WESTERLY

The regular monthly meeting of the Westerly town council was held Monday morning at the council chambers in the town hall on Broad street. At the meeting an ordinance was presented by Town Solicitor John Ferguson, Jr., and passed. It is to the effect that the fire apparatus of the Westerly fire district and driver or person in charge of the same while responding to or returning from a fire, shall have the right of way in, upon and through any street, highway lane avenue, or alley in the town of Westerly; and every person in or upon any such street highway, lane, avenue, or alley, who shall in any way wilfully or maliciously obstruct or retard, any such fire apparatus while in use as aforesaid, or any driver or person in charge of the same shall be fined not less than two dollars and not more than twenty dollars.

The ordinance takes effect from its passage. Councilman Fowler said that he was of the opinion that the town should have special rate from the jitney men who are employed by the police of other town officers. In return for the favors that the jitney men receive in being allowed to park on the streets and solicit business without any expense for maintaining quarters, he was of the opinion that they in return should give special rate to town officers, who hired them for town work.

Councilman Utter said that it was suggested to him by James M. Pendleton, town treasurer, that the council should arrange to have all the outstanding bills presented to them before the close of the year. That the council pay all these bills as far as possible and start off the new year without having any old bills to deal with. It was the opinion of the council that as far as possible this would be a good plan.

Chairman Clifford W. Campbell who was appointed at the last meeting as a committee of one, to confer with the sewer committee over alleged grievances of several landholders on Grove avenue, said that he had done so. Mr. Campbell said that he had talked with Thomas McKenzie who is partially in charge of the work and explained to him the complaints that had been made by certain residents of Grove avenue that the land had not been put back in proper shape after the sewer pipes had been laid and that in one or two instances damage had resulted.

As a result of this talk Mr. Campbell said that there was evidently a misunderstanding somewhere as the stories told by the property holders and Mr. McKenzie differed widely. He said that he thought that the council ought not to get involved in the sewer complaints any more than possible. By so doing Mr. Campbell thought that the progress of the work might be hampered as the council might be taking up matters which were wholly up to the men on the sewer committee.

Herbert P. Clarke of Grove avenue complained that his father's property was far from the condition that prevailed before the digging of the sewer and had depreciated in value as a result of the poor work done in laying the pipes and not finishing the work.

Town Treasurer James M. Pendleton appeared before the council and asked for authority to secure $20,000 on notes for the sewer work. He told the council that it was the intention of those in charge of the sewer work to push the work ahead and accomplish as much as possible before the real cold weather started.

Considerable discussion took place in regard to the use of the town hall for wedding receptions, entertainments, fairs, etc. Town Clerk Everett E. Whipple stated that the ordnary charge for the use of the hall was twenty dollars and that when the expense for janitor, lights, heating and other things pertaining to letting the hall were taken out there was a profit to the town of about nine dollars.

This he said, did not take care of the depreciation to the building. Other members of the council stated that they have looked at the town hall the "morning after" some of these parties were staged and that it was in a deplorable condition, due either to thoughtlessness or utter disregard for the use of a new public building. Some of the councilmen were of the opinion that the charge for the use of the hall should be greatly increased and instructions given as to its proper use.

Councilman Louis Rossi made a motion that the town hall should be left open for the members of the American Legion to use on Armistice night. Mr. Rossi stated that a party from New London had leased the hall for last Armistice night far in advance and that local people had no chance to obtain it. Councilman Smith made a motion to allow the legion to have the use of the hall on this night without charge.

Attorney John Ferguson, town solicitor said that he was now in a position to press the payment of real estate and poll tax. He told the council that there was at least $30,000 due the town in unpaid taxes on real estate and between five and six thousand on poll tax.

The program for the tuberculosis campaign which will be held at the high school on Broad street this (Tuesday) evening is as follows: Playlet by school children; address, Dr. Henry Barnes; songs, Mrs. Theodore Dewhurst; solo, and dancing, Miss Mary Driscoll; address, Dr. Willis E. Chandler.

Miss Jeanne Day, principal of the Chestnut street will be in charge of the children who will participate in the play. The following school children will take part:

James Richmond, Russell Dion, Harold Edmond Robert Goff, Alden Stanton, Myra Walker, Bessie Taylor, Elizabeth Cheever, Robert Brucker, Elizabeth Whalen, Ruth Leon, John Murray, Ernest Fulford, William Chadburn, Mabell Ingham, Alexander Thomson, Sally Larkin, Alice Lang, Fanny Brucker, Henry Goulet, Wilbur Kenyon, Dorothy Berry, Jessie Smith, Katherine Donohue Fanney Burdick.

Frank F. Dodge of Stonington was a business caller in town Monday.

State Senator Adolph Reitzel of Charlestown was a caller in town Monday.

Miss Madeline Higgins of West Broad street has returned to her home after visiting her sister, Mrs. C. M. Mattingly of Cleveland, Ohio.

Paul Estey of Elm street is visiting in New York city.

Attorney Clarence E. Roche, has returned to his home on George street after a visit with his brother Arthur of Boston.

STONINGTON

Word of Miss Anna J. Robinson's death which occurred at a hospital in New Haven Sunday at 3.15 a. m., came as a shock to her many friends. The deceased is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Robinson of Temple street. Miss Robinson was a graduate of the Stonington schools and also a graduate of the High school here.

She was a member of Calvary Episcopal church and was 18 years old. For several years she was with Mrs. W. A. Breed and was also employed recently at the office of the American Velvet mill. Later she was employed in New Haven, where she was taken ill with typhoid fever, about three weeks ago.

Her mother was summoned there and had been in constant attendance since her illness. Miss Robinson was of a sunny and bright disposition and made many friends wherever she went. She was an only daughter. She is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Robinson and a brother, William C. Robinson of the borough.

The building of new homes is very much in evidence here this fall and four new residences are nearly completed. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wiemen have under way a handsome Colonial home. Mr. and Mrs. Simonson have a cozy home of seven rooms with plenty of verandas. Mr. and Mrs. William P. Griffin have a large Dutch Colonial residence erected. The residences of Mr. and Mrs. Simonson and Mr. and Mrs. Griffin are located on the main thoroughfare between Westerly and Stonington on Elm street.

Mr. Griffin has also erected a large garage on his property. Mr. and Mrs. Mathews new home on North Water street is being fitted ready for occupancy. This last year there has been a big demand for shore property and the spring will no doubt see a great many more homes built.

The funeral services of Miss Katherine C. Ryan were held at St. Mary's church Saturday morning. Rev. J. E. O'Brien conducted the services. Interment was in St. Mary's cemetery.

Nina council No. 43 met Sunday morning at their home on Main street and held their semi-monthly meeting.

There was engine trouble on the fishing sloop Virginia and she was unable to come into port Saturday under her own power. The boat was towed in by a cutter from the coast guard station No. 58 at Watch Hill. James Bietener was in command and Horace Emmett was No. 1 man and engineer. This boat Virginia comes from Noank. Repairs will be made here.

Mr. and Mrs. Merton P. Clark of Spencer, Mass., spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Harvey and Richard Herman, have returned from a trip south.

Alva Lewis of Brooklyn, N. Y., spent the week end with relatives here.

Everett James of Cliff street was a week end visitor in New Haven.

Miss Edna Miller of New York, has been spending a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Miller.

Mrs. Thomas Caddo and family and Miss Blanche Collins have returned to Jersey City for the winter.

Elmer Cushman was a caller here Sunday from Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Robinson who have been in New Haven, returned home Sunday.

MYSTIC

The Mystic Community club is receiving its share of festivities. Fred Rayner who has charge of the arrangements held delightful dance and social Saturday evening and it was well patronized. The patronesses were Mrs. Doran, Mrs. Nash, Mrs. Hinckley and Mrs. Boylen.

A community Christmas celebration is being planned. A large Christmas tree is to be placed on the lot purchased by the post office department, and ten days before Christmas all will enter into the Christmas spirit and help make the day remembered. A "Learn a Carol a Day" campaign will be started. The celebration is to be held Dec. 22.

A basketball team for the juniors is to be started as soon as the six teams are made up for the league. Thus far four teams constitute the league. North End Juniors, Bull Dogs, Noank and All Stars.

Sunday there was a large delegation of Mystic people at the funeral of Rev. Welcome E. Bates at New London.

The newly elected officers of the Christian Endeavor society of the Baptist church are:

President: Jack Smith; vice president, Mildred Perkins; secretary, Evelyn Thompson; treasurer, John Gray Jr., pianist Lena Ralph; assistant pianist, Marcus Jones; chorist ., Mary Collins; assistant chorister, Viola Lamphere.

The funeral services for Samuel Edgecomb were held Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Alden Fish. Rev. J. G. Osborne, pastor of the Union Baptist church officiated. Burial was in Elm Grove cemetery.

Mrs. Enos Gray and the Misses Ruth and Ethel Gray who have been guests of Mrs. Harry Chapman have returned to Ledyard.

Mrs. Frank Dickerson and daughter, Miss Joseph Dickerson, Mrs. Warren Rathbun and two daughters, Misses Edith and Annis Rathbun were guests Sunday of Judge and Mrs. Herbert W. Rathbun, at Westerly Sunday.

Rev. Frye who has been the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Jenzie Greer has gone to South Coventry.

Mrs. Ellen Burdick have as guests Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Burdick of Lafayette, R. I.

F. C. Hill of Washington, D. C., was a caller here Sunday.

HANKS HILL

Henry W. Hanks recently celebrated his 81st birthday.

Mr. Plick and son George have accepted positions in the Gurleyville button factory.

Myron Boglisch spent Saturday in Willimantic.

CHESTNUT HILL

Mrs. Smith of Willimantic was the guest of Mrs. C. L. James recently.

Possession is nine points of the law, and the attorney's fee is the tenth.

REGAINS 18 POUNDS LOST WEIGHT

Taking WINCARNIS

"I was very sick; lost almost 18 pounds in weight; was extremely weak and nervous, and could not get a single night's sound sleep. I had constant medical attention and the best of wholesome foods, but my condition grew more alarming until I began taking Wincarnis, which helped me from the first few doses.

I have completely regained my former weight and strength, sleep soundly every night, eat most heartily and have an abundance of energy. My husband and my mother were so amazed at the effect of Wincarnis in my case that they both began taking it as a tonic. Today, they are just as loud in praise of Wincarnis as I am, and we do wish it were known to every weak, nervous or run-down person."

(Mrs. B. Kirby, 2132 Harper St., Philadelphia, Pa.)

WINCARNIS

At all good Druggists.

Two Sizes, $1.10 and $1.95

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THE PORTEOUS & MITCHELL CO.

Santa Claus In Our Large Window

Santa Claus will be in our large show window every day from now until Christmas. Morning hours: 10:30 to 12:00—Afternoon: 2:30 to 5:00 o'clock. Bring the children to see him.

Christmas Gifts for the Home

Our Third Floor is the Mecca for those seeking useful and appropriate gifts for the home. Here are arranged innumurable suggestions for the woman or man who likes to give friends gifts that will add to the beauty and comfort of their homes.

Cedar Chests for the Home

Genuine Red Cedar Chests, the most practical of all Christmas gifts. Our Cedar Chests are made of Tennessee Cedar, are moth-proof and dust-proof and are shown in a number of pretty models — Price range $15.00 to $40.00.

TAPESTRY and Velour Table Runners—Price range $1.50 to $7.50.
COUCH COVERS, in a large selection of patterns — Price range $2.00 to $18.00.
PORTIERES in all the wanted colors—Price range $6.00 to $12.00.
PICTURES in a great variety of subjects—Price range $1.25 to $8.00.
CURTAINS — Scrim, Marquisette and Quaker Craft Curtains — an ideal gift—Price range $1.25 to $9.75 a pair.
PILLOWS make an excellent gift. Our pillows are covered with high grade Velour and can be had in either round or oblong shape, and in all colors—Price range $2.00 to $4.00.
SEWING BASKETS—a gift for the housekeeper—Price range $4.50 to $10.00.
SMOKING STANDS for the man of the house—Price range $1.50 to $9.00.
TABOURETTES, an acceptable gift for the home—Price range 59c to $1.75.
CARPET SWEEPERS, all the best makes — Price range $4.50 to $6.25.
VACUUM SWEEPERS, combination Carpet Sweeper and Vacuum Cleaner—at $7.50 and $10.00.
MATTING BOXES, a practical gift for the home—Price range $4.50 to $12.00.
RUGS, in all sizes and in all grades. Small size Rugs from $2.25 to $15.00—Carpet size Rugs from $21.00 to $110.00.

Hoover Electric Suction Sweepers

THE GREATEST OF ALL GIFTS FOR THE HOME

We are agents for the Hoover Electric Suction Sweeper, by far the best of all Electric Cleaners—it beats as it sweeps, as it cleans. We will be pleased to give a demonstration of the Hoover Electric Vacuum Cleaner. It comes in two sizes—at $52.50 and $65.00.

NUMBER FOUR

(Continued from Page One)

asserting that action should be taken promptly to increase the maximum which a farm loan bank may loan to an individual from $10,000 to $25,000. He advocated also a readjustment of the term loans may run, saying a system should be established by which the farmer could borrow for periods of from six months to three years. Creation of a new bureau of home economics was urged by the secretary, to enable the department to extend its efforts toward better economic systems in the rural community.

Another problem requiring immediate attention, the secretary said was "the necessity of working out and applying a comprehensive plan of protecting, regrowing and utilizing our forests." He declared forest legislation should be enacted extending federal co-operation to the states in the protection of forests, coordinating state and federal service in the growing and distribution of forest planting material, extending purchase of timberland "as rapidly as the condition of the treasury will permit," and covering into national forests some areas now comprised in Indian reservations.

The secretary reported good progress in organization of the packers' and stockyards administration and the grain futures administration, in the campaign against plant pests, and in the various other lines of service in which his department is interested.

Relationship of Prices.

This year would be a prosperous year for agriculture, and consequently a prosperous year for the nation, if the relationship of prices now was such as existed before the war, Secretary Wallace said. There has been some increase in prices of farm products, but there has not been much improvement in the general relationship between the prices of the things the farmer produces and the things he buys.

Among the causes which contribute to the abnormal relationship of farm prices to the prices of other things, Secretary Wallace mentioned these:

Overproduction of many farm crops.

Continued high freight rates.

Maintenance of industrial wages at near war-time levels.

Economic depression and depreciated currency in European countries.

Interference with the efficient functioning of necessary industries.

Unreasonably high costs of distribution of some farm products.

Such a Thing as Overproduction.

"Some contend there is no such a thing as overproduction of farm products and cannot be so long as there are people in the world who suffer for food and clothing," said Secretary Wallace. "On the same line of reasoning it can be argued that the production of automobiles will be inadequate until every man and woman and every boy or girl of high school age owns one. There is overproduction, as far as the producer is concerned, whenever the quantity produced cannot be marketed at a price which will cover all costs and leave the producer enough to tempt him to continue production. And whenever there is such overproduction the output will be reduced either by conscious effort on the part of the producers or by the operation of economic laws which drive the less efficient producers out of business. The fact is that for three years in succession the farmers of the United States have produced more of some crops than could be sold at prices high enough to cover producing costs.

"It will never be possible for the farmers to relate their production to profitable demand with the nicety of the manufacturer, both because they cannot control the elements which influence production and cannot estimate demand so closely. Neither will the farmers ever be able to organize as have the labor unions and, by rules and regulations and disciplinary measures, compel obedience to policies adopted. They can, however, bring about a better adjustment of production, and especially of marketing, to the needs and purchasing ability of possible customers, if they will perfect their organizations and call to their aid men skilled in interpreting conditions which influence supply and demand. Better adjustment of farm production is worth striving for. Both the farmers and the consuming public would be benefited through more stable production and therefore more stable prices."

Picturing the plight of American farmers, Secretary Wallace said the production records of this year furnish a vivid illustration of the vitality of American agriculture and of the courage and hopefulness of the American farmer.

Losses Taken by Agriculture.

"Certainly no other industry could have taken the losses agriculture has taken and maintain production," he said, "and we have no evidence to show that any other group of workers would have taken the reduction in wages in the spirit in which the farmers have taken their reduction. Many thousands of farmers have not been able to weather the storm, notwithstanding their strenuous efforts. Thousands who purchased land during the period of high prices have been obliged to give up the struggle, let their land go back, lose all the money they paid for it, and start anew. Many thousands of renters who had substantial savings invested in farm equipment and livestock have gone through the same experience, and have lost everything."

Hopeful Aspects.

There are some hopeful aspects to the situation, notwithstanding the continued low purchasing power of farm products, Secretary Wallace pointed out.

"It is fair to say that in general the farmers of the United States are in a better position financially now than they were a year or eighteen months ago," he declared. "Farm products are selling at considerably higher prices, and it is estimated the aggregate value of the crops in the country this year is about $1,250,000,000 more than last year. Considerable quantities of these crops will be fed and the increased value will not be wholly recovered by the farmer, but the bare fact that such a large increase in money will reach the farmers' pockets this year is most gratifying and reassuring.

Advance in Price of Cotton Helpful.

"The advance in price of cotton has been most helpful throughout the cotton-growing states. Considerably higher prices for wool, lambs and sheep have resulted in pulling the sheep industry out of the slough of despond and setting it on its feet again. Right through the period of depression hogs have been selling at considerably higher prices relatively than corn. On the whole, it has been a fairly satisfactory year for cattle feeders. Credit conditions have improved and interest rates have fallen.

"Another hopeful sign is the increasing willingness and desire of people engaged in industry, commerce and finance to help bring about a more favorable adjustment for the farmer. Such people are coming to realize more and more the menace to themselves in conditions so unfavorable to agriculture as those of the past thre years. Their attitude toward the farmer has changed from that of a benevolent paternalism such as was so much in evidence during the ten years preceding the war. They now understand more clearly that their own future is inseparably linked up with the farmer, and that in doing what they can to help him get on his feet again they are helping themselves as well."

Cost of Distribution High.

In relation to the price of farm products at the farms and prices charged for farm products in the cities, Secretary Wallace said the cost of distribution remains high, notwithstanding frequent violent denunciations of profiteers in the cities. In part, this high cost of distribution, he declared, is caused by the multiplication of distributing agencies during the last six years in part by the increase in rent and supplies, but in larger part by the higher wages which employes in the distributing business have been able to maintain.

Taxes on farms in most farming states have more than doubled and is proving to be one of the most frequent subjects of complaint by farmers and during the next few years the whole question of taxation, Mr. Wallace said, will evidently receive considerable attention by thoughtful farmers.

Show Them

What this new way does

No mother wants children to suffer what she may have suffered from her teeth.

Then teach them the new way of teeth cleaning. Show the prettier teeth it brings, the whiter, safer teeth. Or let them make this test, and see and feel the benefits themselves.

Must fight film

Dingy teeth and most tooth troubles are now traced to film. One must fight to avoid them.

Film is that viscous coat you feel. It clings to teeth, gets between the teeth and stays. Stains discolor it, then it forms dingy coats. Tartar is based on film.

Film also holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay. Germs breed by millions in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.

No ordinary tooth paste effectively combats film. So, under old methods, very few escaped tooth troubles. Beautiful teeth were less often seen than today.

Two ways found

Then dental science, after long research, found two ways to fight film. One acts to curdle it, one to remove it, and without any harmful scouring.

Able authorities proved these methods effective. Then dentists the world over began to advise their use.

A new-type tooth paste was created, based on modern research. The name is Pepsodent. Those two great film combatants are embodied in it for daily application.

Its new effects

Pepsodent brings other effects which research proved essential. It multiplies the alkalinity of the saliva. That is there to constantly neutralize the acids which cause decay.

It multiplies the starch digestant in the saliva. That is there to digest starch deposits on teeth which may otherwise ferment and form acids.

Those are Nature's great tooth-protecting agents. Each use of Pepsodent gives them manifold effect.

We Offer

A Ten-Day Test

Simply send coupon.

For dainty people

Pepsodent is now used by millions the world over. Careful people of some fifty nations have adopted it, largely by dental advice. Dainty people—those who care for whiter, cleaner teeth—will never go without it.

Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coats disappear.

One week will give you a new conception of what clean teeth mean. It will point the way to a new dental era, both for you and yours. Cut out the coupon now.

PAT. OFF. **Pepsodent** REG. U.S.

The New-Day Dentifrice

Now advised by dentists the world over. All druggists supply the large tubes.

10-Day Tube Free 1002

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY,
Dept. A-124, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill
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Only one tube to a family

SIX ADDITIONAL SUITS OVER WAR-TIME CANTONMENTS

Washington, Dec. 4 (By the A. P.).—Six additional suits seeking recovery of large sums alleged to have been misspent in construction of the war-time army cantonments were filed today in as many cities by representatives of the department of justice. The six actions sought to recover, $29,000,000 and brought the total claimed by the government from war contractors to more than $50,000,000.

The projects, contractors and sums involved in the six suits were:

Camp Travis, San Antonio, Tex., Stone & Webster, $3,000,000.

Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., Rinehart & Dennis, Inc., $7,000,000.

Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., Porter Bros., $5,000,000.

Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark., James Stewart & Co., Inc., $2,000 000.

Camp Dodge, Des Moines, Ia., Charles Weitz Sons, $4,500,000.

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., Irwin & Leighton, $6,500,000.

The six bills of complaint, almost identical in form were filed in the federal district court at San Antonio, Richmond, Detroit, Little Rock, Des Moines and Trenton. They charged fraud, connivance, waste and improper use of funds and material.

Further suits against "prime contractors" on government war-time construction are in preparation by the department and will be filed as they are completed. A suit involving construction of one of the major army projects in New England was to have been instituted today but was not completed in time.

As in the case of the four initial suits filed Nov. 24, an important specification in the government's complaint is the charge that the defendants took advantage of the government's preoccupation in other war activities to grossly violate the confidence imposed in them.

STUDENT WHO FEARED KLAN LEAVES HARVARD COLLEGE

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 4.—Hubert K. Clay of Colorado Springs, the sophomore at Harvard college who called for police protection recently after the receipt of threatening messages from supposed members of the Ku Klux Klan, has left college, acquaintances said today. The college office said it was without confirmation on the matter.

Don't think that a man is always in the wrong because he doesn't agree with you.

HOW I CURED MY CATARRH

TOLD IN A SIMPLE WAY.
Without Apparatus, Inhalers, Harmful Drugs, Smoke or Electricity.
HEALS DAY AND NIGHT

It is a new way. It is something absolutely different; no lotion, spray or sickening drugs; nothing to smoke or inhale; no confinement in the home; something healthful. You do not have to wait and linger and pay out a lot of money. I will gladly tell you how. I am not a doctor, but I am cured and my friends are cured, and you can be cured. Your suffering will stop at once like magic. I am free. You can be free. My catarrh was filthy and loathsome. It made me ill. It dulled my head. It undermined my health and was weakening my will. The hawking, coughing, spitting made me obnoxious to all and my foul breath and disgusting habits made even my loved ones avoid me secretly.

But I found a cure and I am ready to tell thousands of other sufferers that CAMPHOROLE cured me of catarrh of nose and throat.—Mrs. S. Anderson, Pleasantville Terrace, N. J.

At all Druggists — Camphorole — Beware of Substitutes

GEORGES CLEMENCEAU TO VISIT WHITE HOUSE TODAY

Washington, Dec. 4 (By the A. P.).—Georges Clemenceau today brought his campaign for France to the capital.

Arriving at dusk, he was escorted immediately to the home of Henry White, former ambassador to France and member of the American commission at the Versailles peace conference, to rest in preparation for his four-day visit which will begin officially tomorrow with calls on President Harding and former President Wilson.

The Tiger was greeted at the station by Mr. White, who is his host here; Jules J. Jusserand, French ambassador to the United States, and Robert W. Bliss, third assistant secretary of state, who represented the department informally. Mrs. Jusserand accompanied her husband and it was to her that Clemenceau addressed much of his attention as he walked up the long train platform toward the presidential room.

Probably two thousand persons had clustered in the station for a glimpse of the famous war figure who was among the few such who had not visited Washington either during the World war or afterward.

Passing through the presidential room, he entered Mr. White's car and was driven swiftly over Massachusetts avenue and Sixteenth street to Mr. White's Crescent place home.

He retired shortly after 8 o'clock. The Tiger plans to pay his respects at the White House tomorrow at 10 o'clock. He will be presented to the president by Ambassador Jusserand. From the White House he expects to drive to the S street home of Woodrow Wilson. Then he will return to the White home for luncheon, where he will meet Secretaries Hughes and Mellon.

OPENING OF CONFERENCE ON CENTRAL AMERICAN AFFAIRS

Washington, Dec. 4.—(By The A. P.)—Divergent opinions between Central-American countries as to the desirability of discussing here the question of a political union of all five nations came to the surface today immediately on the opening of the six power conference on Central American affairs called by invitation of President Harding.

The subject was not on the agenda as outlined in the American invitation. It was brought up sharply, however, in the reply of Dr. Alberto Ucles, chief of the Honduran delegation, in replying to Secretary Hughes' address of welcome. Under clause four of the invitation, Dr. Ucles said, any subject could be presented and he urged that the matter of a federation of Central American states "should receive first consideration" by the conference.

In opposition to this view, Senor Jose Andras Corannado, Costa Rican foreign minister, pointed out that the Central-American governments in accepting the invitation to Washington had been "fully cognizant of the fact that the historic hour of their political union has not yet struck." For the Nicaraguan group, however, Senor Emiliano Chamorra, minister from his government to Washington, in his address to the conference, said the gathering further testified to "the reality of our aspiration for unity" and would tend to overcome obstacles and "some day" result in the hoisting of "the sacred banner of one undivided nation."

Neither Secretary Hughes, speaking both as presiding officer and as head of the American delegation, nor Minister Francisco Latour for Guatemala, nor Senor Francisco Suarez head of the Salvadorean group, referred to the Central-American union question in any way in their formal addresses at the opening session. Action of the conference must of necessity be unanimous in determining what points not specifically mentioned in the invitation may be taken up under clause four.

During courtship a woman clings to a man's neck, but after marriage she is apt to walk on it.

BOOKS On All Subjects All Kinds

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UNION SQUARE

THE LYONS COMPANY

WAUREGAN BLOCK NORWICH, CONN.

Boys' Wool Jersey Suits

AT $3.98

A regular $5.000 quality in sizes 4 to 8 years in Blue and Brown heather mixture, in the middie style.

Boys' Corduroy Suits

AT $2.00

In sizes 4, 5, 6 this is a button-on suit at a special price.