## Volunteer Claims.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 17, 1847.

GENTLEMEN:—Herewith I send you copies of the necessary forms to enable volunteers to apply for their bounty lands. I urged the Commissioner of Pensions to have it published, as an official notice; but learn from him that there is no appropriation to meet the expense. I am constantly receiving letters on the subject, and by inserting these forms in your paper, you will enable the volunteer to apply, without the necessity of employing an agent.

I am, very respectfully, your obd't servant,
Messrs. CHAPMANS & SPANN. W. J. BROWN.

PENSION OFFICE, March 4, 1847.

In order to carry into effect the provisions of the 9th section of the act of the 11th of February, 1847, the Secretary of War has directed that the following regulations shall be observed:

It will be observed, on reading the 9th section of the law, which accompanies these regulations, that there are six classes of persons provided for, viz:

1. Those non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates of the regular army who have served, or may serve, in Mexico, during the present war with that country, and who have served out the full period of their enlistment, and have been honorably discharged, or who may have been, or may be, honorably discharged before the expiration of the period of their enlistment, in consequence of wounds received, or sickness incurred, in the course of such service.

2. The representatives of such persons as are mentioned in the preceding paragraph, who may die in the service, or, after being discharged, and before the issuing of a certificate of warrant.

3. Non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates who have been mustered, or may be mustered, for twelve months, in any volunteer company, who have served, or may serve, until the end of the war with Mexico, and have been, or may be, honorably discharged by reason of the expiration of their enlistment, or in consequence of disability from wounds received, or sickness incurred, in said service.

4. The representatives, as designated by the act, of such volunteers as shall have died, or may die, in the service, or after having been honorably discharged, and before the issuing of a warrant or certificate.

5. Volunteers received into the service since the commencement of the Mexican war, for less than twelve months, who shall have marched to the seat of war, and shall have served until honorably discharged.

6. The representatives, as designated in the act, of volunteers received into the service for less than three months, and who may have died in the service, or after having been honorably discharged, and before the passage of this act.

In order to substantiate a claim for land or scrip, under the provisions of the foregoing section of the act, the persons described in the first class of these regulations will send to, or deposit with, the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington City, evidence of enlistment, service and honorable discharge, as required by law. The best evidence on these points is held to be the original discharge of the applicant, which must, in all cases, be produced, if in existence, accompanied by the applicant's affidavit, setting forth that he is the identical person mentioned in the discharge; and in case of the loss, or destruction, of the discharge, the applicant will make oath to the fact, and produce the affidavit of some credible witness in corroboration of his statement. The claimant must set forth the regiment and company to which he belonged; the time of entering the service; the time, place, and manner of his leaving the same, and he must show by the testimony of a commissioned officer that he was honorably discharged.

In case the claimant should desire scrip, instead of land, he must make his request in writing, according to the form marked A, accompanying these regulations.

The rules in the paragraphs immediately preceding are applicable to volunteers mentioned in classes No. 3 and 5.

The representatives of deceased soldiers and others, as mentioned in classes 2, 4, and 6, must produce evidence of the enlistment, service and death of the original claimant. If the soldier was discharged, the discharge must be produced, if in existence. If not, the same proof will be required as in other cases of lost discharges; and if he died in the service, the certificate of his captain, or other officer who commanded the company to which he belonged, must be produced.

The persons who may claim must produce evidence of their relationship to the deceased, and show the degree of consanguinity they bore him. This proof must be drawn in conformity with the form marked B, and may be taken before any court having probate jurisdiction. In case the father claims, he must show that no wife or child of the deceased is living; and in case the mother claims, she must show that neither the wife, child, or father of the deceased is living.

J. L. EDWARDS,
*Commissioner of Pensions.*

*Copy of the 9th section of the Act of February 11, 1847, entitled "An act to raise for a limited time an additional military force, and for other purposes."*

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That each non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, enlisted or to be enlisted in the regular army, or regularly mustered in any volunteer company, for a period of not less than twelve months, who has served or may serve during the present war with Mexico, and who shall receive an honorable discharge, or who shall have been killed or died of wounds received or sickness incurred in the course of such service, or who shall have been discharged before the expiration of his term of service in consequence of wounds received or sickness incurred, in the course of such service, shall be entitled to receive a certificate of warrant from the War Department for the quantity of one hundred and sixty acres, and which may be located by the warrantee, or his heirs at law, at any land office of the United States, in one body, and in conformity to the legal subdivisions of the public lands, upon any of the public lands in such district then subject to private entry; and upon the return of such certificate or warrant, with evidence of the location thereof having been legally made, to the General Land Office, a patent shall be issued therefor. That in the event of the death of any such non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, during service, or after his discharge, and before the issuing of a certificate or warrant as aforesaid, the said certificate or warrant shall be issued in favor and inure to the benefit of his family or relatives, according to the following rules: first, to the widow and to his children; second, his father; third, his mother. And in the event of his children being minors, then the legally constituted guardian of such minor children shall, in conjunction with such of the children, if any, as may be of full age, upon being duly authorized by the orphans' or other court having probate jurisdiction, have power to sell and dispose of such certificate or warrant for the benefit of those interested. And all sales, mortgages, powers, or other instruments of writing, going to effect the title or claim to any such bounty right, made or executed prior to the issue of such warrant or certificate, shall be null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, nor shall such claim to bounty right be in anywise affected by, or charged with, or subject to the payment of any debt or claim incurred by the soldier prior to the issuing of such certificate or warrant: *Provided*, That no land warrant issued under the provisions of this act shall be laid upon any lands of the United States to which there shall be a pre-emption right, or upon which there shall be an actual settlement and cultivation: *Provided further*, That every such non-commissioned officer, musician, and private who may be entitled, under the provisions of this act, to receive a certificate or warrant for one hundred and sixty acres of land, shall be allowed the option to receive such certificate, or warrant, or a treasury scrip for one hundred dollars, and such scrip, whenever it is preferred, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to such person or persons as would be authorized to receive such certificates or warrants for land; said scrip to bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government. And that each private, non-commissioned officer, and musician, who shall have been received into the service of the United States since the commencement of the war with Mexico, for less than twelve months, and shall have served for such term or until honorably discharged, shall be entitled to receive a warrant for forty acres of land, which may be subject to private entry, or twenty-five dollars in scrip if preferred; and in the event of the death of such volunteer during his term of service, or after an honorable discharge, but before the passage of this act, then the warrant for such land, or scrip, shall issue to the wife, child, or children, if there be any, and if none, then to the father, and if there be no father, then to the mother of such deceased volunteer: *Provide*, That nothing contained in this section shall be so construed as to give bounty lands to such volunteers as were accepted into service, and discharged without being marched to the seat of war.

A

(DATE.)

SIR:—I request that my claim to Bounty Land, under the 9th section of the act of the 11th of February, 1847, entitled "An act to raise for a limited time an additional military force, and for other purposes," may be examined; and if I am entitled to Land, I wish to relinquish, and do hereby relinquish, my right thereto, and in lieu thereof to receive a Treasury Scrip for one hundred dollars.*

I, am, respectfully, your ob't servant,
To the Commissioner of Pensions, *Washington City.*

B

It is hereby certified that satisfactory proof has been exhibited before the † for the county of—in the State of—by the affidavits of—and—who are persons entitled to credit, that—and—are the only surviving ‡ children of—who was a—in the United States service. In testimony whereof I have set my hand and seal of—office this—day of—in the year of—county of—. On this—day of—in the year one thousand eight hundred and—personally appeared before me the undersigned, a justice of the peace for the county and—above mentioned—who being duly sworn according to law declares that he is the identical—who was a—in the company commanded by Capt.—in the regiment—commanded by—that he enlisted on the—day of—for the term of—and was discharged at—on the—day of—by reason of—

Sworn to and subscribed before me the day and year above written.

NOTE.

The official character and signature of the magistrate who may administer the oath must be duly certified by the proper officer under the seal of his office.

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

* Or twenty-five dollars, as the case may be.

† The evidence may be taken before any officer or tribunal having probate jurisdiction.

‡ If there be no children, and the father claims, the facts must be stated, and the form will be varied to suit the case; and if there be neither child nor father living, and the widow claims, the form will be so changed as to show the facts in the case.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
*Washington, April 22, 1847.*

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 18.

1. In order to secure, without delay or inconvenience, to the *Volunteer Soldier* who "shall receive an HONORABLE DISCHARGE, or who shall have been killed or died of wounds," (or his heirs, &c., as the case may be,) the *Bounty land or Treasury scrip*, provided by the 9th section of the Act of February 11, 1847, it is necessary that the following instructions be duly observed by the officers concerned.

2. *Volunteers mustered out of service on the expiration of their term.*

The rolls for this purpose must contain *all the names* which have been borne on the previous Muster Rolls, from the first, or the one mustering into service, including all who have *died*, been *captured*, *discharged*, or have *deserted*, since the enrolment of the company, with appropriate remarks opposite the name of each respectively. All absentees must be satisfactorily accounted for by explanations recorded in the column of remarks. This Roll, containing the information above required, will be prepared and completed at the time that the company may be discharged and be forwarded by the officer charged with mustering it out of service, direct to the Adjutant General's Office, War Department—endorsed "For the Commissioner of Pensions, *Bounty Land* Bureau." The Roll will only vary from the ordinary Muster Roll used for the payment of companies by the addition of the names of *all* who have died, been captured, discharged, or have deserted, since the day of muster into service.

3. *Individual discharges of Volunteers before the expiration of their term, in consequence of wounds received, or sickness incurred, in the course of the service.*

The Certificates of Disability and Discharge in such cases will be given in *duplicate*, and must, in every instance, set forth the origin and nature of the wound received, or sickness incurred, in the course of the service, agreeably to the established printed form, dated April 22, 1847. One copy of this Certificate will be forwarded by the officer signing the discharge of the Volunteer Soldier, direct to the Adjutant General of the Army—endorsed "For the Commissioner of Pensions, *Bounty Land* Bureau."

4. The Commissioner of Pensions, under the direction of the Secretary of War, being charged, by law, with the business of investigating claims for *Bounty land*, &c., provided by the munificence of the government, commanders of Volunteer regiments and companies will see the necessity of preparing and forwarding, as herein required, the requisite Muster Rolls, or Certificates, as the case may be, being the necessary evidence of service and of honorable discharge to enable the faithful Volunteer, or his heirs, &c., to receive from the War Department the certificate or warrant for the bounty of one hundred and sixty acres, or the Treasury scrip for one hundred dollars, as provided by law.

5. The "Surgeon's Certificate of *ordinary disability*," in cases of invalid soldiers of the *Regular Army*, will hereafter be forwarded in *duplicate*; one of which, to be endorsed—"For the Commissioner of Pensions, *Bounty Land Bureau*."

By order: R. JONES, *Adj General.*

The following is a proper form of the Power of Attorney:

Know all men by these presents, That I —— of —— county, State of —— late a —— in company —— in the —— regiment of —— volunteers, in service in —— have made, constituted and appointed, and by these presents do make, constitute and appoint —— my true and lawful attorney, for me, and in my name, place and stead, to forward all necessary papers and vouchers, to the Commissioner of Pensions at Washington city, and to attend to the realization of my claim, for bounty land or scrip, due and coming to me as such volunteer, under the act of Congress of the 11th of Feb., 1847, entitled "An act to raise for a limited time an additional military force, and for other purposes," from the United States; and to receive from the Commissioner of Pensions, or from the Treasury of the United States, all moneys, Treasury scrip, or land warrants, due and to be paid to me as a discharged volunteer; and all sufficient papers and vouchers for that purpose, to make and deliver, as fully as I could do. And I do hereby authorize and request the said Commissioner of Pensions, and all other officers of the Government of the United States, who may be charged with the making and delivery of such —— to transmit and deliver the same, for me, to the said —— as they shall order and request.

And I do hereby ratify, confirm and render stable forever, whatsoever my said attorney shall lawfully do in the premises.

Witness my hand and seal at —— this —— day of —— in the year 184 .

Sealed and delivered in the presence of —— [SEAL.]

☞The Washington correspondent of the Phil. Ledger thinks that a new era has commenced in our relations with Great Britain. He says—

I apprehend no more difficulty with that power; for the government of England has become too wise not to comprehend her interests. England comprehends already, that by conciliating our friendship, and good will, she may, in due time, find in "the other great branch of the Anglo Saxons" a powerful ally against her continental neighbors. It is her own arrogance and aggression which, thus far, has produced every quarrel with her younger brother on this side of the water.

Let her abandon her notions of primogeniture, as she will undoubtedly be compelled to do, by the dictates of prudence and statesmanship, and there will be no further cause of rivalry and ill feeling between us. She may then, at no distant time, sell us the Canadian provinces, and have no objection to our fortifying Cuba, that great pearl of the West Indies, already embraced by our continental possessions. You may depend on it, Lord Palmerston's eloquent despatch to the Right Honorable Richard Pakenham, communicated by him to our worthy Secretary of State, was a feeler thrown out to the people of this country, and, at the same time, an answer to the diplomatic coquetry now going on between France and Russia. The French, like a mistress whose own infidelity naturally leads her to suspect her lover, have already accused England as wavering between France and the United States, which accusation his lordship of the Foreign department has now answered by a formal declaration of attachment and good will which it behooves us to reciprocate as far as consistent with our own nationality and the great world-interests of this republic.

## Diabolical and Murderous Act.

*Sixty persons Poisoned—Ten or twelve dead—Eighteen or twenty others despaired of.*

A friend of ours received a letter from his brother yesterday, who resides in the parish of Sabine. It is dated on the 24 inst., and besides some reference to matters of private business, contains the following startling extract. Perhaps, to do away with all idea of its being unauthentic, we might as well say that the letter came to Mr. Stile, Clerk of the House of Representatives, and was written by his brother. But to the extract:

"There has been one of the most unexampled acts of poisoning committed in Shelby county, Texas, that I have ever heard of.

"There was a wedding at old Mr. Wilkinson's of an orphan girl he raised, at which all the invited guests were poisoned, including the bride's-maid and groom's-man. Out of sixty persons poisoned, thirty, Dr. Sharp says, will certainly die. Ten or twelve are already dead, including two sons of Dr. Britton, two Castlebury's—the one a young man and the other a young woman—one of the Slaughters and his wife.

"Strange to tell, none of the family was injured, nor yet the bride and groom; yet one of the bride's-maids died in the house.

"Old Wilkinson has absconded. This portion of Texas is in arms, and woe-betide the guilty! What I write you is the fact without exaggeration.

"It is supposed that the negroes were hired to administer the poison in the coffee, or food, by a disappointed suitor, who was present at the wedding."

ANOTHER REMEDY FOR THE CURCULIO.—The following which we find in the Cleveland Herald is worthy of trial, though we have not much faith in its efficacy:

A gentleman in this city informs us that a lady of his acquaintance has for several years past practised hanging one or more bottles, filled with sweetened water or the like, among the branches of her plum trees, and the result has been an abundant supply of both Curculios and Plums. The Curculios are caught in the bottle and the Plums left to ripen without suffering from the Curculio's usual depredations. Some little attention is necessary to note when the bottles get filled, and then of course they must be emptied and refilled afresh.

The gentleman states that this course has been fully successful; resulting in abundant crops from trees so managed, while others around had their fruit entirely destroyed.—*Ohio Cultivator.*

GERMAN EMIGRATION TO AMERICA.—Upwards of 6,000 German emigrants have, within the last fortnight, passed through Cologne, on their way to Bremen, Havre, and Antwerp, where they will take their departure for America. The greater part of them seemed to be rather well off. The town of Minden was lately so full of emigrants that it resembled the camp of a wandering tribe; the streets were literally crammed with baggage, and people waiting for the steamers. It is calculated that 120,000 Germans will emigrate this year. The desire to emigrate has extended to districts in Germany where it was never before felt, and, among others, to the rich and fertile Saxon province of Prussia.

## New Anti-Rent Movement.

We find the following paragraph in the New York *Journal of Commerce*. The organization and movements of these men are assuming a most threatening and formidable character. Why should it not be so? *They have the power of the State*:—is it matter of surprise that they use it! The Executive is theirs,—and they hold him by a hand, the penalty of which is FEAR. They may parcel lands and take them too! They may rob, and murder;—do with the laws what they will. The doors of the prisons open but one way to them,—and that is outwardly. They spurn all law, and the Executive pardon mocks every attempt of justice to assert its high prerogative. Do what they will, so long as they have votes to barter, there is a great political party in the State so greedy for power, that it is ready for any alliance, and which holds in far less estimation the good order and well-being of society, than its own triumphs, and the spoils of office. By whig ascendency in 1838, the people of New York were saddled with a debt of fifty millions of dollars;—by that of 1846, they bid fair to be cursed, with riot, rapine, and murder; if not, indeed, with civil insurrection and war. And yet this is what Mr. CLAY, in his celebrated Raleigh speech denominated "the order-loving, and law-abiding party."

MILITARY ORGANIZATION OF ANTI-RENTERS.—The *Express* is informed that "on Saturday last there was discovered, in or near Taghanick, (the Anti-rent town in Hudson county,) a depot containing about a hundred stands of arms, and *an enrollment of men who had sworn to defend Anti-Rentism generally.*"

Jacob Finkle, who ousted the Sheldons from their house at midnight, has been elected Supervisor of Taghanick. The following extract of a letter from a highly respectable citizen of Columbia county, to his friend in this city is published in the *Courier*.

"The lands in Taghanick have been *parceled out by the recently organized band of Indians in that town, among themselves.* I know a number of farms here, which are intended for particular persons of that gang. The division, or rather the contemplated division, embraces a large portion of the lands in that town, and they actually intend to take and retain possession of them. This may be relied on as not a fancy sketch—it is sober reality. This band is made up of over one hundred—all sworn to secrecy the most inviolable—and all pledged to appear in disguise and armed, wherever ordered out by the leaders. There are already indications most unmistakeable of the intention to extend this same organization to other towns in the south part of the county. Their present plan is to do little more than to hold on to their present usurpations until the adjournment of the Legislature, they fearing that some laws of a penal character will be passed. But as soon as the Legislature does adjourn, unless something of a stringent character is done, you will see a succession of acts of a somewhat appalling nature. I speak only what I know, and you may rely upon what I tell you. A portion of the lands in this county in this 19th century, are actually *parceled out* in anticipation, as perfectly as were those of England, by William the Norman, and this too, among as desperate a set of men as you can well conceive.

Not one man alone of our good citizens, but numbers of them have been compelled to turn their houses into castles, and are obliged to defend their hearths by arms. The —— still held the farm they have occupied, and keep in the house about sixty stand of arms, and nearly as many men every night, and a large number every day.

The quiet and peaceful citizens of that vicinity are becoming restive, and will not much longer submit to all this violence. Self-preservation and self-protection will soon outweigh all other considerations."

DAN. HENRIE.—Dan. Henrie, distinguished for his daring bravery in the old Texan and present Mexican wars, is the son of old Arthur Henrie, formerly of the Broadway Hotel and Pearl Street House. In his youth, as we well remember, cool courage and indifference to danger were prominent marks of his character—of which the following little incident is pretty fair evidence. One evening, many years ago, the Chillicothe stage arrived at the Broadway Hotel, and after Dan. had assisted the passengers out, he, with two others, jumped into the coach for the purpose of riding round to the stable. The driver, George Lear, since dead, had tied the lines to the box, and was just coming forward from the "boot" to resume his seat, when the horses took fright at the report of the gun of a departing steamer, and dashed furiously off towards the river—towards the corner of Front, and up towards Ludlow; up Ludlow to Congress, and down to Lower Market, where the frightened beasts were brought to, by coming in contact with the market house rails. During the whole of this perilous route, Dan sat coolly in his seat, smoking his cigar, betraying no signs of fear, and spake, or rather shouted (for speaking amidst that uproar was useless,) but once—and that once to deter his frightened and screaming companions from jumping out. "Hold on!" said he, "You'll break your necks, certain! if you jump! Wait and see what comes of it." We happened to be particularly intimate with one of Dan's frightened companions on that occasion.—*Cincinnati Sig.*

REFUSAL OF THANKS TO GEN. TAYLOR.—The following resolution of thanks was taken up in the Massachusetts legislature on Friday:

"That the thanks of the Legislature of Massachusetts are due to Major General Zachary Taylor, his officers and men, for the skill, good conduct, bravery and success, which have distinguished their operations upon the Rio Grande, at Monterey, and buena Vista."

The yeas and nays were ordered, and the resolution rejected by a vote of 65 to 114. So the whig Legislature of Massachusetts refused to thank General Taylor.

The Emperor of Russia has recalled one hundred and fifty students from the University of Konigsburg in Prussia, and has interdicted all his subjects for the future from receiving their education in foreign universities.

"Why does father call mother honey?" asked a small boy of his elder brother. "Can't think, Sam, 'cept its because she's got a large *comb* in her head.—*Lou. Courier.*

The stock for erecting a Wire Suspension Bridge across the Ohio at Wheeling, Va., has been taken, and the work will be commenced forthwith.

(*Communicated.*)

DIED, of a hemorrage from the stomach, at the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, on Saturday, the 15th inst., James H. Terrell, a most interesting and promising pupil, from Columbus, Bartholomew county, aged 18 years.

The loss of this amiable and talented young man, is deeply felt by the officers and pupils of the Institution, as well as a large circle of friends in this city. His disease, which at first bore the form of quinsy, had confined him to his room for two weeks; but it assumed nothing of its malignant type, until three days previous to its fatal termination. His father, who had been written to, as soon as danger was apparent, arrived only in season to ascertain, that all which medical skill or sympathizing kindness could suggest, had proved in vain, and then to witness the closing scene.

Those who deplore the death of this excellent young man "mourn not as they that have no hope." Before, and during his last illness he exhibited most gratifying evidences of a change of heart. What to his sorrowing friends and relatives appears their irreparable loss, we humbly hope is his infinite gain. B.

## MARION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

*Representatives*, { THOMAS W. COUNSEL, GEORGE A. CHAPMAN.
*County Treasurer*, JOHN M. TALBOTT.
*County Assessor*, AHIRA WELLS.
*County Commissioner*, ELIAS N. SHIMER.
*School Commissioner*, ABRAHAM KOONTZ.

## OFFICIAL LIST OF ESTRAYS.

*Allen County.*

Taken up by James Rassalot, living in St. Joseph township, a dark bay horse colt 2 years old, with black legs, a small white spot in her forehead; appraised at $23. R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

*Boone County.*

Taken up by Abraham Plew, living in Jackson township, one estray bay horse, with black mane and tail—some saddle marks, a sore on the withers, some grey hairs in his mane, supposed to be caused by the collar; shod all round with steel toes, 12½ hands high, supposed to be 11 years old this spring; appraised to $30 by Samuel Chaney and Wm. C. Randell, before justice Jeremiah Landers, April 8, 1847.

Taken up by William Stephenson, living in Marion township, April 3, 1847, one estray sorrel mare, with a scar on her right knee, supposed to have been caused by a burn, a little white in her forehead, about 14 1-2 hands high, supposed to be six years old this spring; no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $30 by John Stephenson and George Reno April 17, 1847, before justice James Upton. LEVI LANE, Clerk.

*Brown County.*

Taken up by John Knox, of Jackson township, April 26, 1847, and posted May 10, 1847, one sorrel mare, near 14 hands high, large blaze in the forehead, red spot near the , the right fore foot white, and hind foot white up to the hock, 4 years old, some saddle marks on the left side, shod behind; appraised to $25, before justice Daniel Houts. THOS. M. ADAMS, Clerk.

Taken up by James Fleetwood, living in Johnson township, April 5, 1847, one grey mare, seven years old, 13 1-2 hands high, three of her feet pigeon-toed, posted April 21, 1847, and appraised to $18 before justice William Sullivan. THOS. M. ADAMS, Clerk.

*Cass County.*

Taken up by Barton R. Keep, in Washington township, April 10, 1847, a light sorrel horse, supposed to be 6 years old, no marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $45 by James Carney and Andrew Johnson, before justice A. B. Knowlton. JOHN B. DURET, Clerk.

*Clinton County.*

Taken up by Joseph Cones, of Kirklin township, April 6, 1847, one chesnut mare, 14 1-2 hands high, both hind feet white, and also the left fore foot, shod all round, supposed to be 7 years old, and had a bell on when taken up; the other an iron grey filly, supposed to be 2 years old, about 14 1-2 hands high, a star in the forehead, and a snip on the nose; the former appraised at $28, and the latter at $20, by T. B. Cox and J. B. Jones, posted before justice James Hollcraft.

Taken up by Asa B. Silver, of Warren township, April 7, 1847, a black mare, four years old this spring, about 14 1-2 hands high; appraised to $30 by Henry J. Rodgers and William Nixon, before justice A. F. Whiteman. JOHN BARNER, Clerk.

*Fayette County.*

Taken up by Jesse Manlove, of Posey township, April 29, 1847, two estrays described as follows, to-wit: one a black mare, supposed to be 3 years old this spring, right hind foot white as high as the pastern joint, about 15 hands high, a natural trotter, and appraised to $33.

The other, an iron grey horse colt, supposed to be two years old this spring, a white spot in the forehead, about 14 1-2 hands high, and appraised to $27, before justice William Freeman, May 18, 1847. A. R. EDWARDS, Clerk.

*Hendricks County.*

Taken up by Seth Gwynn, in Liberty township, one estray sorrel mare, both hind feet white, and some small white spots on the back, about 14 1-2 hands high, five years old, and appraised to $28, before justice John W. Bryan, May 10, 1847. J. D. PARKER, Clerk.

Taken up by Thornton Tucker, living in Guilford township, on the 27th of April, 1847, an estray filley; supposed to be five years old this spring; light iron gray; dark mane and tail; about fourteen hands high. No other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $30 by Isaac Osborn and Benjamin Terrence, before justice Joel Hodgkin, on the 11th of May, 1847. J. D. PARKER, Clerk.

*Howard County.*

Taken up by Hiram Calvin of Howard township, on the 29th of April, 1847, one clay bank mare; supposed to be four years old; dark mane and tail, and dark legs, a brown streak along the back. No other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $32½ by Nathaniel B. Tylor and Christopher Laffer, before justice John W. Jackson.

Also, by Thomas Luallen of Green township, on the 18th of May, 1847, one sorrel mare, with white hairs mixed over her body; a small star and blaze in her forehead; supposed to have had the pole evil; about fifteen hands high; shod all round; the left hind foot white, and the right fore foot a little white, and a large scar on the left hip; supposed to be not less than fifteen years old; appraised at $22½ by Moses Jones and Isaac Macy. Also, a tile bay horse colt, one year old; a little white on the right hind foot; appraised at fifteen dollars by Moses Jones and Isaac Macy, before justice Jefferson N. Horine. F. S. PRICE, Clerk.

*Lawrence County*

Taken up by Helmesly Wood of Indian Creek township, on the 4th day of May 1847, one sorrel horse; about six years old; fifteen hands high; right hind foot white; some grey hairs in his mane; appraised at $27½ by Oliver Cox and Joshua Evans, before justice John Rains. GUSTAVUS CLARK, Clerk.

*Morgan County.*

Taken up by William Hynds living in Jefferson township two estrays of the following description, to-wit: one a tay mare; black mane and tail; supposed to be three years old; appraised at $27½. The other an iron grey horse, three white feet and a blaze face; near eye in a manner out; supposed to be three years old. No other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $10½ by William N. Cunningham and Isaiah Tague, on the 26th of April, 1847, before justice William J. Bragg. JAMES JACKSON, Clerk.

*Noble County.*

Taken up by Isaac Bartley of York township, on the 26th day of April, 1847, one sorrel horse, about 15 hands high; both hind feet white; a blaze in the forehead; supposed to be six years old this spring. Also, one sorrel bay mare poney, with a black mane and tail. No other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $57½; the mare poney was appraised at $10 by Stephen H. Sterns, Robert Gray, and R. H. Barnes, before justice Charles D. Shearer, May 5, 1847. WM. F. ENGEL, Clerk.

*Owen County.*

Taken up by John McBride of Clay township, one estray mare; supposed to be five years old this spring, a small star in her forehead; left hind foot white; appraised at $27½ by Wm. Franklin and Wm. Pagett, before justice John Mills, April 12, 1847. T. C. JOHNSON, Clerk.

*Perry County.*

Taken up by Hiram Hobbs of Clark township, on the 11th of March, 1847, a red roan or rather red grey mare, 5 or 6 years old, 14 hands high; some white on the right hind foot; appraised at $25, before justice Hays.

Also, by Orval R. Nantz of Union township, on the 15th of March, 1847, one black and white ox, 9 years old; marked with a crop and slit in each ear; apraised at $14 before justice Baker. W. S. LAMB, Clerk.

*Randolph County.*

Taken up by Jonathan Stout, of Monroe township, in said county, one iron gray horse, 4 years old, both hind feet white, about 15 hands high, some saddle marks; appraised to $30 before justice Stephen B. Cunningham. Feb. 1st, 1847.

Taken up by John Lewis, of Greensfork township, in said county, one gray mare, supposed to be 4 years old this spring, 15½ hands high; appraised to $30 before justice Wm. N. Jackson, April 22d, 1847 GEO. W. MONKS, Clerk.

*Shelby County.*

Taken up by Isaac Claton, living in Washington township Shelby county Indiana, one roan colored mare colt, dark mane and tail and dark legs, about two years old, and appraised to $30 by John Clarke and John Claton, before justice Wm Van Benthusen, on the 1st day of May, 1847. J. VERNON, Clerk.

*Tippecanoe County.*

Taken up by Peter Redman, in said county, on the 27th day of March, 1847, a certain estray bay mare, about 4 years old this spring, about 14½ hands high, no marks perceivable; appraised by Amos McLaughlin and Wm. McLaughlin at $25. MARK JONES, Clerk.

*Union County.*

Taken up by George Perkins, living in Harrison township, on the 15th day of April, 1847, a dark bay mare, supposed to be 15 or 16 years old, about 14 hands 3 inches high, marked with the saddle and harness, blaze in her face, shod all round; appraised to $25 by Benj. Thomas and David T. Davis, before justice Wm. Thomas, April 30 h 1847. EDGHILL BURNSIDE, Clerk.

*Vigo County*

Taken up by Jacob Jackson, of Harrison township a brown mare, 14 hands high, 6 years old, very heavy made, with a white spot on her forehead; appraised at $30 before Albert Lange, Esq., Oct. 21st, 1846.

Taken up by David Wilson, of Honey Creek, May 28 h, 1846, a light iron gray horse, 5 years old, his left hind foot white up to his hock, and a dark spot on his left shoulder, about 15 hands 1 inch high; appraised at $45 before John E. Bell, Esq., June 19, 1846.

Taken up by James M. Sanford, of Prairie Creek township, one dark sorrel horse, about 15 hands high, supposed to be about 7 or 8 years old, both hind feet white, some hairs in the forehead, his back has been hurt with a saddle, has also other saddle marks, is a heavy set horse, heavy mane mixed with grayish hairs, a natural pacer, shod before, and appraised at $35 before justice Hiram Hight, Sept. 14, 1846

Taken up by Elsom French, in Honey Creek township, one sorrel horse, with a small star in the forehead, some saddle marks on his back, about 15 hands high, and supposed to be 5 years old; no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $25 before Joseph E. Jones, Esq., Dec. 29th, 1846

Taken up on the 7th day of January, 1847, by Wm. Gregory, of Lost Creek township, a gray mare supposed to be 13 years old, shod all round, felt 15 hands high, no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $28 before Silas Price, Esq., Feb. 8th, 1847.

Taken up by Wm. Bandy, of Fayette township, Dec. 1st, 1846, two red steers, marked with a crop and underbit in the left ear, and an underbit in the right ear, supposed to be 4 years old last spring, no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $20 Dec. 20th, 1846, before Samuel Shirley, Esq.

Taken up April 5th, 1847, by Joseph Hoskins, Lost Creek township, a brown mare, 15 years old next June, 14½ hands high, head a little stuff, caused by having had the poll evil; appraised at $20 April 21st 1847, before Silas Price, Esq.

Taken up April 3d, 1847, by Elijah Montgomery, of Honey Creek township, an estray bay horse, with a small white blaze in his face, his one feet shod, a lump on his left shoulder blade, and a small white spot on each hind foot, about 14 hands high, and supposed to be 5 or 6 years old; appraised at $25 before John E. Bell, Esq. C. T. NOBLE, Clerk.

*Warren County.*

Taken up by Michael Coffelt, of Warren township, one dark bay mare with foal, about 14 hands high, a small white spot on her left hind foot, her belly covered with white spots, some white spots on her breast, and a few white hairs in her forehead, supposed to be 3 years old next spring; appraised Jan. 29th 1847, to $25 by Ivan Barr and Levi Douthit, before justice John Benson. WM. R. BOYER, Clerk.

*Warrick County.*

Taken up by Isaac Wood, living in Campbell township, one dark iron gray horse, with a blaze in his forehead, all of his feet white, about 14½ hands high; supposed to be 4 years old this spring, and appraised to $35 by Hiram Green and Felix Phelps, before justice Larkin Bristow, on the 13th April, 1847.

Taken up by R. N. Rayburn, living in Hart township, one bright sorrel mare, with a blaze in the forehead, supposed to be 3 years old this spring, and well grown to her age, and appraised to $30 by J. F. McGill and John Lynn, before justice Samuel Kimball, April 13th 1847. J. WAITE B. MOORE, Clerk.


## COFFEE, ETC.

A SUPERIOR quality of Rio Coffee, Loaf Sugar, Clarified Sugar, and N. O. Sugar, for sale at THORP'S cheap store.


## TO THE FRIENDS OF EDUCATION IN INDIANA.

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The following recommendation shows the estimation in which these books are held by teachers.

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Rawson Valle, Principal of Wayne County Seminary, May, 1847.
Mary Thorpe, Teacher, Centreville.
G. A. Chase, Principal of Franklin Co. Seminary.
E. S. Preston, do. Putnam " "
G. Batterton, Teacher, Greencastle.
H. Wateihouse " "
W. Clark, " "
C. Fiske, " Richmond.
S. McClure, " "
C. L. Phelan, " "
Evaline Cox, " "
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Thos. Rogers, Principal, Henry Co. Seminary.
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Nathan Powell, Teacher, Shelbyville.
M. A. Knowlton " "
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Wm Personett, " Milton.
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Robert Styres, " "
J. C. M. Stanley, " "
M. G. Matthews, " "
J. H. Coxe, " Cambridge.
A. B. Markle, " "
J. T. Dilsell, " Noblesville.
John Richey, " "
Mary G. Lindsey, " "
J. A. Nelson, Principal, Fayette Co Seminary.
H. Nutting, Teacher, Connersville.
John B. Tate, " "
M. A. Wilson, " "
Mary Patterson, " "
W. A. Fitzpatrick, Franklin.
M. A. Bland, " "

As far as I have examined the matter I concur in the above recommendation. D. MONFORT, Franklin, Ia.

The unanimous opinion of the Teachers of Indianapolis and Terre Haute, has also been given in favor of these books.

They are published by W. B. Smith & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, and are for sale by book-sellers generally.

Indianapolis, May 24th, 1847. 110-3w

## MARION COUNTY SEMINARY.

THE Trustees of this Institution have the pleasure of announcing that Benj. L. Lang, A. M., late of Kenyon College, Ohio, has accepted the appointment of Principal. Mr. J. F. Marlay will have charge of the preparatory department. Terms from three to six dollars a hemistiche per quarter.

The second quarter of the summer session will commence June 24. By order of the Trustees. 110-2w S. YANDES, Secretary.


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## Sale of Lands and Lots,

*Mortgaged to the School Funds for failure to pay Interest.*

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, *Greenfield, March 11, 1847.*

THERE Will be offered for sale at the Court House door, in the town of Greenfield, Hancock county, Indiana, on Thursday, the 29th day of May, A. D., 1847, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, all the following tracts or parcels of land and