INDIANA STATE SENTINEL:

—THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE STATE—

Office on Illinois Street, North of Washington

G. A. & J. P. CHAPMAN, Editors.

The State Sentinel will contain a much larger amount of reading matter, on all subjects of general nterest, than any other newspaper in Indiana.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION

Is published every Wednesday and Saturday, and during the session of the Legislature, three times a week, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at *Four Dollars a year*, payable always in advance.

THE WEEKLY EDITION

Is published every Thursday, at *Two Dollars a year*, always to be paid in advance.

$1 in advance will pay for six months.

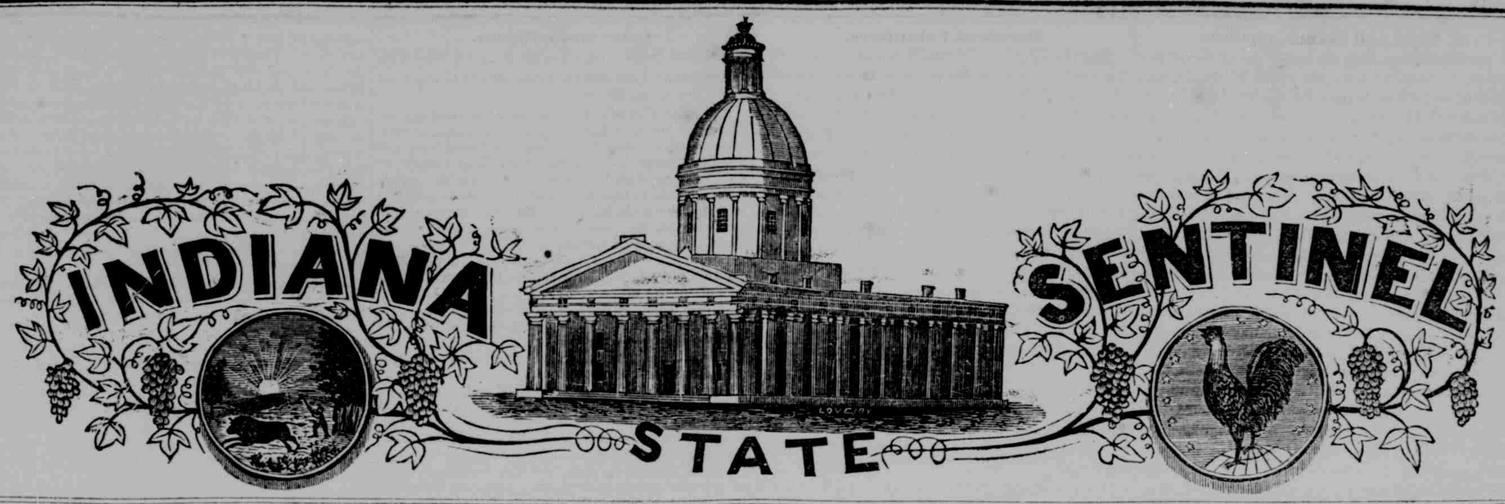
$5 will pay for three copies one year.

*** Persons remitting $10 in advance, free of postage, shall have three copies of the Semi-Weekly one year. $2 will pay for six months. $1 will always be charged for the Tri-Weekly, and 50 cents for the Weekly, during the Legislative sessions.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted three times at one dollar a square of 8 lines, and be continued at the rate of 25 cents a square for each additional insertion. Quarterly advertisements, per square, $5.

All advertisements from abroad *must be accompanied by the cash*; or no attention will be paid to them.

Postage must be paid.



Indianapolis, December 2, 1846.] SEMI-WEEKLY. [Volume II—Number 53.

DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES
and Measures.

A strict construction of the Constitution, and no assumption of doubtful powers.

A Diplomacy, asking for nothing but what is clearly right and submitting to nothing wrong.

No connexion between the government and banks.

An *ad valorem* revenue tariff.

No public debt, either by the General Government or by the States, except for objects of urgent necessity.

No assumption by the General Government of the debts of the States, either directly or indirectly, by a distribution of the proceeds of the public lands.

No extensive system of Internal Improvement by the General Government, or by the States.

A constitutional barrier against improvident State loans.

The honest payment of our debts and the sacred preservation of the public faith.

A gradual return from a paper credit system.

No grants of exclusive charters and privileges by special legislation, to banks.

No swindling corporations.

No connexion between Church and State.

A preference for democrats over whigs for every office.

Acquiescence in the rule of the majority in all cases of party discipline.

No proscription for honest opinions.

Fostering aid to public education.

A "progressive" reformation of all abuses.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Panther.

The Peoria Register, a paper which frequently instructs and amuses us with anecdotes connected with the settlement of the Western country, furnishes us with the following sketch, which it says was related by a gentleman of great respectability, living near the spot where the circumstances occurred:

In the latter part of that bloody tragedy which spread dismay throughout this part of the state, there were about nine hundred Indians encamped on the Illinois river, opposite to the present town site of De Salla, composed principally of the Iroquois tribe. They had always maintained a friendly intercourse with the whites in the vicinity, and had manifested great partiality for one in particular. This was "*Old Myers*," a perfect prototype of Cooper's trapper. This State was the fifth in which he had erected his hut in advance of a white population. He had of course acquired more of the habits of the Indians than of civilized men, and was familiarly known among them as "The Panther"—a title which he had acquired from them, by a daring exploit in killing an animal of that name, when leading them in one of their wild hunts.

At the period referred to, these Indians rallied under the Black Hawk standard, and were committing many depredations upon the settlers in the vicinity. When repulsed, they did not hesitate to murder their former friends and companions. About the cabin of the Panther, nearly a hundred settlers had come in for the safety of their wives and children, placing them under his protection. But among the victims of savage barbarity, there happened to be a brother-in-law of the Panther, with his wife and three children. Here they committed an unpardonable outrage upon the family of their ancient friend and demi-savage.

When the sad tidings of their cruel fate had reached the garrison, the Panther was seen clothing himself in battle array. With his rifle, his tomahawk, and scalping knife, in open day, he silently bent his way to the Indian quarters, about one mile distant. Fearlessly he marched into the midst of the savage band, levelled his rifle at the head chief present, and deliberately killed him on the spot. He then severed the lifeless head from the trunk, and held it up by the hair before the awe-struck multitude, exclaiming "You have murdered my brother, his wife, and their three little ones, and now I have killed your chief I am now even with you; "but," he added, "every one of you that is found here to-morrow morning at sunrise, is a dead Indian."

All this was accomplished by the Panther without the least molestation. They knew that he would take vengeance for their deed of blood, and silently acknowledged the justice of the daring act. He then bore off the head in triumph to his cabin. The next morning not an Indian could be found in all that region. They left for ever their homes and their dead, and that part of the state has not been molested by them since.

A few weeks since, this veteran of eighty winters sold his claim, and, camparisoned with the same hunting shirt and weapons which he wore when he killed the chief, started for Missouri. After travelling a few rods, he returned and asked permission to give his "*grand yell*." The gentleman to whom he had sold the land, giving his assent, he gave a long, loud, and shrill whoop, that made the welkin ring. "Now," said he, "my blessing is on the land and on you; your ground will always yield an abundance, and you will always prosper." Again he took up his march for a new home in the wilderness, where he could enjoy the happiness of solitude, undisturbed by social ties.

A DUTCHMAN PUZZLED.—A journeyman printer lately set out on foot for the interior of Ohio, a distance of five hundred miles, with an old *brass rule*, and three dollars in cash in his pocket. He soon found himself in Pennsylvania, and being weary, called at the inn of a Dutchman, whom he found quietly smoking his pipe, when the following dialogue ensued:

"Vell Mr. Valking Stick, vot you vant?"

"Refreshments and repose."

"*Supper and lodgings*, I reckon?"

"Yes sir, supper and lodgings."

"Pe you a Yankee pedlar, mit chewelry in your pack, to cheat te gals?"

"No sir; no Yankee pedlar."

"A singing teacher, too lazy to vork?"

"No sir."

"A cheenteel shoemaker, vot stchays till Saturday night, and laysh drunk in de porch ofer Sunday?"

"No sir, or I should have mended my boots before this. But I am not disposed longer to submit to this outlandish inquisition. Can you give me supper and lodgings?"

"Torkely. But vot be you?" A book ashent taking honest people's money for a little larnin' that only makes 'em lazy?"

"Try again, your worship."

"A dentist, breaking de people's chaws, at a tollar a schrag, and running off mit old Shambock's daughter?"

"No sir, no tooth puller."

"Kernolojus, den, feeling te young folks' heds, like so many cabbich, and charging 25 cents for telling their fortunes, like a blam'd Yankee?"

"No—no phrenologist, neither, your excellency.',

"Vell, den, vot de tifle are you? Choost tell, and you shall have some of de best sassages for supper, and stchay all night, free gratis, mitout charging you a cent, mit a chill of whiskey to shart on pefore breakfast."

"Very well your honour. To terminate the colloquy without further circumlocution, I am an humble diciple of Faust—a professor of the art preservative of all arts—a typograher, at your service!"

"Votch dat?"

"A printer, sir; a man that prints books and newspapers."

"A man vot pints noospapers! Oh! yaw! yaw! By Cheapiter—ay! ay! Darsch it! a man vot pints noospapers, yaw! yaw! Cheemes take the gentleman's pack off. Chohn, bring some junks to the fire. A man vot pints noospapers. *I wish I may be shot if, I didn't think you vos a tailor!*"

MR. POLK'S NOMINATION.—"Potomac," the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Patriot, tells the following laughable tale in relation to the manner in which Mr. Polk was first informed of his nomination to the Presidency.

It is stated—I know not with how much truth—that when the news of Mr Polk's nomination for the Presidency first reached Columbia, Tennessee, the place where he resided, his brother, William H. Polk, now *Charge des Affaires* to Naples, hastened to the house of the nominee, to inform him of his good luck, and that an amusing scene followed.

William H. Polk is a facetious personage. He not only loves fun, "a heap," but he loves sometimes to joke his more grave, calculating and sedate brother. On arriving at the latter's house, it is said, that he informed him that the news had arrived, of the action of the Baltimore Convention, and asked him to guess who had been nominated for President!

Mr. Polk guessed that Mr. Van Buren was the man; "No," said William, "try again!" "Well, Governor Cass?" "No," was the reply. "Silas Wright?" "No!" "James Buchanan?" "No!" "Col. Benton, then?" "No, not him!" "Why, it can't be John C. Calhoun!" "No, indeed! You must try again!" "Well, really I don't know: can it be Gov. Woodbury?" "*No, sir, no!*"

Try again!" "Why, William, I can't guess any more—pray tell me who is the man?"

"Well, sir," said William, with a deal of mock-gravity expressed in his countenance, "I will tell you: the Convention has nominated for President JAMES K. POLK!

"Come, William, none of your Jokes, if you please! If you mean that I am nominated for Vice President, say so, and let me be thankful for the honor done me. But no joking on this occasion, if you please, William."

"I tell you, brother James, the truth without joking. The Convention has nominated you for President, and Mr. DALLAS, of Pennsylvania for Vice President!"

Mr. Polk is represented to have turned very pale, while William walked off whistling!

Fanny Hall.

BY CHARLES G. EASTMAN.

The sweetest girl of all I know,
Is charming Fanny Hall,
The wildest at a husking,
The gayest at a ball;
Her cheek is like a Jersey peach,
Her eye is blue and clear,
And her lip is like the sumac
In the autumn of the year.

Canova never made a hand
Like hers, so plump and fair;
Poor Raphael had been crazed with her
Madonna brow and hair;
And I'm inclined to think if Powers
Could see her, he would grieve
To find a romping Yankee girl
Had beaten Mis. Eve!

There's not a blemish in her form,
No fault about her face;
Sit down and gaze from morn till night,
You'll find her—perfect grace:
And then, to finish all, her voice!
From the sweetest bird's in spring
You couldn't tell its warble, but
She "doesn't know a thing!"

Montpelier, Vt.

One of the Aborigines.

A correspondent of the *Boston Chronotype*, relates the following anecdote of one of the Aborigines—a rough ragged fleecy Penobscot, a wandering animal that lives on Musquash and baskets, and cares "nothing for nobody." He was called up as a witness in a case which was tried recently before one of the courts in the State of Maine: When this child of the woods took the stand, he was objected to on the ground that he did not believe in the existence of a Supreme being. Judge Sheply then commenced interrogating him. The examination was as follows:

"Do you believe in God?"

"Ya-as."

"Do you believe in a future life?"

"I no starmony [understand] you."

"Do you believe if you die you shall live again?"

"O—h no!" said Peol Susie, with a grin of astonishment, "o—h no—*me no live when me dead!*"

After some further unsuccessful inquiries, Judge Sheply handed Peol over to Judge Tenny, who being one of the modern Norridgewocks, was supposed to understand better how to examine an Indian. He proceeded thus:

"What becomes of bad Inoians?"

"Me no starmony that."

"Don't you know some bad Indians, who lie, steal, or get drunk?"

"No, *me* no steal."

"Don't you know some Indian who does steal?"

"No, me know no Indian steal—Y—as—ya—as, me *know Indian stealem squaw once*."

"What became of Indian who stole squaw?"

"Wa—al—I guess he bad fellow."

"Well, what become of bad Indian?"

"O, him go hell."

"What become good Indian?"

"Him go Hebben. Sposem me good Indian, me go Hebben, me bad Indian, me go hell."

The examination was satisfactory as to his belief, and Peol was admitted to testify in chief.

In the course of the examination, Mr. Attorney General Moore wisked to get at the exact number of houses in the neighborhood where the murder was committed. The witness did not give an answer to suit the interrogator, who continued pressing his inquiry. At length he folded his arms, and leaning over the rail, asked with a curious ga e:

"You wantum know berry sartin?"

"Yes."

"*Berry* sartin?"

"Yes, *berry* sartin."

"Wa—ll, sposum you want to know BERRY sartin, *you better go up there and see!*"

The Bar, officers and spectators were convulsed with laughter, and the Court with difficulty maintained its gravity.

JOHN RANDOLPH.—"I was present in the hall of the House of Representatives at Washington during an exciting debate, on the one side of which was Mr. Randolph, and on the other, Mr. Jackson of Virginia. Mr. Randolph had spoken, when Mr. Jackson rose to reply. He had not proceeded far, when, having occasion to refer to some part of Mr. Randolph's speech, he addressed him as 'my friend from Virginia.' He had scarcely given utterance to the word 'friend,' when Mr. Randolph sprang to his feet, and, throwing his lustrous eyes first on Mr. Jackson, and then on the speaker, keeping his arm extended mean time, and his long, bony finger, pointing at Mr. Jackson, said, in that peculiar voice of his—'Mr. Speaker, I am not that gentleman's *friend*, sir; I have never been his friend, sir; nor do I ever mean to be his friend, sir!'—When he took his seat.

"Mr. Jackson, mean time, keeping his position on the floor, looking first upon Mr. Randolph, and then at the speaker, replied—'Mr. speaker, I am at a loss to know by what title to address the honorable member from Virginia; then pausing a while, with his finger beside his nose, he said—'I have it, sir—I have it—it shall be'—looking Mr Randolph full in the face—'the right honorable descendant of her Majesty Queen Pocahontas!'

The entire countenance of Mr. Randolph changed instantly from a look of mingled aversion and contempt to a smile the most complaisant and gracious. The storm-cloud was dissipated, and the rainbow seemed to reflect all its hues upon his countenance, in one glow of heartfelt reconciliation; when he bowed most courteously, giving evidence, that of all the honors he had ever coveted, that of having descended from that Heaven-inspired woman, was the one he most highly prized."—*McKenny's Memoirs.*

EXTRAORDINARY MARRIAGE.—We find the following account of a singular marriage in the St. Louis Republican:

Married on the 1st instant, on board the steamboat di Vernon, by Esquire Waugh, of Scott County, Mo., Mr. Baptiste Vean, to Madam Charlotte Hoffman.

The above was handed to us last evening, with an account of the wooing, engagement, and speedy marriage. The happy groom is a Spaniard, who has just arrived from the Rio Grande; the fair bride, a widow, was taken from the ship that brought her from Germany, and the first place they met was on board the di Vernon, where each had taken passage for this place. Neither could understand a word the other said, but the enamoured Spaniard, with eyes and gestures, and the occasional aid of an interpreter, so vigorously urged his suit, that on the second day, out from New Orleans, the widow surrendered, and on the following day, there happening to be a Justice of the Peace on board, they were married. The joyful bridegroom regaled the passengers and officers of the boat, with champagne and other delicacies, and spent *his* money freely. And well he might, for with the buxom widow, he also got possession of forty thousand dollars in gold, which, on her coming on board, she had deposited in the clerk's office.

Reports of the Decisions of the Supreme Court of Indiana.

THE gentlemen of the profession are respectfully informed, that the first part of the seventh volume of these Reports, containing 236 pages, is just published and may be had at Davis's book store, Indianapolis. Price one dollar and fifty cents.

nov 26—52 3w THE REPORTER.

CITY HOTEL.

D. TUTTLE & SONS beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they, on Saturday, the 14th inst., opened this HOTEL, lately fitted up, on Fourth st., between Main and Walnut. It is pleasantly located in the most business part of the city, has the advantage of two fronts, the main entrance on Fourth st., private entrance on Main, containing a large number of suites of rooms pleasantly situated for families; also, rooms for single gentlemen, well lighted and ventilated.

The proprietors trust, by strict attention to the wants of their patrons, to merit a share of public patronage, assuring all who may favor them with a visit, that nothing shall be wanting on their part to make the City Hotel second to none in the city. D. TUTTLE,

P. E. TUTTLE,

Cincinnati, Nov. 28—52 2m. G. P. TUTTLE.

2 BARRELS Gum Camphor for sale low for cash by
51 DAVID CRAIGHEAD.

To Smokers, Chewers, and Snuffers.

RICHARD IRWING & CO. have just opened a Cigar and Tobacco Establishment, on Washington street, Indianapolis, opposite Browning's Hotel, where they offer for sale, at wholesale and retail, the following assortment, being superior to any thing ever yet offered in this market, viz:

Imported *SPANISH CIGARS*, of the following celebrated brands:

Imperial et Eancro Regalia,
La Marie Canones,
Eagle Regalia,
Spanish,
Diana Regalia,
Puerto Principe,
La Norma,
Justo Sanz Principe,
Imperial Ugues,
Byron, Sup. Half Spanish,
Cazadores,
Cubrey Werner, Castillos, &c. &c.

American,

Chewing Tobacco.

Aromatic Stag Cavendish,
Mrs. Miller's Fine Cut,
John Ender's Ladies' Twist,
McDonald's 5s. Lump,
J. Robertson's 16s. Lump.

Snuffs.

Maccaboy, Rappee, and High Dried Scotch.

Extra Fine Smoking Tobacco,

Cigar Cases, Snuff Boxes, Pipes, &c. &c.

ALSO—Just received, a large supply of best London Pale Ale, Porter, and Brown Stout, in quarts and pints, of *Byass's* celebrated London brand. Silver Tops for sale by the dozen or single bottle.

Country dealers supplied on the most advantageous terms. 32 tf

The Largest Stock of Watches and Jewelry ever Offered to the Indiana People.

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern cities with decidedly the largest and best selection of goods in his line ever offered to the people of Indiana. The stock consists in part of

Gold watches, plain and full jewelled;
Anchor and Lapine do
Silver watches of all kinds;
Gold, silver, plated, and steel fob and guard chains;
Gold, coral and silk braid necklaces;
Bracelets and bracelet clasps;
Ladies' and gentlemen's breast pins of various patterns and entire new styles;
Stone set and plain finger rings, all sorts and sizes;
Gold and gold plated lockets and miniature cases;
A very large selection of gold pencils;
Gold and silver spectacles, the largest lot ever brought to the place, to suit all conditions of eyes;
Gold and silver thimbles;
Etiquet holders of most beautiful patterns;
Ladies' card cases of various kinds;
Gold and steel beads and clasps;
Fancy top steel combs; also shell, buffalo, Int. buffalo, tuck, side and toilet combs;
With a large lot of hair brushes;
Various brands of fancy soaps and perfumeries;

Together with forty thousand other notions in the line, all of which will be offered to the public at prices that cannot fail to suit. The stock is very large and entirely new, and were mostly purchased of the manufacturer; consequently I can and will sell at much less prices than any other house in the city. Call and see. Store opposite Washington Hall. 50 W. H. TALBOTT.

TO TRAVELLING GENTLEMEN.

W. H. TALBOTT has just received a few dressing or shaving cases, with complete shaving apparatus. They cannot be surpassed for beauty, convenience and usefulness, and will be sold at New York prices, at the jewelry store of
50 W. H. TALBOTT.

O YES!

MY very particular friend will please hand in to my store that *Revolving Pistol*, before I begin to think he meant to steal it. I should be sorry to be under the necessity of publishing his name in such a connection. A joke is a joke, but——

48-3w W. H. TALBOTT.

SCHOOL.

G. H. KEITH would respectfully inform the citizens of Indianapolis, that the winter quarter of his school will commence on Monday, the 7th of December, in the Baptist Church and continue eleven weeks.

TUITION.

Reading and Spelling, - - - $3 50
Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, or Grammar, - - - 4 00
Algebra, Philosophy, Astronomy, &c., - - - 3 50

The school will be entirely English, and open for the reception of scholars of both sexes. Although the school is held in a church, nothing of a sectarian character will be permitted to intrude, yet we shall deem it our duty from time to time to impress upon the minds of our pupils the great importance of moral and religious principles. Considering the cheapness of board in the city, those residing in the country will do well to give us a call.

Indianapolis, Nov. 18, 1846.—50-3w¶

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

Railroad Lots at Indianapolis.

THE Madison and Indianapolis Railroad depot, being permanently located at its termination at Indianapolis on blocks 17 and 24 and the road passing through 111 110 and adjacent to 109, the undersigned owner has laid the same off into lots as an addition to the town. They are so laid as to have convenient access to the cars and fronting good streets, and, with the exception of additions made in the Railroad Company, on which they have already erected a depot some 300 feet long, will be offered at public sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 10th day of December next, one fourth of the purchase money will be required in hand, half of the balance in one year, and the remainder in two years, with interest from the day of sale, and notes negotiable and payable in the Branch Bank, at Indianapolis, without any relief whatever from appraisement or valuation laws. As the Railroad is expected to be completed by next spring, this sale is now offered to be in time for the erection of warehouses and buildings of various kinds by those who wish to be prepared for the immense business induced by this great thoroughfare. NICHOLAS MCCARTY.

To those unacquainted it may be proper to remark, that when the road is completed, produce can go in 24 or 30 days via New Orleans to New York and other eastern markets, or within one or two days as soon as from Louisville or Cincinnati. The Northern route being closed from in November till spring, will, during that season, make this a great shipping point for many distant counties, in addition to the vast amount that will at all seasons come to this place. It is estimated there is now 900 bushels of wheat ground per day in this vicinity for exportation, and about 1000 bushels per day for consumption, and that double that quantity goes to other points in wagons; which, with vast increase, would be shipped at this point, besides all other articles that will come here for a market. It is believed that upwards of one hundred thousand hogs will come to this point next year. With the water power in this vicinity, a large manufacturing interest must shortly spring up, and it is believed that Indianapolis will, in a few years, double its population, and its increase will be onward. In view of all this, is it unreasonable to suppose that many of these lots, now offered, will shortly be as valuable per foot as those in the business part of the city? There is, perhaps, no better opportunity of profitable investment offered in the western country. I am acquainted with a farmer who bought some lots in what is yet a small town on the Wabash and Erie canal, and erected a warehouse, from which I am informed he receives more annual rent than he can clear off of his respectable farm. Many a farmer might not do a better business than to buy a lot in this addition and improve it for rent, and mechanics and laborers the same, or to occupy.

I also offer at private sale, 90 acres of land on which Mr. Obadiah Davis lives, about ten miles from Indianapolis, south of the Brookville road, 27 acres in cultivation, some 9 more deadened, fruit trees, and a comfortable dwelling, price $800; also, about one and a half miles from Johnston's mill on Fall creek, and about eleven miles from Indianapolis, on which Mr. Hartsock resides, 164 acres, with a good one story frame house, 18 by 38 feet, elt 25 feet, porch, 9 by 13 feet, log barn 20 by 45, brick spring house, frame smoke house, and an out house, 24 by 35 feet, 60 acres cleared, 10 more nearly so, 20 in clover, 160 apple trees, 100 peach trees, all the land under fence but about 25 acres, 40 of it in blue grass, a first rate spring at the house, and every field can be watered by springs. The land is of good quality, and is considered one amongst the most healthy places in the West. Price $2,000; also 70 acres, 3 miles east of Greenfield, the National road running through it, 40 acres cleared, 80 acres near Sugar creek, west side, about one mile from the National road, 15 acres cleared, and a number more deadened; one house and lot in Greenfield, lately occupied by Isaac Stevens; also one lot on the corner immediately west of it; 80 acres in Putnam county, w hf of the n w qr of sec 23, town 13 n, of r 4 west; 80 acres in Huntington county, e hf n w qr sec 22, town 26 north, of range 9.

47-3w N. Mc.

Notice to our Patrons and the Public.

THE undersigned have entered into a copartnership in the business of publishing and printing, under the style and firm of "CHAPMANS & SPANN" to go into effect on the first day of December next. The business of the State Sentinel Office, now probably one of the most extensive and complete in the Western Country, will be continued as heretofore, with all necessary additions to compete successfully with any kindred establishment. Our facilities for *fine work*, now extensive, will be increased as required; and our workmen shall not be surpassed either in excellence or swiftness.

The thanks of the proprietors are hereby extended to their former patrons, and the assurance also, that it is in their power, better than ever, to meet their orders with promptness and despatch. The favors of the public are respectfully solicited. GEO. A. CHAPMAN,

J. P. CHAPMAN,

Nov. 11, 1846 J. S. SPANN.

Green's Patent Cooking Stove.

THE subscriber has received, direct from the manufacturer in Cincinnati, a lot of Green's new patent Cooking Stoves, which he will sell at the smallest possible advance on the Cincinnati price. These Stoves are very highly recommended, and numbers who have used them in Cincinnati and elsewhere, give them a decided preference over any other stove in use. In point of convenience, despatch in cooking, weight of plates, and economy of fuel,—and especially in baking,—it is believed by many to have no equal. Let those in want of such an article, at least call at my store and look at Green's Patent, before purchasing any other. S. WAINWRIGHT,

36-tf Main street, Indianapolis.

DAGUERREOTYPE MINIATURES.

THE subscriber has opened Daguerreotype Rooms in Mr. Norris's Building, corner of Washington and Meridian streets. The Ladies and Gentlemen of Indianapolis are invited to call and examine specimens of this beautiful Art in its present high state of perfection. Persons sitting for *Likenesses* are not required to take them unless they are perfectly satisfactory in every respect. Pictures taken equally well in all kinds of weather. 47tsf C. C. KELSEY.

MUSIC BOXES.

A SMALL lot of music boxes, which play all of the popular negro songs of the day, and will be sold very cheap by
50 W. H. TALBOTT.

DRY GOODS

OF every description, are selling at the lowest prices for cash or produce, at CASE'S new store. Call and see. 31

ALMANAC FOR THE YEAR 1846.

	Sundays.	Mondays.	Tuesdays.	Wednesdays.	Thursdays.	Fridays.	Saturdays.	SUN. rises	SUN. sets	MOON'S PHASES.	D. H. M.
January:					1	2	3	H. M. 7 22	H. M. 4 38	First Qr.	4 8 53 M
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	7 19	4 41	Full Moon	12 8 29 M
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	7 14	4 46	Last Qr.	20 10 20 M
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	7 07	4 53	New Moon	27 3 51 M
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	7 00	5 00	First Qr.	1 21 39 E
February:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6 53	5 07	Full Moon	12 3 40 M
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	6 45	5 15	Last Qr.	18 11 11 E
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	6 36	5 24	New Moon	26 2 00 E
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	6 26	5 34	First Qr.	4 5 00 E
March:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6 17	5 43	Full Moon	12 9 17 E
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	6 07	5 53	Last Qr.	20 8 26 M
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	5 58	6 02	New Moon	27 0 18 M
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	5 49	6 11		
	29	30	31							First Qr.	1 11 39 M
April:			1	2	3	4		5 40	6 20	Full Moon	11 0 23 E
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	5 31	6 29	Last Qr.	18 2 52 E
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	5 22	6 38	New Moon	25 11 16 E
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	5 14	6 46		
	26	27	28	29	30						
May:						1	2	5 06	6 54	First Qr.	3 6 19 M
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	4 58	7 02	Full Moon	11 0 34 M
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	4 51	7 09	Last Qr.	17 7 54 E
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	4 46	7 14	New Moon	24 11 12 E
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	4 41	7 19		
	31									First Qr.	1 11 58 E
June,		1	2	3	4	5	6	4 38	7 22	Full Moon	9 10 4 M
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4 35	7 25	Last Qr.	16 1 6 M
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	4 35	7 25	New Moon	23 0 15 E
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	4 36	7 24		
	28	29	30							First Qr.	1 5 51 E
July				1	2	3	4	4 38	7 22	Full Moon	8 5 29 E
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	4 41	7 19	Last Qr.	15 7 52 M
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	4 46	7 14	New Moon	23 2 31 M
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	4 51	7 09	First Qr.	31 5 31 M
	26	27	28	29	30	31					
August,							1	4 58	7 02	Full Moon	7 0 27 M
			5	6	7	8		5 04	6 56	Last Qr.	13 5 19 E
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	5 13	6 47	New Moon	21 5 53 M
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	5 20	6 40	First Qr.	29 4 46 E
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	5 28	6 32		
	30	31								Full Moon	5 7 44 M
September:			1	2	3	4	5	5 38	6 22	Last Qr.	12 6 10 M
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	5 47	6 13		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	5 57	6 03	New Moon	20 10 1 E
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	6 05	5 55	First Qr.	28 1 54 E
	27	28	29	30							
October:				1	2	3		6 14	5 46	Full Moon	4 4 34 E
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	6 23	5 37	Last Qr.	11 10 36 E
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	6 32	5 28	New Moon	19 2 11 M
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	6 41	5 19	First Qr.	27 9 38 M
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31			Full Moon	3 3 39 M
November:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6 50	5 10	Last Qr.	10 6 12 E
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	6 58	5 02	New Moon	18 5 28 E
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	7 05	4 55	First Qr.	25 5 28 E
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	7 12	4 48		
	29	30						7 18	4 42		
December:			1	2	3	4	5			Full Moon	2 5 14 E
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	7 21	4 39	Last Qr.	10 3 44 E
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	7 24	4 36	New Moon	18 7 10 M
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	7 25	4 35	First Qr.	25 1 4 M
	27	28	29	30	31			7 25	4 35		

INDIANAPOLIS BANK NOTE TABLE.

Corrected for the Indiana State Sentinel by S. A. FLETCHER, Stock and Exchange Broker.

Those marked thus — are doubtful.

INDIANA.		OLD OHIO BANKS.	
State Bank and Branches	par	Clinton Bank, Columbus,	1 dis
State Scrip, $5, 1840, '41, '45	prem	Lafayette Bank of Cincinnati,	par
State Scrip, $30, '40, '41, '45	prem	Bank of Wooster,	2 dis
Bank Scrip,	14 prem	Bank of Massion,	2 dis
Watson's ck's, Terre Haute	12 dis	Bank of Circleville,	2 dis
Woodburn & King's, Madison	50 d	Bank of Sandusky,	2 dis
New Albany Ins. Co.,	10 dis	Bank of Norwalk,	2 dis
ILLINOIS.		NEW OHIO BANKS.	
State Bank of Illinois,	40 dis	*Branches of the State Bk of Ohio.*	
Bank of Illinois, Shawneetown,	70 dis	Franklin Branch, Cincinnati,	par
KENTUCKY.		Mechanic's & Trader's Bank,	par
Bank of Louisville,	par	Franklin Branch, Columbus,	2 dis
Bank of Kentucky,	par	Exchange Branch, do.	2 dis
Northern Bank of Kentucky,	par	Merchant's do. Cleveland,	2 dis
MISSOURI.		Chillicothe do. Chillicothe,	2 dis
State Bank and Branches,	par	Xenia do. Xenia,	2 dis
MICHIGAN.		Dayton do. Dayton,	1 dis
Bank of River Raisin,	broken	Delaware do. Delaware,	2 dis
Michigan Ins. Co.,	10 dis	FREE BANKS OF OHIO.	
VIRGINIA.		City Bank, Cincinnati,	par
Eastern Banks,	2 dis	City Bank, Cleveland,	2 dis
Wheeling Banks,	1 dis	City Bank, Columbus,	1 dis
PENNSYLVANIA.		Commercial Bk of Cincinnati,	par
Philadelphia City Banks,	par	Dayton Bank, Dayton,	1 dis
Pittsburgh Banks,	1 dis	Bank of Geauga, Painesville,	2 dis
Country Banks,	2 to 5 dis	Western Reserve B. Warren,	2 dis
NEW YORK.		BROKEN BANKS OF OHIO.	
City Banks,	par	Miami Exporting Co.,	60 dis
Country Banks,	2 to 5 dis	Com. B. of Lake Erie, Cleveland,	10 dis
MARYLAND.		Bank of Cleveland,	10 dis
Baltimore City Banks,	par	Bank of Hamilton,	10 dis
Country Banks,	2 to 5 dis	Lancaster Ohio Bank, Lancaster,	10 dis
NEW ENGLAND.		Com. B'k of Scioto, Portsmouth,	10 dis
Boston City Banks,	2 dis	Farmers' Bank of Canton,	50 dis
All other solvent Banks,	5 dis	Urbana Banking Company, Urbana,	45 dis
SPECIE—BUYING RATES.		Granville Alexandrian Society,	45 dis
American Gold,	¼ prem	Lebanon Miami B., Lebanon,	—
Foreign Gold,	¼ prem	Manhattan Bank, Manhattan,	—
Silver,	¼ prem	Exchange B. of Cincinnati,	—
EXCHANGE—SELLING RATE.			
New York,	¼ prem		
Baltimore,	¼ prem		
Philadelphia,	¼ prem		

INDIANAPOLIS WHOLESALE PRICES

Corrected for the Indiana State Sentinel by J. & D. CARLISLE & CO., Millers and Merchants.

BEEF—net	3 00 a 3 50	NAILS—cut	
BACON—per lb		Eights	5¾ a —
Hog round	4 a 4¼	Sixes	5¾ a —
Shoulders	4 a 4¼	Fours	6¾ a —
Sides clear	4¼ a 5	LEATHER—sole pr lb	20 a 22
Hams	6 a 6½	Calf per doz	22 a 28
COTTON YARN—pr lb	15 a 16	OILS—per gal	
CANDLES—per lb		Linseed	75 a 1 00
Sperm	10 a 15	Lard	75 a —
Tallow mould	8 a 9	PROVISIONS—	
COFFEE—per lb		Beans white	62 a 75
Rio	8 a 9	Potatoes	20 a 25
St. Domingo	8 a —	Onions	37 a 50
CASTINGS—	4 a 4¼	Cheese	6 a 7
Plough moulds	4¼	Butter	10 a 12
FLOUR AND MEAL—		Lard	6 a 7
City mills per bbl	0