and sciences, I have nothing to say but to offer you the example of my countrymen. In the arts of agriculture, they have felled forests and made cultivated fields, and added State after State to this glorious Union, until we now number thirty-one. They have built city after city. Seventy years ago the city where we now stand was about a mile and a half in length, a half mile in breadth, and contained but 21,000 inhabitants. Now it is more than five miles long and two miles wide. Then it had but wooden houses, which were of from one to two stories high. Now it is a city of palaces, from four to six stories high, and with a population of over 600,000 inhabitants. And thus New York has given an example of industry to all the nations of the earth. [Cheers.] New York has done more. Her commerce whitens every sea, drawing rich production from every land and every clime, makes this the great commercial emporium of the United States; and in addition to this, by her Erie canal, her Erie and other railroads, she has penetrated westward to the lakes and drawn the commerce of the West to her shores. And this is another evidence that New York is a fitting place for the exhibition of the industry of the nations of the earth. [Applause.] She has done more. She now offers the Crystal Palace for the exhibition of the works of art and of industry; she invites all the nations of the earth, her sister States, to come here and exhibit their industry and their arts, in order that she may draw benefit from them, and they in like manner may draw benefit from her. New York is a peaceful city for one of her position and renown. New York must stand, and her example extend, until other cities and other States, fired by her example, shall direct their industry and enterprise to win the same position and renown she has obtained. Sir, where will New York be whilst they are coming up to her renown? Past your imaginations, a hundred years hence. The enterprise, the industry, the integrity which have governed and ruled her merchants preserved for that length of time, will give her two million of inhabitants. In viewing the industry of all nations, I am lost in wonder at what has been done here in seventy years." [Applause.]

General Davis said:

"I thank you for the honor you have done me from the bottom of my heart, and you, gentlemen, for the flattering manner in which you have alluded to that banner I have so long marched under—the stars and the stripes. From my boyhood to mature life it was my fortune to serve beneath that banner—that flag for which our fathers fought for in the revolutionary war. But, my friends, it may seem improper to speak of war in such an audience as this; perhaps it may seem unreasonable to speak here of the tented field, and you may think that an individual bearing the title of Secretary of War has no business at this banquet. But is it true—is it true that the soldier is deserving of nothing, or is the reverse the fact? The soldier in the study of his profession learns the horrors of war. He learns how much he has sacrificed for his country, and calculates beforehand how much it will take to reduce this fortification or that, and sees the havoc which war occasions. I then say that I can most cordially rejoice at this manifestation around me, and the increase of the prosperity of the Union—those manifestations which bring together men from every civilized quarter of the globe to compare what each has done to advance science, and what each has contributed to the increase of the comfort of man. These contributions held men together in the bands of brotherhood. This earth was given to man for his being, and to advance the comfort of man should be the culminating point of human ambition. New York, for instance, is an example of prosperity resulting from the practice of the principle of free trade; and this I hold to be the foundation of its unparalleled success, without intending to give at all utterance to any political aspersions whatsoever. I say it, however, without intending any offence to gentlemen who may hold opposite opinions. Free-trade was the aspiration of Franklin and of many other great and eminent men who were among the founders of the nation.

"To this principle, I have no hesitation in declaring the prosperity of the United States is entirely owing, and New York in particular, the sails of whose ships now whiten every sea, and visit every part of the civilized world. New York, perhaps, more than any other part of the Union, has been more forward in advocating this great principle. This has been the cause of the extension of our Union, being now thirty-one States, all united together; with a territory stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Our good fortune in the contest between mind and matter has also contributed to our advancement. But we have not yet reached the culminating point. The country is yet only in its boyhood. It has not arrived at man's estate, but as it is in the controversy—in the contest between mind and matter—we have attained a prominent place, and unless by a further exertion we provide the means of bringing together more closely these two extremes of our vastly extended country—the Atlantic and the Pacific—we cannot, perhaps, hold together. The Pacific slope must no longer be united to the Pacific coast; nor must the Atlantic slope alone be united to the Atlantic coast. This uniting should be our greatest and first object, and it is to be brought about not by war, not by blood, but by the arts of peace. But I have already trespassed too long upon your patience, and without attempting to apologize for this trespass or giving any explanation of what I have advanced, I must conclude, merely observing that I had no intention of passing censure upon the opinions that may be held by any person here." [Applause.]

The chairman again rose and said:

"Gentlemen, you have heard one soldier talk. I wish we had somedboy here to explain the process by which a warrior is converted into an orator. Gentlemen, if there were not so many nice observers around, 'chiels among us taking notes,' I might say something about the versatility of American genius by which a gentleman eminent for his literary talent, and who subsequently distinguished himself by his readiness to meet danger when it threatened his country, in the capacity of a soldier, afterwards retired when the trumpet beat a retreat to his private condition, and to-night what in England they call the law officer of the crown. The toast I give you is Attorney General Cushing."

Mr. Cushing said in reply:

"Mr. President and Gentlemen: In response to your call I may be pardoned in submitting a reflection, a single reflection, upon that which constitutes the pre-eminence of an occasion like the present. It is true, sir, that peace hath her victories no less than war, and as yesterday we witnessed—to-night we here assemble to honor one of the triumphs of peace. [Applause.] The Chief Magistrate of this Republic, a man who I may be pardoned for saying in presence of representatives of constitutional monarchies of Europe—I say a man who to the contrary to what has been said there, does not reign, but governs, who has the actual as well as the titular power invested by the free choice of the people of the United States—I say a man so high placed would not leave his official duties for an occasion like this but that he was to be present, not at the temple of Bellona, but at a temple raised to a deity unknown to the ancient mythology—to the commendation of the ornamental and the useful arts of life. It was not to ascend to the capital leading in triumph conquered nations with the trophies of their dishonor at his back that the President of the United States honored this occasion with his presence, but to appear at the head of that great procession with the representatives of the nations of the earth, convened together in the brotherhood of peace, of science, and of art, to do honor to the common spirit of immortality which belongs to all that is God-like in nature. [Cheers.] Sir, we have thus seen some of the elements of victory that belong to peace; and yet, to do justice to my own thoughts, I cannot admit that there are not even in war, as contrasted with peace, much, I might say most, of the elements of the highest exercise for the human intellect. For I know no one thing which requires more cleverness in art, a more profound acquaintance with science, which more testifies to the genius of man, than that great instrument of war, a ship of the line fully equipped for battle. I say I know not another thing to compare with this, except perhaps a regular army, with its trained and disciplined men prepared for battle, with its equipments; with all that human genius can invent for that great struggle which is destined to end the battle-field. I must say, to do justice to my own thoughts, that while I pay honor to the arts of peace, I must do so with a reservation for those arts which belong to the strength, the safety, the dignity of every great people. For if it is true sometimes that there is force in reason, it is always true that there is reason in force. But I think I have derived the sincerest, the happiest gratification from this great congress of science and commerce, and from witnessing it where it belongs to, where it was almost necessary that it should be—in the city of New York. For while I will not allow to New York the sole right to the monopoly of commerce in these United States, it seems as though nature destined her for a pre-eminence. It is a remarkable fact, and one which has a vast influence in creating the prosperity of the Atlantic States, that if you were to take a map and place a rule along at the points of the coast, that at every space of one hundred miles, commencing at the extreme east and from that to the extreme west, you find the elements of a great commercial city. But with that remarkable fact that has given rise to the cities along the coast, there is another remarkable fact which has also a great influence. It is that, whereas the ridge of the Alleghanies, commencing at the extreme northeast and reaching its culminating point in the Granite State, from which your President comes, it is remarkable that that ridge of the Alleghanies, extending along the coast until it wastes away in the sandy region of the coast at one point, and only one point, is that ridge broken down to its base, to the level of the sea, and that is in the State of New York. It (the pre-eminence of New York) arises primarily from the fact that we are all inheritors of the spirit of daring, the enterprising spirit, the power to aspire which has always belonged to Americans. And yet you New Yorkers are not greater than we of Massachusetts, because you only take the same advantage of your greater opportunities. It is because, in addition to the inherent qualities which belong to both, God has placed you at that great point where the great waters of the lakes and the interior of the West, by the ordinance of God, are made to gain access to the sea. It is because that great river, which Hendrik Hudson first penetrated, penetrates these mountains, and you are thus placed in internal relation to that vast region from which you derive your resources from your wealth, and your power in exchanging its products for the wealth of Europe. I will admit, therefore, that it was proper, it was necessary that this great temple of art should be placed in the city of New York, and I am glad that there are found here enterprising men to get up this exhibition of the industry of all nations, and that they have succeeded in drawing to it contributions from all quarters of the world, and that on this occasion we are honored by the presence of gentlemen of the highest position, who have come to exhibit at this great centre of industry. I should do injustice to others if I addressed you further."

The toast in honor of the press was transposed by the presiding officer to the second in order, and was responded to by Mr. Raymond. Speeches were also delivered by Howell Cobb, Sir Charles Lyell, M. de Sartiges, and others.

BALTIMORE CORRESPONDENCE.

Return of the President—The Democracy and the Gubernatorial Contest—New Secretary of State—Maine Liquor Law—Mistake, &c.

Baltimore, July 16, 1853.

The President has just arrived from Philadelphia, and will proceed to Washington this evening, thoroughly fatigued and worn out, and anxious for a calm night's repose under his own coverlid. This lionizing through the country, with hourly speech-making and shaking of hands, is harder work than paving streets, especially to those who have been accustomed to lead a quiet and sedentary life.

The indications now are that the counties will disregard the voice of the city with all its wrangling and fierce jealousies and contentions, and cast aside the claims of Walter Mitchell as the Democratic candidate for Governor of Maryland. The lower and middle counties are going quite strong for Colonel George W. Hughes, and he will probably be taken as a compromise candidate by those who so bitterly oppose Mr. Mitchell.

John Randolph Quinn has been appointed by Governor Lowe as Secretary of State, in place of Thomas H. O'Neale, esq., resigned.

The Maine Liquor law men of Baltimore have issued a call for ward meetings, to elect delegates to a convention to meet on the 28th of the present month, to nominate candidates for the Legislature, and devise other means for carrying out their views.

The announcement that General Arista, ex-President of Mexico, was stopping at Barnum's Hotel, turns out to be fabulous. A gentleman of the same name and title, from Havana, is stopping there with his family.

The weather is hot and our streets are dusty. The cars and steamboats leave daily with hundreds of our citizens bound to the springs and watering-places, Cape May being the favorite resort of those who can only spare a few days from the strife of business.

BY TELEGRAPH.

From Mexico.

New Orleans, July 17.—Salazan maintains the incontestable right of Mexico to the Mesilla Valley, and threatens to resign on the least concession by Mexico. The *Trait D'Union* expresses doubts whether offers to purchase Mesilla will be entertained. Dishonoring Sloo drafts excites great distrust.

German Indignation Meeting.

Cincinnati, July 15.—The Germans held a meeting last night in reference to Dr. Junghaus, some time past a resident of this city, who was supposed to be a spy of the King of Wirtemberg. Much indignation was expressed, and Junghaus, who had fled from the city, was burnt in effigy.

Fire—Three Tobacco Factories Destroyed.

Richmond, July 16.—A fire broke out here on the night of the 14th instant, which, before the flames could be subdued, entirely destroyed the three extensive tobacco manufactories belonging to Messrs. W. A. Robinson & Co., Messrs. Harwood & Blackburn, and Mr. Riley. Every effort was made by the fire companies to subdue the flames, but without success. The entire buildings, with their contents—a large and valuable amount of tobacco—were totally destroyed, together with sundry other houses contiguous. The loss is estimated at between $30,000 and $40,000, which is mostly covered by insurance.

Markets.

New York, July 16.—Flour—Sales of 5,250 barrels at $5 12½ for State, $5 12½ a $5 19 for Western, and $5 12 a $5 31 for Southern.

Wheat—Sales of 8,000 bushels at 130 cents for white.

☞ **A Meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association** will be held on Monday evening, July 18th, at the First Baptist Church, 10th street, between E and F, at 8 o'clock. The public, and particularly all the members, are desired to attend.

The plans and prospectus of the new paper, recommended by the Board of Managers, to be devoted to young men, and particularly the Christian Associations of this country, will be presented for action; and addresses may also be expected.

WM. J. RHEES, Secretary.

The Standing Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association will meet at the First Baptist Church, at 7 o'clock, on Monday evening.

July 16—2t

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Public Schools.—The annual examinations of the several schools will soon be brought to a close. The primaries have for the present been disposed of; and now the especial attention of the trustees is directed to the male departments of the district schools. As at present constituted, these are the highest grade in the organization, a high school being necessary to complete the system. The district schools correspond in class to that which in other cities are commonly designated grammar schools.

On Friday afternoon the male department of the fourth district school (John E. Thompson, principal) was visited by Mayor Maury, and Messrs. Abbot, Haliday, Harbaugh, Walsh, Pearson, Byington, and Randolph, of the Board of Trustees, and C. A. Davis, their secretary. The examination embraced arithmetic, (written and mental,) practical mensuration, English grammar and sentential structure, geography, spelling and etymology, reading, book-keeping, and other branches.

The discipline of the school is good, and the character of the studies and the mode of instruction are decidedly practical and utilitarian; the classes generally exhibiting the highest degree of excellence in their respective studies.

The Rev. Charles A. Davis, in an address at the close of the exercises, expressed, on the part of the trustees, entire satisfaction with the attainments of the pupils, giving cheering words of encouragement, and concluding by the remark that the examination was the best under his observation since the establishment of the system—a merited compliment to the principal and the scholars.

Matrimonial.—On Saturday morning we took the liberty of chronicling a few particulars of a "matrimonial disappointment"—the parties a prisoner in the jail, and a woman who had brought a serious charge against him, which was the cause of his incarceration. He had reason to believe, as we have already stated, that, if he should yield to a hymenial alliance, he would be restored to liberty. At first he consented, but afterwards came to the determination to rot in jail rather than forfeit his single blessedness. This was on Thursday, but in less than twenty-four hours' afterwards he changed his mind, and expressed his willingness for the "knot" to be "tied." Accordingly, the services of the priest who was sent for on the first occasion were called into requisition on Friday evening, when the nuptials were celebrated. The "twain" had become "one flesh;" and, without waiting for the congratulations of the prison guard, they departed from the jail, an order having been previously procured for the husband's release.

In the Criminal Court, on Saturday, John F. West, a very bright mulatto boy of about nineteen years of age, was arraigned upon an indictment for arson, in setting fire to and burning the frame house owned by Sampson Simms, of Georgetown, and situated on 11th street, in the Northern Liberties, on the 28th of May last. The evidence was not concluded when the court adjourned. There are several other indictments pending against him for similar offences.

The jury in the case against Frances Speiden rendered a verdict of not guilty.

The Strike among the journeymen bricklayers for twenty-five cents additional a day, or a per diem of two dollars and a half, continues. At a recent meeting it was resolved to form a procession this morning (eight o'clock) at the City Hall, thence to proceed to the White House, when a committee will wait on the President to make known the grievances of those employed upon the public works.

The Rumored Loss of the Steamboat Baltimore and the destruction of all her passengers on the 4th instant, produced serious effects upon some of the relatives in this city of those on board, to such a degree as to require the prompt attendance of the physician, so sudden and startling was the intelligence. We regret to learn that the wife of Justice John L. Smith, he being on the excursion, was so severely affected by the apprehended calamity that she died on Saturday morning.

Small Notes.—We learn from the *Evening Star* that the whole amount of one and two dollar bills of the Corporation of Georgetown now in circulation is $56,740, "for the redemption of which the commissioners have in hand assets amounting to $75,073 75;" and further, that the City Councils of that city on Friday evening ordered a further issue of $10,000, "so pressing is the demand for them;" it is stated, "by persons from the country and some of the leading establishments of the District." If we except the notes of the Corporation of Alexandria, there are very few besides those now circulating in Washington.

Distressing Suicide.—Franklin C. Gray, a wealthy citizen of San Francisco, aged about forty-five, and recently married in this city, on Friday last threw himself on the track of the New Haven Railroad, near New Rochelle, when, a whole train passing over him he was literally mashed to pieces. His wife, who it is stated was on her way to meet him, received the intelligence of his untimely end at Brooklyn, New York.

MARRIED,

On the 28th ultimo, by Rev. Mr. Peck, WILLIAM O. HOLT to Miss SARAH F. BRASHEARS, both of this city.

On the 4th of July, in Westminster Church, St. Louis, by Rev. S. B. McPhuters, W. T. SCOTT, esq., of Louisiana, to Miss MARY K., daughter of Captain Whiteley, U. S. A.

DIED,

In this city, on the 13th instant, in the 40th year of his age, Mr. JOHN GREEVES, a native of this city.

At four o'clock, on the morning of the 17th instant, Miss LUCY ANN BROOKE, daughter of the late Walter Brooke, of Fairfax county, Virginia.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral this afternoon at four o'clock, from the residence of her brother-in-law, Wm. S. Darrell, on L street, between Ninth and Tenth.

On the 16th instant, REBECCA MARIA, consort of John L. Smith, esq., in the 37th year of her age

In Baltimore, on the 11th instant, at the residence of her niece, (Mrs. J. Cummiskey) ESTHER GORMAN, aged 69 years, and for many years a resident of the city of Washington.

BAR-IRON, STEEL AND NAILS, TIN, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Bar Lead, and Tin Zinc; American and English Sheet-Iron. Bellows, Anvils, Upright, Parallel and Chain Vices, and other goods of this description, which will be sold cheap. E. WHEELER,
Corner 7th and B streets, near the Canal.
July 9—1m [News and Star.]

NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW FOR JULY, received by TAYLOR & MAURY,
July 18 Booksellers, near 9th street.

NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW FOR JULY, received by FRANCK TAYLOR.
July 18

LIGHT, HO!
J. Reese & Co.,
GAS-FITTERS AND PLUMBERS,
South side Pennsylvania avenue, between 4½ and 6th streets, opposite National Hotel.
CANDELABRAS, ORNAMENTAL GAS-BURNERS, PROJECTORS, BRACKETS, &c., &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having lately fitted up their establishment, are now prepared to introduce into stores, factories, hotels, or private residences, Gas-Pipes, with all the necessary appendages, after the most approved and modern styles. Having been engaged almost exclusively for the last five years in this particular branch of business, they feel confident that their work will not fail to please any who may favor them with their patronage.

They have now on hand and are daily receiving a beautiful lot of Wall Brackets and ornamental Gas Fixtures, suitable for saloons, private parlors, and halls, to which they respectfully invite the public inspection.

Orders left at our Gas-Fitting Depot will be punctually attended to.

The subscribers having in their employ none but competent workmen, good and faithful jobs may be expected.

Gas-Fitting and Plumbing in all its branches attended to promptly and with despatch.

J REESE & CO.

N. B. The subscribers have for inspection one of their portable Gas-Generators, intended for lighting churches and country residences—a new and extremely convenient invention.

July 18—eod1m J. R & CO.

THE RANCHE,
South side of Pennsylvania avenue, between 4½ and 6th streets, nearly opposite the National Hotel.

WILL open this day, the "RANCHE," a tastefully fitted up Restaurant, where all the delicacies of the season will be received regularly, and served up in a manner to please the most fastidious, the proprietor having engaged an experienced French cook for that particular department.

The Bar is stocked with the best Liquors, and Cigars of the choicest brands.

Standing Bill of Fare.

Norfolk Oysters,	Sardines,
Crabs,	Pigs' Feet,
Devilled Oysters,	Cold Hams,
Devilled Crabs,	Pork Chops,
Pickled Oysters,	Mutton Chops,
Beef Steaks,	Chickens,
Ham and Eggs,	Tongues,

Game in season.

Then, ho! for the "RANCHE," all lovers of the good things of life, where excellent fare and good attendance await you.

The subscriber solicits a visit from his friends, and a general call from the public.

July 18—d1w JOHN CAMPBELL.

"Gentle Havana," to puff away care,
Where can I find thee, pray tell me where?

At the National Cigar Emporium,
G. S. McELFRESH,
Under the National Hotel, importer of the finest brands of
HAVANA CIGARS.

ALL who are fond of a *good* Cigar should call and examine his stock, containing the following celebrated brands:

Regalias,	Esla Chay,
La Firmeza,	Regalia Londre Abeza
La India,	El Ebro,
Pransado Conslelo,	Negueribas,
Prabucoes,	Consolations,
Empire City,	Ben Franklin.

Chewing Tobacco of the finest quality, from the most celebrated manufactories.

July 18—eod1m

ON A STRIKE.

THE JOURNEYMEN BRICKLAYERS of Washington request of their fellow-tradesmen of Baltimore and other cities to remain at home during our present strike, and not be deluded by advertisements for hands on the public or private works. Our demand we believe to be just; we ask an advance of twenty five cents per day, which will make our wages two dollars and fifty cents. It is well known that living is dear here. Some of the trades have advanced their wages; the Superintendents' pay on public works have been raised; the Clerks receive their twenty per centum; but Bricklayers, who are exposed to a burning sun and to all the inclemency of the weather, must be ground down by the iron heel of oppression. Shall it be so? July 15—3t

Collector's Office, July 13, 1853.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—Deduction for Prompt Payment.—Notice is hereby given that the Taxes for the year 1853 are now due, and payable at this office; and that a deduction of ten per cent. is allowed by law for the current year, if paid on or before the 31st of August ensuing.

R. J. ROCHE,
July 15—eotdif Collector.

RED RIVER RAFT.

THE PERSON to whom the contract was awarded under former advertisements for proposals having failed to give the bond with sureties as required, proposals for the work are again invited as follows:

Proposals will be received until the 20th day of next September for the removal of obstructions to the navigation of Red river (Louisiana) occasioned by the raft, and for keeping the said navigation free from the same for the longest period.

The amount of these proposals united is not to exceed the sum of $100,000.

Each bidder will propose to remove said raft, (thoroughly,) and to keep the navigation free from obstruction thereby for a specified period; specifying in his bid the time in which he proposes to complete the removal of the raft, the said time not to be later than the 1st day of June, 1855; and also the number of years, counting from said removal, during which time he binds himself to keep the said navigation free from raft obstruction.

The contractor will be required to give his bond for $20 000, with two good sureties, each for the sum of $10,000, conditioned for the faithful execution of the contract. Each bidder will transmit, at the same time with his proposals, the names of the persons whom he offers as sureties, and a declaration signed by them that they will sign his bond as sureties as above mentioned; and also the certificate of a district judge of the United States for the State in which he resides, that said securities are respectable citizens, and that he considers them worth $10,000 over and above all their debts and liabilities. No bid will be examined unless these conditions shall be complied with.

Terms of payment.

Of the sum of $100,000 appropriated for the above object, $50,000 shall be paid as the work of removing the raft advances, as follows—to wit: Whenever the contractor shall report that a portion of the raft has been removed, the same shall be inspected by an officer appointed by the War Department; and if it shall appear that such is the fact, the Department will pay such a proportion of the said sum of $50,000 as the portion removed shall bear to the entire raft, provided no partial payment shall be made for less than one-tenth part of the whole work. The remaining $50,000 will be paid in equal annual instalments corresponding in number with the number of years during which the contractor shall bind himself to keep the navigation open, of which fact the Department is to be the sole judge.

Each bid must be for the whole work—that is, for the removal of the raft, and for keeping the river open for a specified period. No separate proposals for portions of it will be considered.

The proposals will be addressed to the undersigned, marked on the envelope, "Proposals for removing Red River Raft."

The War Department reserves to itself the right of awarding the contract according to its own judgment of the most favorable bid and the most responsible bidder

To be inserted in the Union, Republic, and National Intelligencer, Washington, D. C.; Cincinnati Gazette, Cincinnati, Ohio; Louisville Journal, Louisville, Kentucky; St. Louis Republican, St. Louis, Missouri; Shreveport Herald, Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans Commercial Bulletin; New Orleans Bee; New Orleans Republican; Gazette and Democrat, Little Rock, Arkansas; Telegraph, Washington, Arkansas. J. J ABERT,
Colonel Corps Topographical Engineers.
July 14—d20t&taw(20Sep

E. M. DREW, MERCHANT TAILOR, 7th Street, opposite the Office of the National Intelligencer.

HAS on hand a large and choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, to which he invites the attention of the public. Orders for garments executed with promptness, in a manner to please, and at moderate rates.

July 6—2w

A SACRIFICE FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD.

WILL be offered to-day at 11 o'clock, to all my friends and customers, STEAKS, SOUP, &c., from some of the finest TURTLE that have been seen in this city. A desire to merit the favor of the citizens and strangers in Washington has induced me to spare no pains or expense to obtain the best of everything that is to be had for the table, and those who favor me with their patronage will surely be satisfied.

Families and parties can be served at any hour of the day with TURTLE SOUP, STEAKS, OYSTERS, CLAMS, CRABS; in fact, every delicacy of the season, at the usual rates.

W. F. BENTER,
Washington Hall Restaurant,
Corner 6th street and Penn. avenue.
July 15—3t

FOR RENT.—Two fine large front Bed Rooms and a Parlor, comfortably furnished, on Pennsylvania avenue, near Brown's Hotel. Best of references required. Rent low. Inquire at
T. BASTIANELLI & CO.'S,
July 16—3t Under Brown's Hotel.

BRICKLAYERS.—Wanted immediately on Extension of United States Capitol, Washington, thirty Bricklayers—wages $2 25. To good workmen steady employment will be given.

M. C. MEIGS,
Captain of Engineers,
In charge of Extension U. S. Capitol
July 15—dtf and Washington Aqueduct.

NEW PAINT AND OIL STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, C. S. Whittlesey, has opened a store on the east side of Seventh street, between Louisiana avenue and D street, for the sale of Paints, Oil, Window Glass, Brushes, Lamps, Camphene, &c. Having purchased the entire stock for cash, great inducements will be offered to those desiring goods in my line.

All goods delivered free of charge in any part of the city.

C. S. WHITTLESEY.

Having sold out my entire Business to Mr. C. S. Whittlesey, and gone in his employ, I cheerfully recommend him to my friends and customers for their patronage for whatever they may wish in his line of business; knowing whatever orders they may furnish him with will be promptly attended to and of the very best material.

A. HATCH, Jr.
July 13—eod2w

FRANCIS H. DAVIDGE,
(FORMERLY OF BALTIMORE,)
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

PROPOSES to attend to Conveyancing and other office business, together with the prosecution of claims against the Government, for which an experience of eleven years in various branches of the public service has qualified him in a peculiar degree.

His attention will be prompt and his charges moderate.

F. H D. may always be found during business hours at the office of his son, Walter Dorsey Davidge, esq., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, on Louisiana avenue, near the City Hall, and opposite to Fifth street.

July 13—eo6t

SPRATT'S PATENT LIGHTNING RODS.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Washington and its vicinity that he is now prepared to have put up these superior Rods, with Glass Insulators, in a safe and durable manner. Those in want will please leave their names with the subscriber, as several gentlemen have been imposed on by some who put up an inferior article and call it Spratt's.

Recollect, the genuine Points and Rods can be obtained only from the duly authorized agent for the District of Columbia, between 4½ and 6th streets, Pennsylvania avenue.

July 6—2w C. W. HEYDON, Agent.

TOILET ARTICLES, &c.

LUBIN'S PERFUMERY, Ox Marrow Pomade, superior Cologne, Bay Rum, Toilet Soaps, Indelible Ink, Hair Dye, Lily White, Hair and Tooth Brushes in great variety.

Sleeve Protectors for Ladies' Dresses, for sale low for cash at LAMMOND'S,
Seventh street, second door below E.
July 13—eod3t

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, such as American and English Knives and Forks, (which took the premium at the late Fair,) fine plated dining and dish Forks, Table and Tea-Spoons, (premium,) Albatta Tea and Table-Spoons, Carvers and Forks, Steels, Butter Knives, &c.; Brass and Plated Candlesticks, Family Grindstones, Tea Trays, Hand Waiters, Tea and Dinner Bells, Coffee Mills, Shovels and Tongs, and Irons, Flat Irons, Fenders, Curtain Bands and Pins, Dusting Brushes, Sweeping Brushes, Sieves, Pots, Ovens and Lids, Tea Kettles, &c., &c., such as are to be found in a well-regulated Hardware Store, at

E. WHEELER'S,
Opposite Brown's Hotel.
July 9—1meod [News and Star.]

Thomas Brown, of Virginia. T. Dayton Winter, of Pennsylvania.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer their services as Agents to prosecute Claims of every description before Congress and the different Departments of the Government.

July 7—3tawtf BROWN & WINTER.

STOCK IN THE CAPE LOOKOUT PAVILION COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that books for subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, chartered by an act of the General Assembly of the State of Maryland at the January session, 1853, will be opened at the Patriotic Bank, Chubb Brothers, bankers, and at the office of Messrs. Evans & Fant, in the city of Washington and District of Columbia, on Saturday the 25th instant, and will be kept opened until the 25th of July next.

WILLIAM H. DUNKINSON,
F. W. RISQUE,
EDWIN ROBINSON,
June 27—d&c1m Commissioners.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned beg leave to announce that they have removed their WINE & LIQUOR STORE to 75 Dock street, two doors east of their former establishment, where they will be glad to receive the visits of their friends and patrons, to whom they offer the attraction of a Stock not surpassed for purity, variety, and excellence by any establishment in the United States.

THOMAS H. JACOBS & CO.,
July 6 75 Dock street, Philadelphia.

VIRGINIA LAND SCRIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having had some twenty years' acquaintance with Virginia Military Land Claims, and with the Revolutionary records at Richmond, will attend to the revision of such claims here, un der the act of 31st August, 1852; and will also purchase and sell Land Warrants and Land Scrip.

VESPASIAN ELLIS,
July 7—d1mif Irving Hotel.

VIRGINIA LAND SCRIP WANTED.

THE undersigned will pay the highest market rates for Virginia Land Scrip and Land Warrants.

EVANS & FANT,
July 6—d&w3m Opposite the Treasury.

FOR RENT—House No. 6 Union Row, F street. It has gas throughout and a cistern of water in the yard, and the whole premises is in first rate order. Apply at Republic office, Ninth street. July 6

WILLARD'S HOTEL, NEW YORK, No. 825 Broadway, and 207 Twelfth street, is now open for the accommodation of the public. The house is new, and is fitted up with all the modern improvements, and is furnished in a superior manner. The proprietor, formerly of Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C., will be happy to see any of his former friends, also all those of the travelling public who may favor him with a call.

E. D WILLARD.
New York, May 17 June 15—2mif

FOR RENT—Two third-story rooms of the new building at the corner of 9th and D streets, near Pennsylvania avenue and the Centre Market. One is 20 by 95 feet, the other 20 by 80 feet.

Inquire at the *Republic* office, opposite.
July 7—6t

NOTICE.—We take this method of notifying our patrons that, as usual, their respective accounts will be drawn off and presented on or about the 25th instant for settlement, and it is confidently hoped that all may consider themselves earnestly but respectfully called upon to make a prompt response. HOOE, BROTHER & CO.
June 23—d3w

TO AMERICAN AUTHORS.

WRITERS of Poetry, Tales, Sketches, Essays, Biographies, Scientific Treatises, &c., &c., who feel the want of facilities for publishing their productions in a profitable and satisfactory manner, may receive information of interest to them by addressing the undersigned, and simply enclosing in each letter a postage stamp to be placed on a letter in reply. That mere curiosity may not induce any one to write to the undersigned, he assures all that the information he has to give can be of service to none but persons of the class he addresses—namely, ladies and gentlemen whose writings are meritorious enough for publication, and yet who have not the means, the skill, or the influence to obtain for them promptly the favorable consideration of the publishers under whose auspices they wish them to appear.

THOMAS C. CONNOLLY,
General Correspondent,
July 12—eo1m Washington, D C.

A CARD.—With pleasure I inform my friends and customers that I am once more enabled to attend to business.

I return my sincere thanks to them for their patronage during my sickness, and I shall endeavor to continue the same by renewed exertion.

I would also respectfully inform those who have accounts with me that I shall render them as soon as possible, and I feel confident that all will promptly attend to them immediately.

C. R. BYRNE.
July 12—3tTuTh&Sat

TO BUILDERS, CARPENTERS, AND CONTRACTORS.

HAVING taken great pains to lay in a good and general assortment of building Hardware, I am now prepared to offer to those wanting such goods such inducements as I am convinced will suit. I am determined not to be undersold by any house in Washington. All my goods come direct from manufactories, which enables me to offer them at New York and Philadelphia prices; and making the building material my principal trade, I think I can come a *little under* others in this line of business.

I enumerate in part mor. villa, mor. hotel, rab. mor., sliding-door locks and latches, mor. night-latches, plated furniture, horizontal, upright, rural, cottage hotel, western and novelty rim locks and latches, rim latches all kinds; white porcelain knobs with porcelain rose or plate furniture; dark min'l, grey min'l, variegated min'l, and all kinds of rose and fancy color knobs for front or parlor knobs, with the patent silver glass knobs, an article that needs only to be brushed off to clean it, and always showing a fine plate; the old plated knobs, when they are cleaned, leaves a dirty spot on the door. Also, sash fastenings, all the different patterns; window-blind fastenings, inside shutter fastenings, cupboard catches, hooks and eyes, loose and fast-joint butts, hinges, Parliament hinges, Plant & Parlmer's patent shutter hinges; bolts of all kinds, nails, screws, hat and coat hooks, pulleys, sash weights, sash cord, and many other things to numerous to mention, which will be sold low.

E. WHEELER,
Sign of the Gun and Padlock,
Opposite Brown's Hotel.
July 9—1meod [News & Star.]

THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS PREMIUM FOR A PLAN FOR A MARKET-HOUSE.

Mayor's Office,
Washington, June 1st, 1853.

UNDER the authority of a joint resolution of the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of this city, approved 18th of April, 1853, authorizing the committee therein appointed to obtain the best plan for a building to be erected on the present location of the Centre Market-house suitable for market and other public purposes, notice is hereby given that a premium of three hundred dollars will be given for the best plan of a building for said purposes, to be erected on the present site of the Centre Market-house.

Persons desiring to offer plans can, by application at the Mayor's office, either personally or by letter, obtain diagrams of the square, with its dimensions and the streets adjacent thereto.

The building must be such as to afford accommodation on the first floor for all market purposes, with a large room on the second floor, not less than 498 feet long, capable of being divided into two rooms, with various offices and rooms for other public purposes in the wings on Seventh and Ninth streets.

Any further information on the subject may be obtained on application at the Mayor's office.

Each plan must be accompanied with a specification.

The plans to be left at the Mayor's office on or before 12 o'clock m. on Monday, the first day of August next.

The premium to be paid to the person whose plan shall be approved of and adopted by this Corporation.

JOHN W. MAURY, Mayor.
June 3—2awtAug1

Library of Congress, July 7, 185.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Library of Congress will be closed on Thursday, the 21st instant, and will not again be opened until Tuesday, the 23d of August.

JOHN S. MEEHAN, Librarian.
July 8—2aw2w

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS!
Post Office Restaurant, corner 7th & E sts.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made to have on hand a constant supply of FRESH NORFOLK and CHESAPEAKE OYSTERS, which will be kept in ice, and served to the public who may call, in any desired manner.

A Free Lunch every day at 11 o'clock.

July 6—2w JOSHUA GIBSON.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE IRVING HOTEL would respectfully remind the public that, during the repairs of Willard's Hotel, he offers accommodations to those who have business in the upper part of thecity; or who like airy and comfortable apartments.

June 15—tf DANIEL D. FRENCH.

VIRGINIA LAND SCRIP WANTED, at highest market rates, by

CHUBB BROTHERS,
July 6—2wd Opposite Treasury.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.
New Family Grocery. Wholesale & Retail.

THE SUBSCRIBER has leased for a term of years the well-known Grocery Stand on the corner of Seventh and E streets, formerly occupied by Mr. John H. Johnson; and, having remodelled and fitted it up handsomely, is prepared to offer an extensive and well-selected stock of choice Family Groceries, embracing almost every article of necessity and luxury, which he is determined to sell, either wholesale or retail, upon as good terms as any house in the city. He respectfully asks an examination of his stock.

Goods sent promptly, and free of charge, to any part of the city. E. P. MILLER,
Corner E and Seventh streets,
May 26—tf Washington, D. C.

CHOCOLATE, COCOA, AND BROMA.

W. BAKER & CO.'S American and Vanilla Premium Chocolates, Cocoa, and Broma, to which first premiums have been awarded by the chief Institutes and Fairs of the Union, are for sale by all the principal Grocers in the United States, and by their agents:

Hussey & Murray, New York; Grant & Twells, Philadelphia; Thomas V. Brundige, Baltimore; Kennet & Dudley, Cincinnati, Ohio; and S. H. Howell, Georgetown, D. C.

WALTER BAKER & CO.,
April 5—d1y Dorchester, Mass.

LAW NOTICE.—SIDNEY S. BAXTER, late Attorney General of Virginia, has removed to Washington to practice law.

He will practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the courts of the District of Columbia, and attend to any professional business confided to him.

Office in Morrison's new building, on 4½ street, east of Pennsylvania avenue.

References: Hon J. J Allen, Hon. Wm. Daniel, Hon. Richard Moncure, Hon. G. B. Samuels, Hon. George H. Lee, of the court of appeals of Virginia; to the judges of the circuit courts of Virginia, and to the Senators and members of Congress from Virginia. June 11—Tri-w6m

A CARD.

JOSEPH A. G'SCHWEND, PROFESSOR OF MUSIC, respectfully informs the citizens of Washington and vicinity that he has established himself in this city, and is prepared to give lessons on the Piano, Guitar, and in