INDIANA STATE SENTINEL:
—THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE STATE—
☞*Office on Illinois Street, North of Washington.*

G. A. & J. P. CHAPMAN, Editors.

☞The State Sentinel will contain a much larger amount of reading matter, on all subjects of general interest, than any other newspaper in Indiana.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday, and during the session of the Legislature, three times a week, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at *Four Dollars a year*, payable always in advance.

THE WEEKLY EDITION
Is published every Thursday, at *Two Dollars a year*, always to be paid in advance.

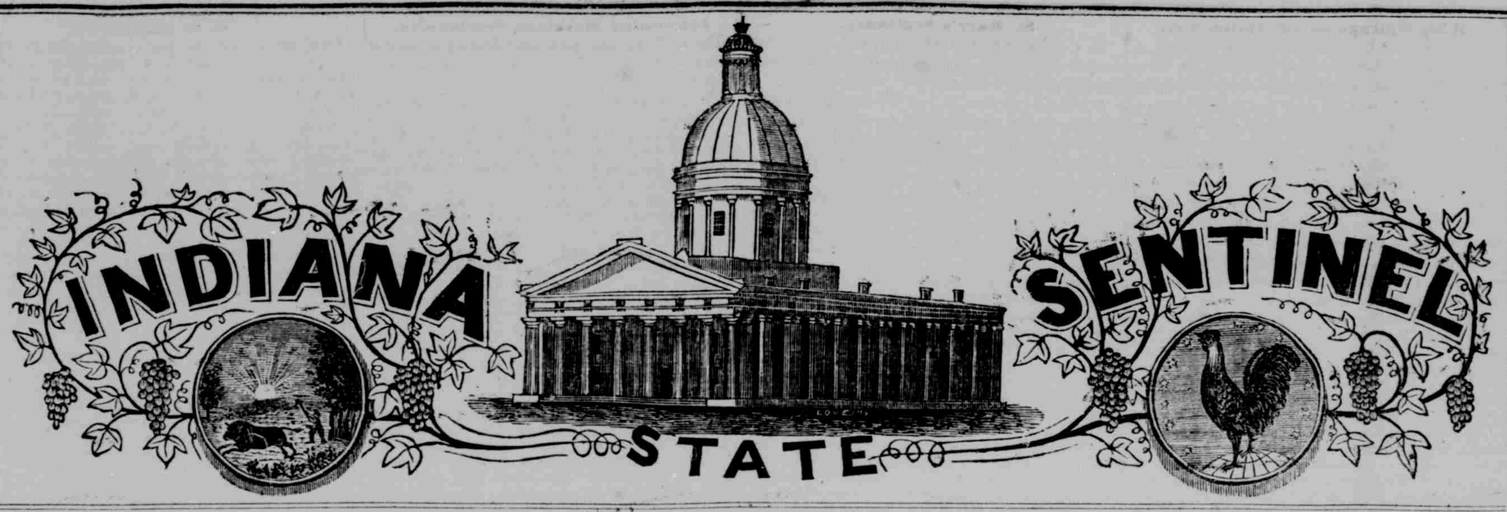
$1 in advance will pay for six months.
$5 will pay for three copies one year.

*** Persons remitting $10 in advance, free of postage, shall have three copies of the Semi-Weekly one year. $2 will pay for six months. $1 will always be charged for the Tri-Weekly, and 50 cents for the Weekly, during the Legislative sessions.

ADVERTISEMENTS, will be inserted three times at one dollar a square of 8 lines, and be continued at the rate of 25 cents a square for each additional insertion. Quarterly advertisements, per square, $5.

All advertisements from abroad *must be accompanied by the cash*; or no attention will be paid to them.

☞Postage must be paid.



Indianapolis, August 23, 1845.] **SEMI-WEEKLY.** [Volume I.—Number 24.

DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES
and Measures.

A simple and frugal Government, confined within strict Constitutional limits.

A strict construction of the Constitution, and no assumption of doubtful powers.

No National Bank to swindle the laboring population.

No connection between the government and banks.

A Diplomacy, asking for nothing but what is clearly right and submitting to nothing wrong.

No public debt, either by the General Government, or by the States, except for objects of urgent necessity.

No assumption by the General Government of the debts of the States, either directly or indirectly, by a distribution of the proceeds of the public lands.

A Revenue tariff, discriminating in favor of the poor consumer instead of the rich capitalist.

No extensive system of Internal Improvement by the General Government, or by the States.

A constitutional barrier against improvident State loans.

The honest payment of our debts and the sacred preservation of the public faith.

A gradual return from a paper credit system.

No grants of exclusive charters and privileges, by special legislation, to banks.

No connexion between Church and State.

No proscription for honest opinions.

Fostering aid to public education.

A "progressive" reformation of all abuses.

☞*LOOK AT THIS!*☜

REDUCTION OF PRICE!
RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SUBSCRIBE!!

New Volume, V., Just Commenced!

THE INDIANA STATE SENTINEL
FOR 1845-6.

The 5th volume of the *Indiana State Sentinel* commenced in June last. Great improvements have been made, and about *six columns* of additional matter given weekly. The proprietors, as heretofore, are *determined* that no paper in the west shall *deserve* better, or be ahead in any thing of interest to the whole people. In addition, a REVIEW of the RASCALITIES of CORRUPT POLITICIANS is just commenced, and during its continuance, which will probably occupy some months, *Mysteries* will be developed which will cause the people to *wonder*, to say the least. It behooves *all* the people, and Democrats in particular, to become acquainted with these things; and in no way can they do it as well as by subscribing for and reading the Sentinel.

The reduction of postage, our increased facilities, and above all, the

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE

Shown by our terms, now puts it in the power of *all* to be furnished with an unparalleled amount of reading matter for the lowest sum. Every department of the Sentinel will receive strict attention. While a reasonable space will be occupied in the discussion of political matters, our limits will enable us to give *more* agricultural, commercial, and family reading, than any other sheet. In this respect,

COMPETITION IS DEFIED!

LEGISLATIVE REPORTS.

The Sentinel will, as heretofore, contain the fullest Legislative Reports, made up by a competent set of reporters, engaged for the purpose. The reports will be characterized by conciseness and accuracy, and form the only correct Legislative History of the State, far superior to the skeleton journals made up by careless and incompetent clerks.

REDUCED TERMS!

1 Copy, a year,	$2 00	20 Copies,	$20 00
3 Copies,	5 00	50 Copies, (to one	
5 Copies,	8 00	person,)	40 00
10 Copies,	15 00		

☞Cash always in advance.

The State Sentinel is also published Semi-weekly, and Tri-weekly during the session of the Legislature, at $4 per year, always in advance. Ten Dollars will pay for three subscribers one year.

This inducement is held out for the purpose of aiding in the formation of Clubs and as a remuneration to Agents. We have no hesitation in saying that these are the lowest terms in the West.

Gentlemen desirous of becoming Agents can do so on notifying us. Their orders, *accompanied by the cash*, shall always be punctually attended to; and we solicit some one in every town in the State to act in this matter. Those having stores have an excellent opportunity, as they can trade for produce, and realize a handsome per centage.

Clubs will find much more regularity in the receipt of their papers where a large number is sent, addressed to one person. Shall we then have a large increase?

The paper will go *free* to the following

FREE POST OFFICES.

Marion County.	*Boone County.*
Piketon	Lebanon
Clermont	Thornleysville
Allisonville	Royalton
Webb's Farm	Jamestown
Germantown	Eagle Village
Cumberland	Northfield
New Bethel	*Morgan County.*
Bridgeport	Mooresville
Augusta	Monrovia
Hendricks County.	*Hancock County.*
Hampton	Greenfield
Plainfield	Sugar Creek
Belleville	Charlottesville
Stilesville	Philadelphia
Danville	Eden
New Winchester	*Johnson County.*
Brownsburg	Greenwood
Springtown	Franklin
North Salem	Far West
Hamilton County.	*Shelby County.*
Westfield	Pleasant View
Noblesville	Shelbyville
Strawtown	Morristown
Cicero	

Address G. A. & J. P. CHAPMAN.
Indianapolis, Aug. 15, 1845.

PRINTERS, LOOK HERE!
Machinery Cut Wood Types.

THE undersigned are prepared to furnish, to order, any style, size or pattern of WOOD TYPE, equal, in every respect, to any manufactured in the United States, at *very low prices!*

Our Types are accurately cut, and cleanly and neatly finished, and warranted not to become injured by any usage to which types are ordinarily subjected. The woods we use are mahogany, box wood, &c., end grain, and so prepared as to defy the action of water or the atmosphere.

Having just completed new and improved machinery, we are prepared to fill orders at the shortest notice; and being practical printers, and one of us having nine years' experience as a job printer alone, we flatter ourselves as to our ability to give satisfaction in every case.

☞Papers that published the advertisement of Palmer & Co. can have their orders filled by us. And papers publishing this advertisement to the amount of $5, will receive their pay in type when three times the amount of their bill is taken out. Editors will please send papers containing the advertisement, that we may know where to send specimen sheets. MARTIN & JONES.
23-1aw-3m S. W. corner of Sycamore and 3d sts., Cincinnati.

TO PRINTERS.
Newspaper Establishment for Sale.

THE undersigned wishes to dispose of the "Jeffersonian" Printing Office, located in Richmond, Wayne county, Indiana. The Jeffersonian was established in 1837, and has been published regularly since except for a short period in 1839. It has a circulation of over 500, and with proper exertions could be considerably increased. The advertising and job patronage is good. It is the only democratic paper published in the fourth Congressional District, which contains 4,000 democratic voters.

The materials of the office consist of a good double medium Rust Press, fonts of Pica, Small Pica, Long Primer, Bourgeois and Brevier type, &c. &c., together with all the necessary materials for printing a newspaper. Also, a good assortment of Job Type, and a Standing Press. The office is among the best of country offices.

Any person wishing to embark in the printing business would find this a favorable location.

For terms, &c. address the undersigned by letter (post paid) at Richmond, Ia. JAMES ELDER.
Aug. 15, 1845. 21-3t

WESTERN ENTERPRISE.

THIS question is now settled, (if the Oregon question is not,) that *SALERATUS*, of the best quality, can be made in Marion Co. Ia., just as good as the *Yankee Notions* made in Boston, as has been fairly tested by those who know what a good article is. The undersigned has succeeded in making a pure alkali, perfectly carbonised, that will not dissolve in any atmosphere; and which he offers to dealers on reasonable terms by the keg, barrel or ton. Call at Fletcher's store, Indianapolis, or at the manufactory 7½ miles east of Indianapolis, on the national road. WM. ROBSON.
48-6m

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY.

THE Fall and Winter term of this Institution will commence on Thursday, the 28th of August; and continue 22 weeks as heretofore. Those desirous of particular information are requested to address the Principal, Rev. S. L. JOHNSON, Indianapolis. 20-3w

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PROSPECTUS OF
The "Congressional Union" and "Appendix," &c.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that, with the commencement of the approaching session of Congress, they will begin the publication of the "Congressional Union" and "Appendix." The first will contain a full and accurate history of the daily proceedings of both branches of the national legislature. It will be compiled with such care, that every citizen who is interested in the public affairs will find it a complete synopsis of their proceedings, and a ready book of reference upon all questions which come before them.

The second, (the "Appendix,") will contain every speech which is delivered in the House of Representatives and Senate during the session, reported at length by a full and able corps of congressional reporters, and revised before publication by the authors, whenever it is requested. These two works will be strictly impartial, and are intended to be as interesting and useful to the man of business, and to the politician of the one party, as of the other.

It may be said, without exaggeration, that the next session of Congress is destined to be one of the most important which has taken place since the foundation of the government. It is the long session. It is the session which will develope the general plan of the present administration. Its measures will stamp the character of our institutions for years to come. Some of the most important questions which are connected with our foreign relations, or our domestic concerns, will be presented for their consideration. The final measure of ratifying the constitution of Texas, which is to consummate her admission into our Union, and the admission of her members into our public councils—every measure which affects the Oregon question—our relations with Mexico—as well as the final decision on the revived Zoll-Verein treaty,—these, and other measures which are more or less connected with our foreign relations, will come under the review of the approaching Congress. Most of the eminently important questions which relate to our internal concerns—the revision of the tariff—the adoption of the best mode for preserving the public moneys—a variety of commercial measures—perhaps the best system of regulating the important interests of Texas—the Indian questions—the land question—the best system for our navy,—these and others will constitute a mass of business which is calculated to command much of the time of Congress, and much of the attention of the people. They will all be reported by the "Congressional Union."

The Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly Union, will, as usual, embrace an interesting variety of matter on political, scientific, and literary subjects, along with the current news of the day. The editor will continue to devote all his energies to the improvement of "The Union." He finds many accomplished men in this city. The administration has brought with it a considerable accession of talents. Several tried and distinguished members of the democratic party have accepted office under it. Some of them have liberally contributed their literary labors to our benefit; and we hope to enlist others in our service. Besides, the time is not far distant when the editor intends to call other talents to his assistance. His ambition is, to make his paper worthy of the metropolis of the Union. He is persuaded that, with the facilities which his position enables him to employ; with the official and other materials placed within his reach; and with the aid of the correspondence which he is attempting to establish in foreign countries, a paper may be published which is not unworthy the support of his country. In undertaking the task, he knew he had many difficulties to overcome, many lessons to learn, many sacrifices to encounter. He knew that, amid the arduous cares of a new theatre, he could not at first do justice even to himself; but his zeal has never flagged. What enthusiasm and industry can effect, will be fully accomplished. Some errors he may have already committed. But upon one point, he can speak with great pleasure and with equal freedom. The men who are administering this government are working men, anxious, as he believes, to do their duty, to serve their country, to carry out the pledges under which the President was elected, and the great principles of the party. So long as the administration is conducted in this spirit, and upon those principles, he is prepared to co-operate with them in the public service; and to give them, as he promised in his prospectus, "a fair, liberal, and efficient support."

We feel a deep sense of gratitude for the prompt manner in which our political friends, in every section of the country, have already come forward to sustain the "Union." May we not hope that our friends throughout the United States will continue to assist our labors, and prevail upon their friends to take some one edition of the "Union."

☞As this will be the long session of Congress, and will probably last eight months, we have concluded to publish the Congressional Union and Appendix on the following

TERMS.

For The Congressional Union, $1 50 per copy.
For The Appendix, $1 50 per copy.

Clubs will be furnished with *Ten* copies of either of the above works for $12; *Twenty-five* copies for $25.

EXTRA WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY UNION.

☞For the accommodation of those who desire a paper printed at the seat of government during the session of Congress only, we will furnish them the Extra Union as follows:

Semi-Weekly, One copy,	$2 50
" " Six copies,	13 00
" " Twelve copies,	24 00
Weekly, One copy,	1 00
" Twelve copies,	10 00
" Twenty-five copies,	20 00

THE UNION

Will be furnished hereafter to yearly subscribers, as follows:

Daily, per year for One copy,	$10 00
" " " Five copies,	40 00
Semi-Weekly, " " One copy,	5 00
" " " " Five copies,	20 00
Semi-Weekly, per year, for Ten copies,	$35 00
Weekly, " " One copy,	2 00
" " " Five copies,	8 00
" " " Ten copies,	15 00

☞*No attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompanies it.*

☞Those desiring complete copies of the Congressional Union and Appendix, will please send us their names previous to the first day of December next.

☞We will willingly pay the postage on all letters sent to us containing *Five Dollars* and upwards. Other letters directed to us, with the postage unpaid, *will not* be taken out of the office.

☞Newspapers throughout the country, who will publish the above prospectus until the meeting of Congress, will receive, in return, the Congressional Union during the session.
WASHINGTON, August 1, 1845. RITCHIE & HEISS.

MEYER & BECKER,
S. E. Corner Third and Walnut Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WHOLESALE and retail dealers in Imported and American Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, &c. &c. Western Dealers are especially invited to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

They sell at the lowest city prices, and feel warranted in saying that they can give satisfaction to all customers. They will fill all orders for Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars, at the shortest notice. 4-6m

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Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods.

THE subscribers have constantly on hand a large and fashionable assortment of Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Plated Ware, English and American Britannia, Painted Japanned Tea Trays, Gold and Silver Pencils, Diamond pointed Gold Pens, Gold and Silver Spectacles, Silver Spoons, Ladies' Cups, Fruit Knives, Butter Knives, &c.

Odd Fellows' Regalias, Jewels and every variety of trimmings.

Silver Ware and Jewelry made to order. OWEN & CARLEY,
41 *No. 135 Main st., between 3d and 4th sts., Cincinnati.*

TEA.

25 CHESTS Imperial, Young Hyson and Gunpowder Tea just received and for sale, at wholesale and retail, by
29 PRESTON, HORN & CO.

DEMOCRATIC REVIEW,
GREATLY REDUCED PRICE—FROM $5 TO $3 PER ANNUM.
Single Copy, 25 Cents.

Prospectus of the next (or 17th) Volume.

THE price of the Democratic Review has heretofore been too high—not for its size, cost, and character, but for the means of tens of thousands of readers who would be glad to receive it, and among whom it is highly desirable that it should circulate. For the purpose, therefore, of largely widening the range of its usefulness, and of multiplying the numbers of those to whom it may be accessible, it has been determined, simultaneously with the great reduction in the expense of the postage, to reduce its subscription price also, from *Five* to only *Three* dollars; and when several unite in subscription, to as low as $2 50, or even $2 30 per annum.

This very large reduction in the receipts (accompanied with but a comparatively small diminution of its expenses) involves, of course, an entire sacrifice of profit upon it, unless compensated by a vast multiplication of its subscribers. There will be at the outset only a small reduction in its number of pages; soon to be restored to its old number, without increase of price, when the anticipated success of the experiment shall justify it.

The Portraits of Distinguished Democrats will be continued—engraved in better and more costly style than heretofore.

The Postage will hereafter, for any distance, be only *five and a half cents*; it has heretofore been, for over 100 miles, *eighteen* cents.

We look for an extension of circulation to be reckoned by *tens of thousands*, as the result and compensation of this great reduction of price. Every friend of the work, and of the Democratic principles and cause, is confidently appealed to, to exert himself with an active interest to procure it subscribers; both to extend its usefulness, and to carry it successfully through the crisis of this great reduction of its receipts.

Those who have paid in advance for the coming year, will receive it, at the reduced rate, for a year and a half.

TERMS HENCEFORWARD.
(INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.)

Single copy,	$3 00	Eight copies,	$20 00
Four copies,	11 00	Thirteen "	30 00

It will thus be seen that when thirteen copies are ordered at once, the price is brought down to about $2 30 each. For six months, half these rates.

These rates afford high inducements to agents and others to interest themselves to procure subscribers.

The *cash system* and *payment in advance* must be uncompromisingly adhered to. The past relaxation of it has caused an accumulation of not far from $40,000 of debts due to the work. Hereafter this must be wholly reformed; nor must either the most eminent political friend, or the most intimate personal one, be displeased on experiencing its application, in the stoppage of their numbers, if they neglect this rule; the vital necessity of which, at the present reduced rates, must be obvious to all.

No communications will be taken from the Post Office unless free of postage.

All communications, both on editorial and publishing business, must be addressed henceforward to the undersigned. Those relating to the settlement of the past debts due the work will be still addressed to Mr. A. G. LANGLEY, 8 *Astor House*, the past arrangements with whom, as publisher, have reached their termination. J. L. O'SULLIVAN,
July, 1845. 136 Nassau street, New York.

LAST LIKENESS OF GENERAL JACKSON.

The admirable Daguerreotype of General Jackson, taken by Anthony, Edwards & Co. a few weeks before his death, has been purchased for the use of the Democratic Review. It is in the hands of the artist, and will be engraved in the finest style of mezzotint, of extra size. It is a most beautiful and interesting work, declared by Mr. Van Buren and others to give a more perfect idea of the great and good old man than any other likeness; and ought to be possessed and framed by every friend who loves or reveres his memory. Those who subscribe early will receive it as one of the regular series of Portraits.

TRANSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY,
Medical Department.

THE course of instruction will open, as heretofore, on the first Monday of November, and close on the last day of February, under the following arrangement.

BENJAMIN W. DUDLEY, M. D., Professor of the Principles and Practice of Surgery.
WM. H. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
THOMAS D. MITCHELL, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
ROBERT PETER, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
LOTAN G. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice.
JAMES M. BUSH, M. D., Professor of Special and Surgical Anatomy.
LEONIDAS M. LAWSON, M. D., Professor of General and Pathological Anatomy and Physiology.
ETHELBERT L. DUDLEY, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The introductories will be given on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday; the didactic course will open on Thursday, November 6th. Professors' fees amount to $105, *payable in all cases in advance*, in the best money current where the pupils reside. Matriculation fee $5. Hospital Ticket with Clinical Lectures, $5. Graduation Fee, $25. Dissecting Ticket, $10. The needful expenses of living range between two and three dollars per week. Gratuitous lectures, as usual, in the month of October. Further information may be had, by addressing letters, post paid, to THOMAS D. MITCHELL,
Lexington, Ky., Aug., 1845. 29-2aw-4w-¶ Dean of Faculty.

STRIKING FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Tremendous Excitement!
Immense Arrival of New Goods at the Mammoth CHECKERED STORE!

DIRECT from New York and Boston, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Yankee Notions, &c., &c. It would be useless for us to attempt to enumerate every article—the fact is, we have almost every thing that can be called for; so roll in with your Bank Notes, Wheat, Feathers, Ginseng, Beeswax, Silver and Gold, and take off our goods at

Lower Prices

than you can buy at any other establishment in the city. Roll in every body, and see the tallest and cheapest pile of goods ever brought to these diggins.

Country Merchants and Pedlers supplied at Cincinnati prices.
22 PRESTON, HORN & CO.

MOROCCO CASE MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber has taken the stand at *No. 23, East Fourth street, Cincinnati*, lately occupied by Mr. J. A. Kimball, where he will manufacture to order, Surgical, Dental, Jewelry and Daguerreotype Miniature Cases, of the very best style and quality, and at the lowest eastern prices.

Miniature Cases of all sizes constantly on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail.

Orders from the country respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. 19-1m WM. P. SWAIN.

STEAM POWER
Looking Glass Frame Manufactory.

THE subscriber has commenced the manufacture of Looking Glass, Portrait and Picture Frames of every variety of pattern, by Steam Power, and by so doing he is enabled to sell the above articles as *low* as they can be purchased in any of the Eastern Cities, and as the *risk* and *delay* is much less, Country Merchants will find it greatly to their advantage to call before purchasing East or elsewhere.

All kinds of Gilding neatly executed.
41y EBENEZER WISWELL, 117 *Main st., Cincinnati.*

WOODBURN & SHREWSBURY,
Commission and Produce Merchants,
MADISON, INDIANA. 37

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER!!

Another Arrival at the New Store!

CARLETON & BROTHER

HAVE just received by the *Express Package Line* from New York, a large and splendid assortment of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, which they will sell *Cheap for Cash*. Among their goods now opening may be found a beautiful variety of new Styles of Goods for Ladies's wear. Consisting in part of

Scotch, English and French Lawns, Balzarines, Bereges, Tarltons, Mouse de Laines, and Rip de Laines;
Very rich figured and changeable Silks;
Black and blue Gro de Swiss Bombazines and Alpaca;
French and Scotch Ginghams;
A splendid assortment of French, English and American Calicoes, plain and plaid Jaconett, Book and Swiss Muslin, and colored Florence;
Silk dress Handkerchiefs and Cravats;
Embroidered Merino Handkerchiefs;
Striped Damask Shawls, Plaid nett do;
Corded Shirts, Loop Fringe, Bullion and variegated do;
Mosaic Gimps, white and colored Silk and Cotton Hose, French Kid and Silk Gloves, and Mitts of every quality,
Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, Linen, Cambric and Lawn Stitched Handkerchiefs;
Thread Laces and Edgings, Cambric Edgings and insertings:
Swiss and Jaconett do do
Gimp Trimmings of every kind;
Lace Veils and Nets, Artificial Flowers, Straw Edgings, Parasols, Sun Shades, and Shawls and Scarfs;
Jet Buttons for Ladies' Dress, Mantle Silk Watered;
Bonnet Silk, Brussels Quilling, Fancy Bobinet, Bar'd Swiss Muslin, Lace, Cambrick, &c.

Bonnets,

Such as Neapolitan, Florence Braid, Birds Eye Lace, Straw, Willow, Lawn, &c. &c., and a great variety of Ladies' Trimmings too numerous to mention, which they will sell cheap for Cash.

Cloths and Cassimeres,

Of every variety of shades and prices. Plain and Fancy Vestings, of every style and color. Satinett and Jeans. A splendid assortment, at every price and quality, of

Carpets and Rugs.

Merchants from the Country are respectfully invited to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞Store a few doors East of the Post Office.
Indianapolis, August 4, 1845. 3w 19-y

U. S. MAILS.

PROPOSALS for carrying the mails of the United States from the 1st November, 1845, to 30th June, 1846, inclusive, in Indiana, will be received at the contract office of the Post Office Department, in the city of Washington, until 9 p. m., of the 22d day of September, 1845, (to be decided by the 1st of October,) on the routes, and in the manner and time herein specified, to wit:

INDIANA.

3954. From Brookville, by Jennings, Oldenburg, Enochsburg, Georgus, and Allen's mills, to Greensburg, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Brookville every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Greensburg same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Greensburg every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Brookville same day by 6 p. m.

3955. From Bluffton, Wells county, to Fort Wayne, in Allen county, 31 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Bluffton every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Fort Wayne same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Fort Wayne every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Bluffton same day by 6 p. m.

3956. From Columbus, in Bartholomew county, by Rock Creek, to West Point, in Decatur county, 24 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Columbus every Thursday at 9 a. m., arrive at West Point same day by 5 p. m.

Leave West Point every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Columbus same day by 2 p. m.

3957. From Clinton, Vermillion county, by Indiana Furnace, to Paris, Illinois, 18 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Clinton every Saturday at 5 a. m., arrive at Paris same day by 11 a. m.

Leave Paris every Saturday at 1 p. m., arrive at Clinton same day by 7 p. m.

3958. From Decatur, in Adams county, by Port Mahon, to Liberty mills, in Wabash county, 50 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Decatur every Thursday at 6 a. m., arrive at Liberty Mills next day by 11 a. m.

Leave Liberty Mills every Friday at 1 p. m., arrive at Decatur next day by 6 p. m.

3959. From Delphi, in Carroll county, through the great Miami Reserve, to Marion, in Grant county, 65 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Delphi every Wednesday at 6 a. m., arrive at Marion next day, by 6 p. m.

Leave Marion every Monday at 6 a. m., arrive at Delphi next day by 6 p. m.

3960. From Franklin, by Hensley's and Bean Blossom, to Nashville, 24 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Franklin every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Nashville same day by 3 p. m.

Leave Nashville every Friday at 9 a. m., arrive at Franklin same day by 6 p. m.

3961. From Fort Wayne to Van Wert, in Van Wert county, Ohio, 40 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Fort Wayne every Friday at 5 a. m., arrive at Van Wert same day by 7 p. m.

Leave Van Wert every Saturday at 5 a. m. arrive at Fort Wayne same day by 7 p. m.

3962. From Indianapolis, by Broad Ripple, Bethlehem, Westfield, Farmington, Shieldville, Canton, and Kokamo, to Peru, 80 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Indianapolis every Tuesday at 5 a. m., arrive at Peru next day by 8 p. m.

Leave Peru every Thursday at 5 a. m., arrive at Indianapolis next day by 8 p. m.

Proposals for service once in 2 weeks will be considered.

3963. From Indianapolis, by Hampton, Danville, New Winchester, Bainbridge, Portland Mills, Rockville, Homansburg, and Montezuma, to the State line between Indiana and Illinois, in the direction of Springfield, Illinois, 80 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Indianapolis every Tuesday at 5 a. m., arrive at State line next day by 8 p. m.

Leave State Line every Thursday at 5 a. m., arrive at Indianapolis next day by 8 p. m.

Proposals for service once in 2 weeks will be considered. Query: whether route is necessary?

3964. From Jamestown, in Boone county, by Darlington and Yorktown, to Dayton, in Tippecanoe county, 36 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Jamestown every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Dayton same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Dayton every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Jamestown same day by 6 p. m.

3965. From Lafayette, by Parish's Grove, Milford, Illinois, Spring Creek, and Oliver's Grove, to Peoria, 175 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Lafayette every Monday at 6 a. m., arrive at Peoria next Saturday by 6 p. m.

Leave Peoria every Monday at 6 a. m., arrive at Lafayette next Saturday by 6 p. m.

Proposals for service once in 2 weeks will be considered.

3966. From Lafayette, by Rensselaer, John Jones's, in Porter county, and Valparaiso, to City West, 100 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Lafayette every Monday at 6 a. m., arrive at City West next Wednesday by 6 p. m.

Leave City West every Thursday at 6 a. m., arrive at Lafayette next Saturday by 6 p. m.

Proposals for service once in 2 weeks will be considered.

3967. From Madison, by Paris and Springford, to Brownstown, in Jackson county, 45 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Madison every Tuesday at 6 a. m., arrive at Brownstown next day by 11 a. m.

Leave Brownstown every Wednesday at 1 p. m., arrive at Madison next day by 6 p. m.

3968. From Mooresville, by Waidsville, Millgrove, Upper falls, Eel river, and Samuel Kaufman's, to Poland post office, in Clay county, 40 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Mooresville every Friday at 5 a. m., arrive at Poland same day by 8 p. m.

Leave Poland every Saturday at 5 a. m., arrive at Mooresville same day by 8 p. m.

3969. From Mount Pleasant, in Martin county, by Harrisonville, to Bedford, in Lawrence county, 35 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Mount Pleasant every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Bedford same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Bedford every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Mount Pleasant same day by 6 p. m.

3970. From Noble C. H., by Springfield, Northport, Wright's Corners, and Ontario, to Lima, in Lagrange county, 25 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Noble every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Lima same day by 3 p. m.

Leave Lima every Friday at 9 a. m., arrive at Noble same day by 6 p. m.

3971. From Princeton, in Gibson county, via the road commonly called the Buckskin road, to Booneville, in Warrick county, 35 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Princeton every Monday at 6 a. m., arrive at Booneville same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Booneville every Tuesday at 6 a. m., arrive at Princeton same day by 6 p. m.

3972. From Rochester, in Fulton county, by Troy, Gilead, Niconza, and Joseph Beckner's, to Wabashtown, in Wabash county, 36 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rochester every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Wabashtown same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Wabashtown every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Rochester same day by 6 p. m.

3973. From Sage's Ferry to Rockford, in Jackson county, 18 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Sage's Ferry every Saturday at 5 a. m., arrive at Rockford same day by 11 a. m.

Leave Rockford every Saturday at 1 p. m., arrive at Sage's Ferry same day by 7 p. m.

3974. From Sinking-spring, by Bryantsville and Dougherty's Shoals, to Mount pleasant, in Martin county, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Sinking-springs every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Mount Pleasant same day by 5 p. m.

Leave Mount Pleasant every Friday at 5 a. m., arrive at Sinking-springs same day by 4 p. m.

3975. From Slateford to Rockford, in Jackson county, 15 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Slateford every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Rockford same day by 11 a. m.

Leave Rockford every Saturday at 1 p. m., arrive at Slateford same day by 6 p. m.

3976. From South Bend, in St. Joseph county, by Hammond's and North Liberty, to Carmel, 20 miles and back, once a week.

Leave South Bend every Monday at 10 a. m., arrive at Carmel same day by 6 p. m.

Leave Carmel every Tuesday at 6 a. m., arrive at South Bend same day by 2 p. m.

3977. From Washington, in Daviess county, by Edwardsport and Robins's Prairie, in Knox county, to Carlisle, in Sullivan county, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Washington every Friday at 6 a. m., arrive at Carlisle same day by 5 p. m.

Leave Carlisle every Saturday at 6 a. m., arrive at Washington same day by 5 p. m.

NOTES.

1. Seven minutes are allowed for opening and closing the mails, at all offices where no particular time is specified.

2. Post-office blanks and mail-bags are to be conveyed without further charge, on mail-lines admitting of such conveyance.

3. In all cases there is to be a forfeiture of the pay of the trip when the trip is not run; a forfeiture of at least one fourth part of it, when the running or arrival is so far behind time as to lose the connexion with a depending mail; and a forfeiture of a due proportion of it, when a grade of service is rendered inferior to that in the contact. These forfeitures may be increased into penalties of higher amounts according to the nature or frequency of the failure and the importance of the mail.

4. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be satisfactorily explained in due time, for failing to take from, or deliver at a post office, the mail, or any part of it; for suffering it to be wet, injured, lost, or destroyed; for conveying it in a place or manner that exposes it to depredation, loss, or injury; and for not arriving at the time set. And for setting up or running an express to transmit commercial intelligence in advance of the mail, a penalty will be exacted equal to a quarter's pay.

5. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures; for violating the post office laws; for disobeying the instructions of the department; for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the department; for assigning the contract without the consent of the Postmaster General; or for setting up or running an express, as aforesaid.

6. The Postmaster General may alter the contract and alter the schedule, he allowing a *pro rata* increase of compensation, within the restrictions imposed by law, for the additional service required, or for the increased speed, if the employment of additional stock or carriers is rendered necessary; but the contractor may, in such case, relinquish the contract, on timely notice, if he prefers it to the change. He may also discontinue or curtail the service, he allowing one month's extra pay on the amount dispensed with.

7. The payments will be made through drafts on post offices, or otherwise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in February, May, August, and November.

8. *The distances are given according to the best information; but no increased pay will be allowed, should they prove to be greater than is advertised, if the places are correctly named.*

9. The Postmaster General is prohibited by law from knowingly making a contract for the transportation of the mail with any person who shall have entered into any combination, or proposed to enter into any combination, to prevent the making of any bid for a mail contract by any other person or persons, or who shall have made any agreement, or who shall have given or performed, or promised to give or perform, any consideration to do or not to do, any thing whatever to induce any other person not to bid for a mail contract.

10. A bid received after time—to wit, the 22d of September next, at 9 p. m., or without the guaranty required required by law, or that combines several routes in one sum of compensation, cannot be considered in compensation with a regular proposal, not adjudged to be extravagant.

11. A bidder may propose different days and hours of departure and arrival, provided no more running time is asked, and it is obvious that no mail connexion, or other public accommodation is prejudiced. He may ask for a specific number of days or for more running time to the trip at certain seasons of peculiar bad roads. But, beyond these changes, a proposal for service different from the advertisement, will prevent its being considered in competition with a regular bid, not set aside for extravagance; and where a bid contains any of the above alterations, their disadvantages will be estimated in comparing it with other proposals.

12. There should be but one route bid for in a proposal.

13. The route, the service, the yearly pay, the bidder's name and residence, and the name of each member of the firm where a company offers, should be distinctly stated.

The following may be used as a form for the bid, *where no change from the advertisement is contemplated by the bidder*:

"I (or we, as the case may be,) hereby propose to carry the mail on No. ——, from —— to ——, agreeably to advertisement, for $—— per annum."

14. The following is the form of a guaranty which should be filled, the first blank with the name of the guarantor, the second with that of the bidder; and the third and fourth with the beginning and terminating points of the route; and after being dated, should be signed by the guarantor, who must be shown by the written certificate of a postmaster, or other equally satisfactory testimonial, to be a man of property, and able to make good his guaranty. This guaranty, so certified, should accompany each bid.

"The undersigned —— guarantees that —— if his bid for carrying the mail from —— to —— be accepted by the Postmaster General, —— shall enter into an obligation prior to the first day of January next, with good and sufficient sureties, to perform the service proposed.

"Dated ——."

15. The bid should be sent under seal, addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster General, with "Mail Proposals in the State of ——" written on the face of the letter; and should be despatched in time to be received by or before the 22d September next, at 9 o'clock p. m.

16. The contracts are to be executed before the 1st of January next.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, 11th July, 1845.
C. JOHNSON,
16. *Postmaster General.*

U. S. ARMY PROVISIONS.

OFFICE OF COM. GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
Washington, July 14, 1845.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 1st day of October next, for the delivery of provisions in bulk, for the use of the troops of the United States, upon inspection, as follows:

At the Public Landing, six miles from Fort Towson, mouth of the Chiemichi.

504 barrels of pork
1170 barrels of fresh superfine flour
450 bushels of new white field beans
9000 pounds of good hard soap
3600 pounds of good hard sperm candles
180 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
1980 gallons of good cider vinegar.

The whole to be delivered in all the month of April, 1846; and to leave Natchitoches by the 20th February, 1846.

At Fort Atkinson, west bank of the Mississippi river, opposite Fort Crawford, at Dousman and Rice's warehouse.

100 barrels of pork
260 barrels of fresh superfine flour
90 bushels of new white field beans
1800 pounds of good hard soap
1300 pounds of good hard tallow candles
40 bushels of good clean dry fine salt
400 gallons of good cider vinegar.

The whole to be delivered by the 1st May, 1846.

At Fort Snelling, St. Peter's.

168 barrels of pork
360 barrels of fresh superf