

CHARGES SPOT BROKERS IN PROFITS OF PAPER

Statement Made by George McAneny, Executive Manager of the New York Times, Before the Senate Investigating Committee—Says "Corner" Results Naturally From Present Shortage—Blames Brokers and Small Manufacturers for the High Prices—Market Price Now Twice or Three Times as Much as That for Paper Bought Under Contracts—Investigation is to Be Directed at Profiteering, Manufacturing Costs, Selling Prices, Paper Consumption and Advertising—Publishers From Various Cities Are to Appear as Witnesses.

Washington, April 28.—"Aburdly" high prices for newspaper paper bought on the spot market are due to a "corner" resulting naturally from the present shortage, George McAneny, executive manager of the New York Times, stated today before the senate committee investigating the paper situation. The market price is twice or three times as much as that for paper bought under contracts, he said.

PAID UP INSURANCE IN SOLDIER RELIEF PLAN

Washington, April 28.—Republican members of the house today and means committee virtually decided today to include in the soldier relief legislation a plan of paid-up insurance, its value to increase annually by compounded interest and on which loans could be obtained from any post office.

With this addition, ex-service men might elect any of the five following plans included in the relief program: A cash bonus of \$125 a day for each day of service; aid in buying farm land; to be retained in homes; aid in their education; or the insurance to be paid up in the form of a loan, the amount of financial aid to be determined by the amount of educational training.

The insurance plan as such was said by committee members to be the "most attractive" of any of the five plans.

The average period of service for World War veterans was estimated at 27 months, and it was pointed out that under the insurance plan the average veteran could receive a paid-up insurance policy of \$1,500, payable in cash at the end of twenty years, or immediately to his heirs in event of death.

The loan value of the insurance—deducted in the legislation—would accrue until the end of the third year the plan had been in force, and at that time an ex-service man, with a loan value of \$1,500, would be entitled to the cash value of \$511. This would be the cash value of his "certificate" at that time at 5 per cent interest compounded annually.

Similarly, the veteran of one hundred days would be entitled to paid-up, twenty year endowment insurance of \$464, with a cash-surrender value of \$127 in three years, the 200 day veteran to insurance of \$928 with a loan value of \$325; the 300 day veteran to insurance of \$1,392, with a loan value of \$441; and the veteran to insurance of \$2,321, with a loan value of \$819.

This plan, if adopted universally by World War veterans, would cost the government far more than the cash bonus of \$125 a day, committee said. Estimating that 1,500,000 ex-service persons would be affected by the bill, committee members declared that the ultimate cost of the insurance plan, if adopted by all, would be approximately \$1 billion dollars.

Albanians Favor Union of Koritza with Greece. Boston, April 28.—The Albanian Society of America with headquarters in this city, sent a telegram to President Wilson today urging him to take action upon the question of the Union of Koritza with Greece "only after verifying at first the wishes of the inhabitants of Koritza, which the Koritians in America assure you are decidedly in favor of the incorporation of their district with their mother country in Albania."

CABLED PARAGRAPHS

Woman to Preach in Geneva Pulpit.

Geneva, April 28.—Woman's first appearance in Geneva pulpit will occur on June 6, when Miss Maud Royden, a London pastor, will preach at the cathedral here. Authorization for Miss Royden to conduct services has just been given by the consistory of the national church.

ANTHRACITE MINERS REJECT PROPOSAL FOR ARBITRATION.

New York, April 28.—Representatives of the anthracite mine workers have notified the operators that their counteroffer of a wage increase approximating 25 per cent, rejected and declined to accept their proposal for arbitration, according to a statement issued here tonight by the sub-committee appointed to negotiate a wage agreement for the hard coal workers.

Price Fixing, Government Control of Distribution and Limitation on the Size of Publications by a Postal Ban were Opposed by the Metropolitan Publishers.

Arthur W. Dunn, representing the American Press Association, which serves a number of small dailies, however, declared the proposed restrictions on government control of distribution, but did not know whether legislation to that end would be constitutional.

Somebody is making a good bit of profit out of it," answered Mr. Dunn, adding, however, that he was unable to give any evidence of combinations or price-fixing agreements.

SENATE'S IRISH RESOLUTION BROUGHT UP IN COMMONS

London, April 28.—The United States Senate's Irish resolution was brought up in the house of commons today and drew several pointed questions. Ronald McKinnon, unionist for the Canterbury division of Kent, asked the government if it had any official information regarding a manifesto to be issued in London by an organization known as the Philadelphia Commission for Independence which claimed to have secured the support of the Philadelphia Commission for Independence in the senate expressing sympathy with the cause of Irish independence, and whether a mark of respect for the United States senate, the house of commons would be enabled to follow the pre-arranged plan by moving a demand for self-determination.

Andrew Bonar Law, replying for the government, said he had no information on the question, which did not seem to be one in which the British government was concerned.

GOVT ASKS REOPENING OF STEEL CASE.

Washington, April 28.—The supreme court was asked today by the government to reopen the anti-trust case against the United States Steel Corporation, which was dismissed on March 1 by a 4 to 3 decision.

The government's argument on the motion for a re-hearing was based largely on the four to three decision rendered by the court last Monday ordering the dissolution of the company and its subsidiaries, the first of the so-called anthracite coal cases to be decided.

GUARDS AND TRAIN CREW OF ERIE ROAD OVERPOWERED.

Hoboken, N. J., April 28.—Guards and members of the crew of an Erie railroad freight train were overpowered here today by a crowd of between 50 and 100 alleged strikers who climbed upon the train at a crossing. The locomotive was unoccupied and the engineer was forced until it entered the yard, where it was dropped off. Police in Jersey City and Newark were called and the crowd dispersed after tampering the air brakes so that the train could not be moved for two hours.

EXPLAINS FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

Boston, April 28.—William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, issued a statement here today in explanation of the company's annual financial statement which was made public yesterday and showed a net profit for 1919 of \$1,512,415, less reserves for taxes and contingencies. "There is absolutely no just ground for the suggestion that this company has charged excessive prices for its cloth or has gained an unreasonable or excessive profit," he said.

CUNARD LINE IS PREPARED FOR SLUMP IN FREIGHT RATES.

Liverpool, April 28.—Speaking today at the annual meeting of the Cunard Steamship Company, Sir Alfred A. Booth, chairman of the company, said it was quite prepared for a slump in freight rates and that the sooner the storm was over the better.

EMBARGO ON GRAIN SHIPMENTS TO NEW ENGLAND VIA CANADA.

Chicago, April 28.—The Grand Trunk Railroad today placed an embargo on grain shipments to New England via Canada. The embargo closes the last outlet from Chicago into that territory as other roads have previously embargoed grain because of the strike.

Charge that Strikers Violated Lever Act

Federal Grand Juries of New York and Newark Will Be Asked to Proceed Against the Railroad Strike Leaders.

New York, April 28.—Indictments charging violation of the Lever act will be sought by the federal grand jury leaders of the railroad strike in the New York district, according to an announcement issued tonight by Assistant United States Attorney General C. B. Ames at the close of an investigation he has been conducting into transportation strikes here.

Federal grand jury in New York and Newark will be asked to proceed against the strike leaders, Mr. Ames said. He asserted that department of justice agents have fully established the identity of these leaders.

Joseph L. Bodine, assistant United States attorney for New Jersey, who was present when Mr. Ames made his announcement, said the New Jersey federal grand jury is in session and ready to take immediate action.

Some of the railroad strikers were summoned by the government investigators, it was stated. Mr. Ames said he was convinced that neither the Brotherhood of Railroad Employees nor the American Federation of Labor had been involved in the strike.

"The outlay railroad strike situation seems to be improving steadily," Mr. Ames said, "and do not think requires attention further than possible punishment for the violation of law."

A statement covering the scope of the investigation was issued tonight by Mr. Ames. Concerning the longshoremen, he stated: "I believe that the strike of the longshoremen is a purely legal proceeding by the department of justice and that an adjustment is far better than any legal remedy that may be applied."

Mr. Ames investigated the strike of coastwise longshoremen and of harbor workers, and he said that certain commercial interests that there is a combination of truckmen and fish handlers to boycott fish caught and consigned by non-union fishermen.

He expressed the belief that such a combination could be broken up and can be accepted. Further action of the department of justice, he said, will depend upon the outcome of the negotiations.

DISCUSSION ON IRELAND IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, April 28.—T. P. O'Connor, Nationalist member of the Liverpool, motioned the adjournment of the house today to call attention to the treatment of the prisoners in Wormwood Scrubs and the threat of a strike at Liverpool.

Mr. O'Connor's motion was supported by the members of the National Union of Dock Laborers, said that the leaders of the dockers union discontemned a strike in support of the Sinn Fein.

Sir Donald MacLean, Liberal appeal to the government for some liberal holding of information regarding the continuance of coercion and repression in Ireland and made suggestions for the ameliorative treatment of prisoners, which Sir Donald MacLean, secretary, in a subsequent speech, defending the policy of the government, promised to bring before the government. He added that the government had no intention of continuing the present policy of the dockers. Every consideration was being shown the prisoners, but they must be prevented from returning to Ireland to continue their coercion.

FRENCH READY TO WITHDRAW WHEN GERMANS GET OUT.

Paris, April 28.—Premier Millerand, in making a declaration to the chamber of deputies today on the results of the supreme council meeting at San Remo, said that the French army in the Danubian territories would be evacuated by the French as soon as the allied commissions had established that the German armed forces in the number allowed by the convention of August, 1918, had been withdrawn.

The whole German forces in the Ruhr region, the premier declared, must be reduced to 10,000 men by June 10 next, and by July 10 all the German soldiers must be withdrawn and replaced by a police force of 10,000 men.

BRITISH PLAN BOND SALE TO REDUCE FLOATING DEBT.

London, April 28.—Austen Chamberlain, chancellor of the exchequer, announced today that the government had decided to offer for public subscription on Monday next new government bonds maturing in from five to fifteen years. The issue price will be at par. The bonds will carry 5 per cent interest. Mr. Chamberlain added, but additional interest up to 3 per cent might be payable during a period of five years, according to the discount rate of treasury bills.

Wood Has Margin on Johnson in N. Jersey

With 84 Districts Missing, Wood Has a Majority of 612 Over Johnson—Harding Leads Wood in Ohio by 14,313 Votes.

Newark, N. J., April 28.—Revised returns in all but 84 districts in New Jersey, tabulated at midnight, gave Major General Leonard Wood a majority of 612 votes over Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California in the presidential preference, identical figures with yesterday. Figures were as follows: Wood 50,720; Johnson 49,108. Seventy-four of the 84 missing districts are in counties which have given Wood a majority in the presidential preference. In rural and outlying sections of the state and their vote will not be available before tomorrow morning. Figures already hand indicate that Wood has carried fourteen counties and Johnson seven.

The republican "big four" will consist of United States Senator Hiram Wood, Edge and former Governor Edward C. Stokes and former Attorney General William N. Runyon, both pledged to Wood.

UNWILLING TO CONCEDE VICTORY IN NEW JERSEY.

New York, April 28.—A. C. Joy, assistant eastern campaign manager for Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California, announced tonight he was not willing to concede to Major General Leonard Wood victory in the New Jersey presidential preference. He added that, even if Wood carried the state, the margin undoubtedly would be so small as to amount virtually to a victory for Johnson.

"We entered New Jersey with no funds and virtually no organization to battle the vote of the strong political organization in the country," New Jersey republican state organization, he said. "Unless Wood wins by a very large majority, it will be a serious blow to his cause."

"We have won eight district delegates and possibly one delegate-at-large in the state. Under the circumstances and with only 84 districts missing, we can see no reason for conceding a Wood victory in New Jersey."

Charges that Senator Johnson had been "robbed" of the republican preference for president in at least three counties of New Jersey were made tonight by William P. Verdon, republican leader in Hudson County, who said that Johnson supporters in the state. Mr. Verdon made his allegations in a telegram sent to Senator Johnson in which he requested the senator to investigate Morris and Essex counties. He expressed the opinion that Johnson would win at least 11 of the 23 delegates.

SENATOR JOHNSON HAS NO CHARGES TO MAKE.

Richmond, Ind., April 28.—"I make no charges," but I have a very good record of the fraudulent Minnesota primary and I have wired my friends in New Jersey for detailed information," Senator Johnson here late tonight, in commenting on the New Jersey primaries. He had just received a telegram from William Boyd, Cleveland attorney, who had been robbed in three counties.

Senator Johnson's complete statement, which he wrote out, follows: "I have no charges to make in connection with the returns from New Jersey. They are being revised every few hours. Any man with experience in politics will understand this. I make no charges against anyone in connection with the fraudulent Minnesota primary and I have wired my friends in New Jersey for detailed information."

HARDING LEADS WOOD IN OHIO BY 14,313 VOTES.

Columbus, Ohio, April 28.—With only 135 precincts out of 5882 in the state missing, Senator Warren G. Harding tonight led Major General Leonard Wood by 14,313 votes for the republican presidential preference in yesterday's primary figures.

There were 10,000 votes for Harding, 122,486; Wood 108,174. Harry M. Daugherty, Harding campaign manager, who on the face of the returns appears to be defeated by Harding, said that the returns for Wood had not been counted in 1,757. A total of 54 precincts are yet to be heard from by the delegate race.

Daugherty (Harding) 95,720; Harding (Harding) 107,688; Willis (Harding) 108,247; Herrick (Harding) Turner (Wood) 96,709; Boyd (Wood) 97,517.

IDAHO DELEGATION IS FOR SENATOR HIRAM JOHNSON.

Coeur D'Alene, Idaho, April 28.—Senator William E. Borah, favoring United States Senator Hiram Johnson for the presidential nomination, will head the four delegates-at-large from Idaho to the national convention. It was voted at the public meeting in the party council, other three are State Chairman John Thomas of Mooming (non-committal); John P. Gray Coeur D'Alene (Wood) and Stanley A. Easton, Kellogg (Wood).

SENATOR KNOX PRESENTS A PEACE RESOLUTION.

Washington, April 28.—A substitute for the house resolution terminating the war with Germany was introduced today by Senator Knox, republican, Pennsylvania. It was discussed briefly, with democratic opposition indicated, and ordered for printing by the committee consideration next Friday.

GERMANY PERMITTED SECRET REMOVAL OF 256 GUNS.

Berlin, April 28.—In an article commenting on the withdrawal by the allied control commission of 256 guns from the independent socialist organ Die Freiheit, it was stated that the incident was discussed at a meeting of the staff, declared that this secret movement of guns, which were intended for Koenigsberg, was undertaken with the full knowledge and approval of the ministry of defense.

REMOVAL OF 256 GUNS.

"This statement," says the newspaper, "is very astonishing. Under the treaty of Versailles Germany was allowed only 186 guns, and incidents such as this are bound to inspire the entente with the deepest disgust."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

Hudson and Manhattan tubes to Newark resumed operations.

An agreement on the water power bill reached by the senate and house conference.

More than 50,000 soldiers in Mexico now are in revolt against the Carranza government.

Poland has resumed telegraph service, recently suspended, with other countries of the world.

Representative Howard announced he will introduce a bill in the house to prevent speculation in sugar.

According to a report received in London from Rome, a bolshevik rising has occurred in Jugoslavia.

Reinforcements of Japanese troops at Nikolawsk have been landed at Alexandrowak on the Gulf of Tartary.

Senator Underwood of Alabama, was elected democratic leader in the senate at a conference of senate democrats.

In the house of commons the question was discussed of sending a Canadian envoy to the United States.

All seed wheat in the province of Chubut, southern Argentina, has been purchased by a North American firm.

A general strike was called at Saragosa, Spain, following the arrest of 15 members of the local radical committee.

Reports received at Constantinople from Belgrade show that the railway strike in Serbia has become nationwide.

International bankers are in receipt of advices indicating an early termination of gold imports from London to this country.

As a result of the elections held throughout Denmark, the radical party lost 15 seats in the lower house of parliament.

More than 1,000 quarts of whiskey alleged to have been smuggled across the Canadian border, were seized at Van Buren, Me.

There were 800 casualties in the recent fighting in Guatemala City during the revolt which resulted in the overthrow of Cabrera.

The Public Service Railway Company of New Jersey announced a voluntary increase of ten per cent in wages for 6,500 men, effective May 1.

Governor-elect John M. Parker declared in an address at the Tulane Club, New Orleans that he had bought only one pair of shoes in three years.

Four advanced 50 cents to \$13.50 a barrel at Minneapolis in carload lots.

This is the biggest single rise this year and highest price ever received.

In a collision on the Oudh & Sikhim Railway near Morabad, east of Delhi, India, four coaches were burned, killing fifty persons and injuring fifty.

Application by Iceland for membership in the league of nations, will call attention to the little-known fact that Iceland is now a completely independent state.

Nomination of a commission to consider claims of the Roman Catholic church to holy places in Palestine, is a source of gratification to Vatican authorities.

The British steamer Westgate, abandoned by its crew on April 15, was found bound from New York for Halifax, was reported a derelict dangerous to navigation.

Trustees of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company voted to place on a \$8 dividend basis its common stock which was recently doubled by a stock dividend distribution.

Officers searched a swamp between Taunton and Easton, Mass., for the bodies of Oliver L. Eklund of Providence believed to have been hidden there by his murderers.

Professor Jacques Hadamard, noted French mathematician, who is to deliver the Silliman memorial lectures at Yale University this year, arrived in New Haven yesterday.

Latest information received at the Paris foreign office from Asia Minor indicates that the losses to French troops were less serious than at first supposed in encounters at Urfa.

Charles E. Smith, a director of the Florida National Bank of Jacksonville, Fla., and the Insular Head national bank of this city died at his summer residence at Nassau, N. H.

About 50 indictments for violations of the Volstead act for selling liquor or for smuggling it into the United States were returned by the federal grand jury in session in Syracuse, N. Y.

The French freighter Fordonian, which became disabled a week ago by a machinery breakdown while bound from New York for Halifax, was towed to Boston by the coast guard cutter Ossipee.

Doubt that the government will be able to accomplish a Great deal in relieving the print paper shortage was expressed by Frank P. Glass, of Birmingham, Ala., former president of the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

According to statements filed Governor Edwards and Mayor Hays of Newburyport, Mass., a wooden structure built in 1890 and valued as a historic landmark was burned with the parish house adjoining. The loss including furnishings was \$20,000.

William C. Clarke, of Mont Vernon, filed with Surrogate State, of Westchester County, the appraisal of the estate of John R. Hagenan, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. It shows he left an estate of \$3,242,915.92.

FEELING OF REVOLUTION IN EL PASO

Funds of the Custom Office in Juarez Were Brought to the El Paso Bank Yesterday Afternoon—American Troops in El Paso Have Been Ordered to Be Prepared For Action in the Event of Uprising in Juarez Endangers the City—Chihuahua City is Quiet and All Americans are Safe—Revolutionary Forces are Attacking Mazatlan, a Port on the Pacific Coast of Mexico.

Today, the sugar had been sent into the United States under bond but was turned to Mexico by order of President Carranza. It is now being allowed to return to the United States.

SPREAD OF REVOLUTION.

AGAINST CARRANZA GOVT.

Washington, April 28.—Mexican advice here today, both through American and rebel channels, continued to note a rapid spread of the revolutionary movement against the Carranza government, particularly near Mazatlan, where Government officials here, however, said they saw nothing in these rather scattering reports to warrant any official action.

Chihuahua City Quiet.

Juarez, Mexico, April 28.—Chihuahua City was quiet at noon today and all Americans are safe, according to a message received here this afternoon by American Consul E. A. Dow, here from J. B. Stewart, American consul in Chihuahua City.

Revolt Spreads to Salina Cruz.

Juarez, April 28.—Troops at Salina Cruz, commanded by General Alejo Gonzalez, have revolted and taken possession of the port, one of the most important of the Gulf coast. According to a report received here tonight.

MEXICAN REBELS ATTACK PACIFIC PORT MAZATLAN.

Agua Prieta, Sonora, April 28.—Mazatlan, Sinaloa a port on the Pacific coast of Mexico, is being attacked by revolutionary forces under General Angel Flores, according to an unconfirmed report received at military headquarters here today. General P. Elias Calles announced the attack had been expected since yesterday.

AMERICAN TROOPS ORDERED TO PREPARE FOR ACTION.

El Paso, Texas, April 28.—American troops in El Paso tonight were ordered to be prepared for action in event a threatened uprising in Juarez endangers this city.

Military police in the city have been issued rifles and ammunition, and the city police have been arranged to patrol a deadline in the lower part of the city beyond which civilians will not be permitted to go in the direction of the Rio Grande.

300 CARLOADS OF MEXICAN SUGAR FOR SALE IN UNITED STATES.

Nogales, Ariz., April 28.—Three hundred carloads of Mexican sugar refined in Sonora will be released for sale in the United States as the result of the revolution in Sonora. It was announced here today.

FRENCH LABOR LEADERS HAVE NOT MADE MAY DAY PLANS.

Paris, April 28.—French labor leaders were still hesitating today as to the nature of the manifestations to be made by the workers on May Day. Technically, organizations of the labor movement are entirely with the general federation of labor, which was expected at a meeting of its general council tonight to decide on the course to be followed in the event of a general strike.

The intention of his organization to celebrate the day in a quiet, dignified manner, without the usual noisy demonstrations, is being discussed by the police.

The federation of railroad men, nevertheless, is discussing its own plans for May 1, although its members agreed Sunday last to leave the matter in the hands of the general federation.

The general labor federation's program at present consists of a general strike for 24 hours in order to obtain first, general amnesty for all prisoners guilty of military or political offenses; second, immediate release of all political prisoners; and third, nationalization of the public service, and fourth, the right of the labor syndicates to be represented on the boards of directors of the utility and other firms in which labor is employed.

Posters plastered all over the walls of Paris call upon the workers and all other Parisians to get ready for the strike.

May 1. Immediately alongside appears another poster from the syndicate of former soldiers, saying: "Workers, to your shops, to your work benches. Let us have no illness on May 1."

EXPLOSION OF HYDROGEN GAS CAUSED DEATH AND INJURIES.

Everett, Mass., April 28.—The explosion of a tank of hydrogen gas at the factory of the General Electric Company here today caused the death of Herbert Williams, chief welder, injured and killed other persons, demolished the building in which it occurred and shattered hundreds of panes of glass in factory windows. The operatives were alarmed, but none except the men at the scene were hurt.

Emile Pocar, a teamster who was unloading the tanks, was so severely injured that he was unconscious at a hospital today, where his condition was considered dangerous.

The ruins of the outbuilding, known as the gas house, caught fire and several alarms were sounded, but the flames were confined to the structure which was located at one end of the plant.

FOUR WIVES IN COURT TO HEAR HUSBAND SENTENCED.

New York, April 28.—Four wives of James Babcock, 35 years old of Newark, N. J., were in the courtroom today when Judge Louis D. Gibbs sentenced him to five years in Sing Sing prison for bigamy. Babcock asserted that "more than one woman" testified against him. His last wife caused his arrest when she learned of the other marriages. Two of Babcock's wives came from Paterson, N. J., and the other two were New York women.

FIGHT AT WORMWOOD SCRUBS AT SIX FEIN DEMONSTRATIONS.

London, April 28.—Ginn Fien demonstrations at Wormwood Scrubs tonight led to riotous conflicts with an anti-Sinn Fein crowd. Several persons were slightly injured and two Irish priests were roughly handled. There was no response to the demonstrations from inside the prison.

Five more hunger strikers were sent to the hospital today.

8465,000 NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL PASSED BY THE SENATE.

Washington, April 28.—The naval appropriation bill carrying approximately \$48,000,000 for 1921 year expenditures passed the senate late today without a record vote and was sent to conference for adjustment of \$40,000,000 increase over the house bill total.