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SENATOR WATSON TO PRESENT EVIDENCE IN OPEN SESSION

On Charges That Soldiers Had Been Hanged Overseas Without Courtmartial—Made Statement When Senator Brandegee Presented a Resolution to Take Testimony Under Oath and Subpoena Witnesses—Senator Brandegee Disavowed Any Purpose to Put Senator Watson on Trial—Brandegee Had His Resolution Referred to the Senate Expenditure Committee.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Notice was given in the senate today by Senator Watson, democrat, Georgia, that he intended to present to the senate itself evidence on his charges that American soldiers had been hanged overseas without courtmartial.

The Georgia senator declared that he would not be "handled up in any committee room" and have his evidence "entombed with senators in a report nobody would read," but would make his fight in the open senate. The senator said later that he would reserve a decision whether he would appear at all before the special senate committee appointed to investigate his charges.

Senator Watson's statements today were made in another hour's clash over the investigation when Senator Brandegee, republican, Connecticut, chairman of the special committee, presented a formal resolution authorizing the committee to take testimony under oath and subpoena witnesses and papers. The resolution drew sharp comment from Senator Watson and also involved himself and Senator Reed in a spirited discussion with several republicans regarding the proposed investigation.

Senator Watson reiterated his charges and declared they all had been made in 1918 by former Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, now a shipping board member. The Georgia senator also declared today that he had received letters and telegrams from former service men and soldiers in Philadelphia and New York supporting his charges. According to his information, he said, other gallows than that pictured in the photograph he presented yesterday in the senate, had been erected and used in France.

The question of whether the senate committee proposed to investigate Senator Watson's statements or the charges he made was raised by Senator Reed, who declared that in his belief the investigation was a "grave mistake," and an unfortunate precedent. Senators' remarks, he contended, were "privileged" with accountability only to the senators' home constituents. This view was challenged sharply by Senator Brandegee, Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, republican leader, and others.

Senator Brandegee disavowed any purpose of putting the senator from Georgia on trial" and said the senate had ordered an investigation of the truth or falsity of Mr. Watson's charges.

"If true, any officers connected with the deeds he states are murderers and they ought to be hanged," said Senator Brandegee.

Senator Brandegee had his resolution, whether the committee with full authority, referred to the senate expenditures committee but did not ask for immediate action. It was reported favorably at the close of today's debate, but went over. Senator Reed, during the discussion, advised senators to "think over" the case and hinted at a motion to quash the inquiry, saying he believed that upon reflection senators might consider "the wiser course would be to discharge the special committee."

Senator Watson in today's debate again attacked Senator Wadsworth, chairman of the military committee, who yesterday brought Mr. Watson's charges to the senate's attention. Senator Wadsworth, the Georgia member declared, had done so "in a most insolent manner."

"I told him that I'd fight it out face to face," said Senator Watson. "That's what I'm going to do. The whole country shall hear it and the whole country shall know it. The senator's charges against me were made openly in the senate. I'm going to meet them here. What I'll say in a few days when I get my information, will be read by millions. The newspaperr will have to carry it. It'll be good copy."

WATSON CHARGES INCREDIBLE EX-SEC'Y BAKER SAYS

Cleveland, Nov. 2.—Charges of Senator Watson that American soldier in France were hanged without trial and were subjected to barbarious treatment were declared to be "preposterous and incredible" by Newton D. Baker, former secretary of war, tonight.

"France was not a howling wilderness but a civilized country," Mr. Baker said. "It was pretty well crowded with American men and women who would have been quick to report anything of the kind.

"If a single American soldier had been hanged without trial word of it would have come to this country and proper measures would have been taken. The senator's charges are preposterous and incredible."

BRANDEGEE PREPARING FOR WATSON INVESTIGATION

(Special to The Bulletin)

Washington, Nov. 1.—The senate gave Senator Brandegee what might be called a vote of confidence in naming him as chairman of the special investigating committee to look into the extraordinary accusations made by Senator Watson of Gergia, regarding alleged "hanging of soldiers in France without the formality of a court martial." Watson made a scene in the senate chamber when challenged to give the desired proof, but said he would present it to the military committee. As a result the special committee was named with Mr. Brandegee at its head. Later in the day Mr. Brandegee said to your correspondent that he would call the committee together as soon as possible and then mark out the line of investigation which would be followed by them. Until that could be done he had no comment to make on the probable course that would be taken beyond saying that he assumed the investigation would be conducted here in Washington.

The committee named by the senate was Brandegee, chairman; Willis, Ernst, Pomerene and Overman. Mr. Pomerene declines to serve on account of other assignments and his place was quickly filled by the appointment of another democrat. Vice President Coolidge and President Protempore Cummins were both absent this afternoon so the filling of the Pomerene vacancy went over.

CHILDREN EMPLOYED IN COLORADO BEET FIELDS

Washington, Nov. 2.—Nearly 1,100 children under 16 years of age, are employed in the Colorado beet fields, according to a survey recently completed by the children's bureau of the department of labor. The harmful effects of such labor, a statement issued tonight said, was shown by medical examination which discovered "in seventy per cent. of the one thousand examined postural deformities and malpositions" which the educational handicap was said to be illustrated by the fact that over forty per cent. were from one to seven years behind in their grades.

Four-fifths of the children recorded were under 14, one-fourth under 10 "and a number had not reached eight," according to the statement.

AUTOMOBILE USED IN HOLD UP IN WALLINGFORD

Wallingford, Nov. 2.—A daring holdup was pulled off here just before midnight, when Charles Backus was robbed of $40. He was on his way home, when an automobile, with three men in it, drew up to the curb on South Main street and two of them leveled guns at the local citizen and proceeded to clean out his pockets. The third man remained in the car. The machine then drove rapidly toward New Haven. Officer Tierney was notified and all of the New Haven police sought, but with no result, although a general alarm was sent out. The belief that the men knew Mr. Backus is advanced by the Wallingford police, as he is known generally to have considerable money with him.

SEIZED MILK AND DUMPED IT INTO THE COS COB RIVER

Greenwich, Conn., Nov. 2.—Men who were believed to be sympathizers with the striking milk drivers of New York city, stopped a truck which was laden with milk from Portchester, N. Y., for the Borden Milk Company, and consigned to a school house at Cos Cob, on Stram's Hill, last night, and the milk taken off and dumped into the river. Another truck which was following was stopped but as it was not carrying milk the driver was allowed to proceed.

SAFETY DIRECTOR WAS CONVICTED OF BRIBERY

Youngstown, Ohio, Nov. 2.—Safety Director David J. Scott was convicted by a jury in common pleas court tonight on a charge of bribery in connection with liquor law violations. Sentence was not imposed pending a motion for a new trial.

Scott has been under suspension since charges were filed against him by a special grand jury last July which resulted in his indictment. John P. Banks, Mayor Warnock's secretary; a detective and a politician were indicted at the same time.

TECHNICAL ADVISERS FOR ARMAMENT DELEGATES

Washington, Nov. 2.—Conferences between the American delegation to the conference on armament limitation and the staffs of technical advisers assigned to aid the delegation will continue even after the conference itself has opened.

It was indicated today at the state department where the American delegates again were in session with Secretary Denby and the naval advisers, that there would probably be no termination of this discussion of naval armament matters or of any other specific matters to come up before the international gatherings, the meetings going on as occasion required even after the conference was in session.

So far the American delegates are understood to have concerned themselves in their joint discussions primarily with naval armament matters, no other subjects such as those involving a possible association of nations plan or a world court having been considered. In studying the naval matters the delegates are understood to be preparing to take the initiative and make a substantial offer in the conference looking to reduction of naval programmes. The United States called the conference, it was pointed out, and expects to be ready to sumbit a very liberal offer on its own behalf looking to such reductions.

The first meeting of the conference is now scheduled for 10.30 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, November 12, in the auditorium of the building erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution. Formal notice of the hour of meeting and of the necessity to postpone convoking the conference from the original date of November 11, will be sent within a day or so by the state department to the embassies of the powers represented in the deliberations.

CRUSADE AGAINST LIQUOR BY NEW HAVEN POLICE

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 2.—Orders were issued by Chief of Police Smith to his force today to make an effort to stop traffic in liquor, uniformed officers to be held responsible for their beats and liable to a charge of neglect of duty if seizures are made on them. The crusade will also include places of questionable character, and officers will not be required to make actual seizures of liquors.

FINE OF $1,000 IMPOSED ON ASSOCIATE OF TEX RICKARD

Columbus, Nov. 2.—A fine of $1,000 was imposed in federal court here today upon Frank Flournei, of New York, an associate of Tex Rickard for bringing into Ohio films of the Dempsey-Carpentier fight in violation of federa law. Flournoi pleaded guilty to the charge in the hope that the films may be shown in Ohio. Before being shownn they must be approved by the state film censorship bureau.

CABLED PARAGRAPHS

King Alexander in Belgrade.

Belgrade, Nov. 2.—King Alexander, who arrived here yesterday from Paris, visited the tomb of King Peter, his father, this morning. King Peter died while his son was ill in a suburb of French capital.

OFFER OF MILK DRIVERS TO ARBITRATE DECLINED

New York, Nov. 2.—Prospects for an early settlement of the strike of 10,000 milk wagon drivers, salesmen and platform men vanished tonight when the molk conference board, the employers' organization, voted against submitting the matters in dispute to arbitration.

The board, in a letter given to Health Commissioner Copeland for submission to the strikers' meeting at Madison Square Garden, said:

"We deem it inadvisable and unwise for the public interest to merely defer a problem where conditions call for a solution."

Earlier in the day union leaders agreed to recommend to the strikers that they return to their jobs on the terms of the old wage agreement, pending a round table discussion with their employers. The contract under which the men had been working expired November 1. The men demanded an increase of five dollars a week in their new contract, whereas the employers had proposed a general wage reduction.

Before starting with the letter for Madison Square Garden, Commissioner Copeland declared the employers had taken a stand against the public interests and were "sacrificing human life in an effort to break the union."

"These employers," he added, "want the open shop and I hold them responsible for breaking up the plan for arbitration."

In rejecting the arbitration proposal, the employers stated that to temporize at this time would do no good.

"The proposal now made, would in effect," their letter said, "restore the very control over our business to those who have created this crisis and whose attitude of mind has been fully indicated by what has already occurred. To continue the menace of such action is impossible."

L. Elkin Nathans, the board's secretary, said that normal delivery of milk with proper protection would be put into effect as soon as possible.

"All companies," he added, "will take on new and old men beginning Thursday morning at the old scale. They are willing to do this because they will not be hampered by numerous union regulations. They also are willing to increase slightly the wages of some inside men who do general utility work."

The slight increase, it was said, would apply to some inside workers whose present wage is less than $30 a week. In offering the existing scale to all who may be accepted, board officials said, they are not receding in effect from their their contentions that decreases in some positions would be just.

Before the milk conference board made public its rejection of the arbitration proposal the strikers at their meeting had voted to return to work, provided arbitration could be agreed upon.

Commissioner Copeland addressed the mass meeting, placing responsibility on the distributors for the continuance of the strike. He urged the men to refrain from violence.

The commissioner said that hereafter he would not deal with the conference board as an organization but with its individual members. He asked the strikers to leave the difficulty to the mayor and the board of health for settlement.

ITALY'S GREAT DESIRE IS PRESERVATION OF PEACE

Washington, Nov. 2.—(By The A. P.)—During the Washington conference on armament and Far Eastern questions Italy "will never hesitate to give all her support to any proposal which may eliminate future conflicts and assure peace," Senator Carlo Schanzer, president of the Italian delegation to the conference, said in a statement tonight. "We feel convinced," he added, "that the conference will reach a substantial conclusion and that the friendly relationship between the United States and Italy will be consecrated by even closer links of friendship.

"When it was necessary to defend her national rights and to fight for liberty and justice, Italy proved to be able to stand the hardest moral and material sacrifices and to fight gloriously until the day of victory. But the Italian people, following their nature, their traditions and education, are sincerely peace loving. Italy has not only showed her strong willingness on the question of the reduction of armaments, but has done something more by reducing her army as much as was compatible with her national security.

"The political action of Italy has always been inspired by the ideal of preservation of peace and by the purpose of settling peacefully all questions that might arise among nations.

"Italian policy in central Europe has shown on many occasions that Italy always follows the same peaceful ideals. With the treaty of Rapallo, Italy has settled her questions with Jugo Slavia; and also recently it was Italy who, with her mediation seems able to avoid a war between Austria and Hungary over the question of Burgenland, preventing perhaps a still more serious conflict in central Europe.

"Peace is for Italy the supreme ideal; not only peace with her neighbors, but also the general peace of the world. Italy wants above all to overcome the economical consequences of the past war, to develop again her production and her trade and to re-establish her financial situation. Of course, Italy has the duty of safeguarding her national interests and her security, but this does not prevent her from being opposed to any new war; when we remember that the economical system of the world must form one sole block, we understand that any war today represents an economical disaster, not only for the countries which are called to fight, but also for every others country; war means destruction of wealth, paralyzation of industry and interruption of international trades."

443 ARRESTS IN YEAR FOR VIOLATING STATE GAME LAWS

Hartford, Nov. 2.—During the last fiscal year the game wardens of the state arrested 443 persons for violating the game laws. Convictions were obtained in 291 cases prosecuted, and the fines and costs amounted to $10,206.91. The total expense incurred by the fish and game commission for warden services was $11,519.83. From hunters' licenses the state receives $39,395.

TOWNLEY STARTS SERVING NINETY DAY SENTENCE

Jackson, Minn., Nov. 2.—A. C. Townley, president of the National Non-Partisan League entered the Jackson County jail here today to serve a sentence of ninety days for violation of the Minnesota sedition law.

The United States supreme court recently refused to review his case.

On[illegible]d to Sales Tax [illegible] Special Session

Chairman Fordney Would Reserve It With Soldiers' Bonus Bill For Regular Session.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Deploring the effort to put a sales tax through the senate at this ime, Chairman Fordney of the house ways and means committee, disclosed today that it was his plan to bring in a sales tax in connection with the soldiers' bonus bill which he said would be reported during the coming regular session of congress.

"We want to reserve the sales tax for the bonus bill," Mr. Fordney said, "and we will pass that measure soon after congress reconvenes."

Earlier in the day, Mr. Fordney, representative Green, of Iowa, and Representative Longworth, ranking republican on the ways and means committee, had informed senate leaders that under no condition would the house agree to a sales tax at this time.

With proponents of the Smoot plan claiming only five votes less than a majority for the sales tax, some republican senate leaders thought the fate of this proposition would be decided by discussions on the senate floor. This is the view of Senator Penrose in charge of the tax revision bill, who said he would insist upon full and free discussion. He added that while he would not oppose a sales tax, he was not prepared to vote for it and added that "the finance committee thought it was best to leave decision on the sales tax to the senate itself."

"It means very radical revision of the whole tax system," Mr. Penrose said, "and it was agreed that the committee ought not to take any stand on such an important and far reaching matter."

The latest canvass of the senate today by leaders was said to have shown thirty republican senators for the sales tax, 12 against it and 12 doubtful with six absent or not polled. Two democrats were represented as favoring this form of taxation with three others doubtful.

While the sales tax conference went on in the cloak rooms and elsewhere, the senate proceeded with the tax bill, completing consideration of majority committee amendments and taking up changes proposed by individuals. A third successive night session was held and those in charge of the measure hoped by tomorrow the way would be cleared for the remaining three big fights—soldier bonus, sales tax and a graduated corporation income tax.

Changes made in the bill included the addition of a five cent a gallon tax on syrup used in the manufacture of carbonated beverages, the tax on which had already been fixed at two cents a gallon, and the reduction from five to three cents a pound in the proposed rate on carbonic acid gas.

Another amendment adopted would exempt from the admission tax charges made by community center picture shows.

Under a majority amendment to the insurance section, agreed upon with the opposition, mutual insurance companies other than life companies would be taxed on net income as compiled under the present law, while old line insurance companies, other than life, would be taxed on the net income from investment and underwriting. It was explained that this difference had been agreed upon in order to equalize the taxation on the two classes of companies.

Amendments offered by individual senators were disposed of rapidly, but few being adopted, and the night session was cut short. Senator Penrose explained that since the soldiers' bonus and sales tax proposals were the only big issues remaining so far as he knew, nothing was to be gained by meeting longer tonight.

TWO MORE ARRESTS FOR NEW YORK MAIL ROBBERY

New York Nov. 2.—Arrest of two men wanted by post office authorities in connection with the $2,000,000 mail truck robbery, the night of October 24, was announced today by the police of Jersey City. The men were taken into custody yesterday while driving a motor car along a city boulevard. They were recorded at Jersey City police headquarters as Michael Arbesi, alias Rafaelo Derosa, and Frank Calabrese, both of Hoboken.

They are being held in $5,000 bail each on technical charges of being suspicious characters.

Police Commissioner Bentley, of Jersey City said he knew of the connection the men were believed to have had with the robbery, but could not make it public.

DEAD MAN BELIEVED TO BE THOS. M'NALLY OF MEDFORD

Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 2.—A man believed to be Thomas McNally of Medford, Mass., died today of wounds received early this morning when Albert C. Dow fired at three men who, he said were stealing a case of whiskey from his home. After receiving a description of the dead man fromd the police, a brother of Thomas McNally started from Medford for Bridgeport to view the body.

Police are searching for the automobile in which the dead man's companions escaped.

TO PREPARE PLANS FOR STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, NEW BRITAIN

Hartford, Nov. 2.—Commissioner of Education Meredithf announced tonight that plans and specifications for a new state normal school at New Britain would be prepared at once. The board of education was told today that an appraisal of the old normal school building set its value at $116,000. It will be taken over by the city of New Britain. The legislative appropriation for the new normal school was $750,000.

ROBBED OF DIAMONDS VALUED BETWEEN $100,000 AND $150,000

Chicago, Nov. 2.—Two salesmen of the A. Schwarts and company, a Chicago jewelry concern, were held up and robbed of diamonds reported to be valued at between $100,000 and $150,000 by three armed bandits in Highland Park, a suburb ,today. The hold-up was reported to the detective bureau here and squads were sent out to search for the robbers who escaped in an automobile.

FIRE DAMAGED THE NEW BRITAIN HERALD BUILDING

New Britain, Conn., Nov. 2.—The building of the New Britain Herald was partly burned early today. Temporarily the Herald was issued from the plant of the Hartford Courant. The loss to the Herald Publishing company, it is thought, will be $100,000. Mr. Johnstone Vance, editor, said that it had not been determined how the fire started.

American Legion Elected Officers

Hanford MacNider of Mason City, Iowa, Was Chosen National Commander.

Kansas City, Nov. 2 (By the A. P.).—The national convention of the American Legion adjourned here tonight after electing Hanford MacNider of Mason City, Iowa, national commander, selecting other officers, and adopting resolutions covering a wide range of subjects. The convention had been in session without a recess since early this morning.

The election of Mr. MacNider to succeed John G. Emery of Grand Rapids, Mich., was made unanimous after more than half of the state delegations had seconded his nomination, and three other candidates nominated, Roy Hoffman of Oklahoma City, Earl M. Cline of Nebraska City, Neb., and John F. Williams of Joplin, Mo., had withdrawn in his favor.

The vice commanders chosen were: George L. Berry of Rogersville, Tenn., H. Nelson Jackson of Burlington, Vt., and Charles Kendrick of San Francisco, representing the army, and Raymond Brackett of Marblehead, Mass., and J. A. McCormick of Fort Lyon, Col., of the navy.

Rev. Earl Blackman of Chanute, Kas., a minister of the Christian church—Disciples of Christ—was elected national chaplain.

A fight for the removal of the national legion headquarters from Indianapolis to Kansas City, which the Missouri delegation promised in pre-convention campaigning to bring on the floor, did not develop.

The election of officers concluded an all-day session marked by debate and wrangling over certain sections of the resolutions committee report. Particularly heated was the discussion of a resolution criticising severely the speech delivered by George Harvey, American ambassador to Great Britain, before the Pilgrims' club in London upon his arrival in England to assume his duties as ambassador, and in which Mr. Harvey discussed the reasons why the United States entered the war. The original resolution was thrown out of the report on a roll call vote and later a substitute was adopted. The substitute was written in less sharp terms and expressed the belief that the ambassador's remarks did not represent the true feeling for which the American Legion stands. It directed that a copy of the resolution be sent to President Harding.

Two resolutions bearing upon federal compensation for soldiers were among the mass adopted. Both declared in favor of immediate compensation legislation. One submitted by the convention's legislative committee declared it "after careful consideration of all the arguments advanced in opposition to the measure, including the letter of the secretary of the treasury and the address of the president to congress, we still firmly believe in the justice, fairness and immediate necessity of the adjusted compensation measure."

The resolution adds that the legion "reaffirms its stand upon adjusted compensation and asks that the congress of the United States pass this measure without further equivocation or delay."

The other compensation resolution adopted was offered by the resolutions committee. It asserted that the American Legion "reiterates its position in favor of the adjusted compensation for discharged soldiers and deplores the request of President Harding to delay passage by congress of a measure for the same and the acquiescence of congress in that request."

Besides the section relating to Colonel Harvey, the only part of the resolutions committee's report to meet with opposition from the floor was that relating to indorsement by the legion of the proposal that the chemical industry in this country be developed with a view to making chemical warfare a more important part of the nation's defenses. The resolution was laid on the table pending investigation of charges made on the floor that financial interests were seeking to influence the legion to indorse the proposal.

Later the matter was referred to the national executive committee.

Late today the convention voted to confer upon Milton J. Foreman of Chicago the title of past national commander.

Mr. Foreman was chairman of the Paris conference at which the legion was organized and the honor was bestowed upon him in recognition for the service and others since performed for the organization. Rev. Thomas Houston Wiles of Colorado, chairman of the legion's caucus at St. Louis, was made a past national chaplain.

MRS. HOBART PRESIDENT OF LEGION AUXILIARY

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Lowell Hobart of Milford, Ohio, was chosen national president of the American Legion Auxiliary, the women's organization, composed of relatives of veterans.

The women, who held their first national convention today, chose as their official designation, the American Legion auxiliary, after a discussion which lasted two hours. They voted to make mothers, wives, sisters and daughters of veterans of the World war eligible for membership and voted to exclude grandmothers.

A constitution was adopted and several resolutions dealing with the treatment of disabled soldiers were adopted by the convention.

DAISY OFFICIAL FLOWER OF THE AMERICAN LEGION

Kansas City, Nov. 2.—The daisy was adopted by unanimous vote today as the official flower of the American Legion. The poppy had many adherents because of its association with Flanders battlefields but when it was explained that it was not an American flower and could not be obtained in large quantities, the "poppy party" shifted its support to the daisy.

JAPANESE DELEGATION ARRIVES IN WASHINGTON

Washington, Nov. 2.—(By the A. P.)—The principal Japanese delegation to the armament conference arrived here late today from the Pacific coast by special train. The party included Admiral T. Kato, minister of marine; Prince Iyesato Tokugawa, president of the house of the house of peers, and a party of advisers and experts.

The delegation was met by Secretary Hughes and Third Assistant Secretary Bliss, representing the state department; Secretary Denby and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt of the navy department, and a number of other officials. The Japanese delegation to the conference is now complete, the first of any country to be completed by arrival here.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

Fred H. Moore, 61, pensioned assistant chief of the Brockton fire department, died Tuesday.

The annual triangular debates between Yale, Harvard and Princeton will be held March 24.

The Christobal Colon, a new liner which will be placed in the trans-Atlantic service was launched at Ferrol, Spain.

The "school population" of the United States is 33,250,870, the census bureau announced.

Two inches of snow fell yesterday in Aroostook county, Me., the first of the season, except for a flurry a month ago.

Pasquale Renna was shot and killed at the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Marguerite Tarquinino in Cambridge, Mass.

Approximately 81,000 tons of sodium nitrate, purchased by the war department for war purposes, will be offered for sale for commercial uses November 30.

The emergency fleet corporation is preparing to offer for sale eight to twelve steel freighters of ten to twelve thousand tons.

Madrid Monday celebrated the festival arranged in honor of St. Dominic, founder of the Dominican Order, and Dante Alighiere.

Leaders of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America are said to be preparing for a walkout in Chicago November 15.

Thieves took $20,000 worth of jewelry from the home of Colonel Anthony R. Kuser, vice president of the public service corporation at Bernardsville, N. J.

Felix Paiva has assumed the office of president of the republic of Paraguay, following the deposition of President Gondra.

The diamond and emerald earrings given by Napoleon to Empress Josephine were displayed in New York by a Fifth Avenue jewelr.

The Connecticut State Sunday school association, meeting in annual convention at New Britain, accepted an invitation to hold next year's convention in Torrington.

Treasury department officials said that New York brewers will probably be the first to operate under new medicinal beer rules.

Protesting against a second cut in wages, more than 1,000 metal tradesmen in Scranton, Pittsburgh and Wilkesbarre went on strike.

National Highways Protective society announced that during the month of October 221 persons were killed by automobiles and trucks in New York state, including New York city.

Railroad arrangements for the Yale-Princeton football game here Nov. 12 embrace the handling of 16 special trains from New York city during the morning hours.

The body of Mrs. William Cody lies in the grave with her husband, "Buffalo Bill," famous scout and Indian fighter, at the top of Lookout Mountain, near Golden, Colo.

Former President Wilson had so far recovered yesterday from his recent slight indisposition that, despite inclement weather, he attended a matinee at a theatre in Washington.

A commission to "consider further an international exposition in or near Boston" in commemoration of the landing of the Pilgrims, was named by Governor Cox.

A contract was given to a Stratford man, for demolition of the old Washington bridge over the Housatonic river. Work will probably start at once. The contract price was $9,000.

The house by a vote of 184 to 36 adopted the conference report on the federal aid roads bill which carries an appropriation of $75,000,000 for highway construction.

By unanimous vote the district council of California oil field workers decided to recommend to the strikers that they return to work at once after an absence of seven weeks.

Repayment of $300,000,000 borrowed in the New York market in 1916, was completed by the British government with the redemption of between $51,000,000 and $52,000,000 in 5 1-2 per cent. bonds.

The Norwegian freighter Snar held at quarantine at Boston, because of the belief that her commander, Captain Olsen, who was removed at Norfolk, was suffering from typhus, was released.

Announcement was made by the census bureau that its next cotton ginning report, which was to have been made Tuesday, November 8, had been deferred until Wednesday, November 9.

King Alexander of Jugoslavia has returned to Belgrade from Paris. It is expected that arrangements for his coronation as successor to the late King Peter will be announced in the near future.

State department was advised four Americans employed by American Smelting & Refining Co. were kidnaped by Mexicans near the mine at Parral. They were being held for 25,000 pesos, but were later released for 5,000 pesos.

Prime Minister Hontoria has been requested by the Spanish ambassador in Washington to take speedy measures for facilitating the repatriation of the numerous unemployed Spaniards in the United States.

A formal charge of murder was made in federal court against Richard Wiesenfield, a marine, for the shooting at the Boston navy yard on October 23, of Quincy Rouden of Panama City, Fla., a fellow marine.

Fire destroyed the home of Miss Caroline E. Brown on the Darien side of Glenbrook. The season's first fire in the furnace was the supposed cause. The loss is $12,000, partly covered by insurance.

Miss Rose Mendish is critically ill of poisoning at a hospital in Boston and Morris Hyanis was suffering from a bullet wound the result, according to the police, of an attempted suicide by the woman after she had shot the man.

Notice was given to the interstate commerce commission by the National Association of Sand and Gravel Producers that cofplain asking reduction in freight rates on their products throughout eastern and central territory had been formally filed.

LLOYD GEORGE CANCELS HIS PASSAGE ON THE AQUITANIA

Still Intends to Come to Washington at the Earliest Possible Moment—Assumption is That the Premier Hopes to See a Settlement of the Irish Problem, or at Least a Basis of Agreement, Before His Departure.

London, Nov. 2 (by the A. P.)—Premier Lloyd George has definitely cancelled his passage on the steamer Aquitania, on which he was to have proceeded to the United States November 5, to attend the Washington conference.

This fact became officially known here tonight for the first time. It had been known, however, for some days that the critical stage the Irish negotiations had reached probably would prevent Mr. Lloyd George from sailing on Saturday.

Owing to the grave turn in Irish affairs it is not even possible to fix a provisional date for the premier's sailing, but he still intends to go to Washington at the earliest moment possible.

The cancellation by the premier of his passage is considered a favorable rather than an unfavorable sign of the progress of the Irish negotiations. The interpretation placed on it is that Mr. Lloyd George hopes that a few days' delay in his departure will enable him to see a settlement reached, or at least the basis of an agreement arrived at which can be worked out during his absence from the country. In this connection importance is attached to the fact that Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier, is coming to London Saturday.

The promoters of the lord mayor's banquet, which is to be held November 9, have been anxious to have Mr. Lloyd George speak at the dinner, at which for many years it has been chstomary for the prime minister to make a political pronouncement. Mr. Lloyd George, however, has declined to make any promise to attend the function, and this is taken in some quarters as showing that he still is hopeful of being able to sail for the United States within a week.

STOCKHOLDERS OF UNION OIL TO VOTE ON MERGER

New York, Nov. 2.—Stockholders of the Union Oil company of Delaware will meet here November 17 to consider a merger with the Royal Dutch-Shell Transport and Trading Company, which is controlled by the British and Dutch interests.

Terms of the proposed merger have been outlined, but the exact conditions will depend upon word awaited from abroad.

It is understood that in the prospective consolidation the foreign interests will control 72 per cent. of the stock of the new company, the balance going to Union Oil shareholders.

The announcement regarding the merger was made late today by Hayden, Stone and Company, bankers, of New York and Boston.

The Union Oil Company has operated largely in California and controls a number of subsidiary and affiliated companies including the Commonwealth Petroleum Corporation, Western Union Oil Company, United Western Consolidated Oil Company, Dunlop Oil Company, Eldredstone Oil Corporation, Columbia Oil Producing Company and the Puente Oil Company.

Its capital stock consists of five million shares of no par value, of which about 1,367,000 have been issued.

The Royal Dutch Company was incorporated at The Hague in 1890 and the American company, which is corporately known as the Royal Dutch Company of New York, is owned by American interests, which also have a predominating interest in the Shell Company of California.

Shell transport and trading is primarily a British corporation, distributing and transporting petroleum products, owning a large number of tank steamers and operating can factories in all parts of the world.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH IN A CLOTHES CLOSET

Newark, N. J., Nov. 2.—Mrs. Agnes Murphy burned to death today in a clothes closet of her third floor apartment.

Police at first expressed belief that she lit a match in the dark closet and fainted when garments hanging inside caught fire. Later they were puzzled when a step daughter found a note in the next room reading "I am innocent. God is my judge."

William Murphy, the husband, who lost his job as a shoe salesman yesterday, identified the writing as his wife's upon his return from seeking work. He was unable to explain the meaning of the note.

Mrs. Murphy's nine year old son, Robert, heard poundings on the clothes closet door when he returned from school. Opening it, his mother fell forward in flames. The boy ran, crying, "My mother is burning up," but when help arrived she was dead.

COLLECTING STATISTICS ON LIVING COSTS AND WAGES

New York, Nov. 2.—Statistics on living costs and wages in other lines of work are being collected independently by railroads in the east to supply the basis of proposals for further pay reductions among all classes of operating employes.

This was made known today by an official of the Association of Railway Executives, who said that, while all the carriers were presumed to be taking steps toward new wage cuts, the problem was one to be settled separately by each road and hence would not be dealt with at this time by the association.

N. Y. C. EXTENDS TIME FOR SALE OF L. & W. HOLDINGS

New York, Nov. 2.—The board of directors of the Central Railroad of New Jersey today extended to November 15 the time in which proposals would be received for purchasing the road's holdings in the stock of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company, it was announced at the president's office.

Notice was given that all proposals must be made on a basis of 20 per cent. payment in cash, with the remainder in cash payable within a period of eleven months from the date of acceptance.

OBITUARY.

William A. Bridge.

Thompsonville, Nov. 2.—William A. Bridge, 52, manufacturer, died at his home in Hazardville today. He was vice president of Amos D. Bridge Sons, Inc., secretary of the Enfield Lumber Company, and treasurer of the State Sunday School Association. Mrs Bridge and a daughter survive.

William A. Kellogg.

South Norwalk, Nov. 2.—William A. Kellogg died today, aged 85 years. He was a lieutenant in Company F, 17th Connecticut Volunteers, during the Civil war and at one time was chief of the Norwalk fire department.

Morris Meyers.

Danbury, Nov. 2.—Morris Meyers, former president of the State Firemen's association, died here today in the 70th year of his age. He was chief of the Danbury fire department 25 years ago. He had been city and town treasurer, representative in the general assembly and selectman of the town of Danbury. Before Danbury became a municipal city he was warden of the borough.

HEARINGS ON PERMANENT TARIFF BILL OPEN TODAY

Washington, Nov. 2.—The senate finance committee is scheduled tomorrow to re-open public hearings on the permanent tariff bill. Chairman Penrose announced tonight that the first schedule to be taken up would be that of agricultural products and that at least the first day's session would be devoted to rates on wool and wpolen products.

Mr. Penrose said also it was planned to take committee action on the resolution extending the emergency tariff.

There were indications that some differences might arise in the committee with respect to the emergency tariff extension. Senator McLean, a committee member, has prepared an amendment designed to offset the disparity in exchange but it was said that members of the house ways and means committee who originally put forward the resolution extending the emergency law were opposed to any changes and had gained support for their views among some finance committee members.

House leaders are said to hold that while the differences in exchange should be corrected, an attempt to amend the resolution might result in parliamentary delay which woud cause the temporary tariff to lapse.

REDUCTION IN REDISCOUNT RATES OF RESERVE BANKS

Washington, Nov. 2.—Reduction of one per cent. in re-discount rates of cfderal reserve banks at Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City and of one-half o one per cent. at reserve banks at New York, Philadelphia, Richmond, Atlanta and San Francisco, were announced today by the federal reserve board.

Re-discount rates of the banks of Boston, Cleveland, Minneapolis and Dallas have not been changed as the directors of those banks have not as yet held a meeting on the subject.

New rates at the eight banks making reductions are as follows:

Four and one-half per cent., New York and Philadelphia; five per cent. Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and San Francisco, and five and one-half per cent., Richmond and Atlanta.

The rates in force at the other banks which have not been changes as yet are:

Five per cent., Boston; five and one-half per cent., Cleveland yand six per cent., Minneapolis and Dallas.

LEDOUX HAS CLOSED THE CHURCH FOR THE UNEMPLOYED

Boston, Nov. 2.—The Church of the Unemployed, a hotel for men without work, which was established in the West End recently by Urbain Ledoux, was closed today. A sign across the building announced that it was "closed until Boston regains its sense of God." Ledoux's assistants said about 75 men sheltered there last night would be obliged to find other quarters.

Ledoux, who are putting unemployed men on the auction block on the Boston Common, went to New York and Washington to continue his work, was here today when the doors were closed.

"I returned here to find the men cold and hungry, without food and fuel. It was necessary to close the place until Boston makes provision for those without work.

A PROGRAM FOR PUBLIC EDUCATION ON ARMAMENTS

Washington, Nov. 2.—The services of the country's leading authors in creating sentiment for success of the armaments conference were tendered to President Harding today by a committee of the "Vigilantes," a writers' organization which performed similar work during the world war. The president was assured that a program of public education on the subject would be kept in prominence during the sessions of the conference, and he expressed his thanks and warm approval.

Those who called to make the offer to Mr. Harding were Booth Tarkington, Mary Roberts Rinehard, Wallace Irwin, and Charles Hanson Towne.

WOMAN BANDIT HATED TO, BUT DID USE SANDBAG

New York, Nov. 2.—"I hate to do this but I am driven to it," said a woman bandit today just before hitting May Naftal, a modiste, on the head with a sand bag.

Dazed, the modiste dropped in the hall way of an apartment house on West 74th street which she had just entered. Two men stepped up, seized the fashionable gowns she was delivring, rmoved $1,500 in jewelry from her fingers, stole her purse and fled, leaving a drugged handkerchief over the victim's mouth.

Police who went to search for the robbers said the modiste's skull would have been fractured but for her well padded hat and heavy coifure.

PRISONERS RELEASED FROM IRISH INTERNMENT CAMP

Dublin, Nov. 2.—It is announced that ten prisoners in the Ballykinlar internment camp were liberated today.

While no reason was assigned for the release of the men it was considered here as indicating that a general release of prisoners is not distant, and that their being turned loose might be a part of a general peace agreement.