

HEAR OF HARRIS REVEALS AS

Counsel For Miss Stone Asserts That the Slain Lawyer Stood at the Head of His Profession During the Day—At Night He Sank to the Gutter Through Drugs and Physical Excesses—Defense of Miss Stone is to be Based on the "Unwritten Law" and Insanity—One of the Jurors Cried as Counsel Reached the Climax of Miss Stone's Story.

New York, March 29.—Miss Olivia Stone will take the stand tomorrow as the first witness in her fight to escape the electric chair for slaying Ellis G. Kinkaid, former corporation counsel of Cincinnati, but counsel announced today.

Edward J. Reilly, the lawyer who was appointed by Supreme Court Justice Andrews to continue in her defense after Miss Stone sought to dismiss him, immediately outlined the theory of the defense to the jury, indicating that both the "unwritten law" and a plea of insanity would figure in his case.

He painted Mrs. Marie Gormley Kinkaid, widow of the slain man, as the most of the trouble, pointing at her shrieking figure in the court room as he charged her with being the former proprietor of a notorious place in Cincinnati, association with whom he declared, had wrecked Kinkaid's life.

"This is the sad and tragic case of a woman and her husband," he said, "and would stand the strain no longer. Mr. Reilly said, 'and we intend to prove that she had no intention of killing Kinkaid.'"

Describing Kinkaid's life in Cincinnati, he said:

"During the day he was a brilliant lawyer and a man of high repute. At night he sank to the gutter through drugs and physical excesses, a rendezvous for girls thirteen and fourteen years of age in Cincinnati. Mrs. Marie Gormley, until Marie Gormley married him like an octopus in her grasp."

He said Kinkaid's Cincinnati physician had urged the trip to Atlantic City, and that he had registered there as patient and nurse.

Miss Stone was a woman who had never known a man in her life," he continued. "She and Ellis Kinkaid were thrown into a close companionship and connected to each other. He proposed marriage. Olivia Stone was not a young girl. She was a nurse and took him seriously."

"She was as far as the front door of the city hall in Atlantic City. She would have, as they mounted the steps to the city hall, she would have said to her, 'Olivia, there is a woman in the world who has been married to a man who has been a lawyer, as you know. Now, I

is just as sacred for me to say I will take you as my wife, and I'll place on your hand a wedding ring."

"He bought her the ring she is now wearing," he said, "and he placed this sacred band upon her finger."

They registered at an Atlantic City hotel as Mr. and Mrs. Kinkaid, he said, and he registered at a man and wife at hotels in New York and other cities.

"Finally, he said, on a pretext that he had business to attend to in Washington, Kinkaid left Miss Stone at the hotel in Atlantic City, and he returned to the company of Marie Gormley while the defendant resumed nursing."

The defendant her counsel declared, "Kinkaid's infidelity, which he sought relief in the courts, but through the latter's political influence was unable to secure satisfaction. Not long afterwards he returned to his wife, and Kinkaid and Marie Gormley were married in Atlantic City by a lawyer who also was a justice of the peace," with Kinkaid's name on the certificate, he said, "and he mumbled the words." The last thing he did before leaving Cincinnati, he said, was to blackmail the reputation of Olivia Stone, at the General Hospital and cause her to be dropped from the nurses' list, leaving her a "beggar in the streets."

The defendant's counsel said that Olivia Stone learned that Kinkaid and Marie Gormley were married and it was not until then that she blamed Kinkaid, leaving her with a large sum of money. "She sought him in New York and pleaded in vain with Kinkaid for a legal separation, his replies leading her to believe that she was to be divorced. Olivia Stone was not a young girl, she was a nurse and took him seriously."

One of the jurors cried as Reilly reached the climax of the woman's story that she was a "woman of high repute among many persons in the court room. The prosecution rested its case after calling several witnesses to the stand. The defendant's counsel then called Miss Stone, who shot four times at Kinkaid, and rested her actions when taken into custody following the shooting.

LANFONE TELLS STORY OF HIS WHISKEY RUNNING

Hartford, March 29.—Joseph Clanton of West New York, N. J., took the stand in his own defense this afternoon and told a story of whiskey running in New Britain and New York in 1920. Clanton and Michael Flanagan of New Britain are on trial charged with the murder of Enzo Reardon on October 25, 1921.

The establishment of an alibi for Clanton continued today to be the keynote of the defense, which is being directed by a contradictory to the evidence of the state in many points. Clanton had an alibi of assurance when he went on the stand. He said he was in New Britain, states 17 years and is 35 years old. His occupation chiefly has been that of a bookmaker, although he spent a year of his life in the army of the United States. He said he was in New Britain on the morning of October 25 a motor truck came from New Britain and he went out and helped load a shipment of whiskey on the truck. He said he was in New Britain and left shortly afterward on the truck for New Britain. Clanton's statement as to his whereabouts on the day of the murder agreed with the testimony given by his wife yesterday.

New Britain Harry of Koney Island, Conn., attempted to establish an alibi for Clanton by testifying that he was in New Britain with a knife in April or May, 1920. There was a quarrel between Clanton and Harry, but he testified that after the quarrel Clanton was in New Britain with a warning to keep his mouth shut. Last week Clanton had sworn that he never saw a woman named Lillian Barry and she had been married to a man named Mr. Marlette of Berlin testified that three barrels of whiskey, which became involved in a liquor deal connected with the killing, were stolen from her home by Angelo Clanton, a brother of Joseph.

SALE OF THE INGERSOLL WATCH COMPANY CONFIRMED

New York, March 29.—Over the protest of C. W. Wickerman, attorney for Charles H. Ingersoll and the opposition of the Ingersoll watch company, the sale of the Ingersoll Watch company to the Waterbury Clock company for \$1,500,000, was confirmed today by John J. Harbo, chief justice of the Superior Court. The money will be paid in cash at four o'clock Friday afternoon. Clanton, who was estimated to realize forty million dollars, was in evidence when the Ingersoll watch company was sold. Representative Thomas, Democrat, Kentucky, declared thousands of coal miners, suffering and starving at home and while the Ingersoll watch company was being sold, the Ingersoll watch company was being sold. The Ingersoll watch company was being sold. The Ingersoll watch company was being sold.

CIRCUIT MAY BE TURNED OVER TO MRS. J. T. BRUNEN

Woodbury, N. J., March 29.—Miss E. Woodbury, of Camden, arrested Tuesday in connection with the disappearance of 7-year-old Ed Kramer, was today taken to the Gloucester county jail. Prosecutor Joseph A. Lanigan ordered the release after he had investigated the woman's statements that she was not in Woodbury the day the child disappeared. She had been held under \$10,000 bail in connection with the case.

MISSING CHILDREN IN A NEWARK BOARDING HOUSE

Newark, N. J., March 29.—Mrs. Thomas Tomkins today started back to her home in Worcester, Mass., happy in the possession of her three lost children. The children were found in a Newark boarding house. She said detectives that her husband took the children with him when he left two weeks ago in Worcester. Children were in New York located the children when they were left, the police say, at the boarding house by Tomkins several days ago.

ARRESTED DOUGHERTY WAS WELCOMED IN PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, March 29.—Cardinal Dougherty was welcomed home tonight by thousands of persons upon his arrival from Rome. He was accompanied by New York by a delegation of 200 clergymen and laymen who had greeted him when he arrived.

EVELYN BOOTH SHERMAN HAS BEEN GRANTED "VOICE"

Providence, R. I., March 29.—Evelyn Booth Sherman, wife of Lowell Sherman, mother of a child, who was involved in the Atlantic case, was granted a divorce here today on the grounds of extreme cruelty and neglect. The petition was heard on depositions and was uncontested.

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CABLED PARAGRAPHS

Mount Etna in Eruption.
London, March 29.—Mount Etna is in violent eruption, says a Central News dispatch from Rome quoting advice from Palermo. Streams of lava are flowing from all sides of the crater, and the inhabitants of the villages on the mountainside have fled from their homes. Several earthquakes have occurred in Palermo and Messina provinces in the last few days.

499 Sidelines in London in 1921.
London, March 29.—Statistics just issued show that 499 persons committed suicide in London in 1921. If the city's population be taken as 4,500,000, the suicide rate is only one in 9,000. Most of those taking their own lives were between 45 and 55 years of age. Only eight were under 20.

HOUSE VOTES EXTENSION OF PAYMENT BY AUSTRIA

Washington, March 29.—The joint resolution already adopted by the senate authorizing a 25-year extension for payment by Austria of \$25,000,000 for four purchases through the United States public debt, was adopted late today by the house.

The vote, 142 to 50, was taken after the first partisan debate and after the defeat of the subject was rejected by a vote of 187 to 115 to send the measure back to the ways and means committee. Members advocating this move insisted action should not be taken until the subject was considered by the debt commission.

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Irish Army Would Set Up Dictatorship

Would Overthrow All Governments in Ireland Opposed to a Republic.
Dublin, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—The convention on Sunday of revolting members of the Irish Republican army debated the question of declaring a military dictatorship, out of deference to the London Star in a dispatch to his paper. He gives as his authority a statement from George Russell, chief of the Irish Republican army, who says the proposal before the convention was to overthrow all governments in Ireland opposed to a republic.

To Suppress Russian Agitation in Germany

Press Claims Refugees Fail to Show Proper Appreciation of German Hospitality.
Berlin, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—The Berlin newspapers today joined hands in demanding that in the light of last night's attempt upon the life of Paul M. Mikuloff, former minister of foreign affairs in the Russian provisional government, Russians of all political parties be forced to desist from agitation. The newspapers declared Russian monarchists must be checked as well as the bolsheviks.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS

The American Shipbuilding company at its annual meeting in Jersey City declared an extra dividend of 20 per cent.

The tea went out of the Kennebec river at Bath, Me., yesterday, opening the river to navigation.

The Boston and Maine railroad was granted a government loan of \$5,000,000 by the interstate commerce commission.

Ground has been broken for the Jesse Metcalf Memorial Laboratory at Brown University.

The Connecticut river continues to rise and unless a cold snap comes an 18-foot crest is expected.

A Dartmouth college at Hanover, N. H., tradition ordered immediately when the freshmen class appeared at chapel without coats or the regulation caps.

The house ways and means committee decided to defer action on the administration bill which would authorize a loan of \$5,000,000 to Liberia.

The Canadian government led by Premier King was sustained on a vote of confidence motion by a vote of 162 to 42.

The first detachment of Russian delegates to the Genoa economic conference left Moscow, George Chicherin, the foreign minister, is in the party.

Two large icebergs were reported as having entered the west-bound trans-Atlantic shipping lanes, one from the coast guard cutter Seneca.

The first railroad in the United States to equip a train with wireless for the use of passengers is the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

A bill to establish the legitimacy of children of unmarried parents is to be introduced shortly in the house of commons as a government measure.

Charles E. Benson was sentenced to 14 years in state prison in Providence, R. I., for breaking into St. Patrick's church and possessing burglar's tools.

Fred C. Smith of Bridgeport was fined \$100 and given six months in jail on a charge of robbing fifteen prepayment gum machines.

The assets of the Coe-Simply Manufacturing corporation were sold at auction in New Haven to P. J. Holdsworth of New York for \$27,700.

Appointment of John T. Barrett of Beverly, Mass., as a federal prohibition officer for the Panama Canal zone was announced by prohibition headquarters.

Joseph Mulvihill, former prohibition enforcement agent, was one of four persons hurt when a Bridgeport-Danbury express was in collision with another vehicle on Crozet Hill, Danbury.

By unanimous vote, the Cincinnati Academy of Medicine adopted a resolution Monday to oppose any restrictions in the use of alcohol in the manufacture of drugs.

Lawrence B. Jencks, a director of the Crompton and Knowles Loom Works, in Worcester, since 1905 and former city engineer of Stamford, Conn., died yesterday.

Albert Phillips, one of three labor leaders of the United States railroad labor board, gave notice of his resignation effective April 15, to the secretary of the board.

Eggs may be shipped to Europe or any part of the world by parcel post when fully contained and inclosed in a metal container, which in turn must be inclosed in a wooden box.

The Dodge Felt Company, Inc., of Oxford, Mass., as a result of a vote by its stockholders, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Assets of \$419,483 were set liabilities of \$440,547.

Henry A. Reiter, president of the First National Bank of Boston, died suddenly at his home in Boston.

The Nurses' Home, connected with the new million dollar Essex County tuberculosis hospital at Middleton, Mass., was practically destroyed by a fire, entailing an estimated loss of \$29,000.

Tomahy, a strike sympathizer, was sentenced in Pawtucket, R. I., to 60 days in jail for interfering with Mr. David Variani while on his way to work at the mills of the Royal Weavink company on March 17.

The crew of the sailing steamer Diana, whose craft was crushed in the ice floes Monday, arrived at St. Johns, N. F., after spending two days and nights on the icefields.

Henry P. Fletcher, who will sail from New York Saturday to assume his post as ambassador to Belgium, called at the White House to bid farewell to President Harding.

The state trade school project was defeated in a special town vote in Middle town, 1,038 to 941. This resulted the action of the last town meeting, which authorized the expenditure of \$40,000 for a building.

Herbert Rawlinson, motion picture actor, was made defendant in a suit for \$200,000 filed in the superior court at Los Angeles by Mrs. Ethel E. Clark, of New York, who charged Rawlinson had committed a statutory offense against her daughter, Dorothy Clark.

The number of mills closed by the textile strike in Rhode Island climbed to 22 yesterday, when the Andrews mill, North Smithfield, shut down, following a walkout of the employees due to a ten per cent. wage cut.

A food laboratory costing \$20,000 and capable of producing fully equipped and hygienic conditions for 6,500 Boston high school students will be opened Friday by the Women's Educational and Industrial Union.

Arthur G. Burgoyne was relieved of his credentials as federal prohibition agent at Newark by prohibition authorities after they were told by physicians at the Newark City hospital that Burgoyne was a drug addict.

Frederick N. Buckner, of the New York Trust company, heads a new board of directors of the Columbia Graphophone Manufacturing company, elected at the annual meeting of stockholders in Bridgeport.

The long-contest will of Mrs. Alice Griswold, former Baltimore society leader, who left most of her half-million dollar estate to Mrs. Mary M. Drishman, wife of an Atlantic City butcher, was set aside by Judge Robert H. Ingersoll at Atlantic City.

SENATE RATIFIES TREATY MORE AMARIS CONFERENCE TALKS

Naval Limitation Was Adopted by a Vote of 71 to 1—Senator France Was the Lone Obdurate "Irreconcilable"—Agreement to Prevent Submarine Operations Against Merchantmen and to Outlaw Chemical Warfare Altogether Was Unanimously Ratified—No Amendments or Reservations Were Proposed to Either.

Washington, March 29.—The two arms conference treaties limiting the navies of the great powers and restricting the use of submarines and poison gas, were ratified in a landslide of approval today by the senate committee, but before the ratification roll call he left the chamber and did not vote. The New York senator disagreed with the statement in the treaty text that use of gas in warfare has been "justly condemned" by the general opinion of the civilized world, "and that chemical warfare has not proved actually more brutal than other forms of warfare," but before the amendments or reservations were proposed.

The only negative vote was cast against the treaty by Senator France, republican, Maryland, who said he regarded naval limitation as a dangerous precedent under present world conditions. Every other member of the "irreconcilable" treaty bloc, who was present, cast a vote in the affirmative, although Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, told the senate he regarded the treaty as only a beginning. Senator Johnson, republican, California, declared he accepted the fortifications "status quo" provisions for the Pacific "with grave misgivings."

A speech assailing the poison gas article of the submarine and gas treaty was made on the floor by Senator Francis P. McPherson, republican, New York, chairman of the military committee, but before the ratification roll call he left the chamber and did not vote. The New York senator disagreed with the statement in the treaty text that use of gas in warfare has been "justly condemned" by the general opinion of the civilized world, "and that chemical warfare has not proved actually more brutal than other forms of warfare," but before the amendments or reservations were proposed.

As soon as the two parts had been discussed of administration leaders brought formally before the senate the general Far Eastern treaty. Debate of it will continue the leaders, however, pointing to opposition from a small group of senators who believe that China's interests were not sufficiently protected. It is hoped a final agreement will be reached by the end of the week, and the Chinese ratification of the conference, which will be ratified during the present week.

LAST BATTALION OF SOLDIER DEAD ARRIVES FROM FRANCE

New York, March 29.—The last battalion of soldier dead to be brought home from the fields of France—some thousand and sixty in all—were saluted by a gun salute from the Battery in Washington when the army transport Cambal passed through the Narrows this afternoon with her precious cargo. Flag of mourning, the crew of half-mast and were dipped the entire length of their staffs in salute to the fallen warriors.

Over five thousand of those who died the supreme sacrifice overseas in the service of the United States have now been brought back to their homeland, and the last of the soldiers who were killed in the service of their country are being buried in the United States.

General Pershing, chief of staff, and Major General Harbord, deputy chief of staff, jointly declared that the soldiers who were killed in the service of their country are being buried in the United States.

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PERISHING SEES DISASTER IN REDUCTION OF ARMY

Washington, March 29.—Starting the army's case in opposition to further reductions in its enlisted and commissioned strength before Washington's new war department committee today, General Pershing, chief of staff, and Major General Harbord, deputy chief of staff, jointly declared that the soldiers who were killed in the service of their country are being buried in the United States.

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THREE BURGLARIES AND ONE HOLD-UP IN NEW HAVEN

New Haven, March 29.—Three burglaries and one hold-up featured crime activities here last night. Forceful entrance at a back door with a sliver resulted in the burglary of \$100 in silverware from the home of Mrs. J. H. Brown, a false key at another resulted in the loss of a \$100 seal coat valued at \$350, and another false key entry was frustrated by the woman in the home of Mrs. J. H. Brown.

The burglar in this case turned and fled upon meeting the occupant.

Two men with revolvers held up a butcher shop when the proprietor was ed away by robbery. His hands he held in one of them a long knife with which he had been carving his wares. For some unknown reason the would-be bandits forthwith fled the scene.

TO ELIMINATE OBJECTIONABLE THEATRICAL PRODUCTIONS

New York, March 29.—The Producing Managers' association, at a meeting today, accepted the voluntary jury system which had been proposed as a means of eliminating objectionable theatrical productions, thereby leading off state censorship of the drama. The other groups on the joint committee, playwrights, producers, actors and vice-versa, previously had done so.

A committee was appointed to act with the Authors' League, Actors' Equity association, Drama League and the Better Public Shows Movement.

SEVEN STILTS CAPTURED IN SAIDS IN WATERBURY

Waterbury, March 29.—Seven stilts, 258 gallons of kerosene, 21 gallons of "moonshine," and 75 quarts of assorted liquors, were captured here today as the result of a series of four raids made by federal agents and the local police squad under Lieutenant Chris Harmon. The places visited included the Bank home at 290-320 Bank street, the home of Mike Avantiavakas at 152 Edgewood street, the cafe, residence and premises at 157, 159 and 161 Main street owned by Thomas J. Delahanty.

LITTLE HOPE FOR FORMER EMPEROR CHARLES OF AUSTRIA

Lisbon, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—There is little hope that former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary will survive his illness, according to doctors received here today from the island of Madeira. The places visited included the Bank home at 290-320 Bank street, the home of Mike Avantiavakas at 152 Edgewood street, the cafe, residence and premises at 157, 159 and 161 Main street owned by Thomas J. Delahanty.

BOMB THROWN INTO A CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Green Bay, Wis., March 29.—A small bomb was thrown last night in the Union Congregational church, where 300 persons had gathered to hear a lecture by William E. (Punchy) Johnson, F. J. Walker ran down the aisle, dropped the bomb and started out with it when it exploded in his hand. He was slightly injured. The bomb, filled with black powder, apparently was of amateurish construction.

Mr. Johnson at the time was in another church making a speech.

DRIFT ICE AND FOG BOTHER NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERMEN

Halifax, N. S., March 29.—Fishermen following herring in Newfoundland waters today complained of the worst ice conditions in forty years. A combination of drift ice and fog, skippers say, frequently makes it unsafe to send men out in boats.

Weather conditions off this coast in the past few weeks have driven many halibut and cod fishermen into Shelburne or Liverpool for shelter.

SMASHED THE PRESSES OF THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL

Dublin, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—A large party of armed men early this morning held up the staff of the Freeman's Journal, a newspaper which publishes in the building. Firemen were endeavoring to quench the flames when the staff of the newspaper was liberated after the fire was started.

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FREE STATE SOLDIERS ORDERED FROM BARRACKS

Galway, Ireland, March 29.—The republican section of the Irish Republican army in Galway ordered the Free State soldiers to quit the barracks within ten minutes. The Free State soldiers, numbering about 200 men, complied with their orders, but not their arms. The barracks was then declared a training center for the Irish republican army.

LLOYD GEORGE TO CALL FOR CONFIDENCE VOTE MONDAY

London, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—The fate of the resolution of confidence approving the action of the cabinet regarding the Genoa conference, which Premier Lloyd George will introduce in the house of commons Monday, will be determined by the result of the vote of the British government's program at Genoa, seemingly depends largely on whether it will secure the support of the independent labor party.

11 PER CENT OF FOREIGN BORN UNABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH

Whitehall, March 29.—Eleven per cent of the foreign born white population in the United States, ten years of age and older, according to the 1920 census, was unable to speak English, the census bureau announced today. The number was 1,488,248, out of a total foreign-born population more than 14 years of age of 12,487,856. These figures compared with 2,853,011 non-English-speaking foreign-born residents, or 23.8 per cent of the total, enumerated in the 1910 census.

CONSIDERING REMOVAL OF RED CROSS HEADQUARTERS

Geneva, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—Delegates are removing the headquarters of the League of Red Cross societies from Geneva to Paris, to permit membership of all countries regardless of their attitude toward the late war and discussion of financial problems and the league occupied practically the entire day at the league council's meeting today.

STRIKERS CAUSE CONFUSION IN RHODE ISLAND SENATE

Providence, R. I., March 29.—Blackstone valley textile mill strikers, who jammed every available foot of space in the gallery and choked the chamber, today threw the senate into a state of confusion which ended only when the leaders of the men and women, led by Lieutenant Governor Harold J. Gros, the presiding officer, was unable to maintain order, induced them to leave the state house.

BELIEVES DEMENTED WOMAN KIDNAPPED IDA KRAMER

Riverside, N. J., March 29.—The circus of the state in which the woman, Mrs. Doris Brunen, shortly it was indicated today when her sister-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Jaeschke, of Cary, Ill., withdrew a caveat which prevented the granting of letters of administration or filing a will.

FREE TRAINING FOR YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN SINGERS

New York, March 29.—To develop their talents in the Metropolitan Opera company is offering twelve months of free choral training to young men and women singers of promise.

PROFESSOR J. A. MORIN ON TRIAL FOR MURDER

Montreal, March 29.—Professor J. A. Morin, accused by his superior in the department of modern languages at McGill University, Dr. Jeanman Valier, of attempted murder last August, was placed on trial today in the court of King's bench.

A LOCKOUT OF UNION ENGINEERS IN LONDON

London, March 29.—(By The A. P.)—The Engineering Employers' Federation today posted notices locking out its members of forty-seven unions in addition to the Amalgamated Engineers' union. The lockout is to take effect in one week and will affect 600,000 industrial men.