb. 2.—Miss Reimlich, 17 years old, was murdered in her home near Central Park West today by an unknown man who is believed to have called in answer to an advertisement for a girl to be kept for rent. The man, who was about 40 years old, was admitted by the janitress of the building in the early afternoon and was killed when the girl while being shown the rooms.

THIEVES TAKE 64 BARRELS OF WHISKEY FROM WAREHOUSE

Baltimore, Feb. 2.—Sixty-four barrels of whiskey, 3,000 gallons, were taken by thieves from the Menckel-Arey warehouse on the eastern limits of the city this morning. The barrels were rolled out and loaded on trucks.

HITCH IN TRIALS OF I. W. W. AT TOMBSTONE

Tombstone, Ariz., Feb. 2.—Announcement by the prosecution that dismissal of charges against three defendants in the trial of 218 men charged with kidnapping in connection with the deportation of 1,155 striking copper miners from the state of Arizona today, held their first hearing today. M. Breton, minister of hygiene and welfare, in an address to the council, declared that the decrease in the birth rate of France was one of the causes of the attack by the Germans and it contributed to the length of the war.

MEASURES TO INCREASE CHILD BIRTH IN FRANCE

Paris, Feb. 2.—The "Supreme Council of National Security" created under a decree of President Poincaré, today measures to increase child birth, decrease mortality and aid large families, held its first meeting today. M. Breton, minister of hygiene and welfare, in an address to the council, declared that the decrease in the birth rate of France was one of the causes of the attack by the Germans and it contributed to the length of the war.

CLAIMS MAN HE KILLED REACHED FOR HIP POCKET

New York, Feb. 2.—An unidentified man of about 40 years of age was shot and killed tonight at the Harlem station of the New York Central Railroad by Earl Moore, a railroad admittance ticket checker. Moore, who is being held by the police on a charge of homicide, declared that he opened fire on the man when the latter reached for his hip pocket after being placed under arrest for trying to board a train for Albany on a bogus secret service shield.

NEW JERSEY SENATE RATIFIES SUFFRAGE

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 2.—After a brief debate the New Jersey state senate tonight voted 18 to 2 to ratify the suffrage amendment. The house, however, decided to postpone action on the matter until next Monday.

Condensed Telegrams

Polish army losses of 1900 and 1901 were called to the colors.

Leaf tobacco held by manufacturers Jan. 1 totals 1,218,131,291 pounds.

Manufactured exports of the United States in December totaled \$81,412,271.

Bar silver was quoted at \$133 an ounce in New York, compared with \$124 in London.

Gold coin amounting to \$100,000 was contracted for shipment to China at the New York sub-treasury.

Walter Phillips, inventor of the Phillips code used by all press telegraphers, is dead at Vineyard Haven, Mass.

It is reported one of Kolschak's generals has challenged General Junin, who surrendered the admiral to the bolsheviks.

Rumors circulated in Germany that the nation is planning to stop payment of interest on national and war loans were denied.

Premier Nitti of Italy will return to Paris this week to learn Premier Millerand's attitude toward Italian aspirations in the Adriatic.

Yale undergraduates are to have the privilege of attending lectures on politics, to be given weekly under the auspices of the Yale Daily News.

Seven persons are known to have been killed when fire fanned by a high wind destroyed 11 temporary residences at Clairton, Pa.

Despatches from the state of Minas Gerais, Brazil, report that an earthquake shook down a number of houses in the country districts.

Socialists of Oklahoma, in convention at Oklahoma City, endorsed Eugene V. Debs, now serving a 20 year sentence at Atlanta, for presidency.

Chairman Page of the senate naval committee has appointed Senator Poindester a member of the sub-committee investigating naval awards in place of Senator Newberry.

A brewing apparatus and a quantity of beer were seized by officers in a raid on Daniel Webster's birthplace in Franklin N. H., owned by the state of New Hampshire.

Albert Bushnell Hart, professor of the science of government at Harvard university, has been appointed Harvard exchange professor at the Sorbonne universities, France.

Lieut. J. H. Knight, pilot of the aerial mailplane between Cleveland and Chicago, established a record in making 335 miles at an average speed of 135 miles an hour.

Japanese government denied any part in labor troubles in Hawaii, Japan and Filipino labor leaders predict a general walkout of workers on sugar plantations.

All the Sinn Fein officials found at their homes in Dublin, Limerick, Thurles and elsewhere were arrested and sent to Dublin Bay to await shipment to England.

One thousand Croatians who left their jobs in the steel mills of Pittsburgh and Gary to fight for their native country, are stranded at Gosport, Croatia, with no means of returning to their country.

Word was received at the navy department that a project of the Japanese and Philippine labor leaders to establish a general walkout of workers on sugar plantations.

Reports from Bucharest state that the bolsheviks are waiting at the frontier to offer peace terms to Rumania. Soviet troops are reported ready to advance if peace is refused.

A mysterious fire which started amidships burned the interior of the United States shipping board's freight steamer Kaeskaiki. The blaze started while the ship was in her berth at Hoboken.

Following completion of his testimony before the sub-committee of the senate foreign relations committee, Ludwig von Martens was arrested and examined by immigration authorities at Baltimore.

Six men were rescued from the James river, near Newport News, by the schooner Navahoe, after clinging to a barrel and drifting for six hours with the temperature 10 degrees below zero.

A group of French parliamentarians, industrialists and financiers are forming a committee to urge the French government one of the chateaus of the former German emperor in Lorraine, to be presented to former Premier Clemenceau.

C. A. ANGLE TRACED AS FAR AS WATERBURY

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 2.—Chas. C. Angle, who shot and seriously wounded two New Haven police detectives yesterday and escaped, has been traced as far as Waterbury, C. E. Jones of this city informed the police late today that he carried Angle in his automobile to Waterbury. Jones identified the fugitive from pictures in local newspapers and again from original photographs at police headquarters.

Angle was not wounded as he fled, the police announced tonight after examination of the scene of the shooting. The officers sought to arrest Angle for the police of Chicago, where he was charged with stealing an automobile and jumped a bond of \$2,500. His wife, Mianie Reed Angle, 18, is held by the police here on a material witness. The wounded men, Detective Sergeant J. J. Haly and Detective J. P. Currier, will recover.

WOMAN'S LAND ARMY FOR AGRICULTURAL WORK OF SIBERIAN SITUATION

New York, Feb. 2.—The Women's Land Army of America, incorporated during the war to promote women's organizations in the various states for agricultural work, was granted permission in the senate today to petition for dissolution of the organization here today to dissolve as its work had been accomplished. The petition for dissolution acts forth that since the close of the war it is necessary for women laborers on farms has to a large extent ceased.

RESTORE THE NORMAL RATE OF EXCHANGE

Senator Medill McCormick Advises England, France and Italy to Lay Heavier Taxes or Drastically Curtail Their Expenditures—Asserts That Foreign Currencies Will Continue to Fall in New York Markets Until the Foreign Countries Can Present a Balanced Budget of Revenue and Expenditure.

New York, Feb. 2.—England, France and Italy were advised to lay heavier burdens upon their taxpayers or drastically curtail their expenditures by Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois in discussing the abnormal exchange situation in an address before the Young Republican club here tonight. "Until the relation between imports and exports is restored to normal, he explained, there can be no resumption of the normal rate of exchange. The value of foreign currencies will continue to fall in New York markets, he said, until the foreign countries present a balanced budget of revenue and expenditures."

In pleading for the adoption of a national budget plan in all countries, he said, the reforms in public administration were being urged not only by publicists and cranks but also by the people from whom the income and excise taxes which are to pay the billions of war debt.

The scheme of reorganization proposed, he asserted, "vary from the establishment of Soviets to the enactment of repressive legislation once failure in central Europe. It is, though our forces, returning from the defeat of the armed enemies of democracy, had been pursued by the more dangerous—strange, concepts of repression as necessary to order or of revolution as precedent to liberty."

"Neither the shouting nor the deprecations of the profiteers can harry us from our resolve to achieve special progress through law and the incentive in our effort to control expenditure, to eliminate waste and to energize public administration."

Another slump in the foreign exchange market. New York, Feb. 2.—New low records for British, French, Belgian, Italian and Dan exchange are established in the local market today on a resumption of recent pressure to sell. The pound sterling at \$148 1/4 was 7-8 cents under its previous minimum, or a discount of about 22 per cent, from the normal of \$438 1/4.

Paris checks at 112 1/2 francs to the dollar represented a discount of about 62 per cent, and Belgian and Italian remittances, normally the same as the French quotation, were depreciated by about 85 and 72 per cent, respectively.

Exchange on Montreal depreciated its recent premium of 12 1/2 cents at this center, dealers reporting heavy offerings of grain bills. In the more remote markets slight improvement was shown by rates to Japan and the East Indies.

The exchange situation was the engrossing topic of discussion among bankers, overshadowing all other matters in the financial markets of the world. Pessimistic statements of Frank A. Vanderlip and other prominent financiers, emphasizing unfavorable economic and political conditions abroad, were sentimental factors in the further collapse.

An interesting sidelight on some of the Old World's important industries was furnished by advices from Switzerland which declared that government intervention might be urged to save that country's watch and clock making interests from the serious exchange situation.

AGREEMENT REACHED ON OIL LAND LEASING BILL

Washington, Feb. 2.—Three months of blocking and unblocking, unblocking and blocking, of the oil land leasing bill were ended late today through agreement by house and senate conferees on the legislation.

The agreement of the conferees is expected to be approved by both the house and senate, thereby completing legislation which has been pending for the last two years and which would open up for development approximately 78,000,000 acres of public domain in western states. Last session, a similar bill was passed but the senate's failure to adopt the conference report in the jam of legislation at the close of the session, prevented final enactment.

As now proposed, the bill affects oil, coal, gas, phosphate, sodium and nitrate lands and also grants a 10 per cent royalty on production of oil, gas and coal. The measure also provides for a minimum royalty of five cents per acre on oil, gas and coal.

As agreed on by the conferees, the bill specifies only a minimum royalty, the senate provisions providing maximum royalties having been eliminated. The compromised measure also provides that the total amount of the royalties to be paid shall be determined by competitive bidding on a leasehold to be prescribed by the secretary of the interior. For oil lands a maximum of 3,200 acres may be acquired on a leasehold of 10 per cent. The maximum for coal lands is 2,500 acres with a minimum royalty of five cents per acre.

As reported by the conferees, provisions over which a deadlock developed and which is designed to permit an adjustment of differences over claims for the same land, the French and the naval reserves in California and Wyoming were in part retained.

FOR FAIR RETURN UPON VALUATION OF RAILROADS

Boston, Feb. 2.—The principle that railroad rates should be based on return upon their valuation and that rates should be stabilized, in order that railroad credit may be restored and justice be assured to the public, was maintained by Charles A. Prouty, director of valuation of the interstate commerce commission, in an address before the Associated Industries of Massachusetts here tonight. Some increase in rates, he said, must be made. Mr. Prouty strongly commended the anti-strike provision of the Cummins railroad bill.

In a review of the New England railroad situation, he said that New England was a transportation and industrial unit, that railroad rates in all portions of this territory should be the same and that "each part should contribute to the other."

"So long as the railroads of New England are independent, he said, it is impossible to accomplish the Rates which are ample for the New Haven would not pay the cost of operation on the "Chicago Central. It is, however, those roads were merged in to a single unit, the same rate might be applied, nor would the section of heavy traffic feel appreciably the added burden."

Secretary of War

Washington, Feb. 2.—Secretary of War Woodrow Wilson today introduced today by Representative Mason, republican, Illinois, to transmit to congress a comprehensive report covering all phases of the Siberian situation, with respect to American military occupancy, and a petition for dissolution of the organization here today to dissolve as its work had been accomplished.

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