



It's Time TO BUY A PIANO FOR YOUR CHILDREN



THE END IS HERE! IT IS NOW OR NEVER!

This Big Piano Sale Will Close Saturday Night at 10.30

The end is here. This stock is selling fast — many people that delay will be too late. This is your golden opportunity if you act quickly. It is your duty to educate your children in music. Your neighbors are buying Pianos. Your children are as good as your neighbor's. Make the family happy with a Piano. Imagine how they feel when they see their neighbors getting Pianos and you refuse to have a Piano in your home. It is your duty to make your home happy. It is good business to buy a Piano now. Piano manufacturer's prices are constantly going up. You will eventually get a Piano. Buy now and make a big saving. Nearly everything you buy has doubled in price. Piano prices are going higher. They may double. Buy now while prices are low.

THE FINAL WIND-UP IS HERE! PRICES STILL LOWER! COME EARLY!

THIS PLAYER

LOOK AT THIS, A PLAYER Sale Price Only \$450. This Price Good Only During This Sale

The end of this great Piano Sale is here. The final curtain will soon be rung down on the greatest Piano Sale we have ever held. Shrewd buyers are coming for miles around, snapping up these great piano bargains. This stock of pianos is selling fast—they soon will be sold—the end is here. To the skeptical we say call at our store and see for yourself. It will cost you nothing to investigate. In this day of high prices, with the cost of manufacturing pianos increasing, we believe we are making one of the most sensational piano offers in the country today. We are offering a used Upright piano at \$54. A new player, full size 88-note, at the ridiculous price of \$450. Shop around, then come here, and you will be convinced that now is the time to buy your piano.

THE END IS HERE—Saturday at 10:30 p. m. this sale will be declared over. Your opportunity will then have passed, and do not be among those who will say: "I'm sorry I did not get there sooner." You meet every day the people of Lost Opportunities; they could have become richer or profited greatly if they had accepted their opportunities. Don't be among these. Come to this great sale now. Come prepared to do business. Bring what you can for a first payment. We will arrange terms to suit you.

THESE PRICES GOOD ONLY DURING THIS SALE!
STORE OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL NINE O' CLOCK.

We kindly ask those who have purchased Pianos with promise of immediate delivery to be patient, as our Shipping Department has been swamped with deliveries.

Sensational Selling of Pianos Going on in Reality Now. Prices Lower on Many Instruments

ONLY \$199
This Price Good Only During Sale

A Player Now on Sale at \$450. Bench and Nice Selection of Music, 12 Rolls.

In order to make a quick sale of this stock we have cut the price on this new player to the ridiculous figure of \$450. Shop around, see if you can beat this price, then come in at once, or you will be too late. Ask any of the sales force to play this player for you. at **\$450**

PIANOS ARE SELLING FAST
ONLY A FEW MORE PIANOS LEFT

SPECIAL PLAYER ONLY \$199
This used Player-Piano will be on sale at \$199. 10 rolls, also bench. This is your chance if you act quickly. Terms—\$2.50 week.

This Price Good Only During This Sale **\$54**

This Price Good Only During This Sale **\$99**

HURRY OR YOU MAY BE TOO LATE!

NOTICE

AN IMMEDIATE CHANGE MAY BE NECESSARY ON ALL ADVERTISED PRICES, ACCORDING TO OUR STOCK AND THE SALE OF GOODS

This Price Good Only During This Sale **\$175**

This Price Good Only During This Sale **\$242**

TERMS \$1.50 PER WEEK

We are determined that this stock of pianos will be disposed of, and in order that we might realize our ambition we have reduced the price on the used Piano listed above to \$54.

This Piano Now on Sale at \$99
This used instrument is for sale at the price and terms listed. Terms \$2.00 a week.

Another used Piano from this vast stock. Note the price. Stool accompanies the instrument. Small payment down and \$2.00 a week.

Ask to be shown this particular instrument. We will not mention the name. Stool free. Small payment down and \$2.50 a week.

READ THIS

Round trip railroad fare refunded to out-of-town purchasers living within a radius of 100 miles of New London, Conn. Freight paid on out-of-town shipments within a radius of 100 miles.

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR PIANO

LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED AT FACE VALUE.
VICTROLAS AND VICTOR RECORDS — NEW LONDON'S EXCLUSIVE AGENCY

D. S. MARSH & CO.
Marsh Building
New London, Conn.

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY YOUR PIANO

READ THIS!
Every Piano on our floors is fully guaranteed by their respective manufacturers or by us.

AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS

AVOID SWARMING.

It is very important to keep the colonies of bees from dividing at this time of year. The two parts of a colony which swarm will not produce as much honey as if they had remained one colony. The reason for this is that the swarms will draw out a new set of combs, and produce a new batch of brood before it can store surplus honey. This will take two weeks or more, depending upon the weather.

The old colony from which the swarm issues will not produce any surplus for at least two weeks after the swarming time since it has lost most of its strength and must also have a queen emerge and become fertilized. It will take a week or ten days for enough of the older bees to become fit workers for them to bring in any quantity of honey. By this time the new queen will have a number of larvae to feed so that this colony can get to storing surplus. You will see, then, that a swarm takes out at least two weeks at the best part of the honey flow, says L. B. Crandall, beekeeping specialist for the Extension Service of Connecticut Agricultural College at Storrs, Conn.

One of the best control methods to use on such a colony is to re-queen it with a young Italian queen before it has made preparations for swarming. Another method which works out very well is the Demarec method. This chiefly is to place all the brood and eggs in one live body and all the combs of honey and empty combs in another, filling up any empty space with frames of foundation, and have the queen in the body containing the combs of honey and empty combs. Put this last body in the old location, and place a queen excluder on it, then put on two supers, and tightly the body containing the brood on top of all.

By this method, the queen is separated from the brood by at least two supers, which very effectively checks swarming. If the bees in the top body begin queen cells, it will cause no trouble since the queens cannot get out to mate so will die without causing swarming.

KEEP MILK COOL.

The Dairy Department of Connecticut Agricultural College offers the following suggestion to housewives for the care of milk in summer.

"Milk will stay cool and sweet much longer if wrapped in a cool, shady place. The cloth should be redampened occasionally. Placing milk in vessel with cold water will not be of great help. These suggestions apply only in homes where ice is not available.

"Have the milkman leave your milk in a shady place so as to protect it from the direct rays of the sun. Of course milk should be taken in as soon after delivery in the morning as possible."

PINE BLISTER RUST.

The agricultural experiment station at New Haven recently issued an interesting bulletin describing the efforts being made in Connecticut to stamp out the white pine blister rust. Dr. E. H. Jenkins, director of the station, says:

"The blister rust is established in some sections of Connecticut, principally in Litchfield county. So far the actual damage from the disease has not been large but there is always danger of its spreading and causing great destruction. Although the effect of the blister rust on white pine is somewhat similar to that of the bark disease on chestnut, it is, totally unlike the chestnut blight in that it can be easily controlled. Without current or gooseberry bushes of some sort in the immediate vicinity of white pine trees, there is slight possibility of these becoming infested with blister rust. If you wish to protect your white pines, you should destroy all currant and gooseberry bushes (wild or cultivated) within 200 to 300 yards of them."

ALFALFA AND TIMOTHY.

Where winter killing of alfalfa is feared, one-fourth of the seed may be replaced by timothy and twenty pounds of the mixture seeded per acre. At harvest, if there is a good stand of alfalfa, there will be but a sprinkling of timothy in the first cutting. The second and third cuttings will be nearly pure alfalfa.

The advantage of the mixture is that the timothy takes the place of any alfalfa that winter-kills or it serves as insurance against a failure of the alfalfa. Tests at Storrs, Conn., show that such a mixture becomes almost pure timothy after one or two years, even when Grimm is used. Therefore this is not recommended where a long time stand of alfalfa is desired.

As compared to clover, alfalfa is not a difficult crop to produce. It requires thorough soil preparation as well as lime, manure, phosphorus, and potash. It will not grow on wet soils. To succeed well with clover requires that the same conditions be met. Failures of both crops may be expected occasionally. A single failure of a new crop is sufficient to warrant its being discarded when it has as many good qualities as has alfalfa.—Henry L. Dorney, Agronomy Department, Connecticut Agricultural College, Storrs, Conn.

EVIDENCE OF CROOKEDNESS IN PARIS HORSE RACES.

Paris, July 6.—So many queer looking races, (despite outsiders defeating illustrious horses) have been uncovered at the metropolitan tracks since the opening of the racing season that Baron Maurice de Rothschild himself one of deputy for Pau has brought the matter to the largest owners in France as well as the attention of the French chamber.

Baron de Rothschild has asked the chamber to pass a law for the suppression of book making in Paris and largest cities in France, the books to be supervised by Pari-mutuel booths in the cities.

The French government receives ten per cent. on all moneys taken in at the pari-mutuel booths at the various tracks. As the amounts bet at the different tracks vary from 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 francs daily the French government derives from the racing industry a revenue of between 500,000 and 1,000,000 francs per day.

Baron de Rothschild said in the French chamber that more money was bet with the books operating in Paris each day than at the tracks; estimating that 10,000,000 francs per day were wagered in the city alone. This is a net loss of 1,000,000 francs a day for the government. He shared that such racing had been run with such flagrant evidence of crookedness that had such racing been attempted in England or America, the owners, trainers and jockeys would have been ruled off the turf for life.

It has been alleged that the bookmakers gather in all the city money in the forenoon, no bet being accepted under any circumstances after one o'clock. This gives them ample time to journey to the race track and, if they find that they are overloaded on any one horse and stand to lose too much, to use the little persuasion on the jockey piloting the animal.

Jockey Bruchet has just been ruled off for life. He was an overwhelming favorite with the public. He did not finish in the money and his bad riding was so evident, he was an appropriate subject for an expert. The gentle art of piloting a horse, that the judges summoned him into the stand. He promptly admitted having pulled the horse but claimed not to be acquainted with the man who had made it worth his while to lose the race.

This is one instance out of many which Baron de Rothschild says will kill betting in France, unless the government takes stern measures for the suppression of bookmaking in Paris.

Waterville.—The Connecticut company has a gang of men busy on both lines that come into Waterville, and when finished the rails should be in good condition for some months to come.