

Mexico and the Mesilla.

The recent telegraphic news from Mexico stating that Mr. SALAZAR had declared his determination to resign his office...

We have observed that the barometrical observations of both WISLIZENUS and Colonel GRAHAM make the vicinity of El Paso nearly one thousand feet lower than even ALBUQUERQUE...

The Hon. RICHARD W. WALKER, the Whig nominee for the office of Governor of Alabama, has felt it his duty to resign...

DEPARTMENT OF STATE. WASHINGTON, July 16, 1853. Official information has been received at this Department that goods, the importation of which is prohibited in France...

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Utica, July 15.—The jury in the case of Ezekiel C. Smith, charged with using postage stamps twice, brought in a verdict of guilty. Fined \$50 and costs.

ary which separates New Mexico from Chihuahua was fixed by the same authority. How then could this boundary have been changed without the assent of Mexico?

If, therefore, there be two distinct lines—the landmark decreed by the federal government of Mexico and the latitude 32° 30', as claimed by the State of Chihuahua—there can be no doubt, according to every known analogy of constitutional construction...

Upon this state of facts and reasoning we have not a doubt that the American title to the Mesilla territory is valid. Notwithstanding therefore the justice of the demand...

THE HON. RICHARD W. WALKER, the Whig nominee for the office of Governor of Alabama, has felt it his duty to resign, on account of his physical inability to thoroughly canvass the State.

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COUNTERFEITS.—Counterfeit three cent pieces are now in circulation. Every person receiving them should be on his guard...

It is said that the Rev. Dr. B. M. Palmer, of Columbia, South Carolina, has received a call to Penn Square Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, lately under the care of Mr. Ruffner.

Pacific Railroad Meeting at San Diego. In the absence of the conclusive data to be furnished by the reconnaissance of the railroad routes to the Pacific...

PACIFIC RAILROAD.—A meeting was recently held in San Diego, California, in reference to the construction of a railroad to the Pacific.

First. That from Independence, in Missouri, to the Sacramento Valley, via the South Pass. Second. The route from Fulton, in Arkansas, via Albuquerque, and through Walker's Pass to San Francisco.

The second or middle route is deemed more feasible, but there are many natural obstacles to the construction of the road. These are canvassed at great length in the report.

The location is through a country of great agricultural importance and immense mineral value, and will attract to itself the commerce of a large portion of the mining districts of Mexico.

It is found that the climate is mild, equable, and healthy, and also that this region is less subject to famine than that of any other route across the continent.

The distance between San Diego and Canton is also less than that from any other port north or south of it on the whole Pacific coast.

From this cause, the committee who prepared the report are of opinion that a voyage from San Diego to Canton and back can be made in five-sixths, if not three-fourths, of the time required for the same voyage from San Francisco.

The proposed route of the road is thus sketched in the report: "Passing through El Paso, it will strike Cooke's route near San Bernardino, thence near the river San Pedro, to a point on the Gila river...

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Speech of Sir Charles Lyell. At the banquet given on the occasion of the opening of the Crystal Palace at New York on the 15th instant, in reply to a toast of the foreign commissioners—

Sir CHARLES LYELL said: "It is my duty on this occasion, in my own name and that of my colleagues, to return to you thanks for the honor you have done us in drinking our health."

The Mormons are called a religious society; and it is assumed that we have no right to interfere in affairs of conscience. We admit the position, but not the fact here assumed.

The rumors usually sent abroad would indicate the unparalleled prosperity of the Mormons; but, although their utmost energies are devoted to proselytism, we believe they are less successful than they are represented to be.

"Internal dissensions and schisms have existed among them all the way through; the immortal Joseph himself was often driven to his very vitæ to keep fragments from flying off in a tangent, and setting up shop for themselves."

"The Constitution of the United States guarantees to all the liberty of speech, and the Saints claim to be much attached to that instrument, although they are not so much attached to the Constitution."

THE INTERESTING INCIDENT OF THE RECOVERY OF MISS EMILY GRIEWOOD, a daughter of the Rev. Dr. Rufus W. Griswold, after the railroad accident at Norwalk, is again related by the New York Herald as follows.

"Dr. Warren, of Boston, gave the ordinary directions for relieving the body from water, receiving during a submersion of ten to fifteen minutes; and subsequently he and several other physicians pronounced Miss Griswold dead."

THE GRIEWOODS' RESTORATION TO LIFE.—The interesting incident of the recovery of Miss Emily Griswold, a daughter of the Rev. Dr. Rufus W. Griswold, after the railroad accident at Norwalk, is again related by the New York Herald as follows.

OBSTRUCTION OF CARS.—ARREST OF THE VILLAIN.—For several evenings past the downward many express train on the Harlem railroad has encountered obstructions, twenty-nine miles from this city.

THE GREEK CREEK VALLEY.—NEW RAILROAD PROJECT.—We learn from the Cumberland Miners' Journal that another project to connect the valley of George's Creek with the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal has been considerably talked about of late.

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The United States mail steamer Texas, Captain Place, arrived yesterday afternoon from Vera Cruz, which port she left on the 8th instant. We have received by the Texas full files of our Mexican papers to the 4th instant from the city of Mexico, and the 28th from Vera Cruz, from which we translate the following items:

The Mesilla affair is far from being settled. Señor Salazar, the Mexican Boundary Commissioner, had made a report on the question to the government, which the Mexican papers sustain, and proves the undeniable right of Mexico to the territory in dispute, and which takes the ground that the agreement of the boundary commissioners has the same force as the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo.

The blood boils in our veins at the flagrant injustice of the claim according to the demand of Governor Lane, and declares that if it does he will resign rather than subscribe to an arrangement so humiliating and unjust to Mexico. The Mexican press complains of the discordance between the tone of the Washington Union, as the organ of the American Government, and the assurances of Judge Conkling that Governor Lane's course would not be sustained.

Don Rafael Rafael, late editor of the Universal, has been appointed consul at New Orleans for the Mexican republic, with \$1,500 salary. The Siglo Diez y Nueve says the publication of the new tariff had caused very little alteration in the prices of foreign goods, but that the new law of Alcala had greatly increased the prices of those articles upon which it bore.

Rumors of a pronunciamento in Guadalajara were for several days rife in Mexico, and the government had directed the Diario Oficial to contradict it, which it did. Señor Suarez Navarro had been sent at once to Guadalajara, and his mission was supposed to have connexion with the rumored difficulties there.

A report was also prevalent that Señor Haro, the Minister of Finance, had determined to resign, which was contradicted by one of the semi-official papers. The Government had ordered the Governors of the several States to send in at once their estimates of expenditures, in order that the national budget might be passed up at once.

Señor Diaz de la Vega has been appointed Governor of Yucatan, and General Salas Governor of the State of Mexico. The commission charged with the preparation of the new territorial division had not yet reported. There were some differences of opinion among them.

The powers of the Council of State have been regulated as follows: "It shall prepare and draw up all proposed laws which the Government shall place in their charge. "It shall prepare and draw up all regulations for public administration which shall be directed to arrange."

Several more corps of lancers have been organized, and the defence of the town of Zetoping against the American forces on the 20th of August, 1847, protecting the retreat of San Antonio, has been declared "heroic." Government of States have been prohibited from giving naturalization papers to foreigners, this power being reserved expressly to the President.

Gov. Furlong, of Puebla, had had an attack of apoplexy and been obliged to resign. Gen. Mendoza had been appointed in his place. Señor Furlong had participated in the execution of the road from Perote to Vera Cruz which has been issued. In Vera Cruz the sale of fruit has been prohibited, in consequence of the prevalence of yellow fever and cholera. It was said that the cholera had broken out in Jalapa, but the rumor was subsequently denied. Dysentery was very prevalent there.