GRAND CIRCUIT MAY ADOPT 2-HEAT RULE

With the approach of the annual meeting of the Grand Circuit stewards to be held in Cleveland on January 9 and 10, those who would not be happy unless they could make a few suggestions are on the firing line. The Grand Circuit can change rules as far as its own tracks are concerned and what innovations there have been have come from this organization, for the old parent associations do little in this line.

The North Randall track at Cleveland is responsible for more ideas to add zest to racing than any of them. Every year there is something new for the patrons who thus enjoy the very best on the racing calendar. Win Kincaid, who is secretary both of the track and of the grand circuit, announces that he is going to try and put over a two-heat rule which he believes will make real contests out of races.

The three-heat rule, generally followed on the mile tracks and adopted by most of the half milers west of the New England states, serves the purpose of shortening the events, but it has a serious drawback. When a horse has won the first and second heats he has won the race, so that the third heat often is a farce especially where there is betting. North Randall got around this last summer by sending the winner of the first two heats to the barn, which helped somewhat.

Kincaid's plan is going back to the two in three heat system of racing. A horse must win two heats. It calls for faster driving and less laying-up, will make races shorter and permit of another start each afternoon. Also, it will allow starters to race twice in a week, as two races will not take as much from a horse as one of the old dollar-and-a-half affairs on the three in five heat plan. What trotting needs is more pep and this appears to supply it.

Another rumor whispering chamber whose Kincaid is working on is a handicap race for trotting with records of 2:10 or better. There is too little for these extremely fast horses to do in the regular run of stakes and purses. It is difficult to get enough of them together to make an interesting race.

NEW HAVEN MAY LOSE BALL, SHEA AND STIMPSON

New Haven ball fans are eagerly awaiting a thunderclap from George Weiss which is due this week, or shortly after the session of major league magnates in New York.

Weiss has stated he will announce after the New York session the name of New Haven 1922 manager. According to the dope in the Elm City the days of Chief Bender are numbered, and he will not be at the head of the Indians again. While Bender is popular with the fans, it is said that the redskin and Weiss did not get along as harmoniously as hoped for last season.

There is no inkling who will be Bender's successor, if the "chief" should be sidetracked. There have been murmurs that "Rube" Oldring, veteran big league outfielder who joined the Bender tribe in midsummer, may be given the reins, but Weiss is mum on that point, also. Neither will Weiss say Bender will not be the manager. So, the official statement from Weiss' suite of offices in Hotel Taft is stirring the old dame curiosity.

Weiss, however, has hinted there's going to be a shakeup in the ranks, and in addition to Bender three of his star players are likely to be seen in action elsewhere. The three mentioned are J. A. Shay, brilliant infielder, who slicked for .295 last season; Neal Ball "brainiest second baseman" in the O-Neil circuit, who hit the ball for .300 and Earl Stimpson, outfielder, who clouted the pill for .273.

Stimpson, in point of service, is the dean of the New Haven club, having drawn his salary in the Elm City for six or seven seasons. He was also a member of the championship team in 1916. Nothing against Stimpson, except there's a feeling that he has been with the club too long and that a change would be mutually advantageous.

The same feeling prevails in the case of Neal Ball. He is still counted as being a valuable player, but during the past two seasons Ball has been unmercifully "ridden" by some of the fans at intervals when the club was going bad. In the case of Shay, the shortstop, and Weiss are said to have had several run-ins last season.

Weiss has made an excellent start in bolstering up his team for next season, if hisintentions of a thorough housecleaning are sincere, in signing Bowman star first sacker of the New Port News cluff in the Virginia league. Bowman is a righthanded hitter and a classy fielder, so say the reports. Last season he hit over the .300 mark, his whaling stunts at the bat including ten home runs, forty-eight doubles and three triples. On his record great things are expected of Bowman.

N. Y. GOLFERS PROTEST INCREASED LOCKER FEES

New York, Dec. 19—Five golf organizations using the public links of New York have been requested to appoint representatives to meet early this week to protest against the increased locker and greens fees to be charged next season. While no public statement has yet been made as to the amount of the increases, it is reported that the park commissioner proposes to raise the greens fees from $5 to $20, and the locker fees from $5 and $7.50 for lower and upper lockers, respectively, to a flat rate of $10.

The increased fees, according to C. M Atherton, chairman of the tournament committee of the Newspapermen's Golf Club, would drive many players from the game because the cost would be prohibitive. No figures are available as to the number that used Van Cortlandt Park course in 1921, but in 1920 the sale of yearly permits netted $35,815 and the daily permits, at $1 each, $11,379.

HARVARD-CALIFORNIA CONTEST UNCERTAIN

Berkeley, Calif., Dec. 19—Andy Smith head coach of the University of California, just back from an eastern tour, was non-committal Monday as to the prospect of a Harvard-California contest next October 28 in Cambridge.

"Whether such a trip can be arranged remains to be seen," he asserted. "It might interfere with our men's studies, then again, it would be unfair to them if they had to play Harvard a day or so after arriving in the East. That's the rub and I want to give it much thought before reaching a decision."

HIGGINS ANKLE KEEPS HIM OUT OF ATHLETICS

New York, Dec. 19—Walter Higgins, Columbia University's crack distance runner, will not be seen in competition on the board floors this season. He has just declined an invitation to compete in a meet on February 18 because of the poor condition of his right ankle, which he injured several months ago.

JAKE SCHAEFER HOLDS LEAD ON ROGER CONTI

Philadelphia, Dec. 19—Jake Schaefer, world's champion 18.2 balk line billiard champion won the first two blocks of a 3200 point exhibition match today from Roger Conti and is leading the French star 800 to 247. Schaefer won the afternoon match 400 to 152 and the night match 400 to 95. The champion's highest run was 249 and Conti's 68.

SCRIBES GIVE GIBBONS DECISION OVER MADDEN

Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 19—Tommy Gibbons, St. Paul light heavyweight won over Bartley Madden of New York, in a ten round no-decision bout here tonight in the opinion of newspaper men. Gibbons opened cuts over both of Madden's eyes early in the contest and this handicapped the New York fighter.

PAL MOORE GETS NEWSPAPER DECISION OVER JOEY SWARTZ

Detroit, Mich. Dec. 19—Pal Moore, of Memphis won the newspaper decision over Swartz of Detroit in their ten round bout here tonight. The Memphis bantam landed on Swartz at will but failed to damage the Detroiter who pressed the fighting at some stages.

JOHNNY DUNDEE WINS FROM JIMMY HANLON

Philadelphia, Dec. 19—Johnny Dundee, New York lightweight, outpointed Jimmy Hanlon of Denver in an eight round no-decision bout tonight. Dundee had the advantage in every round.

Explains Dearth of Players

Baseball enthusiasts, seeking a reason for the dearth of trading of players between Major League Clubs which marked last week's gathering of the clans in New York, attribute it to the high prices paid for minors which has thrown the market out of gear and has given the clug owners something to think about. The sensational sales made by Pacific Coast clubs to teams in the big circuits are believed by followers of the game to be responsible for the lack of action.

The subject became a topic of the sport after the big league magnates had ended their sessions, and it was found from one major league to another had been the outcome of the week.

An illustration of the sentiment in regard to the decline in player trading was given by Ty Cobb, when he remarked that if a man like Jimmy O'Connell, who has been in minor league baseball for only two years was worth $75,000, what was Bob Veach, a proven .350 hitter and a ball hawk, worth on the open market

O'Connell was bought by the Giants.

Y. M. C. A. Basketball League

In Monday night's game the T. N. T.'s maintained their reputation by defeating the Hornets by a close score of 10-11, while the Lightning Five flashed across another victory by which theyretaine d their place as head team of the league.

Lightning Five	5	2
T. N. T.'s	5	2
Hornets	3	4
Blue Devils	1	6

Basketball Challenge

Ashland A. A. basketball team wish to challenge for a game for Christmas and New Year's nights, either Williams or Grabby Bunch of Norwich, Baltic Wonders, Plainfield, or Bear Cats of Taftville. Write to William Liberty Jewett City.

SPORTING NOTES.

Tommy Bergin of Lewiston has a promising boxer in Young Mayo of city. Tommy is keeping him busy on the Maine circuit.

Jimmy Caveney, the recruit infielder recently purchased by the Detroit Tigers, does not have to play baseball for a living.

Benny Leonard will pick another soft one tonight in Tim Droney of Lancaster, Pa. The bout is scheduled for a Philadelphia club.

Tommy Quincannon, who at one time was associated with the late Marty Sullivan of Portland, Me., in giving big shows in that town, now is a member of the Portland School Committee.

Caveney, is dependently rich and often has threatened to quit the diamond unless he could continue on the coast. His friends, however, finally have persuaded him to take a fling at big league ball.

Mike Scanlon, formerly of Lynn, is now at Windsor Locks, Conn. "Mike" was the first to promote bouts in Massachusetts after the law forbidding boxing was passed. The show was given in Lasters' Hall, Lynn.

Jack Stait, pro at the Hartford Golf Club, has gone to England to spend his winter vacation. He will be back again another season. Maurice Kearney his assistant, who has also been reengaged, declared that the past year was one of the most successful in the history of the club.

Basketball

Town Hall, Danielson
Saturday Evening, Dec. 24
K. OF C.
vs.
Attleboro American Legion
K. of C. lineup: Reddy, Dowe, Normindin, Belair, Higgins, Murphy.

NONE WILLING TO PREDICT VOTE OF THE DAIL ON TREATY

(Continued From Page One)

ment would have been the same if he had been in London, Dublin, Paris or New York. He said there had been talk of "the atmosphere of London," and declared he knew it of old, and the people who talked of slippery slopes knew all about it before the delegates were sent.

Mr. Collins read the correspondence that preceded the negotiations, showing that Mr. Lloyd George had epressly barred recognition of the Irish republic. Yet, he said, the delegates were chosen and sent. If they had stood on recognition of the republic they could have said so, and there would have ben no conference, he declared.

"I do not recommend the treaty for more than it is nor for less than it is," he continued. "In my opinion, it gives us freedom, not the ultimate freedom that all nations desire and develop it, but freedom to achieve it."

No Personal Intimidation.

He declared the treaty was not signed by personal intimidation, but everybody knew the whole position between Great Britain and Ireland had been based on intimidation. He continued: "We did not go over to dictate terms to the vanquished, for we knew we had not vanquished them and driven them out of the country. Irish history is not a history of military struggle over 750 years, symbolized in the name of the republic. It is a history of 750 years of peaceful penetration by England that cannot be stopped eceot by political freedom. The treaty gives Ireland security and political freedom."

England could not interfere with us, Mr. Collins continued, and Ireland would have the benefit of association with Canada and the other dominions to prevent interference. Canada could appoint a representative at Washington and in the League of Nations, and England could not make war without consulting Canada. Ireland would be in the same position. Those who cibey Lloyd George or Churchill to any contrary effect, only showed "the slave mind."

In impassioned words, he dwelt upon the need of upbuilding the nation and stopping British penetration.

"Are we to keep ourselves in slavery and subjection for the sake of keeping up an impossible fight?" he exclaimed. "Rejection of the treaty means a declaration of war. Until you have broken with the British Empire, I as an individual, do not now, more than ever, shirk war. (Loud cheers.) But I will not be one of those who would commit the Irish people to war, without the Irish people committing themselves to war. (Cheers.) If my people send me to represent them in war, I will do my best to represent them. But we must face facts."

Some of the deputies had talked of fixed principles, but those same persons, he said, had changed their principles and, having fought against the Irish people, now were fighting on the side of the Irish people. They might change again. The only fixed principle was government by consent of the governed; yet deputies who admitted that the country approved of the treaty would vote against it. He himself beloaged to old plain Irish stock.

These references were taken to refer to Erskine Childers, of English extraction, and others, and his words were loudly cheered. There was great laughter when he referred to his opponents as "the coalition."

Emphatically he declared that he was not continuing the fight without consulting the Irish people for the sake of propaganda in America.

In concluding, Mr. Collins said that this might be his last opportunity of speaking in the Dail Eireann, but he cared not whether his popularity was sacrificed or not.

Childers Heard in Complete Silence.

Erskine Childers, who was heard in almost complete silence, delivered a technical detailed speech on dominion status, which he denied was granted, and he declared that the treaty was humiliating.

He continued that Ireland's whole status must depend on the act of the British parliament, like the Canadian act of 1867, and apparently no steps had been taken to make certain what that act was to contain.

A deputy interrupted, pointing out that it was expressly stated that the framing of the constitution would be in the hands of the Irish government. Mr. Childers said that that was subject to the terms of the agreement.' The legislature would consist not of the Dail Eireann but of the king, the senate and the commons of Ireland, and every act would be watched from over the water on the principle that Ireland, under this treaty was virtually a protectorate. Everything done in Ireland must bo done in the name of the king, and the governor general would be in touch with Doning street. The Irish army would not be an independent army; British troops could legally return, and every commission in the Irish army would be signed by the king or his deputy.

This treaty, in the opinion of the speaker was a step backward, and it was hard to place a boundary on the backward march, once independence was parted wir.

Mr. De Valera's specific alternative proposal would have to be brought befoe the Dail Eireann.

At the conclusion of his spech, Mr. Childers was cheered.

ODeputy Higins supported the plenipotentiaries. He said that Childers had wasted time in dwelling on the better terms he would like, mut, though he was a naval and military authority, Childers had suggested no method of singing the British fleet or destroying the British army.

Protest From De Valera.

A sharp brush followed a reference by Mr. Higgins to the attitude of the Dail cabinet. Mr. De Valera arose immediately and said he protested against any reference to cabinet matters. Mr. Higgins said that the president and his dissenting colleagues should be prepared to let go to the nation the fact that today the people must take their stand not between an independent republic and the treaty terms, but betwen what the cabinet was prepared to recommend to the Dail Eireann and the treaty terms.

Mr. De Valera insisted that this proposal was confidential and had been made to secure unity. Mr. Griffith and Mr. Collins insisted that this document should be submitted; It had been discussed for three days privately.

Mr. De Valera said it was irrelevant to the issue, and he was supported by Mary McSwiney.

The speaker, Professor MaNeil, ruled that a cabinet document should not be discussed without the consent of the cabinet.

Mr. Higgins added that they had heard too much of what we would do if they could vote, but they had with them supporting the treaty men who had risked their lives daily and had happily survived, including Michael Collins and Richard Mulcahy, chief of staff.

MacSwiney Opposed to Treaty.

Sean MacSwiney, brother of the late lord mayor of Cork, said he had instructions in his pocked from his constitutents to vote against the treaty. If they went from the Dail Eireann against the reaty, the Irish people would be behind them. He could answer for the army of Munster. (Cries of "you cannot.") He thought it unfair tactics to get Commander McKeown to second the ratification.

No man who had sworn the oath of the republic, he declared, could accept the treaty.

Complaint was made of partiality by the press, and Charles Burgess, minister of defence, said the government was still in office, and he would insist that the members of the press be excluded unless impartial. He moved that the parliament meet in the Round Room of the Mansion House. Mr. Griffith objected, owing to the difficulties of issuing tickets or keeping order in a public meeting. Mr. Devalera agreed with him, and Mr. Burgess withdrew.

Robert G. Barton then explained his signing of the treaty, and an adjournment was taken.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MARKET WAS IRREGULAR.

New York, Dec. 19—Although developments over the week-end were mainly favorable, today's stock market moved irregularly in almost all branches. Rails and a few affiliated issues were the only conspicuous exceptions.

Selling pressure was more or less general in high grade issues also coppers, sugars, motors and miscellaneous specialties. Weakness of Mexicans was ascribed by reports from Standard Oil circles which referred to pessimistic views of oil conditions across the Rio Grande.

Motors were the chief features of the railway division, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western making further response to the news of an extra dividend distribution. Some of the grangers and coalers, notably Atchison, Atlantic Coast Line and New Orleans, Texas and Mexico were firm to strong.

Sporadic sales and losses marked the miscellaneous course of food checked ferrous issues and chain store issues. Tobacco issues were not much altered by the reduction of call money from 5 to 4 per cent. Sales amounted to 783,000 shares.

Among incidents of the session were a conference of the Federal Reserve Board rate at Atlanta, a brisk rise in Scandinavian international currencies and some foreign finance for round amounts to American bankers.

Sterling exchange rose 2 1-2 cents from last week's final price and French, Belgian and Dutch rates were stronger. Unfavorable comparisons were the outcome however Danish bills gained 1-16 cents on announcement of a $10,000,000 loan to that government. Interest importance of the United States as a source of world finance was further illustrated by the sale in this country of $25,000,000 Canadian Pacific Railway debenture stock, the company financing by that company being placed in London.

Bonds followed the uneven course of Liberty 3 1-2s showing marked weakness while Victory 4 3-4s duplicated their recent maximum. Intermediate issues including various municipals strengthened on the news of the Dutch loan. Total sales (par value) amounted $18,775,000.

STOCKS

The following is a summary of the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange to 3 P. M.:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Allied Chemical	57¾	56¾	57¾
Am Chemical pr	102½	102½	102½
Am Can	28¼	28¼	28¼
Am Car Chem	89	89	89
Am Car Foundry	39	38¾	38¾
Am Beet Sugar pr	57	56¾	56¾
Am Bosch Mag	34½	35¾	35¾
Am Can	24	23¾	23¾
Am Can pr	94¾	94¾	94¾
Am Car & Fdy	145	143½	144
Am Cotton Oil	33¼	32	32¾
Am Cotton Oil pr	48	47	47
Am Hide & Leath	14¾	14	14
Am Hide & L pr	60¼	59	59½
Am T & T	117¾	116¾	116¾
Am Tobacco	138½	137	137½
Am Woolen	80¾	80½	80¾
Anaconda Cop	46¾	45¾	45¾
Atlantic Gulf	105	105	105
Atl T & S F	84	83¾	83¾
Atl T & S F pr	56¼	56¼	56¼
Balt & Ohio	35¾	35¼	35¾
Balt & Ohio pr	57	53	53
Beth Steel	52	52	52
Beth Steel (B)	57	56½	57
Broad Pap Tr	7¼	7	7
Brooklyn R T	5¾	5¾	5¾
Butte Cop & Z	5¾	5¾	5¾
Butte & Sup	21¾	20½	20½
Canadian Pac	122	121¾	121¾
Central Leath	30¼	29¾	30¼
Chi Mil & St P	45½	42¾	42¾
Chandler Motor	51	50¾	50¾
Ches & Ohio	56¼	56¼	56¼
Chi & N W pr (R)	37	36	36¾
Chi Gt West	8¾	8¾	8¾
Chi Gt West pr	17	16½	16¾
Chi Mil & St P	19¾	19¼	19¼
Chi R I & Pac	32	31¾	31¾
Chi R I & Pac pr	68	66½	66½
Chi R I & Pac	23¾	23¼	23¾
Chile Copper	15¾	15¾	15¾
Chile Copper	27¾	27	27¾
Coalers	38¾	38¼	38¼
Colorado Fuel	66¼	65½	66¼
Crucible Steel	87	87	87
Cuba	16¾	15¾	16¾
Cuba R R pr	16¾	16	16¾
Gen Electric	140	139¾	140
Gen Motors	11	10¾	10¾
Gen Motor Deb	73¾	73¾	73¾
Gen Motor pr	75¾	75¾	75¾
Gt North Ore	33	31¾	32
Gulf Mobile Ore	11¾	11½	11½
Illinois Central	98¾	98¾	98¾
Inspiration Cop	41½	40¾	41
Int Harvester	82	82¼	82¼
Int Mer Mar pr	64	64¼	64¼
Int M Tr Deb pr	74	73¾	73¾
Internat Paper	55¼	53¾	54¾
Int Paper pr ex	71¾	71¾	71¾
Kennecott	34¾	34¾	35¾
Lehigh Valley	59¼	58¾	58¾
Loose Wiles	116¾	113¾	113¾
Mexican Petro	127¾	125¾	126¾
Miami Copper	27½	27¼	27¾
Missouri K & T	1¾	1¾	1¾
Mo K & T pr	2½	2¼	2¼
Mo K & T w i	9	8¾	9
Mo K & T pr w i	25½	25½	25½
Missouri Pacific	18	17¾	17¾
Missouri Pac pr	46¾	46¼	46½
Nat Enam & St	37¼	33¼	33½
N Y Central	75	73½	74
N Y N H & H	12	12¾	12¾
Norfolk & West	98½	98¾	98¾
North Am	44	43¾	44
North Pacific	80¼	79¾	79¾
Penn R R	34¼	33¾	34
Pierce Oil	13¾	13	13½
Ray Con	15¾	15½	15¾
Reading	74½	73¾	73¾
Reading 1 pr	44	43	44
Reading 2 pr	46	46	46
Rep I & Steel	53¼	53	53
South Pacific	81	80¾	80¾
South Railway	19¼	18¾	18¾
Southern Ry pr	46	45½	46
Tenn Copper	10¾	10¼	10½
Tobacco Prod	65¾	62¾	63¾
Tobacco Prod pr	88½	88½	88½
Union Pacific	137	136½	136¾
U S Rubber	55¾	54¾	55¼
U S Rubber pr	100¾	100½	100¾
U S Steel	84¼	83¾	84
U S Steel pr	115¾	113¾	113¾
West El & Mfg	51	50¼	50½
West Un Tel	91¾	91	91
Willys Overland	6	5¾	5¾
Worth Pump	45½	44¼	45
Worth Pump B	69¼	69¼	69¼

COTTON.

New York, Dec. 19.—Spot cotton steady; middling 19.60.

MONEY.

New York, Dec. 19.—Call money stronger; high 6; low 5; ruling rate 5; closing bid 6; offered at 6 1-2; last loans 6; call loans against acceptances 4 1-2.

Liberty Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Close
U S Lib 3½s	94.50	93.60	93.60
U S Lib 2d 4s	96.64	96.64	96.84
U S Lib 1st 4¼s	97.18	96.80	96.80
U S Lib 2d 4¼s	96.90	96.50	96.56
U S Lib 3d 4¼s	98.04	97.64	98.70
U S Lib 4th 4¼s	97.28	96.62	96.62
Victory 4¾s	100.06	100.02	100.02
Victory 3¾s	100.06	100.4	100.04

Quoted in dollars and cents per $100 bond.

Foreign Exchange.

Sterling—	Yesterday.	Year Ago
Demand	$4.20¼	$3.50
Cables	4.20⅞	3.50⅞
France	8.09	5.85
Guilders	36.55	31 1-16
Marks	.54	1.27
Lire	4.67	3.38
Swiss francs	19.50	13.22
Pesetas	14.35	12.07
Belgian francs	7.77	6.16
Sweden	24.85	19.70
Denmark	21.00	15.19
Norway	15.82	14.80
Greece	4.25	....

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—Wheat took an upward swing in price today largely as a result of indications of export business at Winnipeg. The market here closed firm, 1 1-8 to 2 1-4c net higher, with May 1.14 5-8 to 1.14 3-4 and July 1.04 to 1.04 1-8. Corn gained 1-2 to 3-4c and oats 1-4 to 1-2@5-8c. In provisions the outcome varied from five cents decline to 17 cents advance.

At first, the wheat market showed lack of support, with many traders correctly anticipating an increase of the U. S. visible supply total. Gradually, however, attention veered at the ascent of values at Winnipeg, and there was a display of enlarged buying power here based on gossip that the Winnipeg advance reflected European demand. Forecasts of a cold wave which might catch a good deal of the domestic winter crop without snow protection tended also to stimulate some buying. Furthermore, reports were current that rains were interfering with the harvest in Argentina. Under such circumstances, the market finished at practically the top figures of the day.

Corn and oats rose with wheat, although early in the session the bulls had been at a disadvantage owing to big receipts of corn. On the other hand, rural offerings of corn were reported as small despite expected colder weather promising to harden muddy roads.

Provisions were irregular, fluctuating chiefly according to changes in the hog market.

Chicago Grain Market.

	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—			
Dec.	109¾	101¾	109¼
May	114⅞	112¾	114⅝
July	104⅝	104⅜	104¼
Corn—			
Dec.	47¾	46½	47¼
May	52½	52½	53¼
July	55¼	54	54⅞
Oats—			
Dec.	32⅝	32½	33¼
May	38⅝	37¾	38⅝
July	35	35⅝	35

WE ARE NEVER UNDERSOLD

Eye Openers for Christmas

THE GREAT UNDERPRICED SELF-SERVICE SHOE STORES ARE MAKING SHOE HISTORY THIS WEEK:

Our sales are smashing all records. Undreamed of prosperity reigns in this store because our goods and our attractive prices seem to fill the hearts of our customers with joy, and it does our hearts good to realize that we are appreciated. Appreciated because we have brought home to you, through our wonderful chain system of buying quality goods at quality prices, such bargains that make new records for smashed prices.

FIRST QUALITY WOMEN'S ONE and TWO BUCKLE OVERSHOES
79c a Pair

WOMEN'S HEAVY RUBBERS
49c a Pair

CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS
Moccasin Style; red and blue —Fancy designs on toes
79c a Pair

MEN'S AND BOYS' FELT BOOTS
One and Two Buckle
$2.95 a Pair

WOMEN'S GENUINE INDIAN MOCCASINS
$1.10 a Pair

Fur-Trimmed Included.
CHILDREN'S MOCCASINS
$1.00 a Pair

MEN'S MOCCASINS
$1.15 a Pair

CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS
Juliet Style, Felt with Felt Soles and Moccasin Style
All 50c a Pair

ARMY HIP BOOTS
$2.45 a Pair

MEN'S FELT SLIPPERS
50c a Pair

WOMEN'S SLIPPERS
Felt, Fur-Trimmed— Low Heels and Soles—7 Colors
$1.25 a Pair

WOMEN'S SLIPPERS
Felt, Moccasin Style
7 Colors
98c a Pair

BABY MOCCASINS
Beaded Indian Style
Fleece Lined
25c a Pair

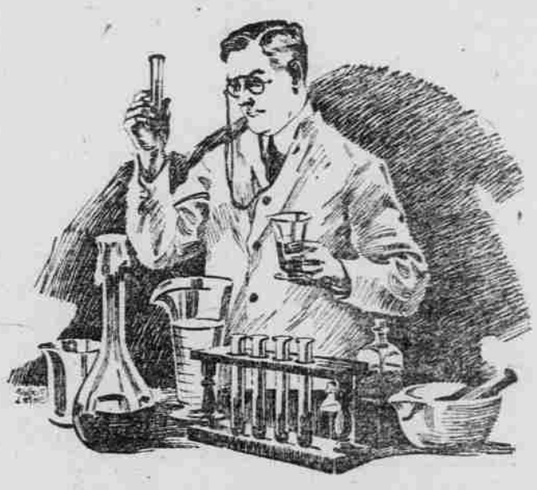
MEN'S SLIPPERS
Leather, Soft Vici Kid
Black or Brown
$1.49 a Pair

OPEN EVERY NIGHT THIS WEEK:

SELF-SERVICE SHOE STORES

THE LOWEST PRICED SHOE CONCERN IN NEW ENGLAND.

18 FRANKLIN SQUARE NORWICH, CONN.



No Charge for a 10-day test. Simply mail the coupon and watch the delightful results.

The New Laws

on teeth cleaning—five of them

Dental science has adopted new laws on teeth cleaning. They mean whiter, cleaner, safer teeth to those who follow them.

Millions employ these new methods, largely by dental advice. Now this ten-day test is offered to show every home the results.

1—Fight the film

The first law is to fight film—that viscous coat you feel. It dims the teeth and causes most tooth troubles.

Film clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays. Old ways of brushing do not end it. So few have escaped some form of film attack.

Film absorbs stains, making the teeth look dingy. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.

Two methods now

Two ways are now known to fight film. Able authorities have proved their efficiency. Leading dentists everywhere now advise their daily use.

Both are embodied in Pepsodent — a scientific tooth paste. They keep the teeth uniquely clean and also highly polished.

Three other laws

Modern starchy diet also calls for other helps to Nature. So every use of Pepsodent brings these three desired results.

1—A multiplied salivary flow. 2—Multiplied starch digestant in the saliva, to digest starch deposits that cling. 3—Multiplied alkalinity of the saliva, to neutralize mouth acids which cause tooth decay.

Thus Pepsodent fights two deposits—film and starch—which may do great harm to teeth. Also the destroying acids, and in Nature's way.

Brings a new era

These mean vast improvements on old methods. In fact, old methods brought the opposite effects. Pepsodent has introduced a new era in teeth cleaning, and millions now enjoy it.

Now we urge that you send for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coats disappear. Feel the other good effects.

Then decide by what you see and feel. Do this for your own sake. Cut out the coupon now.

Pepsodent
PAT OFF. REG. U.S.
The New-Day Dentifrice

A scientific film combatant, whose every application brings five desired effects. Approved by highest authorities, and now advised by leading dentists everywhere. All druggists supply the large tubes.

10-Day Tube Free 626

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY,
Dept. B, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

Only one tube to a family.