Opinions of Messrs. Buchanan and Davis on the Pacific Railroad.

In their speeches at Philadelphia, remarks fell from these gentlemen having a direct bearing on the important subject of the proposed railroad across the American continent.

Mr. Davis said:

"They knew he belonged to the strict construction school, which never turned to the right nor to the left to serve any purpose of expediency. Within the limits of the States they would touch nothing; and he spoke not for himself alone, but his honored chief himself. But when they looked to their recent possessions in the slope of the Pacific, there were two things which arrested attention. Upon the pages of history nothing is marked more steadily than that, running back to the remotest antiquity, mountains of divided nations, that as the light or shadow fell upon the one side or the other, so would the character of men be modified and government changed. But had it not been in the progress of mind in its conflict with matter that the United States had advanced, had gained additional force, and had they not reached the period when they could triumph over this natural obstacle, when they could skip the mountains, tunnel them or pass them by any means known to civil engineering, binding men together, so that the fluctuations of life should become to them as nothing? [Great applause.] He had said that he was a strict constructionist, but he had also mocked the idea of one construction within the limits of the United States, and another outside of them. [Applause.] He had always mocked the idea that this Government could build a road outside of the United States, and could not build one in it. [Great applause.] There was another question which involved the question of the integrity of the Pacific possessions; but there was still another—a closer question to which he knew the heart of Pennsylvania would respond—it was the question of protection, which in her strength she had always shown herself willing to throw over the weak. If the Pacific possessions should be threatened by a hostile fleet, the Government would have no navy there to interpose for their protection; and if that hostile fleet belonged to such a power as England or France, it would take all the navy of the United States to keep a road open which would cross either of the isthmuses of this continent. And while the navy of the United States was thus employed, what would be more easy than for such a maritime power as either of these to strike at those possessions and rend them from these States, even to the extent of the gold regions which lay behind the coast?

"If then, as a purely military question, it should become necessary to have an intercommunication, so that the Government's munitions of war and men could be thrown upon the Pacific for its defence, the application of the war-power of the Government to this case would be within the strict limits of the Constitution. [Enthusiastic applause.] But if it could be shown—and he always held his opinion open to correction from any quarter—that these means were not required, were not necessary, and by necessary he meant absolutely required, then, he would say, show the other means which would answer as a substitute, and as a strict construction Democrat he would accept the proposition. [Great applause.] Under every ingenious construction which had been placed upon the various powers of the Government, under every ramification which ingenuity had suggested to supply that deficiency of intercommunication, in vain had it been attempted to be shown him how the military power of this Government, which consisted in the sinews and strong hearts of its citizens, could be used on the slope of the Pacific, unless there was railroad to transmit it. [Applause.] If, then, it could be done, and if that hazard existed on that ocean, he would say that the rest followed as a consequence; the smoke of Pennsylvania coal might be seen on the desert waste, beneath the cloud-capped mountains, and Pennsylvania iron, with the very stamp of her foundries upon it, might be seen creeping in a long serpentine track to the slopes of the Pacific." [Applause.]

Mr. Buchanan admitted that Colonel Davis was a strict constructionist. He had never known but one man who could excel his friend from Mississippi in that, for the latter had got so far as to be willing to appropriate the public money to make a railroad to the Pacific, with which he himself entirely agreed.

From the Richmond Enquirer of yesterday.

Bolivia and Peru.

We certainly appear to have arrived at those latter days in the existence of the world when "wars and rumors of wars" were to be the prominent signs of the times. To whatever quarter of the globe we look there is insecurity, agitation, and the presence or prospect of war. North, South, East, and West, throughout all the quarters of the globe, there is either actual warfare now raging, or its daily occurrence is a matter of high probability. The Turko-Russian question menaces the whole of Europe, and extends its influence into Asia and Africa, beyond the limits of the Ottoman dominions. Algeria seems tranquil, and we hear little of Caffrarian hostilities; but in the north and the south of Africa, and even in the central regions occupied by native tribes, there is rather the appearance of peace than peace itself. The advance of the East India Company presses on the Burmese Empire—Persia is disquieted, China in complete revolt, and Japan threatened by the naval enterprise of the United States. In North America and the adjacent islands, the peace of the continent is seriously endangered by the action of the British in regard to the fisheries, by the dispute in respect to the Mesilla Valley, by the invasion of Sonora, by the restoration of Santa Anna to despotic authority in Mexico, by the complicated difficulties of our relations with Nicaragua and the Mosquito coast; and by the conduct—past, present, and prospective—of Spain in regard to Cuba.

In the midst of this universal agitation—this volcanic ebullition of the subterranean fires which smoulder below the feet of all nations—the South American States afford an unwonted contrast to the older and more steady portions of the world by exhibiting the rare spectacle of comparative tranquillity. This transient quiet is, however, seriously menaced, and probably destroyed, by the hostile attitude of Bolivia and Peru. A war between these States, which would necessarily be desultory in its character, would come most inopportunely at this time, when recent events promised to throw open the interior of the rich tropical region of South America to foreign enterprise and civilization. But destiny orders the future in its own way.

Naval.—The United States sloop-of-war Decatur, detailed for the fishing grounds, bound from Boston for Portsmouth, is ready for sea, waiting for a wind. The following is a list of her officers: Captain, Whittle; First Lieutenant, DeHaven; Second Lieutenant, Van Alstine; Third Lieutenant, Duncan; Sailing Master, Bradford; Surgeon, Barclay; Purser, Bleecker; Boatswain, Whitmarsh; Gunner, Harcourt. Her men, including the marine guard, number 115.

At Maderia, June 12th, United States ship John Adams, Commander Barrow, waiting the arrival of the frigate Constitution; would, when received by her, proceed direct to Boston.

The Portsmouth *Transcript* of Thursday says:

"The officers attached to the United States steamer Saranac, now repairing at this yard, have all been detached. Orders arrived from Washington yesterday to that effect. Captain Long left for Washington last evening."

Restitution.—The Washington County *Post* says a chap in a certain village, with whom he is acquainted, having had *sanded* sugar sold to him, inserted in the weekly paper the following:

"*Notice.*—I purchased of a grocer in this village a quantity of sugar, from which I obtained *one pound of sand*. If the rascal who cheated me will send to my address seven pounds of good sugar (Scripture measure of restitution) I will be satisfied; if not, I shall expose him."

On the following day nine seven-pound packages of sugar were left at his residence, from as many different dealers, each supposing himself the person intended.—*Rochester American.*

BALTIMORE CORRESPONDENCE.

The Sheriffalty Contest—Foreign Exports—Whig State Convention—Minor Nominations.

Baltimore, July 15, 1853.

The contest among the Democracy for the sheriffalty nomination was yesterday disposed of on the modern plan, by an election throughout the city, which resulted in Thomas W. Hellen obtaining almost as many votes as his four competitors combined. The unsuccessful candidates are, of course, greatly chagrined at the lack of popularity a public test has shown them to possess.

The total value of the foreign exports from this port for the past week was light, amounting to but $213,914. The export of breadstuffs amounted to but 5,144 barrels of flour, 695 barrels of cornmeal, and 450 bushels of corn. Of tobacco 3,423 hhds. were exported; making the total exports of the year 26,284 hhds., against 20,181 to the same time last year.

The Maryland Whig Central Committee have adopted the recommendation of the members of the Legislature for holding the Whig State Convention in this city on the 1st day of September next. This convention will nominate a candidate for Governor; and, as the Democracy will have presented their nominee for Governor by that time, the canvass will then fully open.

As to the nomination of Whig candidates for the minor offices of judges, sheriff, clerks, magistrates, and commissioners, they will probably not be made until close on to the eve of the election, that being deemed the most advisable course under all the circumstances.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Movements of the President.

New York, July 15.—The President and suite left the Astor House at 10 o'clock this morning on a trip of pleasure down the bay. Previous to starting he received a large number of visitors, who thronged the hotel at an early hour.

The President, members of the Cabinet, Governor of New York, Lord Ellesmere, Senators and Representatives of the United States, and other distinguished personages, are to attend a grand dinner, to be given by the Crystal Palace Association at the Metropolitan Hotel to-day. It promises to be the most magnificent effort of the kind ever gotten up in this city, and six hundred guests will be in attendance.

The President and suite take their departure for the capital early on Saturday morning.

The Crystal Palace is being arranged with great despatch, and in a few days the exhibition will be open in all its splendor and magnificence.

The unpleasant feelings which had existed with some in regard to the delay in completing the edifice, are just giving way to a feeling of delight at the present appearance of affairs.

New York, July 15—2 p. m.—It is now stated that the President will probably not attend the banquet at the Metropolitan, but leave for Washington to-night.

Later from Port au Prince.

Philadelphia, July 15.—The barque Charles E. Lex arrived here to-day with advices from Port au Prince to July 1st.

The country was quiet and business extremely dull.

The importations from the United States were larger than ever before known within the memory of the oldest merchants. Fish would scarcely bring the duties paid on them. Pork, flour, and butter were selling at less than the invoice prices. Coffee and logwood were scarce. Coffee on board brought $1 50 per 100 pounds. Logwood $80 per 1,000 pounds. Doubloons $270. In other matters there was no particular movement. The abundant supply of products for the United States will tend to keep down prices for some time to come.

Arrival of the Daniel Webster.

New York, July 15.—The steamer Daniel Webster, from San Juan July 6, arrived to-day. The Prometheus left the same day for New Orleans.

Markets.

New York, July 15.—Flour is firmer; sales of 8,250 bbls. at $5 a $5 12½ for State and Western, and $5 12 a $5 37 for Southern. Wheat—Sales of 40,000 bushels at $1 28½ for Western white. Corn—Sales of 25,000 bushels at 69 cts. for mixed, and 70 cents for yellow.

Baltimore, July 15.—Sales to-day of 700 barrels flour at $4 81 a $4 87½.

Grain quiet and unchanged.

MARRIED,

In Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 12th instant, by the Rev. Horace Bushnell, J. THOMAS McDUFFIE, of Washington, D. C., to Miss MARY A. PRICE, only daughter of General Rees E. Price, of the former place.

DIED,

At his residence, in the Catawba, in Mecklenburg county, North Carolina, on Tuesday, the 14th ultimo, ROBERT DAVIDSON, esq., in the 85th year of his age.

On the 14th instant, near Beltsville, Prince George's county, Maryland, BENEDICT BRASHEAR, aged 65 years.

☞ **A Meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held on Monday evening, July 18th, at the First Baptist Church, 10th street, between E and F, at 8 o'clock. The public, and particularly all the members, are desired to attend.**

The plans and prospectus of the new paper, recommended by the Board of Managers, to be devoted to young men, and particularly the Christian Associations of this country, will be presented for action; and addresses may also be expected.

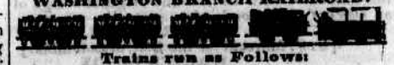
WM. J. RHEES, Secretary.

The Standing Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association will meet at the First Baptist Church, at 7 o'clock, on Monday evening.

July 16—2t

☞ **Lectures to the Young.—Rev. Mason Noble** is delivering a course of Lectures to the Young, at Island Hall, on Sabbath evenings. Subject to-morrow evening: "The Importance of Fixed Principles of Action." Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Service at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m., every Sunday. July 16

WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD.



Trains run as Follows:

Leave daily, except Sunday, at 6 and 8 a. m., 3½ and 5 p. m.

On Sunday at 6 a. m. and 5 p. m.

The train at 5 p. m is Express, and stops only at Annapolis Junction and Relay, the others at all way stations.

Trains at 8 a. m. and 3½ p. m. connect with Annapolis.

Trains at 6 a. m and 5 p. m. connect with the West.

Trains at 6 and 8 a. m. and 5 p. m. connect with the East.

Fare from Washington to Baltimore..... $1 25
Do do do do and return 1 50
Do do do Annapolis..... 1 25
Do do do do and return 1 50

The round-trip tickets must in all cases be procured at the office, and are good for the day upon which they are issued.

T. H. PARSONS, Agent.

July 16

METROPOLIS REFECTORY.

Pennsylvania avenue, between Jackson Hall and the United States Hotel.

THE PROPRIETOR respectfully announces to his friends and the public that he will be in regular receipt of choice Norfolk Oysters per steamer Oceola, Captain Mitchell, who is again upon the route. Turtle, Clam, and other Soups; Beefsteaks, Chops, Soft-crabs, Woodcock, and all the choice eating of the season, to be had every day. GEORGE HENDLEY.

July 8

LOCAL MATTERS.

A Matrimonial Disappointment.—On Thursday afternoon, at four o'clock, a poor Irish woman, in the meridian of life, was seen standing near the jail, in company with a female companion. She was impatiently expressing a hope that the priest would be "afther comin'," when a messenger arrived, almost breathless, and communicated to her the fact that the minister would soon be in attendance. The countenance of the fair one immediately brightened—she "breathed freer and deeper"—and cast an anxious look at the "blue jug," as if to catch a glimpse of one of its occupants, who had his apartment there, in an upper chamber. The trio then seated themselves on the ground, in full view of the street up which the priest was expected to come. The courteous jailer, just about this time, passed along, on his return from the court-house, with several friends whom he had invited over to view a marriage ceremony, which had been arranged between the aforesaid Irish woman and the prisoner, her own impulsive countryman, who had reason to believe that if he should consent to a matrimonial alliance, the criminal charge made by her against him would be dismissed, and he, as a consequence, restored to liberty.

The confiding woman had readily accepted of the proffered reparation—that he would become her husband. Therefore a messenger was despatched to the clerk's office to procure a marriage license; and in this no difficulty was experienced, the obliging clerk being always ready to accommodate.

There was much interest expressed in and around the jail to witness the hymenial proceedings. But there was a painful, a provoking delay of five full hours, and the minister did not make his appearance until nine o'clock at night. He immediately held a brief conversation with the prisoner, the result of which was announced to the company in waiting, to the effect *that the man had changed his mind*, and that he had come to the determination to rot in jail rather than, at his mature age, surrender the liberty of single blessedness.

As soon as the woman, who stood afar off, heard of his cruel resolve, she hurried away, an object of sympathy, doubtless delivering to herself, mentally, a truthful lesson upon the subject of man's inconstancy, and the danger of delays in matrimonial as well as in other important affairs of life.

In the Criminal Court, Charles Butler, a large, able-bodied free negro, was indicted for an assault and battery upon another negro named Anderson, with a knife, without the least provocation. His trial resulted in his conviction, and he was sentenced to be imprisoned in the county jail for two months.

William Hunter, a Georgetown negro, imitating the rowdy propensities of some individuals of a more Caucasian complexion, beat his wife, and afterwards struck the officer sent to arrest him. The court sentenced him to pay a fine of one dollar for whipping his wife, and eight dollars for assaulting the officer.

Frances Speiden was tried for keeping a disreputable and disorderly house in the First Ward. The jury had not agreed upon a verdict when the court adjourned.

The Fifteenth of July is remarkable in England on account of a well-known popular notion that if it rain on this day there will be more or less rain for forty days to come. St. Swithins, we are told, lived more than a thousand years ago. He was an eminently pious and learned bishop and priest to King Egbert. He was the adviser and originator of tithes in England. The story runs that, being buried by his own request in the churchyard of the chapel, the priests a hundred years afterwards, desirous of giving him greater honor, commenced the work of translating his remains into the interior. This was on the fifteenth of July. They were, however, stopped in their work by a heavy fall of rain. Neither could they resume their duty next day, for the heavy rain still continued. The rain showered for forty days, by which time the priests became convinced that it was designed to stop them in a work which, though well meant on their part, was ill taken on that of the saint, and they gave up the point. Ever since that it has been held as a maxim in England that if it rain on St. Swithin's day there will be rain for forty ensuing days. The principle, however, does not apply to this country.

Improvements.—Among the fine improvements in the neighborhood of the railroad station, we notice that Mr. John Foy is building a hotel, to front on New Jersey avenue, and to be located *over* Tiber creek. Workmen are now engaged in springing a heavy arch, and constructing massive foundations on its margin, for the superstructure.

Hackney Coaches.—As an evidence of dull times in this branch of business, just now, a gentleman can scarcely step out of either the National or Brown's hotel, without being immediately surrounded by a dozen or more hackmen, each holding up his whip and earnestly proffering his services.

Baltimore and Washington Railroad.—With reference to a question in yesterday's *Republic*, we are gratified at being able to state that round-trip tickets may be obtained daily at $1 50. They must, in all cases, be procured at the railroad station, and are only available on the day they are issued.

The Corner-stone of a new Baptist church, to be erected on Thirteenth street, between G and H streets, will, we learn, be laid next Thursday evening, at five o'clock, with imposing ceremonies. The Rev. Dr. Teasdale is the pastor of the association.

Professor Joseph Henry has consented to deliver, in the course of a few weeks, an address on the present condition and labors of the Smithsonian Institution.

Appointment.—Mr. S. S. Briggs, who resides in the Sixth Ward, has been appointed, by the President of the United States, a justice of the peace in and for the county of Washington.

Washington Street.—Only a few persons, probably, are aware of such a street in this city; but about two months ago the fifty-feet alley in square 518, (north of Judiciary Square,) in the Fourth Ward, was thus christened by the "City Fathers."

Metropolitan Mechanics' Institute.—The Committee on Exhibitions have been directed to report the necessary measures with a view to a second annual exhibition. The Committee on Instruction were likewise requested to report upon the same subject.

Cardinal Bedini, who recently sojourned several days in the District of Columbia, left this city on Thursday, on his way to Brazil, he being the Pope's Nuncio to the court of that country.

A SACRIFICE FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD.

WILL be offered to-day at 11 o'clock, to all my friends and customers, STEAKS, SOUP, &c., from some of the finest TURTLE that have been seen in this city. A desire to merit the favor of the citizens and strangers in Washington has induced me to spare no pains or expense to obtain the best of everything that is to be had for the table, and those who favor me with their patronage will surely be satisfied.

Families and parties can be served at any hour of the day with TURTLE SOUP, STEAKS, OYSTERS, CLAMS, CRABS; in fact, every delicacy of the season, at the usual rates.

W. F. BENTER,
Washington Hall Restaurant,
Corner 6th street and Penn. avenue.

July 15—3t

BRICKLAYERS.—Wanted immediately on Extension of United States Capitol, Washington, thirty Bricklayers—wages $2 25. To good workmen steady employment will be given.

M. C. MEIGS,
Captain of Engineers,
In charge of Extension U. S. Capitol
July 15—dtf and Washington Aqueduct.

Collector's Office, July 13, 1853.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—Deduction for Prompt Payment.—Notice is hereby given that the Taxes for the year 1853 are now due, and payable at this office; and that a deduction of ten per cent. is allowed by law for the current year, if paid on or before the 31st of August ensuing. R. J. ROCHE,

July 15—eotdif Collector.

FOR RENT.—Two fine large front Bed Rooms and a Parlor, comfortably furnished, on Pennsylvania avenue, near Brown's Hotel. Best of references required. Rent low. Inquire at

T. BASTIANELLI & CO.'S,
July 16—3t Under Brown's Hotel.

ON A STRIKE.

THE JOURNEYMEN BRICKLAYERS of Washington request of their fellow-tradesmen of Baltimore and other cities to remain at home during our present strike, and not be deluded by advertisements for hands on the public or private works. Our demand we believe to be just; we ask an advance of twenty five cents per day, which will make our wages two dollars and fifty cents. It is well known that living is dear here. Some of the trades have advanced their wages; the Superintendents' pay on public works have been raised; the Clerks receive their twenty per centum; but Bricklayers, who are exposed to a burning sun and to all the inclemency of the weather, must be ground down by the iron heel of oppression. Shall it be so? July 15—3t

RED RIVER RAFT.

THE PERSON to whom the contract was awarded under former advertisements for proposals having failed to give the bond with sureties as required, proposals for the work are again invited as follows:

Proposals will be received until the 20th day of next September for the removal of obstructions to the navigation of Red river (Louisiana) occasioned by the raft, and for keeping the said navigation free from the same for the longest period.

The amount of these proposals united is not to exceed the sum of $100,000.

Each bidder will propose to remove said raft, (thoroughly,) and to keep the navigation free from obstruction thereby for a specified period; specifying in his bid the time in which he proposes to complete the removal of the raft, the said time not to be later than the 1st day of June, 1855; and also the number of years, counting from said removal, during which time he binds himself to keep the said navigation free from raft obstruction.

The contractor will be required to give his bond for $20,000, with two good sureties, each for the sum of $10,000, conditioned for the faithful execution of the contract. Each bidder will transmit, at the same time with his proposals, the names of the persons whom he offers as sureties, and a declaration signed by them that they will sign his bond as sureties as above mentioned; and also the certificate of a district judge of the United States for the State in which he resides, that said securities are respectable citizens, and that he considers them worth $10,000 over and above all their debts and liabilities. No bid will be examined unless these conditions shall be complied with.

Terms of payment.

Of the sum of $100,000 appropriated for the above object, $50,000 shall be paid as the work of removing the raft advances, as follows—to wit: Whenever the contractor shall report that a portion of the raft has been removed, the same shall be inspected by an officer appointed by the War Department; and if it shall appear that such is the fact, the Department will pay such a proportion of the said sum of $50,000 as the portion removed shall bear to the entire raft, provided no partial payment shall be made for less than one-tenth part of the whole work. The remaining $50,000 will be paid in equal annual instalments corresponding in number with the number of years during which the contractor shall bind himself to keep the navigation open, of which fact the Department is to be the sole judge.

Each bid must be for the whole work—that is, for the removal of the raft, and for keeping the river open for a specified period. No separate proposals for portions of it will be considered.

The proposals will be addressed to the undersigned, marked on the envelope, "Proposals for removing Red River Raft."

The War Department reserves to itself the right of awarding the contract according to its own judgment of the most favorable bid and the most responsible bidder.

To be inserted in the Union, Republic, and National Intelligencer, Washington, D. C.; Cincinnati Gazette, Cincinnati, Ohio; Louisville Journal, Louisville, Kentucky; St. Louis Republican, St Louis, Missouri; Shreveport Herald, Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans Commercial Bulletin; New Orleans Bee; New Orleans Republican; Gazette and Democrat, Little Rock, Arkansas; Telegraph, Washington, Arkansas. J. J ABERT,

Colonel Corps Topographical Engineers.

July 14—d20t&tawt20Sep

METROPOLITAN RAILROAD.

IT having been duly certified to the Commissioners of the Metropolitan Railroad, at their meeting on the 5th of July, 1853, that the amount of stock required by the charter for the organization of the Company has been subscribed, the said Commissioners, pursuant to the provisions of the act incorporating said Company, HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to the subscribers for said stock to meet in person or by proxy at the Union Hotel, in Georgetown, D. C., on Thursday, the 28th of July instant, between the hours of 12 m. and 3 p. m., for the purpose of electing twelve Directors to manage the affairs of said Company.

JOHN W. MAURY,
WM. W. CORCORAN,
WM. W. SEATON,
DAVID ENGLISH,
FRANCIS DODGE,
FERDINAND W. RISQUE,
Of the District of Columbia.
CHARLES E. TRAIL,
JACOB M KUNKEL,
MEREDITH DAVIS,
Of Frederick county.
ROBERT T. DADE,
WM. LINGAN GAITHER,
FRANCIS C. CLOPPER,
Of Montgomery county.
DANIEL WEISEL,
JAMES WASON,
ELIAS DAVIS,
July 7—eot28th Of Washington county.

The National Intelligencer, the Union, and the Republic, Washington; the Advocate, Georgetown, D. C.; and the Baltimore Sun, Baltimore, will please insert the above advertisement three times a week till the 28th of July. The Journal, Rockville, Montgomery county; the Herald, Citizen, and the Examiner, Frederick; the Catoctin Whig, Middletown; the Odd-Fellow, Boonsboro'; and the Herald and Torchlight, the Hagerstown Mail, the News, and the People's Own, Hagerstown, will respectively insert the same once a week until the 28th of July.

BAR-IRON, STEEL AND NAILS, TIN, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Bar Lead, and Tin Zinc; American and English Sheet-iron, Bellows, Anvils, Upright, Parallel and Chain Vices, and other goods of this description, which will be sold cheap. E. WHEELER,

Corner 7th and B streets, near the Canal.

July 9—1m [News and Star.]

E. M. DREW, MERCHANT TAILOR, 7th Street, opposite the Office of the National Intelligencer,

HAS on hand a large and choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, to which he invites the attention of the public. Orders for garments executed with promptness, in a manner to please, and at moderate rates.

July 6—2w

FRANCIS H. DAVIDGE,
(FORMERLY OF BALTIMORE,)
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

PROPOSES to attend to Conveyancing and other office business, together with the prosecution of claims against the Government, for which an experience of eleven years in various branches of the public service has qualified him in a peculiar degree.

His attention will be prompt and his charges moderate.

F. H D. may always be found during business hours at the office of his son, Walter Dorsey Davidge, esq., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, on Louisiana avenue, near the City Hall, and opposite to Fifth street.

July 13—eo6t

GREAT CURE FOR ALL BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

Dr. J. S. Rose's Carminative Balsam.

THIS MIXTURE is one of the most important medicines, and should be kept in all families As a soothing preparation, it has no equal. In cases of infants with flatulency, pain in the bowels, bowel complaints, cholera morbus, restlessness, crying, or general pain, it has proved a perfect balm, producing sleep without opium, and strength without a bitter. As a specific for bowel complaints of adults, it has never failed. There is no preparation equal to Dr. Rose's Carminative Balsam for Cholera Morbus, Bowel Complaint, and Dysentery. Price 25 cents.

A MEDICINE FOR EVERY FAMILY.

Dr. J S. Rose's Pain Curer will cure all pain in the stomach or bowels in a few minutes. For Toothache, or Pains in the Face, it acts like a charm, giving instant relief. Indeed for pain in any part of the body, or for Sprains, Rheumatism from cold, or pains in the sides, back, or limbs, it is invaluable. Nothing equal to it for Lumps or Risings in the Breast. No mother should be without it No person should travel without a bottle by them, in case of sudden sickness. In bottles 12½, 25, and 50 cents.

The above sold by Wm. H. Gilman, Charles Stott & Co., Z. D. Gilman, Patterson & Nairn, Morrison, Wm. T. Evans, Kidwell & Lawrence, J. W. Nairn, J. B. Moore, Washington; J. L. Kidwell, Georgetown, D. C.; and by all dealers in Alexandria, Virginia. July 11

SPRATT'S PATENT LIGHTNING RODS.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Washington and its vicinity that he is now prepared to have put up these superior Rods, with Glass Insulators, in a safe and durable manner. Those in want will please leave their names with the subscriber, as several gentlemen have been imposed on by some who put up an inferior article and call it Spratt's.

Recollect, the genuine Points and Rods can be obtained only from the duly authorized agent for the District of Columbia, between 4½ and 6th streets, Pennsylvania avenue.

July 6—2w C. W. HEYDON, Agent.

NEW PAINT AND OIL STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, C. S. Whittlesey, has opened a store on the east side of Seventh street, between Louisiana avenue and D street, for the sale of Paints, Oil, Window Glass, Brushes, Lamps, Camphene, &c. Having purchased the entire stock for cash, great inducements will be offered to those desiring goods in my line.

All goods delivered free of charge in any part of the city.

C. S. WHITTLESEY.

Having sold out my entire Business to Mr. C. S. Whittlesey, and gone in his employ, I cheerfully recommend him to my friends and customers for their patronage for whatever they may wish in his line of business; knowing whatever orders they may furnish him with will be promptly attended to and of the very best material.

A. HATCH, Jr.

July 13—eod2w

TOILET ARTICLES, &c.

LUBIN'S PERFUMERY, Ox Marrow Pomade, superior Cologne, Bay Rum, Toilet Soaps, Indelible Ink, Hair Dye, Lily White, Hair and Tooth Brushes in great variety.

Sleeve Protectors for Ladies' Dresses, for sale low for cash at LAMMOND'S,

Seventh street, second door below E.

July 13—eod3t

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, such as American and English Knives and Forks, (which took the premium at the late Fair,) fine plated dining and dish Forks, Table and Tea-Spoons, (premium,) Albatta Tea and Table-Spoons, Carvers and Forks, Steels, Butter Knives, &c.; Brass and Plated Candlesticks, Family Grindstones, Tea Trays, Hand Waiters, Tea and Dinner Bells, Coffee Mills, Shovels and Tongs, and Irons, Flat Irons, Fenders, Curtain Bands and Pins, Dusting Brushes, Sweeping Brushes, Sieves, Pots, Ovens and Lids, Tea Kettles, &c., &c., such as are to be found in a well-regulated Hardware Store, at

E. WHEELER'S,
Opposite Brown's Hotel.

July 9—1meod [News and Star.]

Thomas Brown, of Virginia. T. Dayton Winter, of Pennsylvania.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer their services as Agents to prosecute Claims of every description before Congress and the different Departments of the Government.

July 7—3tawtf BROWN & WINTER.

STOCK IN THE CAPE LOOKOUT PAVILION COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that books for subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, chartered by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland at the January session, 1853, will be opened at the Patriotic Bank, Chubb Brothers, bankers, and at the office of Messrs. Evans & Fant, in the city of Washington and District of Columbia, on Saturday the 25th instant, and will be kept opened until the 25th of July next.

WILLIAM H. DUNKINSON,
F. W. RISQUE,
EDWIN ROBINSON,
June 27—d&eIm Commissioners.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned beg leave to announce that they have removed their WINE & LIQUOR STORE to 75 Dock street, two doors east of their former establishment, where they will be glad to receive the visits of their friends and patrons, to whom they offer the attraction of a Stock not surpassed for purity, variety, and excellence by any establishment in the United States.

THOMAS H. JACOBS & CO.,
July 6 75 Dock street, Philadelphia.

VIRGINIA LAND SCRIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having had some twenty years' acquaintance with Virginia Military Land Claims, and with the Revolutionary records at Richmond, will attend to the revision of such claims here, under the act of 31st August, 1852; and will also purchase and sell Land Warrants and Land Scrip.

VESPASIAN ELLIS,
July 7—d1mif Irving Hotel.

VIRGINIA LAND SCRIP WANTED.

THE undersigned will pay the highest market rates for Virginia Land Scrip and Land Warrants. EVANS & FANT,

July 6—d&w3m Opposite the Treasury.

FOR RENT—House No. 6 Union Row, F street. It has gas throughout and a cistern of water in the yard, and the whole premises is in first rate order. Apply at Republic office, Ninth street. July 6

WILLARD'S HOTEL, NEW YORK, No. 825 Broadway, and 207 Twelfth street, is now open for the accommodation of the public. The house is new, and is fitted up with all the modern improvements, and is furnished in a superior manner. The proprietor, formerly of Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C., will be happy to see any of his former friends, also all those of the travelling public who may favor him with a call.

E. D WILLARD.

New York, May 17 June 15—2mif

FOR RENT—Two third-story rooms of the new building at the corner of 9th and D streets, near Pennsylvania avenue and the Centre Market. One is 20 by 95 feet, the other 20 by 80 feet.

Inquire at the *Republic* office, opposite.

July 7—6t

NOTICE.—We take this method of notifying our patrons that, as usual, their respective accounts will be drawn off and presented on or about the 25th instant for settlement, and it is confidently hoped that all may consider themselves earnestly but respectfully called upon to make a prompt response. HOOE, BROTHER & CO.

June 23—d3w

TO BUILDERS, CARPENTERS, AND CONTRACTORS.

HAVING taken great pains to lay in a good and general assortment of building Hardware, I am now prepared to offer to those wanting such goods such inducements as I am convinced will suit. I am determined not to be undersold by any house in Washington. All my goods come direct from manufactories, which enables me to offer them at New York and Philadelphia prices; and making the building material my principal trade, I think I can come a *little under* others in this line of business.

I enumerate in part mor. villa, mor. hotel, rab. mor., sliding-door locks and latches, mor. night-latches, plated furniture, horizontal, upright, rural, cottage hotel, western and novelty rim locks and latches, rim latches all kinds; white porcelain knobs with porcelain rose or plate furniture; dark min'l, grey min'l, variegat'd min'l, and all kinds of rose and fancy color knobs for front or parlor knobs, with the patent silver glass knobs, an article that needs only to be brushed off to clean it, and always showing a fine plate; the old plated knobs, when they are cleaned, leaves a dirty spot on the door. Also, sash fastenings, all the different patterns; window-blind fastenings, inside shutter fastenings, cupboard catches, hooks and eyes, loose and fast-joint butts, hinges, Parliament hinges, Plant & Parlmer's patent shutter hinges; bolts of all kinds, nails, screws, hat and coat hooks, pulleys, sash weights, sash cord, and many other things to numerous to mention, which will be sold low. E. WHEELER,

Sign of the Gun and Padlock,
Opposite Brown's Hotel.

July 9—1meod [News & Star.]

THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS PREMIUM FOR A PLAN FOR A MARKET-HOUSE.

Mayor's Office,
Washington, June 1st, 1853.

UNDER the authority of a joint resolution of the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of this city, approved 18th of April, 1853, authorizing the committee therein appointed to obtain the best plan for a building to be erected on the present location of the Centre Market-house suitable for market and other public purposes, notice is hereby given that a premium of three hundred dollars will be given for the best plan of a building for said purposes, to be erected on the present site of the Centre Market-house.

Persons desiring to offer plans can, by application at the Mayor's office, either personally or by letter, obtain diagrams of the square, with its dimensions and the streets adjacent thereto.

The building must be such as to afford accommodation on the first floor for all market purposes, with a large room on the second floor, not less than 498 feet long, capable of being divided into two rooms, with various offices and rooms for other public purposes in the wings on Seventh and Ninth streets.

Any further information on the subject may be obtained on application at the Mayor's office.

Each plan must be accompanied with a specification.

The plans to be left at the Mayor's office on or before 12 o'clock m. on Monday, the first day of August next.

The premium to be paid to the person whose plan shall be approved of and adopted by this Corporation.

JOHN W. MAURY, Mayor.

June 3—2awtAug1

TO AMERICAN AUTHORS.

WRITERS of Poetry, Tales, Sketches, Essays, Biographies, Scientific Treatises, &c., &c., who feel the want of facilities for publishing their productions in a profitable and satisfactory manner, may receive information of interest to them by addressing the undersigned, and simply enclosing in each letter a postage stamp to be placed on a letter in reply. That mere curiosity may not induce any one to write to the undersigned, he assures all that the information he has to give can be of service to none but persons of the class he addresses—namely, ladies and gentlemen whose writings are meritorious enough for publication, and yet who have not the means, the skill, or the influence to obtain for them promptly the favorable consideration of the publishers under whose auspices they wish them to appear.

THOMAS C. CONNOLLY,
General Correspondent,
July 12—eo1m Washington, D. C.

CARD.—With pleasure I inform my friends and customers that I am once more enabled to attend to business.

I return my sincere thanks to them for their patronage during my sickness, and I shall endeavor to continue the same by renewed exertion.

I would also respectfully inform those who have accounts with me that I shall render them as soon as possible, and I feel confident that all will promptly attend to them immediately.

C. R. BYRNE.

July 12—3tTuTh&Sat

Library of Congress, July 7, 1853.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Library of Congress will be closed on Thursday, the 21st instant, and will not again be opened until Tuesday, the 23d of August.

JOHN S. MEEHAN, Librarian.

July 8—2aw2w

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

Post Office Restaurant, corner 7th & E sts.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made to have on hand a constant supply of FRESH NORFOLK and CHESAPEAKE OYSTERS, which will be kept in ice, and served to the public who may call, in any desired manner.

A Free Lunch every day at 11 o'clock.

July 6—2w JOSHUA GIBSON.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE IRVING HOTEL would respectfully remind the public that, during the repairs of Willard's Hotel, he offers accommodations to those who have business in the upper part of thecity; or who like airy and comfortable apartments.

June 15—tf DANIEL D. FRENCH.

VIRGINIA LAND SCRIP WANTED, at highest market rates, by

CHUBB BROTHERS,
July 6—2wd Opposite Treasury.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.

New Family Grocery. Wholesale & Retail.

THE SUBSCRIBER has leased for a term of years the well-known Grocery Stand on the corner of Seventh and E streets, formerly occupied by Mr. John H. Johnson; and, having remodelled and fitted it up handsomely, is prepared to offer an extensive and well-selected stock of choice Family Groceries, embracing almost every article of necessity and luxury, which he is determined to sell, either wholesale or retail, upon as good terms as any house in the city. He respectfully asks an examination of his stock.

Goods sent promptly, and free of charge, to any part of the city. E. P. MILLER,

Corner E and Seventh streets,
May 26—1f Washington, D. C.

CHOCOLATE, COCOA, AND BROMA.

W. BAKER & CO.'S American and Vanilla Premium Chocolates, Cocoa, and Broma, to which first premiums have been awarded by the chief Institutes and Fairs of the Union, are for sale by all the principal Grocers in the United States, and by their agents:

Hussey & Murray, New York; Grant & Twells, Philadelphia; Thomas V. Brundige, Baltimore; Kennet & Dudley, Cincinnati, Ohio; and S. H. Howell, Georgetown, D. C.

WALTER BAKER & CO.,
April 5—d1y Dorchester, Mass.

LAW NOTICE.—SIDNEY S. BAXTER, late Attorney General of Virginia, has removed to Washington to practice law.

He will practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the courts of the District of Columbia, and attend to any professional business confided to him.

Office in Morrison's new building, on 4½ street, east of Pennsylvania avenue.

References: Hon