

FOREIGN NEWS

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. The mail steamer Ibernia arrived at Boston on the 3d, with Liverpool dates to the 19th September.

Well-founded apprehensions of a failure in the American Cotton crop have caused an increased demand for the staple in Liverpool, and prices have accordingly advanced a fair percentage.

Her Britannic Majesty's government and the people of Spain have manifested the most cordial friendship to the Queen of Spain's sister, to Louis Philippe's youngest son, that the celebration of the nuptials has been postponed for the present, if not forever.

The capture of Santa Fe, and the possession of the province of New Mexico, are among the most memorable events of the present war. The success with which the commanding general carried his expedition through a country of nine hundred miles, unimpaired by the march, has been a triumph.

The published accounts from General Taylor's advance are of the 7th of September. On that day the Generals Worth and Smith, being about 2000 strong, were at Cerrillo, within sixty miles of Monterey.

The Gazette de Cologne says it has been announced for some time that a measure will shortly appear prohibiting the exportation of corn from the territory of France.

THE POTATO CROP.—The Liverpool Mail says: "It is calculated that the loss by the failure of the potato crop in Great Britain and Ireland, will amount to upwards of sixteen millions of dollars."

LEVERPOOL, Sept. 10th.—The failure of the potato crop is universal. The reports from every part of the United Kingdom are appalling, showing that the progress of the potato disease is ravages which strike strange districts.

It is a question which all classes, both here and on the continent of Europe, must seriously consider, how is the deficiency of human food to be made up? The crops in the United Kingdom are not more than an average crop.

At the last account, General Taylor's division was present in the city of Chihuahua, and was without opposition. These accounts, taken in connection with those from California, assure us that the administration is making due efforts to urge on our military operations.—Union.

From the St. Louis American. Mr. Editor:—Here we are, in the chief city of New Mexico—victorious without a battle—rejoicing in our bloodless conquest, and looking forward to our future operations in California.

THE EARTHQUAKE IN TENNESSEE.—The number of persons killed by the late earthquake in Tennessee is very great. At Volterra 28 were killed, 140 were wounded, and many were wounded. Many villages were razed to the ground, and numbers of public buildings were destroyed or injured.

DRUGGET AT NAPLES.—Lettres from Naples announce that the extreme heat of the month of August had dried up the water in the fountains, and that the people were perishing of thirst, and making a fire around with their eyes for the sight of water.

THE MARRIAGE OF DONNA MARIA FERDINANDA.—The marriage of Donna Maria Ferdinanda is the son of Louis Philippe, in the Duke of Nemours, and the daughter of the Duke of Nemours, and the daughter of the Duke of Nemours.

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The Progress of the War.

The last published intelligence from the three main lines of our army is of a character to attract the attention of the country. We learn that on the 10th August, General Kearney entered the capital of the department of Santa Fe without opposition, and took formal possession of that province in the name of the government of the United States.

Armed, refused to fight; and that personage, at the head of the military as would follow him, took up his march to Chihuahua, or in some other direction. He should take care of General Wolf at Chihuahua, as he did of General Kearney at Santa Fe.

We give copious extracts of these events from the correspondence of the St. Louis papers. These contain a great degree, in general particulars, with the local accounts received last night from General Kearney.

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Recent Elections.

Since the month of August inclusive, elections have been held in the States of Arkansas, Missouri, Kentucky, Illinois, Indiana, North Carolina, Vermont, Maine, and in the territory of California. The changes, compared with the last previous elections, are not strongly marked, and in the aggregate about balance each other.

In Arkansas, Missouri, Illinois, Vermont, and Maine, elections for members of the next Congress have been held; and in every instance where a choice has been made, the result is the same as in the present Congress. The majorities are 11 Democrats and 4 Whigs elected, and 7 Whigs elected.

If we descend a little into particulars, it may be stated that in the legislature of Arkansas, on joint ballot, the parties stood as three to one, viz 75 Democrats, and 25 Whigs. The Democratic candidate for Governor was elected without opposition.

In Missouri the majority in both branches of the legislature, and also a majority in each of the five congressional districts. In only two of them did the Whigs bring forward a candidate; the contest being between men of the same (Democratic) politics.

In Kentucky, the Whig majority in both branches of the legislature, but the Whigs were not elected Governor and Congressmen not chosen there. In Indiana the Whigs were elected Governor and Congressmen not chosen there.

In Illinois there is an overwhelming Democratic majority in both branches of the legislature, and the Democratic majority for Governor is 21,637; a much larger majority than was ever before given in the State.

In Indiana the Whigs have gained the House, which last year was Democratic. The majority in the House last year (exclusive of the Lt. Governor) was 407; which is larger than was ever before given since General Jackson was a candidate for the Presidency. The Whig majority in 1841 was 2314. Harrison's in 1840, 18,698.

In North Carolina the Whigs have gained the Senate by a majority, which before was a tie, and have lost a few members of the House, though still retaining a majority of 14. They have elected their Governor by 719 majority. In 1841, Governor, 3538; President, 1741.

In Vermont the Whigs have gained the Governorship, but the Democrats have gained the Legislature. In Vermont the Whigs have gained the Governorship, but the Democrats have gained the Legislature.

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BY AUTHORITY.

ACTS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS OF THE U. S. Passed at the session commencing December 1, 1846. James K. Polk, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice President; JOHN W. DRAYTON, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 31.—An Act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations in relation to the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Section 1.—That the sum of \$1,000,000 be and it is lawfully provided, for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

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FOR IRON AND STEEL.

For iron and steel, for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars. For gunsmith at McKline, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two hundred and twenty dollars.

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LATEST ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.

NOTWITHSTANDING the assurance of men, that we could not afford to do so, we have had the pleasure to receive a large quantity of new goods, which we are now offering at a low price.

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