

WAR DEPARTMENT APPOINTMENT AS CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Announcement Made at the White House—Nomination Sent to the Senate and Confirmed in Executive Session 60 to 4—Roll Call Vote is Withheld by Agreement—Senators Borah, Johnson and La Follette Opposed Confirmation—Mr. Taft Will Succeed the Late Edward White Douglas—Is the First Man in the Nation's History to be Chosen for the Highest Office in Both the Executive and Judicial Branches of the Government.

Washington, June 30.—Appointment of former President William Howard Taft as chief justice of the United States was announced late today at the White House. He will succeed the late Edward Douglas White, whom he appointed to the office in 1910. The President with the announcement Mr. Taft's nomination for the place was sent to the senate.

It was indicated that President Harding had acted so far in advance of the winter term of the court because he felt that the new chief justice should have ample time to reorganize the court's business before the reconvening October 1.

Mr. Harding is understood to have been advised by legal officers of the administration that all the federal courts were congested with business that prompt action during summer recess would be necessary to expedite litigation as much as possible.

Mr. Taft has not been advised of the appointment until the highest office in the White House, and the first view he is expected to have of it, it is added, will come from the press. The former president is now in Montreal, en route to a railway arbitration for the Canadian government and is expected to return to the United States soon to continue himself with the work of the court.

High administration officials emphasized that Mr. Taft was the one outstanding figure among those who might have been considered for the place.

He is the first man in the nation's history to be chosen for the highest office in both the executive and judicial branches of the government. For more than thirty years prior to his retirement from the presidency he was almost constantly in public service.

Throughout all of his public career a hope that he might some day become chief justice of the United States has been in his heart. It is said that he always has felt himself better fitted by temperament to the judicial branch of the government and that when in 1910 fortune brought him the opportunity to appoint a chief justice he would under Roosevelt have chosen the man he selected and not succeeded.

It also is noted that Mr. Taft has been several times in the highest offices of the executive branch of the government and that when in 1910 fortune brought him the opportunity to appoint a chief justice he would under Roosevelt have chosen the man he selected and not succeeded.

Stillman Proves an Obdurate Witness Passed by House

Counsel For Mrs. Stillman Unable to Break the Banker's Reticence.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., June 30.—Six more hours of cross examination failed today to break the silence of James A. Stillman, wealthy Poughkeepsie banker, on every matter having reference to his relations with Florence H. Leeds, former Broadway show girl, named by Mrs. Anne L. Stillman in her affirmative defense against her husband's suit for divorce.

Today Mr. Stillman replied to questions asked by his counsel in a way that refused to answer on the ground that it might tend to incriminate him. On only a few occasions did he give affirmative answers when they referred to gifts of jewelry to his wife.

Today it was announced that the cross examination had been completed. He will return to the witness chair tomorrow, however, if his attorneys obtain a subpoenaed permission for redirect examination. It was said that Mr. Stillman's lawyers would complete their case against Mrs. Stillman tomorrow, so that the trial would be devoted to her counter-attack.

An indication of the nature of this counter-attack came today in the numerous questions which Mr. Stillman refused to answer. These were sought to bring out to the banker was intimate with Mrs. Leeds in New York, Long Island and other places, and that he bore his two children, Jay Leeds, 23 months old, and another who died at birth in 1913.

The defense also sought to have the witness say that he showed Mrs. Leeds with jewelry, bought her fur coats, and purchased an apartment for her in New York, established two trust funds of \$150,000 each for the former show girl and her son, and himself offered to marry her.

Mr. Stillman was asked if Jay Leeds had been born in New York, and he denied being the child's father and never posed as H. H. Leeds and gave his occupation as secret service work, but none of the questions was answered.

The banker was asked if he had kept an account for Mrs. Leeds used at the First National Bank of Miami, and made arrangements with an official of that institution to purchase the furnishings of a villa, near the resort.

A score of sales slips for jewelry sold by two Fifth avenue shops, all sold to Mrs. Leeds, were introduced in evidence. A. Stillman, when he was asked if he had sold her one hundred fifty thousand dollars, he said he had bought for Mrs. Leeds, it was asserted.

Defense counsel then showed Mr. Stillman a note slip for a gold and platinum ring, which he said he had bought for Mrs. Leeds, but he kept his silence.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

Lady Randolph Churchill died in London.
Y. Old Lsme Chocolate Shoppe, Inc., has incorporated on a capital of \$10,000.
The Standard Golf Club company of \$15,000 has increased its capital from \$15,000 to \$25,000.
Banks of Prague have suspended operations because German bank clerks have joined Czechs in strike.
Italian government decided to issue a decree removing duties on importation of cars, effective July 1.

According to figures issued by Shipping Board the fleet of the board is valued at \$750,000,000, plus-time value.
Ree Motor Car Co., of Lansing, decided to close all departments for two weeks' vacation beginning July 4. This does not include repair and service departments.
Wage reductions on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, authorized by the United States labor board, will be effective beginning today.

One thousand box cars of 40 tons capacity are being ordered by Standard Steel Car Co. of Hammond, Ind., by the Erie Railroad.
United States Department of Labor reports decrease of 14.7 per cent in cost of living in the United States from June, 1920 to May, 1921.
Fellow business leaders are seeking to foster trade relations with Hungary. A treaty between the two governments has been urged.

Reorganization of the federal prohibition enforcement forces along lines previously announced, will be effective July 1, Commissioner Haynes says.
Woodrow Wilson Wednesday was admitted as a practicing attorney and counselor at law in the court of the state of New York.
Two proposals to form corporations to aid motion picture business were before the closing session of the annual convention of the motion picture theatre owners of America in Minneapolis.

President Harding has accepted honorary membership in the ship yard club of New York, and will be accompanied by half a dozen Yankee skippers, and now enrolling 600 American captains.
The Heude Manufacturing company, motorcycle manufacturers, Springfield, announced a two weeks' shutdown beginning at the end of this week, for inventory purposes.
Resolutions were adopted at the convention in Detroit of Disabled American Veterans of World War, urging Congress to provide speedy relief for disabled former service men.

The government of Jamaica is proposing to seat a loan of \$400,000 to prevent the collapse of the sugar industry. U. S. Senator Hurd, at Kingston, notified the department of justice.
Senate adopted the Edge resolution granting congressional consent to the granting of New York and New Jersey to enter into an agreement establishing "the port of New York authority."
Tommaso Titoni, president of the United States in July 20. He will bring an anti-trust bill, known as the "Knox" bill, to President Harding.

New York customs officials denied they had seized \$25,000 worth of jewelry belonging to Perry Joyce for non-payment of duty, as stated in Chicago by Collector of Customs Clara.
Government by the fair sex, initiated at Jackson, Wyo., a little over a year ago, may be extended to other parts of the state, as the state legislature has passed a bill to that effect.
Monsieur Felix Contorier has been appointed archbishop of Alexandria, Egypt, says a Central News despatch from Rome under date of Tuesday, received at London.

The General Motors Corporation yesterday declared regular quarterly dividends on all classes of stock. Frederick J. Fisher was elected a director, to succeed R. H. Collins.
A bomb was thrown through the roof of the home of J. Milus, father of John Milus, a member of the Brooklyn National League baseball club in Pittsburgh. The hole was torn in the roof of the building, but no one was injured.
A three-bolshhevik plot of vast proportions has been discovered by the allied forces of Constantinople. Numerous arrests have been made, including the alleged ring leader, a man named Auguehlich.

Pobably more newspaper correspondents than were employed on the battlefields of France during the world war will be on hand to report the Dempsey-Carpentier encounter at Jersey City Saturday.
Owing to the protracted drought Paris is threatened with a shortage of water. The Seine and Marne rivers are exceedingly low and barely supply the 400,000 cubic metres of water necessary for Paris' daily consumption.
Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

DIFFICULTIES OF REDUCING REGULAR ARMY OCT. 1

President Harding Signs Army Appropriation Bill, But Informs Congress That Modification Might be Necessary Later to Avoid Embarrassment to the Secretary of War—Will Throw on the Labor Market 30,000 Civilians Besides 70,000 Enlisted Men and Further Complicate the Unemployment Situation.

Washington, June 30.—President Harding informed congress today that while he had signed the army appropriation bill with its provisions for a reduction of the regular army to 100,000 men, he would be ready to throw on the labor market to complicate the unemployment situation. He added that the war department still hoped to be able to avoid the summary dismissal of any enlisted men in reducing the army and that for the present no enlistment of men would be discharged against their wishes.

The secretary explained that an opportunity would be given enlisted men in the service who desire to leave to tender their resignations. For the next few weeks, he said, only routine and requested discharges would be issued. If these do not reduce the enlisted strength to the level fixed by congress, the question of arbitrarily discharging enough men to make up the difference will then be taken up.

In signing the bill, President Harding was understood to have followed a course regarded by his advisers as the only practical one in view of the fact that both the house and senate that the army be reduced as proposed in the measure and the short time remaining before the end of the fiscal year.

Today, said that if the war department succeeded in meeting the limitations imposed by congress, some thirty thousand civilian employees of the army besides the seventy thousand enlisted men would be thrown on the labor market to complicate the unemployment situation. He added that the war department still hoped to be able to avoid the summary dismissal of any enlisted men in reducing the army and that for the present no enlistment of men would be discharged against their wishes.

The secretary explained that an opportunity would be given enlisted men in the service who desire to leave to tender their resignations. For the next few weeks, he said, only routine and requested discharges would be issued. If these do not reduce the enlisted strength to the level fixed by congress, the question of arbitrarily discharging enough men to make up the difference will then be taken up.

In signing the bill, President Harding was understood to have followed a course regarded by his advisers as the only practical one in view of the fact that both the house and senate that the army be reduced as proposed in the measure and the short time remaining before the end of the fiscal year.

Today, said that if the war department succeeded in meeting the limitations imposed by congress, some thirty thousand civilian employees of the army besides the seventy thousand enlisted men would be thrown on the labor market to complicate the unemployment situation. He added that the war department still hoped to be able to avoid the summary dismissal of any enlisted men in reducing the army and that for the present no enlistment of men would be discharged against their wishes.

The secretary explained that an opportunity would be given enlisted men in the service who desire to leave to tender their resignations. For the next few weeks, he said, only routine and requested discharges would be issued. If these do not reduce the enlisted strength to the level fixed by congress, the question of arbitrarily discharging enough men to make up the difference will then be taken up.

In signing the bill, President Harding was understood to have followed a course regarded by his advisers as the only practical one in view of the fact that both the house and senate that the army be reduced as proposed in the measure and the short time remaining before the end of the fiscal year.

APPOINTMENTS MADE BY GOVERNOR LAKE

Hartford, Conn., June 30.—Governor Lake today appointed William B. Boardman to be judge of the city court in Bridgeport. He will fill a vacancy until the next session of the general assembly. At the last session the house nominated Frank L. Wilder for the judgeship and the senate named Albert H. Moore as the disagreeing candidate at adjournment.

Judge Boardman was formerly an attorney for the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, and took part in the hearing of the railroad bill in 1906. He is a graduate of Yale, class of 1897.
An trustee of the Connecticut Agricultural College for four years, Governor Lake today appointed Clifford I. Stoddard of Woodbridge; Joseph W. Alston of Avon, and E. Kent Hubbard of Middletown.

Miss Martha J. Wilkinson was reappointed a member of the board of registration and examination of nurses. Miss Mary C. DeWitt was named to succeed her to fill a vacancy.
The governor appointed Prof. C. E. A. Winslow of New Haven and S. R. Overton of Danbury as members of the permanent public health council for terms of six years, and James W. Knox of Hartford a member to fill a vacancy until July 1, 1922.

SENATE OCCUPIED WITH NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL
Washington, June 30.—Objections to house reductions in the naval appropriation bill today tied up the measure in the senate and with all appropriations expiring with the fiscal year at midnight tonight, caused a technical lapse in funds for the navy.
Final disposition of the bill tomorrow was the aim and hope of leaders of both the senate and house, but they were prepared to rush through an emergency resolution, continuing present naval appropriations, should the deadlock continue.

Numerous conferences were held today between senate leaders and once it was decided to yield to the house on all points of rank and trolley litigation in 1906. He is a graduate of Yale, class of 1897.
An trustee of the Connecticut Agricultural College for four years, Governor Lake today appointed Clifford I. Stoddard of Woodbridge; Joseph W. Alston of Avon, and E. Kent Hubbard of Middletown.

Miss Martha J. Wilkinson was reappointed a member of the board of registration and examination of nurses. Miss Mary C. DeWitt was named to succeed her to fill a vacancy.
The governor appointed Prof. C. E. A. Winslow of New Haven and S. R. Overton of Danbury as members of the permanent public health council for terms of six years, and James W. Knox of Hartford a member to fill a vacancy until July 1, 1922.

SENATE OCCUPIED WITH NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL
Washington, June 30.—Objections to house reductions in the naval appropriation bill today tied up the measure in the senate and with all appropriations expiring with the fiscal year at midnight tonight, caused a technical lapse in funds for the navy.
Final disposition of the bill tomorrow was the aim and hope of leaders of both the senate and house, but they were prepared to rush through an emergency resolution, continuing present naval appropriations, should the deadlock continue.

Numerous conferences were held today between senate leaders and once it was decided to yield to the house on all points of rank and trolley litigation in 1906. He is a graduate of Yale, class of 1897.
An trustee of the Connecticut Agricultural College for four years, Governor Lake today appointed Clifford I. Stoddard of Woodbridge; Joseph W. Alston of Avon, and E. Kent Hubbard of Middletown.

Miss Martha J. Wilkinson was reappointed a member of the board of registration and examination of nurses. Miss Mary C. DeWitt was named to succeed her to fill a vacancy.
The governor appointed Prof. C. E. A. Winslow of New Haven and S. R. Overton of Danbury as members of the permanent public health council for terms of six years, and James W. Knox of Hartford a member to fill a vacancy until July 1, 1922.

FOURFOLD INCREASE OF ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY

London, June 30.—Forces of the Royal Irish Constabulary are immediately to be quadrupled in this city.

This would mean increasing the number of men in this service from 12,000 to 50,000.
Newspapers of this city today took diverse views regarding the probable effect of the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

There will be no nation-wide strike called in connection with the refusal of Sir James Craig to be quadrupled in this city. The Daily Sketch, a Tory paper, said that the proposal was a strong strike feeling in many of the organizations.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

The Springfield Automatic Screw Machine corporation of Springfield filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities of \$374,111 were listed, of which only \$11,672 was said to be secured. The assets were placed at \$290,000.

Women suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

The Springfield Automatic Screw Machine corporation of Springfield filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities of \$374,111 were listed, of which only \$11,672 was said to be secured. The assets were placed at \$290,000.

Women suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

The Springfield Automatic Screw Machine corporation of Springfield filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities of \$374,111 were listed, of which only \$11,672 was said to be secured. The assets were placed at \$290,000.

Women suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

The Springfield Automatic Screw Machine corporation of Springfield filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities of \$374,111 were listed, of which only \$11,672 was said to be secured. The assets were placed at \$290,000.

Women suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

The Springfield Automatic Screw Machine corporation of Springfield filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities of \$374,111 were listed, of which only \$11,672 was said to be secured. The assets were placed at \$290,000.

Women suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

The Springfield Automatic Screw Machine corporation of Springfield filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities of \$374,111 were listed, of which only \$11,672 was said to be secured. The assets were placed at \$290,000.

Women suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.

Fifty delegates to the convention of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War invaded the socialist nationalist convention and warned the socialists that the veterans are ready "to fight again to defend the flag against sedition, disloyalty and treason."
Judge Hugo Friendly in the United States District Court in Chicago overruled a motion by the defense in baseball trials to quash indictments charging a conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 "World Series."

Frank Pierpont Graves, dean of the School of Education at the University of Pennsylvania, has been chosen to succeed John H. Finley as commissioner of education and president of the University of the State of New York.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES

Lost their Fight in the Senate by the Defeat of a Provision of the Constitutional Reform Bill Giving Congress the Right to Determine Under What Conditions Women would be Allowed to Vote.

Washington, June 30.—The women's suffrage advocates lost their fight in the senate by the defeat of a provision of the constitutional reform bill giving congress the right to determine under what conditions women would be allowed to vote.

The tariff of poker chips has been reduced 10 per cent. The Underwood bill fixed the rate at fifty per cent, as against forty in the Fordney measure. The old Payne-Aldrich bill had poker chips on the free list.