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CHARGE SUFFRAGE LEADER WITH ATTEMPT TO BRIBE

Grand Jury Has Launched an Investigation Into Alleged Improper Influences Brought to Bear on Members of Tennessee Legislature—Representative Harry T. Burn, Republican, is Named as the Member Attempt Was Made to Bribe—Suffrage Leaders Are Not Inclined to Take Bribery Charges Seriously — No Attempt Was Made in House Yesterday to Reconsider Vote on Ratification—47 Members of House Are Pledged to Vote to Reconsider Ratification.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 19—Failure of anti-suffrage leaders today to attempt to force the lower house of the legislature to reconsider its action of yesterday in ratifying the woman suffrage amendment was overshadowed in interest by the launching of a county grand jury investigation into charges that improper influences had been brought to bear on members of the legislature in their consideration of the measure.

Publication by the Nashville Tennessean and the Nashville Banner of two affadavits attributed to C. C. Wallace, judge of the city court of Lewisburg, Tenn., and Ennis E. Murray, of Nashville, general agent for the Federal Land bank of Louisville ,Ky., alleging that an attempt had been made by a suffrage leader to bribe Representative Harry T. Burn, republican, of McMinn county, also was a feature of the day's developments.

The grand jury charged by Judge J. D. B. Debow, of the Davidson county criminal court lost no time in getting to work and before noon had summoned J. T. Eichelberger, of Washington, D. C., a publicity man in charge of headquarters here of the anti-ratification forces. Mr. Eichelberger was before the jury two hours and it was said additional witnesses probably would appear tomorrow.

Judge Debow's charge was directed at alleged special interests which it has been charged have representatives here working against ratification.

"I has been and it is being currently reported by some of the friends and advocates supporting the ratification of the proposed federal amendment," Judge Debow told the jury, "that forces of corruption and representatives of special interests have come into this state from beyond ou borders and that lobbyists, or in any even individuals bearing the reputation of lobbyists, have been and are present in this city and county, invading and infesting the rooms of our state capitol and the lobbies and public assembling places in our hotels, and other places in our county."

After quoting and explaining the state statutes relating to lobbying the court instructed the jury to return indictments promptly if an investigation developed that the laws had been violated.

Chages of the attempted bribery of Representative Burn were not regarded seriously by suffrage leaders and many anti-ratificationists were frank to say that their views were similar. Mr. Burn was recorded as voting with the suffrage opponents on both roll calls on a motion to table the ratification resolution, which was lost on a tie vote, and few minutes later cast his vote for the the amendment. One vote decided the issue in favor of suffrage. The affidavits charged that he was approached during the interval between the vote on the motion to table and the vote to concur with the senate in ratifying the amendment.

Representative Joe Hanover, of Shelby county, alleged in the affidavit attributed to Murray as having told Burn that if he would vote in favor of ratification he would be given 'anything in the world he wanted" and that "it would be woth $10,000 to him" characterized the charge as "no more than a clumsy effort to blackmail or embarrass friends and supporters of the rights of our women." Mr. Hanover said his conversation was confined to an appeal to Burn to vote for suffrage.

Major C. L. Daughty, secretary to Governor Roberts, named in both affidavits as urging with Hanover that Burn vote for ratification, declared Hanover did not intimate to Burn that he would be paid any amoint of money or that he would be given any other consideration for his vote.

The house adjourned at noon, until tomorrow morning without reference to suffrage.

Seth Walker, speaker of the house and opposition leader, who changed his vote on ratification from "nay" to "aye" in order to bein position to move for reconsideration has one day more in which to act before the privilege of offering such a motion is open to any member of the house under its rules.

A motion tomorrow to reconsider was regarded certain tonight and there was no let up on the part of leaders of the opposing forces to keep their men in line and if possible gain strength through desertions fro mthe ranks of their antagonists.

TO CELEBRATE RETURN OF MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT

New York, Aug. 19.—The National Woman Suffrage Association announced tonight plans for a celebration on the return of its president, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, from Nashville, after winning ratification of the 19th amendment by the 36th state.

She will be met at the Pennsylvania station by scores of suffragists from New York and neighboring states and escorted to national headquarters, where a reception will be held in her honor.

A telegram was sent to her tonight, asking her to notify headquarters when she expeteed to arrive in this city.

47 PLEDGED TO VOTE TO RECONSIDER RATIFICATION

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 19.—Forty-seven members of the Teennessee lower house have already signed a pledge to vote to reconsider ratification of the woman suffrage amendment, Speaker Walker of the house declared tonight, speaking at a mass meeting called by those opposed to woman suffrage. Others will sign the pledge tonight and tomorrow, Mr. Walker said, declaring that the ratification vote would be reconsidered.

NO GENERAL SUSPENSION OF WORK BY THE MINERS

Cleveland, August 19.—Officials of the United Mine Workers of America concluded their conferences here today and departed for their homes in various parts of the country, after having failed to reach a wage agreement with the bituminous coal operators of the central competitive field.

There will be no general suspension of work, John L. Lewis, president of the mine workers declared before boarding a train.

"I anticipate the whole matter can be adjusted without inconvenience to the public,' he said. "There may be sporadic strikes, in fact some locals were out today when they heard the confence was not getting anywhere."

At a policy meeting of the miners here today, it was decided to meet the operators separately in the four states of the central field—Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Western Pennsylvania—and make separate supplemental wage agreements.

Miners officials believed that an agreement would be signed quickly in Illinois and that Indiana operators would follow. Ohio and Western Pennsylvania operators were expected to resist making an agreement.

COX CHARGES $15,000,000 REP. CAMPAIGN FUND

South Bend, Ind., Aug. 19.—Charges that at least $15,000,000 are being contributed to the republican campaign fund by selfish interests were made today by Governor Cox, democratic presidential candidate during the course of three addresses opening the Indiana democratic campaign.

"That is its low mark," he said, "and the sky is apparently the limit. In Ohio $500,000 was raised in the twinkling of an eye. They have sub-divided America into seven district and influential men representing selfish and greedy interests are passing the hat. That are trying to buy a governmental 'underholt.' It is a mere bagatelle with what the contributers expect to get back."

CHARGED WITH POCKET PICKING ON TRAINS

Bristol, Conn., Aug. 19.—Three men charged with pocket-picking on trains between Waterbury and this city. John McArdle, Charles Gay and Michael Hennessey, all of Waterbury, were each held in $2500 for the superior court today. They were represented by counsel. The men waived examination. For weeks complaints have been made of losses by passengers on crtain train. A few days ago a Bristol man lost $150 and railroad officer arrested the men who were arranged today.

18 HUNGER STRIKERS DEPORTED FROM CORK

Cork, Aug. 19.—Eighteen hunger strikers were deported this morning. They were removed on stretchers to heavily guarded lorries which took them to a government vessel. The vessel then headed to sea for an unnamed destination. The prisoners had abstained from food for seven days.

PROHIBITION AGENTS RAID BRIDGEPORT BREWERIES

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 19.—Three Bridgeport breweries were raided today by prohibition agents under the direction of W. J. McCarthy of Boston, supervising prohibition enforcement officer of New England, and the plants were closed pending further proceedings by the federal authorities. The breweries closed are the Connecticut Breweries Company, the Home Brewing Company and Eckart Brothers. The prohibition officers claim that the three breweries have been manufacturing beer of more than one-half of one per cent. alcoholic content, declaring the alcoholoc measurement of of some of the beverages to be higher than three per cent.

Many kegs of beer were seized in the three establishments, the total amounting to 250 barrels. The federal agents were accompanied by a chemist, who made tests of the beer in many of the kegs. It was said that many of the prohibition agents have been here for two weeks and have secured samples of local beer in many saloons.

Late today internal revenue officers filed attachments of $250,000 against the property of each of the brewery companies to protect the government in case fines are imposed.

FARMERS ARE ORGANIZING BORROWERS'S ASSOCIATION

Washington, Aug. 19.—Organization of the "Cooperative Farm-Borrowers" of the United States as a national body including members of the 4,000 farm loan associations already organized under the federal farm loan act, has been started, the National Board of Farm Organizations announced tonight. The plan arose out of paralyzation of the federal act as a result of the suit now pending in the supreme court to test its constitutionality, it was said.

Local farm loan associations will be formed into "state unions" and state conventions will then be called to name delegates to a national convention which will be held as soon as ten state unions have been formed.

MOUNTAIN TOP COLLAPSED IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

Manila, P. I., Tuesday, Aug. 17.—Collapse of a mountain top on this island in a recent storm, buried an entire Igorote village under hundreds of feet of earth, blotting out the lives of seventy natives according to official advices received here today. The village was located in the mountain province within two hundred miles of the city of Manila.

The top slid down upon the village at midnight. No bodies have been recovered.

FLOODS ARE SWEEPING JAPANESE ISLANDS

Honolulu, T. H., Aug. 19.—Tremendous floods are sweeping portions of the islandes of Kyoshu and Shikoku, southwest of Honshu, the principal island of the Japanese group, overwhelming towns and villages, with an enormous loss of life reported, according to cable advices to Nippu Jiji, the Japanese language newspaper.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

Premier Lloyd George is on his way to Switzerland.

Bar gold in London was unchanged at 114s an ounce.

Tank steamer Salinas, her containers Nausett Light, off Cape Cod shore.

Russian-Polish armistice negotiations were opened at Minsk. Credentials were exchanged.

Rebels in Mesopotamia after cutting the railways to Bagdad are attempting to encircle the city.

Immigration officials are preparing to receive 1,000,000 arrivals in this country in the next 12 months.

Commission government was defeated by a vote of 1,567 against 1,169 at a special election in Perth Amboy, N. J.

William G. McAdoo called on President Wilson for the first time since the Democratic National Convention.

filled with fuel oil, went ashore near

Eleven more Reds from the Middlewest arrived at Ellis Island, increasing the number being held for deportation to 56.

John W. Davis, American ambassador to Great Britain, sailed for the United States. He was accompanied by his family.

American dollar was quoted at 13 francs 81 centimes, compared with 13 francs 74 centimes at last close on Paris exchange.

During the rioting in Upper Silesia 11 civilians were killed and 24 injured by rifle and grenade fire by French occupational troops.

Thousands of natives and summer residents of Sullivan County, N. Y., were forced to the hills by a flood following cloudbursts.

Quebec City board decided that in future new industries locating in the city will be extempted from real estate tax for a period of 10 years.

State department announced every possible means would be taken to rescue some 30 American citizens now held in Moscow by the Bolshevists.

Oscar F. Price, first mayor of Jamestown, N. Y., and a position he held for 10 years, and city treasurer for past 15 years, died after a brief illness.

Word was received in Harrisburg, Pa., that Giffod Pinchont, State Commisioner of Forestry, is at his home in Milford, suffering from diphtheria.

A four-day-a-week schedule was adopted by the H. H. Frinklin Automobile Manufacturing Co., at Syracuse, N. Y., curtailed orders being responsible.

Otto F. Stifel, former brewer and republican nominee for congress, eleventh district, St. Louis, shot and killed himself at his farm at Valley Park, Mo.

Germany, Bavaria, Austria and Hungary were invited by the League of Nations to participate in the Financial Congress to be held in Brussels on September 14.

Gov. Cox declared that one of the outstanding impressions he received from his first week on stump speaking is the reawakened interest in the League of Nations.

Senator Calder, of New York, chairman of the Senate Committee on production and reconstruction, declared 1,000,000 more homes at least are needed in this country.

A dozen local unions of the Kansas United Mine Workers issued a proclamation calling upon members in that state to walk out if fines on strikers were not refunded.

Mrs. Jerome Sturm, Cincinnati antisuffragist leader, announced suit would be filed to test the validity of the ratification of the Federal suffrage amendment by Tennessee.

Julio A. Costa, a member of the Argentine chamber of deputies, presented a resolution indorsing the stand of the United States and France relative to the Polish situation.

Favorable weather appears to have offset other drawbacks and crops of New York state improved greatly in the last few weeks. Slight damage by grasshoppers to oats is reported.

Arrest of Miss Juliette Florentine will result in tracking down the largest illicit drug trafficking gangs in North America, according to officials of the Canadian Federal Department of Health.

Bar silver in London was up 3 shillins 4 pence at 60 shillings 2 pence an ounce. New York was quoted at 99 3-2 cents unchanged for domestic and foreign was 3-4 cents higher at 98 cents.

Press reports from Seoul charge Corea with plots to hol dthe American congressional party visiting the Far East for the purpose of creating complications between Japan and this country.

Ohio Public Utilities Commission refused to permit steam lines in that state to increase passenger fares, milk rates and excess baggage charges 20 per cent and place a 50 per cent surcharge on Pullman car rates.

LONGSHOREMEN SLOWLY RETURNING TO OLD JOBS

New York, Aug. 19.—Coastwise longshoremen, who voted early this week to end the strike which had prevailed since April, are slowly returning to their old positions.

Officials of the Mallory and Southern Pacific Steamship companies said today that the labor situation was normal, but, according to officials of the International Longshoremen's Association, it will be several days before the majority of the strikers are back.

"Many of them will never return to coastwise work," one of the officials said, "as they have taken over jobs on the overseas docks. The men voted to return without any increase of pay, believing that the matter will be adjusted in next year's contract, which begins in October."

The return movement at New York will be followed at all other Atlantic and Gulf ports, if the recommendations of the international officers of the union are carried out.

"We have asked the men to confer with the companies as we did here and to go back to work pending a settlement of the issues," one of the officials said.

SPELLACY TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN DEM. CONVENTION

Hartford, Au. 19.—Assistant United States Attorney General Thomas J. Spellacy of this city, has been selected as temporary chairman of the democratic state convention to be held in New Haven, Sept. 15-16. Announcement to this effect was made by State Chairman David E. FitzGerald today.

Demurrage Tariffs to Keep Coal Moving

Remedy Proposed to Hasten Unloading Into Vessels at Tidewater.

Washington, Aug. 19.—An immediate embargo on the movement of coal to tidewater except upon a definite showing that the coal upon arrival at piers would be unloaded into vessels with reasonable promptness has been agreed upon by the railroads, it was announced today by the American Railroad Association.

In an explanatory statement the association said:

Chairman Willard of the association of Railway Executives and Colonel D. B. Wentz, president of the National Coal Association, met in conference yesterday with representatives of the commission on car service, of the American Railroad Association,, tidewater coal carrying lines serving Hampton Roads and the north, various tidewater coal exchanges, and the American Wholesale Trade Coal Association, to consider what more efficient means could be adopted to reduce the accumulation of bituminous coal cars awaiting trans-shipment at tidewater.

"The conference considered particularly a report of the special committee of the National Coal Association in the matter of shipment of tidewater bituminous coal," the statement said, "and unanimously reached the conclusion that such changes should be made in the regulations of the tidewater coal exchange which handles shipments through New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, as would result in penalizing the holding of bituminous coal by individual members of the exchange beyond the free time permitted in established coal demurrage tariffs.

"Further than this, the meeting unanimously agreed that as the only effective means of adequately controlling the situation, all tidewater coal carrying lines should immediately embargo the movement of tidewater coal and simultaneously provide for the acceptance of such traffic only upon permits to be issued by the tidewater and bituminous coal terminal railroads.

"It was recognized that the issue of the permits must depend in the first instance upon transportation conditions, upon the railroads concerned, but beyond this it was unanimously agreed that no permits should be granted except upon a definite showing that the coal upon arrival at the pier at tidewater would be unloaded into vessels with reasonable promptness this ability on the part of the permitted to be ascertained by his showing as to vessels under charter and his record in meeting the conditions of permits hitherto fore issued.

"The meeting also agreed, without dissent, that the issue of permits snould be to the loading lines with provisions made that if the amount to be loaded was exceeded, the mine so violating the permit should be penalized in its car supply so long as the coal so billed without permit remained unconsigned elsewhere and undisposed of."

PROJECT AFLOAT TO DRAIN MARSHLANDS OF CONNECTICUT

Pine Orchard, Conn., Aug. 19. — No less a plan than that of drainage of the entire marsh, shore lands and insect-pest breeding areas of Connecticut will be outlined and an organization to carry it through will be decided upon at a meeting of the prime movers at the Pine Orchard club today. Invitations have gone out to business and professional men of the state and responses indicated that fully 135 would be present.

The plan which is now presented in difinite form has been agitated for years and drainage has been begun somewhat extensely. The definite plan is considered to be practicale, scientific and has the sanction of the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station and several organizations.

At an informal meeting held in New Haven recently the project was discussed and plans laid for beginning the work. The committee chosen were Charles F. Brocker of Ansonia, John P. Elton of Waterbury and Howell Cheney of South Manchester. Others interested include Walter Wilson, formerly controller, Chicago, now of Saybrook; Prof. Edward H. Jenkins, director of the Experiment Station; Robert Scoville, of Salisbury; Charles Hopkins Clark of Hartford and Col. N. G. Osborn of New Haven.

The project is regarded as a combined health and real estate improvement plan, aimed to rid the shore front of the mosquitoo nuisance, and to make available miles of land which is now submerged.

FRANCE GIVES MEXICO TERMS OF RECOGNITION

Paris, August 19.—(By the A. P.)—The French government has made known know to Felix F. Palavacini, the Mexican envoy extraordinary to France, the conditions which must be fulfilled by the present Mexican government if it wishes to be recognized by France after the elections to be held in September. The conditions are:

First: Indemnities for Frenchmen killed in Mexico and also imbursement for damages done to the business of French nations.

Second: Restitution of cash reserves taken from French banks.

Third: Renewal of payments of interest on the Mexican national debt to France.

Every man has his worthless days, but if he does not fight them every day will become his worthless day.

Harding Replies to Democratic Critics

Would Not Dominate the Senate—Put End to Autocratic, Personal Government.

Marion, O., Aug. 19.—Reaffirming his faith in "party sponsorship in government," Senator Harding said in a speech here today that his democratic critics were entirely correct in supposing that if elected president he would "permit the senate to have some say in determining the policy of the government."

"The senate saved American nationality in 1919 and 1920," said the republican nominee, "when the executive proposed to surrender it. If a republican administration is chosen next November, you can be very certain that the senate will have something to say about the foreign relations as the constitution contemplates. I had rather have the counsel of the senate than all the political bosses in any party."

"I want to have done with personal government in this country. I want to put an en dto autocracy, which has been reared in the name of democracy.

"There isn't very much choice between venomous assault on the integrity of the courts and the monetary clamor about eliminating the senate from the responsibility in federal government. I do not know whether the idea is one imported from the peace council at Paris or whether it is a reflex of the mob mentality which has broken out in revolution in various places in Europe."

Explaining in detail his conception of party sponsorship, Senator Harding said it meant a "government of laws rather than of men," in which the executive, legislative and judicial branches should each function within its own constitutional limitations. In this division of authority, he declared, the senate was "in reality the security of stable popular government." The privilege of extended debate and the rule that two-thirds are required to ratify a treaty were cited as senate safeguards against ill-considered action.

The speech was delivered from the front porch and was cheered by a delegation of members and former members of the Ohio legislature. It was the second the senator had delivered today, a group of Civil war veterans from Kenton, O., having induced him to make a brief talk when they paid him a noonday visit. In his speech to them he reiterated his belief that it was for American rights that the nation entered the world war and added a promise that if he were elected there would be no surrender of American nationality.

The speech to the legislators followed a reunion luncheon in a grove near the senator's home. In the course of his discussion of party government Senator Harding also praised the house of representatives and the federal courts and declared his opposition to "that new cult in American politics which proclaims that everything that is, is bad."

FOR IMPROVEMENT OF DIPLOMATIC SERVICE

New York, Aug. 19.—The American Export Manufacturers' Association tonight made public letters from Senator Harding and Governor Cox in which both aspirants for the presidency express a desire for improvement of American diplomatic and consular services.

The association recently addressed communication to the rival candidates asking an expression of opinion on the subject and recommending that the United States own and maintain proper homes for its foreign representatives and establish graded positions, with promotion as a reward for merit.

Senator Harding in his reply said that "America has been greatly remiss in this particular function of government," and added that if he is elected "America's export trade will receive immediate and deeply interested attention." He added that "the diplomatic and consular service and the department of commerce should be brought together in a concerted and efficient effort toward finding markets, developing trade and expediting its transportation through an American merchant marine."

Governor Cox wrote:

"I long since recognized the justice of proper attention to the needs of the diplomatic and consular career. These services should demand the best we have."

TO RECEIVE BIDS FOR HOG ISLAND SHIPYARD

Washington, Aug. 19.—The shipping board tonight announced bids for the purchase of Hog Island shipyard, Philadelphia would be received up to September 20. They must be accompanied by certified checks the amount of which is to be determined by Chairman Benson, and will be opened September 21.

Possession of the property will be given the successful bidder about October 1, the board stated. Title to the property will not pass until full purchase price has been paid.

CHOSEN LEADER OF NEGROES FOR FOUR YEARS

New York, Aug. 19.—J. W. H. Eason, of Philadelphia, was chosen tonight as the leader for the next four years of the 15 million negroes in the United States by the Universal Negro Improvement Association in convention here. Marcus Garvey, founder of the movement for the redemption of Africa for the negro race was elected provisional president of the African continnet.

DOLLAR DAY

Saturday, August 21st

THE DAY A DOLLAR BUYS THE MOST.

Read the Merchants' Advertisements In The Bulletin Today, For Wonderful Bargains.

DEFEAT OF BOLSHEVIKI AT WARSAW VERY SERIOUS

State Department So Informed by Cablegram From American Legation at Warsaw—Polish Delegates at Minsk Have Refused to Accept Peace Conditions Advanced by the Soviet For Disarmament Unless the Russians Themselves Disarm—Polish Counter-Offensive is Progressing With Undiminished Vigor.

Washington, Aug. 19.—Unless the bolshevik military leaders succeed in quickly organizing a more successful resistance the defeat of the soviet forces before Warsaw will become a "very serious" one, according to a cablegram received by the state department today from the American legation at Warsaw. The message was under date of yesterday.

POLES ADVANCE 100 MILES SOUTHEAST OF WARSAW

Paris, Aug. 19 (By the A. P.).—Polish force sare advancing with undiminished speed along the line running from north of Warsaw to Wlodawa, about 100 miles southwest of Warsaw. Principal interest, however, attaches to the manoeuvres of General Pilsudski's forces. Massed reserves which he had concentrated at Ivangorod, southeast of the capital, have advanced sixty miles in three days and effected a junction with another army operating from Cholm. United, these armies were within eighteen miles of the strongly fortified Brest Litovsk, 120 miles east of Warsaw, at noon Wednesday, and have now probably reoccupied that important center of communications, which the Reds late Wednesday night were reported to be hurriedly evacuating.

The initial tactical aim of this manoeuvre, say military experts, is already more than attained, as the left wing of the bolshevik army, based on Brest Litovsk, has become separated, the Red center is being held before the forts of Warsaw and on the right they are reported in a critical condition.

According to the latest news the Poles have almost reached their next objective—the course of the Middle Bug below Brest Litovsk. Once this is attained, it is believed the retreat of the bolsheviki, concentrated in the Siedloe region, will be cut off and they will be left with only one way to retire beyond the Bug. This is by way of the Warsaw-Bialystok high road.

North of the Narew river the Polish left wing is continuing to advance and is now well up in the fork between the Narew and Bug rivers, making a converging attack on the Pultusk bridgehead. In the center the Poles are rapidly drivin gthe Reds back on the upper Bug between Chlechanow and Drohicyn.

In the region of Thorn, in the Danzig corridor northeast of Warsaw, fresh troops have appeared on the scene. They surrounded the Red detachments, which reached the Vistula river and removed all danger to communication between Warsaw and Danzig by the Vistula and also cleared the railroad from Danzig to Soldau.

CLAIMS RUSSIA FEELS FRIENDLY TOWARD POLAND

Moscow, August 19.—(By the A. P.)—"We are not conquerors and shall evacuate Polish territory immediately. Poland gives us guarantees that the Polish republic has abandoned its aggressive policy and is resolved to commence peaceful constructive work."

This was one of the statements made by M. Danishevsky, chairman of the soviet armistice delegation at the opening of the Russo-Polish conference at Minsk, according to details of his speech just received here.

"Soviet Russia and Ukraine," M. Danishevsky declared, 'are regarding with full sincerity and a brotherly feeling of solidarity the desire only one thing—restoration with Poland of solid, friendly and neighborly relations."

POLES TAKE 10,000 PRISONERS, 30 CANNON, 300 MACHINE GUNS

Warsaw, Aug. 19 (By the A. P.).—The Polish offensive is now in full swing. More than 10,000 prisoners, 30 cannon, 300 machine guns and thousands of supply carts have been captured from the bolsheviki.

The Poles have occupied Plonsk, Pultusk and Wyskow, through which the Reds drove in their sweep towards the capital.

Owing to the Polish pressure from the northeast, it is reported that the bolsheviki are withdrawing their forces which reached the Vistula south of the Prussian border and to the northwest of Warsaw.

POLES HAVE REFUSED THE SOVIET PEACE CONDITIONS

London, Aug. 19 (By the A. P.).—The Polish delegates at the Minsk conference have refused to accept a peace condition advanced by the soviet for the disarmament of the Polish army unless the Russians themselves disarm, says a wireless despatch from Berlin quoting a report received from Minsk.

U. S. S. PANTHER TO HASTEN DEPARTURE FOR BALTIC SEA

Cherbourg, Auk. 19.—The U. S. S. Panther as taking on supplies of ammunition here with a view to an earlier departure for the Baltic sea than had been anticipated. The essel probably will leave here Saturday.

500 QUARTS OF WHISKEY SEIZED AT GREENWICH

Greenwich, Conn., Aug. 19.—Fifteen men were arrested and more than 500 quarts of whiskey seized here by federal agents in the last 24 hours. The liquor was taken from four motor trucks and a passenger automobile. Among those held for the federal authorities is Joseph Ferrullo, who was captured by a policeman after the latter had fired several shots at the fleeing automobile which had refused to stop for alleged violation of traffic laws. Two men and a woman who were in the automobile with Ferrullo disappeared after the machine turned on its side. The police found 200 quarts of liquor in the automodeblie. Ferrullo said he procured the liquor in New York and was on his way to Boston with it. In borough court today Ferrullo was fined $250 for reckless driving.

SUIT AGAINST FORMER PRESIDENT OF BOLIVIA

New York, Aug. 19—Jose Gutierrez Guerra, former president of Bolivia, who was overthrown in the revolution which swept that country last month, was sued in the supreme court here today by the Mercantile Bank of Americas, which alleged that Guerra owed the institution $16,078.

Suit was brought against Guerra as president of the banking house of Jose Gutierrez Guerra, of La Paz, Bolivia, with which the American house had financial relations.

On the application of the Mercantile Bank, a warrant of attachment was granted by the supreme court against the property of Guerro in New York.

DENIES McGRAW BOUGHT WHISKEY AT LAMBS CLUB

New York, Aug. 19—Denial by attorneys for John J. McGram, manager of the New York Giants, that he had purchased whiskey from the Lambs Club on August 8, featured today's investigation of occurrences at the club the evening before John C. Slavin, actor, was found lying injured on the sidewalk in front of McGraw's home.

Jomes S. Shevlin, supervising prohibition enforcement agent, said today that the investigation to determine whether bootleggers were oprating at th Lambs would be vigorously prosecuted.

SUGAR DEALERS NOW FACE HEAVY LOSSES

Washington, Aug. 19.—Sugar dealers caught in the recent price slump with large stocks on their hands are appealing to the department of justice to save them from loss, according to John P. Crosby, acting head of the department's campaign to lower the cost of living.

Many dealers who have been prohibited from selling sugar at more than one cent a pound profit, Mr. Crosby said today, complain that because they bought sugar when prices were high, they now face heavy losses. Unless refiners violate the Lever act, he added, the department has no remedy for the situation.

BOLSHEVIKI HAVE BEGUN EVACUATION OF VILNA

London, Aug. 19.—Evacuation of Vilna by the bolsheviki under the terms of the recent Russo-Lithuanian agreement, is reported in official depatches. Troops are being slowly withdrawn to Grodno, where the military staff has also moved, the despatches say, and schools, hospitals and waterworks have been returned to the Lithuanians.

PRESIDENT WILSON NOW AT HIS NORMAL WEIGHT

Washington, Aug. 19.—President Wilson has regained his normal weight of 179 pounds, according to an article appearing today in the Washington Times quoting Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, the president's personal physician, as having made that statement today. The article also depicts, "according to Dr. Grayson," the things the president doe sin a "normal day" at the White House, including the following:

"Exercise his left arm by extending and withdrawing it.

"Shaves himself, sometimes with a safety razor.

"Climbs stairs with a cane to exercise his leg muscles.

"Dictates rapidly and frequently writes shorthand notes of what he wants done.

"Uses an indelible pencil to sign most letters to departmental officials."

At the White House it was said tonight that Dr. Grayson was out of the city and not expected to return until tomorrow. Secretary Tumulty also was out of town and no other official would comment on the article.

PRACTICED MARKSMANSHIP SO THAT SHE COULD MISS

New York, Aug. 19—Miss Gertrude Wormworth declared today she had practiced marksmanship so that she could miss William J. Burns, private detective, at whom she fired three time in Gand Central station last year.

Testifying at a supreme court hearing in Brooklyn on application for her release fro mthe state hospital for the insane at Central Islip, the young woman said she had gone to Porspect Park, Brooklyn, in three days before the shooting and fired at trees.

"My purpose was to be able to shoot so I would miss," she said. "I did not intend to hit Mr. Burns, and I fired down."

Burns was in the courtroom as a spectator. Counsel for Colonel Edward H. R. Green, son of the late Hetty Green, to whom Miss Wormworth was alleged to have sent theatening letters, also was present.

PONZI SAYS HE IS CONTENT TO REMAIN IN JAIL

Boston, Aug. 19.—Charles Ponzi said tonight that he was "content to remain in jail," after being arraigned in federal court today on a charge of using the mails to defraud in connection with his plan to pay 50 per cent. in 45 days on all investments. He waived examination and was held in $25,000 for the September session of the court.

His liabilities as uncovered by the state attorney general, totalled tonight $4,308,874. The attorney general said his investigation showed the liabilities of the Old Colony Foreign Exchange Company to be $300,000 with available assets of $150,000.

MASSACHUSETTS CIVILIANS WIN AT CAMP PERRY

Camp Perry, O., Aug. 19.—The Massachusetts civilian team made good today in the finish of the Herrick Trophy match. They not only landed first place, but broke a world's record, having piled up a total of 1735 out of a possible 1800 over the 800, 900 and 1000 yard ranges. The previous world's record was 1732, established by the former Massachusetts team in 1914 at Sea Girt, N. J. A second world's record was broke today by Captain G. L. Wotkins, Pasadena, who scored 224 out of a possible 225 over the 800, 900 and 1000 yard ranges, while shooting in the team match. This score has not previously been made over this course.