Sabbath Convention.

By previous appointment, a convention of the friends of the Sabbath assembled in the 1st Presbyterian Church, Indianapolis, Indiana, on Wednesday, 2 o'clock, P. M. Delegates were present from a large portion of the counties in the State. The Rev. William W. Goode, of Putnam county, was chosen President of the convention, and the Rev. J. G. Monfort, of Decatur county, Secretary. The convention was opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Scovel, of Hanover College. The Rev. O. S. Powell, general agent of the Philadelphia Sabbath Association, who has been a laborer in the Sabbath cause for several years, was introduced to the convention, and delivered an appropriate address.

In the course of his remarks, Mr. Powell alluded to the institution of the Sabbath at the completion of the work of our creation—its promulgation at Mt. Sinai—its circumstantial change at the resurrection of Christ, which added increased interest to its observance—thus associating it with the three most imposing and interesting events that the earth had ever witnessed, as evidence of its fundamental importance in the system of means which God had appointed to perpetuate religion through all ages of the world. It was instituted before the living ministry and before any part of written revelation was given. Its sacred observance is essential to the perpetuity and prevalence of evangelical religion.

A sanctified Sabbath is essential to the perpetuity of our free institutions. No atheistic government had ever existed—he believed none could long exist. We have as a nation implicitly adopted the christian religion—we must uphold this fundamental institution of our religion, or perish.

A Sabbath devoted to the worship of God was equally essential to the success of any moral enterprise. Could you go among a community of habitual Sabbath breakers and reclaim them from intemperance? Could the cause of common school education be advanced in such a community? Where do we find neglect of this important cause? Among Sabbath breakers. Who projected and have since fostered this system? Where is it now carried to greatest perfection? There is as inseparable an affinity between this divine institution and the advancement of morality and religion, as there is between light and heat.

Great, however, as are the motives to sanctify the Sabbath, the many and powerful temptations that exist to profane it, are but too successful. In their haste to get wealth, men do not like to listen to the mandates of infinite wisdom and goodness ordaining the very rest their highest good demanded.

In proportion as through his blessings the facilities of intercommunication were multiplied, was the disposition increased to desecrate the Sabbath.

A few years ago, some of the friends of Zion were led to mourn deeply over this state of things, and to inquire whether any thing could be done to effect a reformation. Some were disheartened. But prayerful and persevering effort had been made, and a great change through God's blessing effected. Christians had been united in their labors in this cause. The associated influence of the pulpit of almost all denominations had been exerted. The earnest cry of thousands of laborers on our public thoroughfares for the restoration of the inalienable right to rest from toil one day in seven, had been heard. Commercial men and traders through large portions of the country had expressed their preference that the transportation of merchandise should be restricted to the six days appointed by the creator for labor.

Numerous conventions had been held—the tone of the periodical press had been greatly changed. In large sections of the country, the secular papers would publish addresses and other articles, to any reasonable extent, in favor of the sanctification of the Sabbath. Opposition was almost silenced. It had been attempted by men of ability, but the mass of the people was beginning to realize that one of their dearest rights is wrested from them when the privilege of resting on that holy day is taken away. Many facts had also been collected in regard to the success in business on canals where the locks were closed on the Lord's day, and of successful and in some instances of long-tried experiments of making iron and glass—burning lime—driving cattle and running lumber without Sabbath labor.

Mr. P. then urged the importance of the organization of a Western Sabbath Union.

The formative state of society was one motive. The practices that prevail among the thousands that inhabit this great valley now will to a great extent be prevalent among the millions that will soon inhabit the same territory. The fact that the public works in this region are now in a course of construction or but recently constructed, was another argument. It is much easier to prevent an evil practice from being adopted, that to arrest it after its adoption. There is soon to be a railroad connecting the Mississippi and the Atlantic—according as that road shall be used on six days in the week or seven, will the question of arresting the tide of travel or having it flow on the Sabbath be decided for more than half this Union.

The Sabbath, it should ever be remembered, is a fundamental institution in the system of means which infinite wisdom has appointed for the moral and religious improvement of our race.

However beautiful and in other respects, well formed superstructures the friends of temperance, or learning, or of any other social and moral reform, may build, if they do not rest on this foundation, they will fall by their own weight. Let then the friends of the Sabbath be firmly united in their plans, and act vigorously in their prosecution; let them look to the God of Sabbath for wisdom and help, and they would be successful, and in that success would secure the permanent and onward progress of every other religious and moral enterprise.

The Rev. P. D. Gurley from the business committee appointed by the last convention, reported several resolutions for the consideration of the convention, of which the following were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That as the Sabbath is a divine institution, adopted by infinite wisdom to promote in the highest degree the physical and intellectual interests of mankind, its sacred observance is required by a sense of duty to our Creator and an enlightened regard for the welfare of our race.

Resolved, That the Sabbath devoted to the worship of God is essential to the perpetuity and prevalence of the christian religion.

Resolved, That as history affords no instance of the establishment and maintenance of civil government without the prevalence among the people of some form of religion, Pagan, Jewish, Mahomedan, or Christian, and the observance of days on which the rites of the religion embraced by the people, were celebrated, and as we have reason to believe that any attempt to maintain a government established on an atheistic basis would signally fail, and as the christian religion is the prevalent religion of the United States, impliedly adopted by the National and State governments, and in our courts of justie, patriotism requires that every citizen should honor the Sabbath day by abstaining from violations of its sanctity, from a regard to its influence upon the prosperity and permanence of our free institutions.

Resolved, That as it is obviously impracticable that education or temperance should prevail generally among a community that disregard the divine obligations of the Sabbath, a greater interest should be excited in promoting the sanctification of this holy day among those who are urging forward these important objects.

Resolved, That as the attainment and maintenance of a proper state of public sentiment and practice in regard to the sanctification of the Sabbath is to be secured chiefly by moral influence, it is eminently important that every professed follower of Christ should bring to the aid of this cause the influence of a blameless example.

Resolved, That the requisition of worldly labor upon the Sabbath, except in the necessary preparation of food—the care of the sick and similar works of necessity and mercy, is to rob those who are required to perform such labor of an inalienable right and of their dearest hopes and prospects for the present and future life.

Resolved, That we rejoice in the accumulating evidence of the advantages of the Sabbath rest in the prosecution of manufacture—trade and travel.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to correspond and co-operate with the friends of the Sabbath in the adjoining States in reference to the adoption of measures for the promotion of the observance of the Sabbath.

The Rev. B. T. Kavanaugh, from the committee appointed to superintend the printing and distribution of its proceedings, reported the duty assigned had been discharged, and exhibited the bill for printing with an unpaid balance, which balance was collected during the sittings of the convention.

This evening at 8 o'clock, was designated as the time at which the convention would listen to the address of J. K. Edgerton, Esq. Adjourned.

At 8 o'clock, P. M., the convention met and was opened with prayer by Prof. Hovey.

J. K. Edgerton, Esq., delivered an able and appropriate address on the claims and blessings of the Christian Sabbath, which was listened to by a very large and attentive assembly.

On motion of Mr. Bayless it was resolved, that the thanks of the convention be tendered to Mr. Edgerton for his able discourse, and that a committee of three be appointed to wait on him and procure a copy of it for publication.

Rev. Mr. Bayless, A. Johnson and J. G. Monfort, were appointed such committee. The same committee were appointed to secure the printing of the address in the religious and other journals of this State and vicinity. The President announced as the committee to prepare business for the next convention, the Rev. Messrs. Johnson, Jamison, Myers, Beecher and Kavanaugh.

Convention adjourned to meet at 7 1-2 o'clock, P. M., Thursday, May 27th.

Convention met at 7 1-2 o'clock, P. M., and was opened with prayer by the Rev. W. C. Smith. The remaining resolutions reported by the committee were taken up, and after some discussion, adopted unanimously.

On motion of Rev. J. C. Smith, it was resolved to hold another convention in this city on the 4th Wednesday in June, 1848.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Brouse, Dr. Scovel was appointed to deliver the next annual address before the convention, and R. W. Thompson his alternate.

On motion of J. M. Ray it was resolved, that this convention of friends of the Sabbath very respectfully and earnestly request the trustees of the Wabash and Erie canal, after its reception from the State, to adopt and adhere to the principles, that all who shall be engaged in and about the canal, shall have the right to keep the Sabbath as a day of rest, and that to enable them to do so, the locks of such canal be regularly closed on the Sabbath.

The chair announced as the committee required by the 8th resolution, Messrs. Gurley, Cressy, Kavanaugh, Hoshour, Sullivan and Edgerton.

It was recommended that district and county conventions be held as extensively as may be during the coming summer and autumn.

Resolved, That the editors of all the newspapers throughout the State, be respectfully requested to publish the above proceedings in their respective papers.

The convention then adjourned to meet again in Indianapolis, on the 4th Wednesday of June, 1848.

WM. H. GOODE, President.

Jos. G. Monfort, Secretary.

Federalism Rebuked.

We noticed (says the Pennsylvanian) a few days since, in the *Pittsburgh Journal*, an infamous and insulting paragraph in reference to the "Wayne Guards," of Mifflin county, Captain Caldwell, and the "Independent Greys," of Bedford county, Capt. Taylor, who had arrived in that city a few days previous, on their way to Mexico, which strikingly illustrates the meanness of federalism, and has subjected that party to a withering rebuke from one of its own members. So gross was the indignity offered to these companies that Captains Caldwell and Taylor felt called upon to repel it in the most public manner possible, and issued a card to the public, from which we extract the following paragraphs:

"The paragraph alluded to denominates many of the soldiers as mere '*stripplings*,' and gives this as *evidence* that the 'administration has ceased to be very *particular* in its choice of men'—thus attempting to create the impression that these companies are made up of the refuse and offscouring of creation. Not satisfied with giving utterance to this wicked slander, the paragraph goes further, and says that the 'exigencies of the war are too great to allow any *great nicety* in the selection of recruits;' and winds up with the *patriotic* prophecy, that most of them will meet a premature grave! Such sentiments, if uttered by a *real* Mexican would not surprise any one; but that the editor of a newspaper, professing to be an *American*, should thus attempt to disgrace a body of as fine young men as ever shouldered a musket, is a mystery to us that we are unable to solve. The 'Guards' and the 'Greys' are composed principally of the sons of the most respectable farmers in Bedford and Mifflin counties, and their courteous and upright conduct has endeared them to all whose good opinions are worth having. Although the editor of the *Journal* may look upon them as '*stripplings*,' and sneer at the government for having accepted them into the service, we would be sorry, indeed, if we did not believe that the very least '*stripling*' in the ranks possessed a spirit of patriotism and love of country to which the editor of the *Journal* is an entire stranger.

"One of the undersigned (Captain Caldwell) has always been, and is yet, a member of the *Whig* party; but he takes this occasion to say, that he looks upon the *Commercial Journal* as any thing else than a credit to the party; and, in taking leave of Pittsburgh, he cannot but express his utter contempt for the man who, in attempting to give a *backhanded* thrust at the administration, inflicts gross injustice upon nearly 200 young men, who are at least as good as himself in every respect. We trust that our friends at home will not readily forget the insult offered to us by a print that is better calculated to be the organ of the *Mexicans* than of a portion of American citizens.

JAMES CALDWELL,
On behalf of Wayne Guards.
S. M. TAYLOR,
On behalf of Independent Greys."

☞ "When shall we have peace?" The Editor of the State Journal, last week in a long and garrulous article, supported by the arguments of an old woman, pleads for the cessation of the war, and asks at the commencement of each paragraph, "*When shall we have peace?*"

We answer not until Mexico has learned that all such craven miscreants, who thus desert their country, and go over to the enemy, do not represent the popular will and sentiment of the people; but are regarded as a set of mendacious tories—the impotent enemies of their Government—the unprincipled tools of desperate demagogues, whose very impotence is the protection of their mendacity.

Now, we ask the *conscientious* Editor of the Journal how he can so debase his soul, as to *talk* about the withdrawal of our armies—the discontinuance of the war, in any way, shape, or manner, until our country has secured an HONORABLE and PERMANENT peace; when he knows, before God, that he is advocating the irredeemable disgrace of his country—and that *alone* for selfish, cringing, *party* purposes!—*People's Friend.*

Illinois and Michigan Canal.—A meeting of the subscribers to the Illinois and Michigan Canal Loan, has lately been held in New York. Resolutions were passed deprecating, in strong terms, the non-attendance of the trustees of the bondholders along the line of the canal, inasmuch as their absence has retarded the work "some months." They also condemn the trustees of the bondholders for applying to the payment of their own salaries an "excessive amount" beyond any service rendered by them, and requesting a reduction of the charge to the amount allowed to the trustee of the State, and in case of refusal, to take proper measures to compel them to do so.

The officers of the 24 Regiment Tennessee volunteers, came out in the Picayune of the 29th ult., in an address to the public in relation to the conduct of General Pillow at the battle of Cerro Gordo. Their statement places the general in a very unenviable situation.

Fifty Miles of Canal Boats!—About 1000 new canal boats are estimated to have been added to the New York Canals the present season, making with those previously registered, say 3,500. These at 80 feet in length to each boat, would make a line of boats over 53 miles in length.

"The Daily Wisconsin," is the title of an elegant royal sheet issued at Milwaukie, by Cramer and Curtiss. If the citizens of that place understand their own interest they will give the new Daily a liberal support.

☞ The news by the Cambria unsettled the flour market at Baltimore and Philadelphia. There was a decline in prices, but there were no transactions.

Recent Discovery.

☞ It has been recently discovered that a medicine introduced into our community, is exciting the public and profession by its specific action in the cure of lung standing and complicated cases of chills and fever. A cure is warranted or money refunded in every instance where a cure is not effected. It is Dr. Bragg's Indian Queen Vegetable Sugar Coated Tonic Pills—and as they are *sugar coated*, and so pleasant to take, we should suppose all who are afflicted with this troublesome disease would give them a trial.

Married, By the Rev. T. R. Cressey, on Thursday evening, June 17th, Mr. William Wallace, son of Ex-Governor Wallace, to Miss Cordelia, daughter of Ovid Butler, Esq., all of this city.

For Congress,
WILLIAM W. WICK.

MARION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

Representatives, { THOMAS W. COUNSEL, GEORGE A. CHAPMAN.
County Treasurer, JOHN M. TALBOTT.
County Assessor, AHIRA WELLS.
County Commissioner, ELIAS N. SHIMER.
School Commissioner, ABRAHAM KOONTZ.

We are authorized to announce Jacob Landis as a candidate for county Treasurer.

OFFICIAL LIST OF ESTRAYS.

Allen County

Taken up in Abbott township, by Sampson Douglass, on the 31st May, 1846, the following property, appraised by John Clark, Joseph P. Wykoff, and James M. Cartright, before justice George Bullard: One estray mare, branded with the letter E on the left shoulder; a natural trotter, but can be made to rack; about 15 hands high; 12 or 13 years old; appraised at $25.

Also, taken up at the same time, one strawberry roan mare; supposed to be three years old past; about 14½ hands high; can trot or rack; no marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $35.
R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

Boone County

Taken up by Daniel D. Odell, in Sugar Creek township, an estray brown filly, supposed to be three years old this Spring; has some white hairs over her body, with a small white spot in the forehead; a little white on the inside of the left hind foot; some gear marks; and is between 14 and 15 hands high; appraised at $25, before justice Oliver Craven, May 5, 1847.

Taken up by Daniel Myers, in Clinton township, April 29, 1847, two estray horses. One horse supposed to be five years old this Spring; is an iron gray; some flea-bitten about the head and neck; some saddle marks, with a dark spot on the near shoulder; shod before; supposed to be full fifteen hands high; appraised at fifty dollars.

The other is a gray filly, supposed to be three years old this Spring; has the hocks, or has been cut for them. No other marks or brands perceivable; about 14 hands high, and appraised at $30, before justice Richard Cornell, May 12, 1847.

Taken up by Charles French, Eagle township, one estray black mare, supposed to be eleven years old last Spring; about 14½ hands high, with her hind feet white a little above the pastern joint; appraised at $22½, before justice William Smith, May 24, 1847.
LEVI LANE, Clerk.

Clinton County.

Taken up on the 19th day of April, 1847, by James Littleton, of Sugar Creek township, one estray bay horse, about 14 hands high; seven years old this Spring, and has a snip on the nose and the hind foot is white, and has some saddle marks on each side. No other marks perceivable; appraised at $40 by John King and Leonard Boyer, before William V. McKinney, J. P., May 1, 1847.

Taken up by Solomon Hawkins, Warren township, one estray mare, on the 22 of April, 1847, appraised by James M. Pogue and John M. Vandyke at $13—a sorrell mare full fifteen hands high; seven years old this Spring; both hind feet white above the pastern joint; some saddle marks; a large blaze in the forehead; a lump in the right side, with a leather halter on; appraised before justice Benj. A. Scaffer.

Taken up by Jeremiah Dunn, Johnson township, on the 26 of April, 1847, a dark bay mare; black legs, mane and tail; some white hairs on her withers shaved with the gears; supposed to be ten years old; about 14 hands high, and a yoke on; no other marks perceivable; appraised at $32, May 10, 1847, before justice William Burgel.

Taken up by Isaac File, of Honey Creek town-ship, one sorrel mare, light mane and tail; some white in the forehead; supposed to be three years old; appraised at $30; also one chestnut sorrel horse colt; some white in the forehead; supposed to be one year old; appraised at eleven dollars; both appraised by Elijah Avery and Noah Fox, on the 13th of May, 1847, before justice Pinoni Fortner.

Taken up on the 4th of May, 1847 by Dickey Shepherdson, of Sugar Creek township, one estray white mare; supposed to be nine years old this Spring; about fifteen hands high; has some collar marks on her shoulder; a rope tied round her back and up round her neck; no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $45 by Elijah Thurman and John King before justice William V. McKinney.
JOHN BARNER, Clerk.

Clay County.

Taken up by Daniel Goble, in Lewis township, on the 29th of April, 1847, one dark bay mare; star in her forehead; scar on each side of her withers; 15 hands high; supposed to be 8 years old; appraised at $35 before justice Peter Stark.
C. C. MODESITT, Clerk.
SAMUEL MILES, D. P.

Decatur County.

Taken up by Leonard Parry, Washington township, a mare and colt. The mare is supposed to be 12 years old; a dark bay; the hind feet white; a star and snip; about 14½ hands high. The colt is a dun with white feet and a blaze in the face; appraised at $25 before justice Samuel Bryan.

Taken up by John Wheeldon, Jackson township, one gray horse colt; two years old last Spring; left hind feet white and white face; appraised at $20 before justice James Lough.

Taken up by James Myers, of Sand creek township, one bay horse; supposed to be 6 or 7 years old this Spring; 14½ hands high; some white in the forehead; right hind foot white up to the pastern joint; appraised at $47½ before justice Timothy Thomas.

Taken up by William Clemmens, Washington township, one black horse; about five years old; 14 hands high; left hind foot white; some white hairs on each ear; and some collar marks; appraised at $30 before justice Sam. Bryan.

Taken up by Jackson Braden, Clay town-ship, one sorrel mare colt, with a blaze face; about 15 hands high; supposed to be three years old this Spring; appraised at $27 before justice Joel Doolittle.

Taken up by Martin B. Irwin of Adams town-ship, one light bay filly, two years old this Spring; black mane and tail; about 15 hands high; very light made; appraised at $20 before justice Eli Chiser.

Taken up by John Stevenson, Marion township, a chestnut sorrel horse; four years old this Spring; both hind feet white above the pastern joint; a small star in the forehead, and two small white spots on the right jaw; appraised at $35 before justice Daniel Barker, June 1, 1847.
HENRY H. TALBOTT, Clerk.

Franklin County.

Taken up by James Harris of Highland township, on the 22d of April, 1847, a light sorrel mare; about 14½ hands high; a star in the forehead; no artificial marks or brands perceivable. Appraised at $25 May 1, 1847, before justice Bradbury Cottrell.
J. M. JOHNSTON, Clerk.

Grant County.

Taken up by Joseph Jones of Van Buren township, a brown mare, eight years old; shod all round; spavined in her left hind leg. No other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $25 by Daniel Coleman and George Moore, on the 4th of May, 1847, before justice Weasoner.

Taken up by Hiram P. Weeks of Centre township, on the 20th of April, 1847, a light bay mare, with a blaze in her face; both hind legs white half way up to the hough joints; black mane and tail; some collar marks; fourteen hands high; four years old this Spring; appraised at thirty dollars by Daniel Lees and Daniel Market, on the 10th day of May, 1847, before justice James A. Stretch.
ASBURY STEELE, Clerk.
JESSE M. SPRINGER, D. C.

Hendricks County

Taken up by A. M. Cleghorn, Franklin township, a dark chestnut sorrel mare; a star in the forehead; snip on the nose; a scar on the left flank, about 14½ hands high; appraised at $27 by James W. Marlock and Eli Baldwin before justice Berry Burks, the 4th of June, 1847.

Taken up by David Rightsell, Franklin township, on the 15th of April, 1847, a dask bay mare, with a lump on the left knee, and a stump sucker; supposed to be 13 or 14 years old; no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $18 by Joshua Pickett and John Sneaver, before justice James Borders, on the 14th of May, 1847.
J. D. PARKER, Clerk.

Hamilton County.

Taken up by Thomas Miller, Clay township, fifteen hogs, two white sows marked with a crop off the left ear; supposed to be two years old; four white barrows and one spotted barrow, supposed to be one year old, marked with a crop off the left ear; also eight shoats, five sows and three barrows, unmarked; supposed to be six months old; appraised at $28 28.

Taken up by Henry Durlinger, Noblesville township, one gray mare; about 15 hands high; 15 years old; very much sway backed; dark mane and tail; shoe on left hind foot, and half shoe on left fore foot—with foal when taken up and has since had a colt; appraised at $25.

Taken up by Eleazur Washburn, Adams township, a brown mare, with a star in the forehead; some white hairs on the top of the neck; supposed to be done by the collar; about 15½ hands high; supposed to be about five years old this Spring; shod before; appraised at $35.

Taken up by Paton Harris, Adams township, a bay filly; supposed to be two years old, with a little white on each hind foot not quite up to the pastern joint; about 14 hands high; appraised at $22½.

Taken up by James Munce, Fall Creek township, a light bay mare; black mane and tail; small roan; star in forehead; both hind feet and right fore foot white; three shoes on; a defect in left eye; a small scar on the right hind hock joint; about 15½ hands high; supposed to be seven years old; appraised at $37 50.

Taken up by William A. Davis, Adams township, a light roan mare; black mane and tail; right fore foot white above the pastern joint; one small saddle mark; blaze in forehead; shoe on right fore foot 15 hands high; supposed to be four years old; appraised at $25. JOHN G. BURNS, Clerk.

Henry County.

Taken up by Elias Payne, Stony Creek township, on the 30th day of April, 1847, an iron gray horse; supposed to be three years old this Spring; fourteen hands and one inch high; light mane and tail; a small lump on a rib on the left side; appraised at $27 by William Hiatt and William Lennington, before justice Alvan L. Burr.

Also, by Thomas Modlin, Henry township, 3 miles west of New Castle, a bay mare, nearly 15 hands high; black mane and tail; a small scar in her forehead; supposed to be eleven years old; appraised at $30 by Eli Ratliff and Shubal Julian, before justice Bushrod W. Scott.

Also, by Albert Greenstreet, Wayne township, a light bay horse colt; blaze face; left fore foot white; supposed to be one year old; appraised at $22½ by Charles Moore and John Scofield, before justice Milton Brown.

Also, by Noah Waggoner, Wayne township, a clay bank horse colt; dark mane and tail; a scar on the left hind leg; supposed to be two years old this Spring; appraised at $25 by Abner Dalbey and Joseph Harris, before justice Milton Brown.
SAMUEL HOOVER, Clerk.

Johnson County.

Taken up by Henry Miksell, Hensley township, one bay mare, four years old, with a scar on her left shoulder, hipped in the near hip, a snaffle bridle on when taken up; no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $25 by Samuel Husteb and Daniel Kesfield, April 29, 1847, before justice John Lowe.

Taken up by Aaron Webb, Pleasant township, one sorrel horse, supposed to be 14 years old, with a white face, and white feet; appraised at $20. Also, one bay mare, supposed to be six years old, with a star in the forehead, and three white feet; lump on the left side of her neck near her shoulder. No other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $20 by Hiram Mayhall and Andrew Front, before justice Thos. Garnet, May 27, 1847. ROYAL S. HICKS, Clerk.

Jefferson County.

Taken up by Daniel Demaree, Milton township, on the 28th December, 1846, one bright bay mare, with a snip on her nose, some white in her forehead, some saddle marks on each side of her back, hind feet white up to the pastern joint, newly shod before, supposed to be eight years old next Spring, about 15½ hands high. No other marks or brands perceivable. Appraised at $40 by Howell Lewis and Wm. Foster, on the 11th January, 1847, before justice Franklin Joyce.

Taken up by Leander Bundren, Milton township, seven miles above Madison, near the mouth of Indian Kentucky, one estray bay mare, both hind feet white, a snip on the nose, supposed to be six years old this Spring. No other marks or brands perceivable. Appraised at $20 by Andrew J. Lemore and Wm. H. Bear, before justice Woodford Gambrel, the 13th April, 1847.

Taken up by Jacob Ekles, living one mile south east of Madison, April 5th, 1847, a flat boat adrift. Said boat is supposed to be about 70 feet long and 17 feet wide, poplar gunnels, side boards of 1½ or 2 inch poplar plank. Said boat was sunk when taken up. Valued at $20 by Jas. E. Bacon and Truman King, April 21, 1847, before justice Gamb. Taylor.
JOHN H. TAYLOR, Clerk.

Jackson County

Taken up by L. mel Moore, Washington township, May 28, 1847, a bay mare, with three white feet, and a blaze in her face, 14½ hands high, supposed to be six years old. Appraised at $22 by Abraham White and Jesse White, before justice Abraham Love.

Taken up by John Randolph, Salt Creek township, one iron gray mare, supposed to be six or seven years old, shod before, blaze in her forehead, white legs to the knees, 15 hands high. Appraised at $35 by Joseph Cummings and Wm. N. Goble, before justice John Goble, May 26, 1847.
WM H EWING, Clerk.

Lagrange County.

Taken up by Charles Roy, Spring township, on the 26th day of May, 1847, one sorrel mare, supposed to be four years old, with a star in the forehead extending somewhat on the right nostril, with the right hind foot white below the pastern joint, extending up the leg in front three inches. Appraised at $40 by Henderson Potts, Willard Hervey, and John L. Strang, before justice John Strang.

Taken up by Cyrus Highbargain, of Milford township, on the 1st day of June, 1847, the following estrays, to wit: One a bay horse, supposed to be 9 or 10 years old, has four white feet, is about 17 hands high, and has some collar marks on his shoulders; appraised at thirty-four dollars.

One horse, the color between a cream and sorrel, about 14 hands high, has a white stripe in the forehead, light mane and tail, and shod all round—supposed to be 6 or 7 years old—the right hip a little sunk; appraised at $67 50, by David Randolph and A. P. Case, before Justice S. S. Fish, of said town of Milford.
JAMES B. HOWE, Clerk.

Lawrence County.

Taken up by William Kenady, in Shawswick township, May 11th, 1847, one gray horse, supposed to be a out 6 years old, and one bay mare, with a bald face, supposed to be about 9 years old; appraised at $30 each, by Felix G. Ritter and Solomon Cline, before me this 22d day of May, 1847.
GUSTAVUS CLARK, Clerk.

Marion County.

Taken up by William H. McLaughlin, living two miles southwest from Indianapolis, April 25th, 1847, one estray iron gray mare, 3 years old this spring, unshod all round, and has the marks of harness—about 15 hands high—no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $30 before justice Caleb Scudder.

Taken up by Jacob Bennett, living in Pike township, on the 19th day of May, 1847, two estray horses, one a sorrel horse about 14½ hands high, with a blaze face, three white feet, supposed to be 6 years old this spring. The other is a dark bay horse, about 15 hands high, with a star in his forehead, supposed to be 3 years old this spring—no other marks or brands perceivable. The sorrel is appraised to $35, and the bay to $25, before justice Benjamin Powell.

Taken up by Alexander Brown, living in Washington township, on the 24 day of May, 1847, one estray bay mare, with black legs, mane and tail, about 15 hands high, supposed to be 8 or 9 years old this spring, branded with the letters D. B. on the near shoulder, with some saddle marks; appraised to $45 before justice John Essary.
R. B. DUNCAN, Clerk.

Madison County.

Taken up by James White, of Jackson town-ship, a bay horse, the left hind foot partly white, some collar marks, a small white spot on the left side of his back near the withers, and had (when taken up) a common *horse* on his head, with a strap—supposed to be 14½ hands high; appraised to $30 before justice Thomas Bushy.

Taken up by Jacob Helm, living in Monroe township, on the 20th of April, 1847, a foan mare, dask legs, mane and tail, the left hind foot white, about 15 hands high, and about 4 years old; appraised to $25 by David Black and James Black, before justice A. M. Williams.

Taken up by Francis Sigler, of Pipe Creek township, on the 1st of May, 1847, the following described estrays, to-wit: A sorrel mare about 15 hands high, and about 15 years old, with a bell on, 3 holes in it, with a white spot on each side of her neck and a white ring around her left hind leg; appraised to $30.

Also one bay yearling stud colt, with some white on his hind feet; Appraised to $20 the 13th of May, 1847, by Walter Eytheson and Benj R. Eytheson, before justice Henry Mills.
JAS. HAZLETTE, Clerk.

Morgan County.

Taken up by Tilford Bailey, of Green township, one estray bright sorrel filly, supposed to be three years old past, blaze face, 14½ hands high, the off hind foot and near fore foot white—no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $22 50, by John H. McGrew and James Nelson, May 14th, 1847, before justice Abraham Huff.

Taken up by John Duckworth, of Jeffer-on township, one dark bay horse, black mane and tail and black legs, no marks or brands perceivable, about 14 hands and 1 inch high, supposed to be 4 years old this spring; valued to $29, by James Duncan and John Rowland, May 28th, 1847, before justice William J. Baggs.
JAMES JACKSON, Clerk.

Monroe County.

Taken up by Reuben Taylor, living in Marion township, on the 22d day of May, 1847, a bay mare, with a star in the forehead and snip on the nose, with a blemish on the right eye—supposed to be 3 years old last spring; appraised to $18 by John Hubbard and Thomas J. Bates, before justice Stephen Havious.
MILTON McPHETRIDGE, Clerk.

Taken up by Henry Minks, living in Indian Creek township, one bay mare, supposed to be 8 years old, marked with some saddle and some collar marks, two warts on the right side of the neck, and one on the left side of the breast—no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $29 by John East and John Stone, before justice William East.
MILTON McPHETRIDGE, Clerk.

Martin County.

Taken up by Manoah Sullivan, of Rutherford township, on the 29th day of May, 1847, one dapple gray mare, supposed to be about 14 years old, blind in the right eye, a scar on her right shoulder, and a lump on the right side of the neck near her head—no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $27 50 by Barry Street and James Steel, before justice John Waggoner.
RUFUS BROWN, Clerk.

Putnam County.

Taken up by John Burnett, of Washington township, on the 10th April, 1847, one estray bay horse, hipshot in the left hind hip, supposed to be 8 years old this spring; appraised at $30, before justice Purcell.

By Josh Yates, of Monroe township, one sorrel horse, with a star in his forehead, right hind foot diseased with the fistula—supposed to be six years old; appraised at $25, before justice Donohue.
WM. S. TOWNSEND, Clerk.

Parke County.

Taken up by Walter G. Cobb, of Florida township, on the 13th day of May, 1847, one gray horse, supposed to be 14 or 15 years old, one shoe on his right hind foot, the right side of his head and jaw swelled, some flea-bitten, about 15½ hands high—of the value of $27 50, as appraised before justice William J. Newcome.
JOHN G. DAVIS, Clerk.

Ripley County

Taken up by Joseph Gray, of Jackson township, on the 8th day of May, 1847, a light chestnut sorrel mare, about 14 hands high, star in the forehead, saddle-marked, some white hairs on the right shoulder—supposed to be 10 years old; appraised at $22, before justice David Lindley.
JOHN S. S. HUNTER, Clerk.

Rush County.

Taken up by Samuel Swincheart, of Posey township, on the 21st day of April, 1847, one sorrel mare, with a blaze face, both fore feet and the left hind foot white, shod before a little crest-fallen—supposed to be ten years old this spring, and appraised to $30.

Also a dark roan horse, with a star in the forehead, a white spot on the nose, some saddle marks, about 14 hands high, supposed to be 4 years old this spring, and appraised to $25 before justice James Walker.
JOHN L. ROBINSON, Clerk.

Shelby County.

Taken up by Joseph Higgenbotham, of Moral township, on the 21st day of April, 1847, a brown mare, with a small star in the forehead, a blemish in the left eye, left hind foot white, shod behind, some saddle and gear marks on her, about 14½ hands high, supposed to be 12 years old; appraised to $30 by James Reeves and Henry L. Pope, before justice Lewis J. Reeves.

Taken up by Augustus E. Kinsley, of Hanover township, a dark iron gray mare, supposed to be two years old, with a white face, both hind legs white to the hock joints, about 14 hands high; appraised to $30 by Eugenius White and Larkin Justice, before Justice Jonathan Johnson on the 2d day of June, 1847.

Taken up by William Wickliff, of Van Buren township, on the 8th day of May, 1847, a light bay filly, two years old, about 14 hands high, the left hind foot white—no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised to $25 by Richard Thornberry and Jacob Colglazier, before justice George Haney.
J. VERNON, Clerk.

Switzerland County

Taken up by Thomas Charlton, living in Pleasant township, on the 23d day of April, 1847, a black mare, about 14 hands high, supposed to be 8 years old, the right hind foot white, a natural trotter; appraised to $25 by R. C. Olmstead and Robert Speais, before justice Silas Stapp.
EDWARD PATTON, Clerk.

Tippecanoe County.

Taken up by Jeffer-on Killenberger, in Fairfield township, on the 25th day of April, 1847, a dark brown mare colt, about 3 years old last spring, with a star in her forehead, one hind foot white; appraised at $25 on the 25th day of May, 1847, before justice Timothy Dame.

Taken up on the 9th day of May, 1837, by Wm. H. Lake, of Shelby township, a yellow bay mare, with black legs, mane and tail, with some white in the face, and the left hind foot white to the pastern joint, with some saddle marks on the back, about 14 hands high, supposed to be about 6 years old; appraised at $30, May 13, 1847, before justice Buckner Southworth.

Taken up by William Tanner, living in Jackson township, on the 23d day of April, 1847, one bay horse, supposed to be 7 years old, blaze in the face, all four of his feet are white, shod all round, a large wart under his neck, supposed to be taking the fistula, about 15½ hands high, hipshot in the left hip; appraised to $30 May 7, 1847, before justice Jesse Mellarry.

Taken up by Joel Lathrop, living in Fairfield township, on the 18th day of May, 1847, one sorrel mare, rather light, mane and tail, a star in the forehead, about 10 years old marked with the collar, and appraised to $28 May 31st, 1847, before justice A. B. Slaughter.
MARK JONES, Clerk.

Union County.

Taken up by James Wales, living in Harrison township, a bay mare colt, supposed to be 2 years old this spring, with black legs, mane and tail, some white on the right hind leg, 13 hands 2 inches high—no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $20 by Henry Pearson and Thomas Hunt, May 14, 1847, before justice Natter.

Taken up by John Burk, of Liberty township, one roan mare, about 14½ hands high, supposed to be 10 years old—no brands or marks perceivable; appraised to $27 50 by Joshua Semmon and Nelson N. Cooney, May 12th, 1847, before justice Brandenburg.
EDGHILL BURNSIDE, Clerk.

Wayne County.

Taken up by Nathan Wilson, in Wayne township, one bay mare, about 15 hands high, 5 years old, black legs, mane and tail, with a small star in the forehead, no other marks or brands perceivable; appraised at $40 by Lewis Burk and Edward Wheat, May 25, 1847, before justice James M. Poe.
THOMAS NOBLE, Clerk.

Whitley County.

Taken up by William Vannetter, living in Smith township, a bay mare, with black legs, mane and tail, a star in the forehead, saddle marks on the left side, about 14 hands high, supposed to be 11 years old, and a natural pacer; appraised at $30 by Francis Tulley and Charles Shissler, April 23d, 1847, before justice Daniel B. Rice.

The Clerk who sent us a counterfeit three dollar note on the bank of Norwalk will please send us the amount in genuine funds. The counterfeit is at his order.

☞ JUST received at I. H. ROLL'S New Store, a fine lot of Waffle Irons, a few of Waldren's mowing Scythes, one dozen Black Snake Scythes. 7

EXTENSIVE AUCTION SALE
Of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, ☞en four months credit.
J. LITTLE & CO.

WILL sell at auction, on MONDAY, JUNE 28, 1847, at 9 o'clock, a. m., a large and well selected stock of fresh and seasonable Goods, open for inspection on the days of sale. The sale will be continued day and evening until the whole stock is closed out. All goods warranted as represented.

The stock consists in part of blue, blue black, green, invisible green, drab and mixed cloths, cassimeres and cassinets, tweeds, jeans, satinets, satin, velvet and Marseilles vestings; silk, merino, cloth, net, moss de laine and scally shawls and dress handkerchiefs; black, blue black, brown, orange and honey colored dress and bonnet silks, lawns, and satins; merinos, lasters, moss de laines, shallys, buze lines, ginghams and calicoes; brown, bleached and colored muslins; brown and bleached linen and cotton drilings; cotton and linen diapers; silk, worsted, woollen, linen and cotton hose and half hose; a large and well selected variety of ribbons; veils and veil stuffs; French worked collars, linens, laces and crapes; bishop lawns, cambric, mull, jaconet, Swiss and book muslins; bobinets and thules; French and jaconet laces, edgings and insertings; silk, linen, linen