INDIANA STATE SENTINEL:

—THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE STATE—

Office on Illinois Street, North of Washington.

G. A. & J. P. CHAPMAN, Editors.

The State Sentinel will contain a much larger amount of reading matter, on all subjects of general interest, than any other newspaper in Indiana.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday, and during the session of the Legislature, three times a week, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at *Four Dollars a year*, payable always in advance.

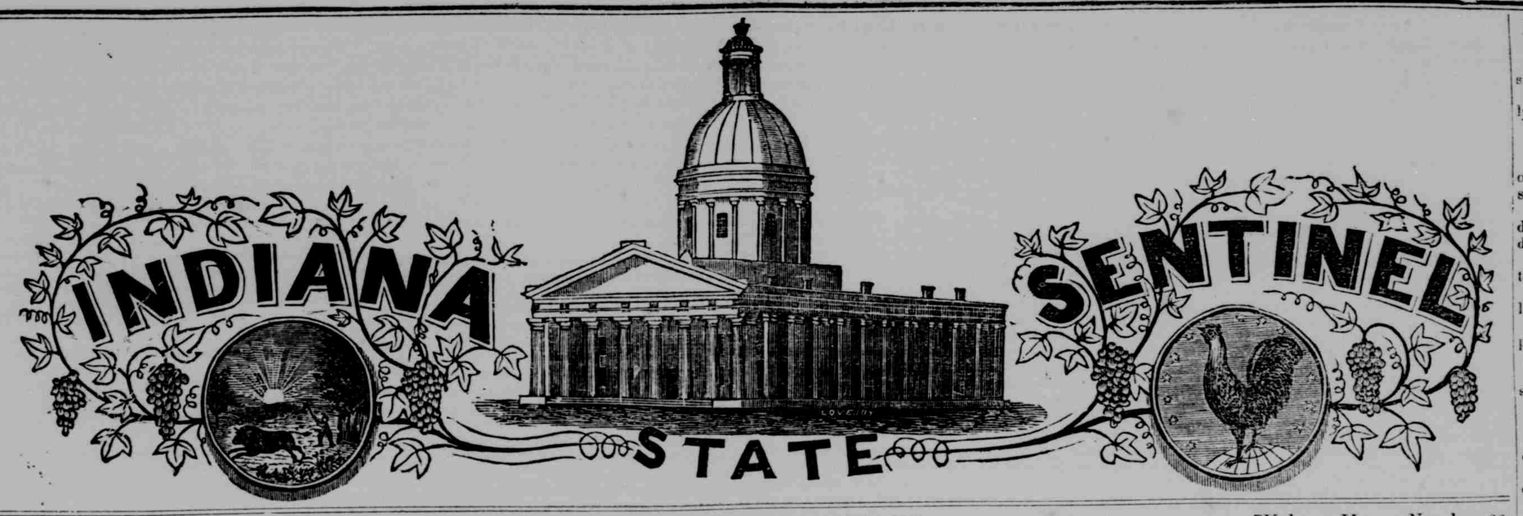
THE WEEKLY EDITION
Is published every Thursday, at *Two Dollars a year*, always to be paid in advance.

$1 in advance will pay for six months.
$5 will pay for three copies one year.
*** Persons remitting $10 in advance, free of postage, shall have three copies of the Semi-Weekly one year. $2 will pay for six months. $1 will always be charged for the Tri-Weekly, and 50 cents for the Weekly, during the Legislative sessions.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted three times at one dollar a square of 8 lines, and be continued at the rate of 25 cents a square for each additional insertion. Quarterly advertisements, per square, $5.

All advertisements from abroad *must be accompanied by the cash*; or no attention will be paid to them.

Postage must be paid.



Indianapolis, August 15, 1846.] SEMI-WEEKLY. [Volume II.....Number 22.

DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES
and Measures.

A strict construction of the Constitution, and no assumption of doubtful powers.

A Diplomacy, asking for nothing but what is clearly right and submitting to nothing wrong.

No connexion between the government and banks.

An *ad valorem* revenue tariff.

No public debt, either by the General Government or by the States, except for objects of urgent necessity.

No assumption by the General Government of the debts of the States, either directly or indirectly, by a distribution of the proceeds of the public lands.

No extensive system of Internal Improvement by the General Government, or by the States.

A constitutional barrier against improvident State loans.

The honest payment of our debts and the sacred preservation of the public faith.

A gradual return from a paper credit system.

No grants of exclusive charters and privileges by special legislation, to banks.

No swindling corporations.

No connexion between Church and State.

A preference for democrats over whigs for every office.

Acquiescence in the rule of the majority in all cases of party discipline.

No proscription for honest opinions.

Fostering aid to public education.

A "progressive" reformation of all abuses.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Lone Widow.
A LAMENT.

She was a lone widow. What words more expressive of utter desolation than these? What more adapted to elicit the sympathy of a cold, heartless and unpitying world? The oak tree may spare the ivy, and the elm the vine, yet is not their strength diminished, though they have lost the ductile foliage, and the rich and purple grape. But you may not reverse the case, or the fragile plants are shorn of their comeliness; they languish, they droop, they are trodden on the cold earth.

She was a LONE WIDOW. Her staff, her support, on whom she had leaned so long and so constantly, in storm and in sunshine, was taken away, and she left to battle with the world's sorrows, and deceits, and vanities—alone! Her 'gude man' was her elder, by a score of summers. He was not made of iron, though some folk might have thought it. He had his own troubles, and he sank beneath them at a good old age. It was a sad scene presented at his death bed.—Not a child looked on to witness the last moments, or to receive the last blessing of a parent. But she alone, the wife of his bosom, hung over his pillow, convulsed and sobbing. He grasped her hand—he raised his eyes imploringly—his lips moved—they uttered a few words almost inarticulate—and they were burdened with a *request*—that she would never be married to another. He essayed yet again to speak. To her he gave all his worldly goods, and they were many; to her his possessions, without division or reverse; and the condition was, that she should never be married to another.

She consented, with a hesitancy occasioned only by choking sobs. For the last time he looked up enquiringly, and he asked, 'Never?' And she answered, 'NEVER!' So she closed her good man's eyes in peace. And she arrayed herself in the deepest mourning, followed him decently to the grave, and having watered it with a flood of the bitterest tears, returned to her desolate house——A LONE WIDOW.

It was the winter time; but not more cold is the earthly clod, than the heart bereft of its beloved. She remembered often the words which her good man had spoken, and oh, she thought it was a crying sin, that widows should be prevailed upon to depart from widowhood, forgetting who lies cold in the sepulchre, and to whom they had pledged their early love; that they should exchange their weeds for the gorgeous colors and butterfly robes of vanity, and go forth brides—yet not brides—a spectacle to the world. It was unseemly, it was immodest. But she would never, never lay aside *her* robes of mourning; she would go down weeping to the grave——A LONE WIDOW!

Her neighbors felt for her forlorn estate. They came to console her, and to mingle their tears with hers. Their efforts were well meant but unavailing. They could not stay the torrent of her grief. They said that time would 'do wonders,' so they let it have full sway.—But they spoke of all the good deeds of her good man. Pleasing, yet melancholy reminiscence! She loved to allude to the words which he spoke, and to all the dear works of his hands. There he first courted her, beneath the shades of the old elm tree; there they first walked in the sweet season of youth; there he used to sit when he played on the viol! But he was gone, the best of men, and she, she was ——A LONE WIDOW!

When the man of God spoke of the bereaved, in the sacred desk, or when in social intercourse he clasped her hand, and besought her to forget her sorrows; [for he was kind and affectionate in his nature, middle aged and unmarried;] when he told her that he who fed the ravens, and did not let a sparrow fall to the ground without his knowledge, would take care of the fatherless, and the lone widow, she wept with redoubled violence; and in the midst of quick coming sobs, you might have heard the echo of those words of bitterness——A LONE WIDOW.

She lived in her desolate house, without a friend to fill up the blank which her good man's death had occasioned. It was a pleasant house, and looked upon a pleasant garden. There herbs, and salubrious plants, and flowers, grew in profusion. But what is all the luxury of sweets to those who mourn for the departed? Who planted the fragrant catnip and the thyme? Who kept those beds so clean, left her ancient cat which followed her steps when she walked in that pleasant garden. There were those who thought that she needed a protector and a friend; and when they cast in their minds the many who could supply her need, they could not forbear at last remarking, among themselves, that it was very queer she should remain——A LONE WIDOW.

She had a heart which was kind and benevolent, and was not unmindful of the poor or friendless, nor did she ever send the needy from her door until they carried with them the mite of a lone widow. She was not parsimonious in any of her ways. Her robes were dark, but of the finest texture; her caps were made of the most costly lawn; for caps became her matronly face right well, and were not unbecoming to the peach-like bloom that lingered on the cheeks of that ——LONE WIDOW!

Year after year passed away, and time had indeed wrought wonders. But although the rank grass waved over the grave which had been watered with plentiful showers, she had not forgotten 'the vow interrupted only by sobs,' and she still remained—A LONE WIDOW! Many suitors came to solicit her hand. They made *honorable* offers. They would take care of her property, they would love, honor, and cherish her for ever. But she drove them all, all into despair, and told them (they could hardly credit her words) that she should remain——A LONE WIDOW.

But who can foresee the course of events which mock even the art of divining? At last a skilful lawyer aspired to her hand, and wished to make her his fair client.—He came, he saw, and he CONQUERED.—He came as soon as he heard that in such a place there lived such a lone widow.—He saw that report had spoken only the truth of her charms; and conquered her remaining scruples. 'Twas in the 'merry month of May, when the blithe birds are singing.' They sat together in the fragrant porch, the skilful lawyer and that lone widow. A sweet briar strayed near, with its branches; a honey-suckle mingled its odours. He preferred his suit in soft accents. She listened with an attentive ear. He pleaded eloquently at the bar of her heart. She was his indulgent judge and jury. He waited patiently for a VERDICT. She said NOTHING. He pressed her hand warmly in his, and with a most wooing look, gazed up into the dark eyes of that lone widow!

She sighed. He asked her why heaved her bosom that sigh? She spake of her good man, of his lands and tenements, which would be forfeit. He told her he would take care of that, and he was a skilful lawyer.

Then the dark clouds were put to flight which hovered over her brow, and the sun shone brighter, and the birds sang sweeter, and the budding spring broke out into blossom. She followed him shortly to God's altar, and with all her worldly goods did him endow.

He was unlike her good man; but I throw the veil over her story. For having forgotten the vow which was interrupted only by sobs, she had taken that skilful lawyer for better for worse, and was no more—A LONE WIDOW!

GEORGE THE FOURTH AND THE COURT CIRCULAR.—George the Fourth, "the first gentleman in the universe," had the courage and the honor to issue the Court Circular. It was one of his earliest cares after he had assumed the sovereignty as prince regent; and the instruments he employed to bring it about prove how lightly he regarded "the Fourth Estate," and how dearly he loved absolutism. Before the time of his regency there was no such thing as a Court Circular; but, time out of mind, the newspapers had been left to pick up court news how and where they could; and they, knowing the difficulty of obtaining it, left it to those shrewd descendants of Autolycus, those "snappers up of unconsidered trifles," who write history for three half-pence a line, who take *nunquam dormio* for their motto, and whose revenue is simple gullibility. Consequently, the court and the purlieus thereof, were much infested by those mercurial outscouts of journalism; and of course, courtly considerations had little to do with their pickings up. Quantity, not quality, was their object, and, provided they obtained the quantity they were not over delicate in their mode of dressing it. They had only to take care that it was lengthy enough for their own interest and sufficiently piquant, or otherwise, to suit the taste of their several employers, and the melange, thus cleverly and diversely concocted, appeared in the newspapers of the next day under the head "Royal Movements." Now the Prince Regent was a man of the world enough to know, that "what great ones do the less will prattle of;" but, as the lads say at school, he saw no fun in living under the surveillance of a swarm of young literary scamps, who, day by day, were publishing their conjecturings of this, and presumings of that, and putting this and that together, made out a new mare's nest for every day in the year, and so he determined to put a stop to it altogether and forthwith.—*Ainsworth's Magazine.*

PERSIAN CURIOSITY ABOUT FREEMASONRY.—In the morning we received a visit from the Governor, who seemed rather a dull person, though undoubtedly polite and civil. He asked a great many questions regarding the Feramoosh Khoneh, as they call the Freemason's Hall, in London, which is a complete mystery to all the Persians who have heard of it. Very often the first question we have been asked is "what is it?" They generally believe it to be a most wonderful place, where a man may acquire in one day the wisdom of a thousand years of study; but every one has his peculiar conjectures concerning it. Some of the Persians who went to England became Freemasons; and their friends complain that they will not tell what they saw at the Hall, and cannot conceive why they should all be so incommunicative.—*Home's Sketches on the Shores of the Caspian.*

DISTANCES OF DIFFERENT COLONIES FROM ENGLAND.—Canada, 2,600 miles; West Indies 3,650; Cape of Good Hope, 6,500; Algoa Bay 6,860; Swan River; 11,200; South Australia, 11,640; Van Diemen's 12,260; Port Essington, 12,800; Sydney, 13,100; New Zealand, 13,340.

THE RANK AND FILE OF THE ARMY.—All the officers with whom we have conversed, who were engaged at Palo Alto and Resaca de la Palma, speak in terms of the greatest enthusiasm of the conduct of the rank and file on those trying occasions.—Not only did the men behave well in the fight, but they manifested the utmost anxiety to get into it. Lieutenant Crittenden related several incidents to us which place the conduct of the privates and non-commissioned officers in the most favourable aspect. After Col. Mc Intosh had been wounded on the 8th, one of the men was detailed to take charge of him. He complained bitterly. He loved his Colonel, he said, and would be proud to nurse and take care of him; but he did not like to lose his chance in another fight, and begged to be excused. one of the corporals was wounded by a ball in the forehead—which at first looked as if it would prove fatal. He pressed his hand to his head and said:—"I am hurt: I am most mortally," then reflecting he said—"No I ain't: I am good for something yet!" He then bound up his head with his handkerchief, went into the fight, and did his duty like a man. By this time, however, his head had swollen greatly, and he was forced by his officers to place himself in the hands of the surgeon. The noble fellow is now in the detachment commanded by Capt. Marcy and Lieutenant Crittenden, which leaves with him to-day.

After the battles of the 9th, when more hot work was expected, Lieutenant Crittenden, with his men—or what remained of them, for he had suffered severely in these engagements—were bivouacked on a spot near the river. Early in the evening he was called upon by Lieutenant Hays, of this state, who had received an order from General Taylor to cross the river in the morning. Ten of the best men were required for a duty then believed to be full of peril, and Lieutenant H. wanted to know if he could obtain this sort of mettle in the ranks of Crittenden's company. The latter thought he could accommodate him. Most of his men were lying on the ground asleep, or overcome with fatigue. He awoke them up "Men," said he, "Mr. Hays wants ten daring cool fellows to cross the river with him in the morning. All who are willing to go will rise—though all must be aware that it is an enterprise full of danger." *Every man jumped to his feet in a moment.* A selection had to be made, however.—Those who were not taken were loud in their complaints, and one of the sergeants came to Crittenden several times during the evening, and begged to be detailed. His Lieutenant told him that privates, not officers were required. "O' never mind," said the sergeant, "you'll find that I will play private very well!"—*Pensylvanian.*

LASTS AND PEGS.

JUST received, the best assortment ever brought to this city, of Lasts of every size, Pegs, Boot Trees, Crimping Board, Clamps, &c.

ALSO—5,000 lbs. of the best Spanish Sole Leather, equal to any manufactured in Philadelphia, and one mile south of the National Road, containing 104 acres, of which 55 acres are well improved—the remainder well timbered. The land is of good quality; situation healthy; neighborhood good. Said Farm has on it a convenient dwelling house, good barn, and other outbuildings, and a good apple orchard. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, living in Indianapolis. 15-tf VALENTINE BYRKIT.

TO THE LADIES.

GINGHAMS, Lawns, Prints, Grass Skirts, White Goods of every description, White Crape, Leghorn and Straw Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, new style, Flowers, &c. &c. Just received, and selling off at reduced prices at HORNS'.

THE LAST CHANCE.

HORN has just received two cases more of the beautiful, cheap, fashionable French style HATS, so much admired and so universally sought after. Call soon or they are gone. 13-y

Dr. R. G. GRAYDON,

A GRADUATE of the University of Pennsylvania, offers his professional services to the citizens of Indianapolis and vicinity. Office east side Meridian, one door north of Washington street. 14

LOST.

A CHEST KEY, to which was affixed a small brass ring. The finder will confer a great favor by leaving it at this office. 21-3w

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY.

THE Principal and Trustees of this Institution have the pleasure of announcing to the public that they have employed the accomplished vocalist and piano forte player, Mrs. Irving, as teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music in this Institution. Mrs. Irving is a stranger in this community, but brings with her the most satisfactory testimonials as to her qualifications as a Teacher of Music, and her performance on the piano speaks for itself. She has taught with her two excellent instruments, one of which will be kept at the school rooms, and the other at her residence on Meridian street, just north of Dr. Meyer's. We trust that all parents who wish to give their daughters a *good* musical education, will bestow upon Mrs. Irving that patronage which she so highly deserves.

Pupils not connected with the school will receive instruction either at the seminary or at the residence of Mrs. Irving, as may be most convenient to themselves.

Terms, per quarter,	$10.00
Use of the instrument,	3.00

Mrs. Irving will also give lessons in French during the session of the Institution, at reasonable charges. Session commences August 27, 1846. 15-3w

SPLENDID LOTTERIES!
$40,000!

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY—Class 33. for 1846,
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, August 22, 1846.
GRAND SCHEME!

1 Prize of	$10,000	3 Prizes of	$1,300
1 Prize of	10,000	5 Prizes of	1,250
1 Prize of	5,000	100 Prizes of	500
2 Prizes of	1,500	&c.	&c.

75 Number Lottery—12 Drawn Ballots.—Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.

Certificates of Packages of 26 Whole Tickets,	$130.00
Certificates of Packages of 25 Half Tickets,	65.00
Certificates of Packages of 25 Quarter Tickets,	32.50

$35,000!

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY—Class 34. for 1846.
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, August 29, 1846.
SPLENDID PRIZES!

1 Prize of	$15,000	1 Prize of	$5,000
1 Prize of	10,000	10 Prizes of	1,500

15 Drawn Numbers out of 78.—Tickets $10—Halves $5—Qrs. $2.50.

Certificate of Packages of 26 Whole,	$130.00
Certificate of Packages of 26 Halves,	65.00
Certificate of Packages of 26 Quarters,	32.50

Orders for Tickets and Shares, and Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries, will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over, to all who order from us. Address

J. G. GREGORY & Co., *Managers,*
16-3w-¶ *Washington City, D. C.*

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell on favorable terms, a *FARM*, lying five and a half miles west of Indianapolis, and one mile south of the National Road, containing 104 acres, of which 55 acres are well improved—the remainder well timbered. The land is of good quality; situation healthy; neighborhood good. Said Farm has on it a convenient dwelling house, good barn, and other outbuildings, and a good apple orchard. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, living in Indianapolis. 15-tf VALENTINE BYRKIT.

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ALMANAC FOR THE YEAR 1846.

	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	SUN. rises	SUN. sets	MOON'S PHASES.	D.	H.	M.	
January:						1	2 3	H. M.	H. M.					
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	7 22	4 26	First Qr.	4	8	57	M
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	7 19	4 31	Ful Moon	12	8	29	M
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	7 14	4 36	Last Qr.	20	10	20	M
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	7 07	4 39	New Moon	27	3	51	M
February:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7 00	4 40	First Qr.	1	21	39	E
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	6 53	4 47	Full Moon	12	3	49	M
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	6 45	4 45	Last Qr.	18	11	11	E
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	6 36	4 54	New Moon	25	2	00	E
March:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6 26	4 58	First Qr.	4	5	00	E
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	6 17	5 03	Full Moon	12	9	17	E
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	6 07	5 53	Last Qr.	20	8	25	M
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	5 58	6 02	New Moon	27	0	18	M
	29	30	31					5 49	6 11					
April:				1	2	3	4			First Qr.	1	11	39	M
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	5 40	6 20	Full Moon	11	0	23	E
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	5 31	6 29	Last Qr.	18	2	52	E
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 22	6 38	New Moon	25	11	16	E
	26	27	28	29	30			5 14	6 46					
May:						1	2							
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	5 06	6 54	First Qr.	3	6	19	M
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	4 58	7 02	Full Moon	11	0	34	M
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	4 51	7 07	Last Qr.	17	7	54	E
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	4 46	7 14	New Moon	24	11	12	E
	31							4 41	7 19					
June:		1	2	3	4	5	6			First Qr.	1	11	58	E
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4 38	7 22	Full Moon	9	10	4	M
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	4 35	7 25	Last Qr.	16	1	6	M
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	4 35	7 27	New Moon	23	0	15	E
	28	29	30					4 36	7 28					
July:				1	2	3	4			First Qr.	1	5	51	E
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	4 33	7 22	Full Moon	8	5	29	E
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	4 41	7 19	Last Qr.	15	7	52	M
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	4 46	7 14	New Moon	23	2	31	M
	26	27	28	29	30	31		4 51	7 09	First Qr.	31	5	31	M
August:							1							
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	4 58	7 02	Full Moon	7	0	27	M
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	5 04	6 56	Last Qr.	13	5	19	E
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	5 11	6 47	New Moon	21	4	34	E
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	5 20	6 40	First Qr.	29	4	46	E
	30	31						5 28	6 32					
September:		1	2	3	4	5				Full Moon	5	7	44	M
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	5 38	6 22	Last Qr.	12	6	10	M
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	5 47	6 12					
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	5 57	6 03	New Moon	20	10	1	E
	27	28	29	30				6 05	5 55	First Qr.	28	1	51	E
October:			1	2	3									
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	6 14	5 46	Full Moon	4	4	34	E
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	6 23	5 37	Last Qr.	11	10	26	M
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	6 32	5 28	New Moon	19	2	11	M
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	6 41	5 19	First Qr.	27	9	38	M
November:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6 50	5 10	Full Moon	3	3	59	M
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	6 58	5 02	Last Qr.	10	6	12	E
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	7 05	4 55	New Moon	18	5	28	E
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	7 12	4 48	First Qr.	25	5	00	E
	29	30						7 18	4 42					
December:			1	2	3	4	5			Full Moon	2	5	14	E
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	7 21	4 39	Last Qr.	10	3	41	E
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	7 24	4 36	New Moon	18	7	10	M
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	7 25	4 35	First Qr.	25	1	4	M
	27	28	29	30	31			7 25	4 35					

INDIANAPOLIS WHOLESALE PRICES

Corrected for the Indiana State Sentinel by J. & D. CARLISLE & CO., Millers and Merchants.

BEEF—net	3 00 a 3 50	NAILS—cut	
BACON—per lb		Eights	5¼ a —
Hog round	4 a 4½	Sixes	5¼ a —
Shoulders	4 a 4½	Fours	6¼ a —
Sides clear	4½ a 5	LEATHER—sole pr lb	20 a 22
Hams	6 a 6½	Calf per doz	22 a 28
COTTON YARN per lb	15 a 16	OILS per gal	
CANDLES—per lb		Linseed	75 a 1 00
Sperm	10 a 15	Lard	75 a —
Tallow mould	8 a 9	PROVISIONS—	
COFFEE—per lb		Beeswax	62 a 75
Rio	8 a 9	Potatoes	20 a 25
St. Domingo	8 a —	Onions	37 a 50
CASTINGS—	4 a 4½	Cheese	6 a 7
Plough moulds	4½	Butter	10 a 12
FLOUR AND MEAL—		Lard	6 a 7
City mills per bbl	2 75 a 3 00	SALT—per bush	45 a 60
Country brands	2 50 a 2 75	SUGAR—per lb	7 a 8
Corn meal per bush	15 a 20	SEEDS—per bush	
FRUIT—per bushel		Clover	3 00 a 4 00
Apples dried	1 50 a 1 75	Flax	70 a 75
Do. green	50 a 62	Timothy	1 00 a 1 25
Peaches dried	2 00 a 2 50		
GLASS—		SUNDRIES—	
Eight by ten	2 25 a 2 50	Feathers	22 a 25
Ten by twelve	3 25 a 3 50	Beeswax	25 a —
GRAIN—per bushel		Ginseng	25 a —
Wheat	20 a 25	Tallow	5 a 6
Corn	11 a 15	Soap bar No. 1	4 a 4½
Oats	10 a 12	No. 2	3 a 3½
HAY—per ton		TEAS—gunpowder	62 a 88
Timothy	4 50 a 5 00	Imperial	62 a 88
Clover	4 00 a 4 50	Young Hyson	30 a 50
IRON—per lb	4 a 6½	TOBACCO—leaf	1 a 2
WHISKEY—per gal	45 a 50	WHISKEY—per gal	25 a —

INDIANAPOLIS BANK NOTE TABLE.

Corrected for the Indiana State Sentinel by S. A. FLETCHER, Stock and Exchange Broker.

(☞—Those marked thus — are doubtful.

INDIANA.		OLD OHIO BANKS.	
State Bank and Branches	par	Clinton Bank, Columbus,	1 dis
State Stock, $5, '18-'30, '41, 15 prem		Lafayette Bank of Cincinnati,	par
State Stock $50, '40, '41, 15 prem		Bank of Wooster,	3 dis
State Stock,	14 prem	Bank of Massillon,	2 dis
Wabash and Erie, Terre Haute Branch		Bank of Circleville,	2 dis
Woodward College, King's, Madison	50 dis	Bank of Sandusky,	2 dis
New Albany Ins. Co.,	10 dis	Bank of Norwalk,	2 dis
ILLINOIS.		NEW OHIO BANKS.	
State Bank of Illinois,	40 dis	*Branches of the State Bk of Ohio.*	
Bank of Illinois, Shawneetown,	70 dis	Franklin Branch, Cincinnati,	par
KENTUCKY.		Mechanic's & Trader's Bank,	par
Bank of Louisville,	par	Franklin Branch, Columbus,	2 dis
Bank of Kentucky,	par	Exchange Branch, do.	2 dis
Northern Bank of Kentucky,	par	Merchant's do. Cleveland,	2 dis
MISSOURI.		Chillicothe do. Chillicothe,	2 dis
State Bank and Branches,	par	Xenia do. Xenia,	2 dis
MICHIGAN.		Dayton do. Dayton,	1 dis
Bank of River Raisin,	broken	Delaware do. Delaware,	2 dis
Michigan Ins. Co.	10 dis	FREE BANKS OF OHIO.	
VIRGINIA.		City Bank, Cincinnati,	par
Eastern Banks,	2 dis	City Bank, Cleveland,	2 dis
Wheeling Banks,	1 dis	City Bank, Columbus,	1 dis
PENNSYLVANIA.		Commercial Bk of Cincinnati,	par
Philadelphia City Banks,	par	Dayton Bank, Dayton,	1 dis
Pittsburgh Banks,	par	Bank of Geauga, Painesville,	2 dis
Country Banks,	2 to 5 dis	Western Reserve B. Warren,	2 dis
NEW YORK.		BROKEN BANKS OF OHIO.	
City Banks,	par	Miami Exporting Co.,	60 dis
Country Banks,	2 to 5 dis	Com. B. of Lake Erie, Cleveland,	10 dis
MARYLAND.		Bank of Cleveland,	10 dis
Baltimore City Banks,	par	Bank of Hamilton,	10 dis
Country Banks,	2 to 5 dis	Lancaster Ohio Bank, Leacasier,	10 dis
NEW ENGLAND.		Com. B'k of Scioto, Portsmouth,	10 dis
Boston City Banks,	2 dis	Farmers' Bank of Canton,	50 dis
All other solvent Banks,	5 dis	Urbana Banking Company,	10 dis
SPECIE—BUYING RATES.		Urbana,	45 dis
American Gold,	1 prem	Granville Alexandrian Society,	45 dis
Foreign Gold,	½ prem	Lebanon Miami B., Lebanon,	—
Silver,	½ prem	Manhattan Bank, Manhattan,	—
EXCHANGE—SELLING RATE.		Exchange B., Cincinnati,	—
New York,	½ prem		
Baltimore,	½ prem		
Philadelphia,	½ prem		

INDIANAPOLIS POST OFFICE.
Arrivals and Departures of the Mails.

EASTERN—Arrives daily, at	8 A. M.
Closes daily, at	5 P. M.
CINCINNATI via *Brookville*—Arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at	6 P. M.
Closes Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at	7 A. M.
CINCINNATI via *Lawrenceburgh*—Arrives Sundays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at	7 P. M.
Closes Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at	7 A. M.
SOUTHERN via *Madison*—Arrives daily, at	9 P. M.
Closes daily, at	7 P. M.
LEAVENWORTH via *Bloomington*—Arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at	4 P. M.
Closes Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at	7 A. M.
MONROVIA via *Mooresville*—Arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays, at	10 P. M.
Closes Tuesdays and Saturdays, at	7 A. M.
WESTERN via *Terre Haute*—Arrives daily, at	5 P. M.
Closes daily, at	8 A. M.
MONTEZUMA—Arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays, at	3 P. M
Closes Wednesdays and Saturdays, at	7 A. M.
CRAWFORDSVILLE—Arrives daily, except Mondays, at	8 P. M.
Closes daily, except Mondays, at	8 A. M.
LAFAYETTE via *Lebanon*—Arrives Saturdays, at	6 P. M.
Closes Wednesdays, at	7 A. M.
NORTHERN via *Logansport*—Arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at	2 P. M.
Closes Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at	7 A. M.
GREENVILLE, O., via *Winchester*—Arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays, at	6 P. M.
Closes Mondays and Fridays, at	7 A. M.
PENDLETON—Arrives Wednesdays at	3 P. M.
Closes Thursdays, at	7 A. M.
PERU via *Broad Ripple*—Arrives Fridays, at	4 P. M.
Closes Tuesdays, at	7 A. M.

Indianapolis, July 1, 1846. L. DUNLAP, P. M.

Sales of Stock in New York, Aug. 1.

United States 6's at	100 a 106	Kentucky 6's at	90 a 99
Indiana Bonds at	90 a 93	Ohio 6's at	90 a 93
Illinois 6's at	60 a 34½	Pennsylvania 5's at	67½ a 70

Cincinnati Prices Current.

Corrected from the Chronicle of August 8.

Flour, city mills, bbl	$2.50@2.75	*Oil*, linseed, gal	0.50@0.55
Canal wagons,	2.70@2.80	*Salt*, Kanawha bush	0.16@0.17
Grain, wheat, bush	0.00@0.45	*Seeds*, flax, bush	0.62@0.75
Corn,	0.22@0.26	Timothy,	2.50@3.50
Oats,	0.20@0.21	Clover,	0.00@0.00
Hay, loose, ton,	7.00@8.00	*Whisky*, gall	0.15@0.16

Free Post Offices for the State Sentinel.

MARION COUNTY—Allisonville, Clermont, Pendleton, Germantown, Piketon, Cumberland, Bridgeport, Augusta, Broad Ripple.
HENDRICKS COUNTY—Hampton, Plainfield, Belleville, Stilesville, Danville, New Winchester, Brownsburg, Springtown, North Salem.
HAMILTON COUNTY—Westfield, Noblesville, Strawtown, Cicero, Carmel, Penfield.
BOONE COUNTY—Lebanon, Thornleysville, Royalton, Jamestown, Eagle Village, Northfield.
MORGAN COUNTY—Mooresville, Monrovia.
HANCOCK COUNTY—Greenfield, Sugar Creek, Charlottesville, Philadelphia, Eden.
JOHNSON COUNTY—Greenwood, Franklin, Far West.
SHELBY COUNTY—Pleasant View, Shelbyville, Moorestown.

Rates of Postage under Law of 1845.

ON LETTERS—Single, or any number of pieces not exceeding one half an ounce, 240 miles or less, - - - - 5 cents.
If over three hundred miles, - - - - - 10 cents.
Drop letters, (not mailed) - - - - - 2 cents.
Each additional half ounce or part thereof, single postage, 5 cents.
NEWSPAPERS—Of 1900 square inches or less, sent by publishers or editors, over