INDIANA STATE SENTINEL.

THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE STATE—
☞Office on Illinois Street, North of Washington

By CHAPMANS & SPANN.

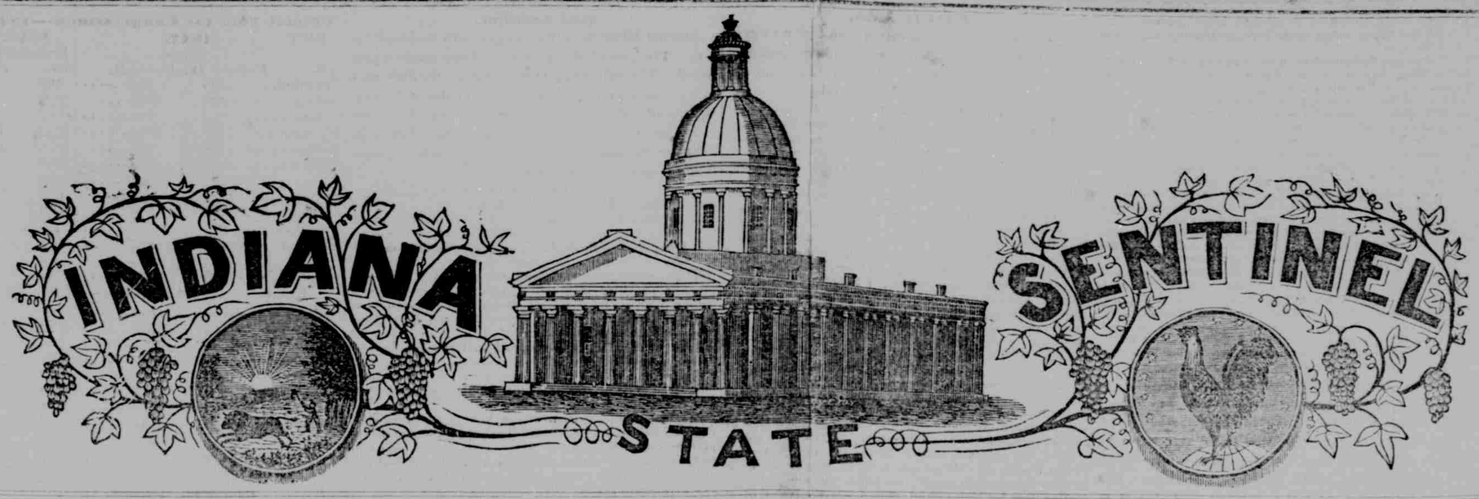
☞The State Sentinel will contain a much larger amount of reading matter, on all subjects of general interest, than any other newspaper in Indiana.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday, and during the session of the Legislature, three times a week, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at *Four Dollars a year*, payable always in advance.

THE WEEKLY EDITION
Is published every Thursday, at *Two Dollars a year*, always to be paid in advance.

$1 in advance will pay for six months.
$5 will pay for three copies one year.
***Persons remitting $10 in advance, free of postage, shall have three copies of the Semi-Weekly one year. $2 will pay for six months. $1 will always be charged for the Tri-Weekly, and 50 cents for the Weekly, during the Legislative sessions.

ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted three times at one dollar a square of 8 lines, and be continued at the rate of 25 cents a square for each additional insertion. Quarterly advertisements, per square, $3.
All advertisements from abroad *must be accompanied by the cash*; or no attention will be paid to them.
☞Postage must be paid.



Indianapolis, September 1, 1847.] SEMI-WEEKLY. [Volume II——Number 27.

DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES
and Measures.

A strict construction of the Constitution, and no assumption of doubtful powers.

A Diplomacy, asking for nothing but what is clearly right and submitting to nothing wrong.

No connexion between the government and banks.

An *ad valorem* revenue tariff.

No public debt, either by the General Government or by the States, except for objects of urgent necessity.

No assumption by the General Government of the debts of the States, either directly or indirectly, by a distribution of the proceeds of the public lands.

No extensive system of Internal Improvement by the General Government, or by the States.

A constitutional barrier against improvident State loans.

The honest payment of our debts and the sacred preservation of the public faith.

A gradual return from a paper credit system.

No grants of exclusive charters and privileges to special legislation, to banks.

No swindling corporations.

No connexion between Church and State.

A preference for democrats over whigs for every office.

Acquiescence in the rule of the majority in all cases of party discipline.

No proscription for honest opinions.

Fostering aid to public education.

A "progressive" reformation of all abuses.

For the Indiana State Sentinel.

The Hero of the Age.

When men have suddenly arisen to an exalted eminence from comparative obscurity, there jusly prevails a general distrust with regard to their character and their motives; for it is only from long familiarity, that we can unhesitatingly repose our confidence in any one. The minions of favoritism will always be unsuccessful in their attempts to circumscribe the boundaries of human trust; and if a man has acquired an honorable fame, it needs not the applause of interested men to sustain it. The state of our political system is such, that each party is interested in the erection of a hero, to whom the people are to pay the most unceasing devotion, and to whom they are to attach a pre-eminent consideration. Whether his actions be meritorious or unworthy, so as the intended object of popularity is attained, the means by which they have arrived at their end, are disregarded.

If Gen. Taylor, in imitation of Gen. Washington, declines the nomination for the Presidency, unless it is conferred by the general consent of the people; then, we must confess, he has spurned the trammels of party organization, and dares to act the part of an independent American citizen. But if his professions of unwillingness are only a modest cloak to his secret ambition; then, he is guilty of a willful deception, and cannot expect to secure the universal support of the people.

An extensive difference of opinion prevails as to his political tenets; and, perhaps, Gen. Taylor may be interested in their suppression, as their avowal would prove injurious to the cooperation of the parties. Does either party desire that any man should be placed in supreme command, of whose principles and views they are totally unaffirmed! Upon what grounds would they vote for him? Merely on account of the celebrity conferred by the successful achievements of military heroism! It is in conformity with the established usages of our Republic, that every candidate should fairly expound the principles by which he is to be governed, if success fal in his preferment. The election of a man who has pledged himself to the support of no particular principles would be productive of infinite confusion. His warmest supporters would immediately denounce his conduct, if it did not correspond to their expectations. And where lies the fault? Not in the individual, but in the negligence of those who elected him, unpledged, and, perhaps, undecided. This species of party chicanery levels the very foundation upon which successful discipline is erected. He may be deemed presumptious who endeavors to correct a false opinion after it is fully established; but no one desires to contend with those whose prejudices have consigned them to an inglorious obstinacy.

Benefits conferred do not always infer an unbounded confidence as their appropriate reward, yet many are contented to believe that Gen. Taylor has arrived at the very summit of human merit, after the triumphs of his Southern Campaign; and are striving to elevate him to the chief station of our Union, merely on account of the display of some military merit. What evidence have we that he is endowed with a civil capacity? He who has been schooled in the ranks, is not likely to divest himself of the habits and sympathies of the camp. If elected, will not the glory of his Mexican triumphs afford a new incentive to, and embolden him in the prosecution of other wars! He is, undoubtedly, performing his duty when engaged in the noble defence of his country; yet is this a decisive proof of his superior patriotism! To say that one man has more patriotism, in this country, than another, is drawing a very delicate distinction, and almost amounts to an insinuation of treachery among the people.

It is impossible for the people to confer upon Gen. Taylor a higher distinction than that which he at present possesses. A Presidential reputation would be merely nominal, and would neither add to, or abate his fame.

Our philosophy has been exploded; our belief in the infallibility of popular action has been dissipated; and our contempt for the golden predictions of modern reformers has been increased, if the mind of this mighty nation is warped to the exclusive admiration of these heroes of the hour. But we are aware that it is more among the unenlightened, who are struck with the immediate display of great actions, than those who refer the influence of those actions to their future consequences, that such an excess of admiration prevails. R.

The gossip of the theatrical world has been gaily embroidered of late with the daily hits and repartees of the mortal enemies of Madame B. and M'lle T., both young and fair members of the stock company of the Theatre Italien. Madame B. generally got the best of it; but, very recently, after a sharp exchange of back-handed compliments as to each other's age and preservation of beauty, M'lle T. suddenly changed her manner, and addressed her adversary (who is about her own age) very respectfully:—"Hereafter, Madame," she said, "you are at liberty to say what you please. Cover me with insults, if you will—rain witticisms upon me—I shall never again reply."—Madame B., taking this to be an indirect yielding of the field to the victor, carelessly inquired why she was so very considerate. "Because," said Mademoiselle T., "I am a foundling, and never knew who my mother was, and perhaps you are she!"—*Home Journal.*

COINCIDENTAL DEATH OF A HUSBAND AND WIFE.—A woman named Sabrine Daly, aged about 40, who resided in Cross street, N. Y., died lately. During her illness, her husband was indefatigable in his attentions to her, and seldom left her bedside. But the moment she expired he left her room, evincing great agony of mind, and went into another and lay down on the bed and expressed a wish that he also might die immediately and be buried along with his wife. And in ten minutes after he also was a corpse. In the course of the day an inquest was held on his body, and the surgeon who examined it, was of opinion that the immediate cause of his death was congestion of the brain.

☞"*Bathe every day!*" exclaimed the widow Smashpipes, as she dropped the flat iron upon the horse-shoe, and looked her neighbor Snubbs right in the eye—"Why you don't tell! I never used to think of stippin my femmes, and giving him a right down good wash, but four times a year; once in the spring, once in the summer, once in the fall, and once in the winter! Howsomdever, some children ketch dirt sooner than others."

THE ELEPHANT.—Last Sunday, as the rector of a church up town was about to perform the evening service, the sexton handed him a note, which, as it commenced in the usual form of an application for prayers, he read aloud, as follows: "The prayers of this congregation are solicited for a young man who has gone to sea—*the elephant.*"—*Sunday Despatch.*

☞A youth, who, it is charitably presumed, had never "seen the elephant," recently found himself in the company of three young ladies, and generously divided an orange between them. "You will rob yourself," exclaimed one of the damsels. "Not at all," replied our innocent, "*I have three or four more in my pocket.*"

FIENDISH MURDER.—The Defiance Democrat contains an account of the murder of a child of Mr. SCAMP, of Wiliams county, by a young man named HECKETHORN, who was arrested, and gave the following reason for the act:

"That last week a fortune teller by the name of Andrew Tyler, hired him, and was to give him fifty cents per day, and pay his expenses, to accompany him in his travels,—and to begin, he must poison this child, and hide the body, the Sunday following, which was last Sunday. That then, they would leave the County for sometime, and wait until the excitement had died away, come back, and Scamp would give him something handsome to find his lost child by his magic art. Tyler gave him some poison in a stick of candy; and on Saturday he induced the little fellow to go to the woods with him. He gave him the candy; in a few minutes the child's face began to grow black, and in fifteen minutes after he had given him the candy, he was dead."

There were symptoms of poison; but in addition to them, the skull was found to be broken by a blow from a bludgeon. The man TYLER was also arrested.

A CHILD DROWNED.—The St. Mary's *Sentinel* states that a child fell from the canal boat "Yorktown," near that place, on the 18th inst., and was drowned. The mother was on board, and earnestly entreated the captain to stop, and endeavor to recover the body. He was deaf to all her entreaties, and kept on his way, sending back word to the people of St. Mary's to search for and bury the child, and forward the bill of expenses to Toledo for payment. Who can appreciate the feelings of that poor mother, or sufficiently execrate the brutal conduct of the captain!

KELSEY'S ALTERNATING BEE HIVE.
Patented May 9, 1847.

Entirely New Principles in the Management of Bees.
Simple, Useful, Cheap and Durable.

THESE Hives, the only ones of real value and utility to farmers and others engaged in the culture of Bees, now before the public, are constructed upon natural principles, and combine the following advantages: The Bees are easily fixed in them—it never becomes necessary to kill off the swarms, honey can at all times be taken away when it can be spared by the swarms, or can be added to the assurance of late ones; young swarms can be taken away at the proper season and put into other hives where they go to work without the trouble of swarming or hiving, while the main swarms are never disturbed. The swarms are entirely protected from robbery by neighboring bees, and from moth and insects; they can be handled with perfect safety, and always living and breeding in new homes comes, are kept entirely healthy, and young swarms are always fully developed.

The eggs or embryos of the Bee Moth, or Miller, cannot hatch or mature around these Hives, and therefore the Bees are entirely protected from the ravages of that destructive enemy; while the alternating principle is such that the Bees are kept industrious that a wide season through, by always having plenty of room to work in. Old honey comb cannot accumulate, nor will the Bees "run out" or "die off" in these hives. They have been fully tested by actual use, under the direction of the inventor, and all the swarms and their increase, are now and will remain as good as new young swarms.

Ample directions accompany each Hive, giving full instructions for the management of Bees, which are so simple that any person, with ordinary capacity and attention, cannot fail to be successful in their management and culture.

The Hives are sold very cheap, and all farmers or other persons, who keep bees or wish to commence the profitable culture, will find these Hives all that can be desired, and are invited to call at the American Institute, and S. Mitchell's, 31 Bank street, N. Y. City; L. Freeman's, Burlington, N. J.; Bedell's Temperance House, Syracuse, N. Y.; A. Young's, Geneva, N. Y.; W. Sage's, Waterloo, N. Y.; R. Pardee's, Hudson, Ohio; E. Truesdell, Elgin, Ill., and Col. Taylor's, Galveston, Texas, where they may be found and examined.

Applications for exclusive rights to make and vend them in any part of the Union, apply to WILLIAM R. KELSEY, Patentee, Syracuse, N. Y., or to Albert Kelsey, his son and Agent, Palmer House, Indianapolis. 26 3w

BEE HIVES.—Mr. Albert Kelsey, who is stopping at the Gilt House, commends to the public one of the best models of a bee hive that we have ever seen, various as these contrivances are. It affords positive and complete protection from the bee moth or miller, and is so arranged as to admit of a free circulation of air through it at all times. The honey can, *at any time*, be removed from the hive without disturbing the bees, or more can be added for the sustenance of the swarm if necessary, while the bees are kept healthy by *living in new comb*, all the time. This hive embraces several other improvements, which we are not apiarian enough to detail, but which are readily appreciated on inspection. We refer to the advertisement in another column.—*Cincinnati Daily Times.*

KELSEY'S ALTERNATING BEE HIVE.—Mr. Albert Kelsey, son of the patentee, has been for several weeks in this city, for the purpose of introducing the valuable invention to apiarians. Judge Sinex, Thomas Collins, Esq., and several other gentlemen of this city and vicinity have purchased these hives, and pronounced them superior to any heretofore introduced here; and we have abundant evidence that this hive is all that it is represented to be by the patentee. We have been shown a hive in which a swarm has been at work about two weeks, and they have already nearly filled one box with honey. It is so arranged as to afford a complete protection from the bee-moth or miller, and to admit a free circulation of air through it at all times. The honey can, at any time, be removed from the hive without disturbing the bees, or more can be added for the sustenance of the swarm if necessary, while the bees are kept healthy by living in new comb all the time. It is Mr. Kelsey's intention to visit Indianapolis in a few days, and from the satisfaction his hives have given here, we have no doubt if a fair trial be given, they will prove to be a source of profit and convenience to the bee culturists of Central Indiana.—*New Albany Democrat.*

INDIANAPOLIS FEMALE INSTITUTE.

THE fall and winter session of the Female Institute will commence on Wednesday, 29th of September. The Teachers of the Institute have associated with them Miss Rosina Bullett a graduate and assistant teacher of the Baptist Female Seminary at Charlestown, Massachusetts.

By this arrangement, pupils who wish to take lessons in Latin or in Drawing, Painting, Worsted work, etc., can be accommodated at the Institute, and by a division of labor, more thorough attention can be given to all the studies in each department.

Vocal Music will hereafter be taught as a regular branch of study.

Arrangements have been made to accommodate several young ladies with board in a pious and highly respectable private family, where they will be under the care of one or more of the teachers, and every possible attention given to promote their comfort and improvement. Parents at a distance wishing to place their daughters in the Institute, will please make known their intention, as soon as convenient, by addressing James M. Ray, and provision will be promptly made for their accommodation.

Terms.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

1st Division. Reading, Spelling, and writing on slate,	$2 50
2d Division. The above, with elements of Geography, Arithmetic and Writing,	3 50
3d Division. The above, with Grammar and elements of History,	4 00

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

Natural Philosophy, Algebra, Geometry, Chemistry, Botany, General History, Composition, etc.,	5 00

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

Moral and Mental Philosophy, Butler's Analogy, Elements of Criticism, Astronomy, Physiology, Natural Theology, etc.,	6 00
Extra—French and Latin, each,	3 00
Drawing and Painting,	2 00
Worsted Work,	2 50
Vocal Music,	75
Boarding, per week,	1 50

M. J. AXTELL, Principal.
Indianapolis, August 25, 1847. 26 3w

MARION COUNTY SEMINARY.

THE fall and winter session of this Institution will commence on the 13th of September ensuing. Tuition for the common branches from $3 to $3 50; for the higher branches, from $4 to $5. Hereafter there will be two divisions of the primary department; one division designed for small boys, will be under the instruction of Miss Bray, an experienced and accomplished teacher from the East, the other will be conducted by Mr. J. F. Marley, 1st assistant. The Principal, Mr. B. L. Lang, A. M., together with the special charge of the senior department, will have a general supervision of all.
Aug. 26, 1847. 26 1t 5 Sept S. YANDES, Secy Ed. of Trustees.

INDIANA INSTITUTE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

THE Board of Trustees, appointed by an act of the last Legislature, to organize and direct the management of an institution for the instruction of the Blind in the State of Indiana, to be located at the seat of government, would respectfully announce to their fellow citizens in general, and the parents and guardians of blind youth in particular, that the institution will be ready for the reception of pupils by the first of next October.

The Trustees have felt impelled, for ensuring a favorable commencement of the Institution, to procure the very best buildings and conveniences that could be had, being the establishment before occupied by the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, which is pleasant and extensive, affording accommodation for as many pupils as can probably be induced to apply, until permanent buildings are erected by the State.

In appointing the officers in making such commencement, and in the general arrangements as to the apparatus, furniture, etc., the Trustees have endeavored to provide for the welfare, happiness and improvement of the unfortunate blind of the State, capable of such instruction, for whose benefit the Institution has been established by the enlightened sympathy and liberality of the General Assembly.

Mr. William H. Churchman, the principal Teacher, and discharging the duties of Principal, possesses much experience, and has been highly recommended as a teacher of the Blind, and while from his similar affliction he can fully appreciate the disabilities of the blind, and sympathize with their trials, his excellent attainments, and his manifest apiness to teach, give encouraging prospects of his success.

From the other teachers, the Steward and Matron, the Trustees feel also assured the pupils will receive faithful and careful attention to all their wants, and especially in case of sickness, their friends may rely upon the constant watchfulness and kind care of the Matron, and the attendance of a skillful physician, with every comfort which could be furnished them at home.

The Trustees are extremely solicitous that the parents and friends of blind children shall avail themselves of this opportunity to give them such an education as will render them happy and useful members of society. They will be taught, in addition to the ordinary routine of a good English Education, Vocal and Instrumental Music, and a variety of handicraft employments, by means of which many will be enabled to gain their own livelihood, after passing through a course of instruction in the Institute.

Reading is taught by means of raised letters; the entire Bible, and many other useful works, having been printed in this manner for the use of the blind.

Geography is illustrated with embossed maps, and the Mathematical Studies, with raised figures and diagrams.

Music is learned so thoroughly and scientifically by the blind, that it becomes to them not only a means of recreation, but many are enabled to maintain themselves respectably by it as Teachers, Organists, etc.

Among the trades successfully taught to blind males, are Brush-making, Basket-making, Matrass-making, Carpet and Foot-mat weaving, Rope spinning, etc.; and to the females, plain sewing, with various kinds of knitting, knotting, braiding, and fancy head, and worsted work.

Particular attention will be paid to the moral and religious as well as the physical and intellectual training of the pupils—all being required to attend Divine service regularly, at such churches as may be designated by their parents or guardians, or chosen by themselves.

During the months of August and September, in each year, the school will be vacated, allowing the pupils ample time to visit their friends, and replenish their clothing.

The charge for boarding and tuition will be one hundred dollars per annum, payable in half-yearly instalments; but pupils whose parents or guardians are in such limited circumstances as not to be able to pay therefor, will receive the same free of charge, the Trustees being satisfactorily informed of such inability, by a certificate from the Clerk of the Court, County Treasurer, Auditor, or other responsible person.

Pupils on entering the Institute must in all cases, come provided with an adequate supply of good, comfortable clothing, to be replenished by their friends when necessary.

No one should be sent to the Institute without previous communication with the Trustees; and in applying for the admission of a scholar, the following queries should be answered as accurately as possible, as the result of the application will depend upon the answers given.

1. What are the name and age of the person for whom the application is made?
2. Is his sight so far gone as to render him unable to read and write?
3. Is the blindness accompanied by any physical deformity?
4. May he be considered intelligent and susceptible of mental culture?
5. What are his personal habits and moral character?
6. Can his friends pay any, and how much of the sum required for his boarding and tuition?
7. What is the Post Office address of his parent or guardian?

All letters should be addressed to James M. Ray, Secretary of the Board of Trustees, or to William H. Churchman, acting Principal of the Institute.

GEORGE W. MEARS,
SETON W. NORRIS,
JAMES M. RAY, } Trustees.

☞Editors in the State generally are respectfully requested to publish this notification, or so much of it, or such reference to it, as may be convenient, and may facilitate the desirable objects in view, in the organization of such State Institutions. 26-1 Oct. 1

BLANK NOTE BOOKS.

BOUND in convenient size for pocket use, for sale at this office. Price 50 cents. aug 18 23 tf

LARD WANTED.

THE subscriber will purchase all the Lard brought to hire at reasonable prices for cash and goods. 48 R. HEDDERLY.

COTTON YARNS.

A SMALL lot of Pittsburgh Cotton Yarn for sale at
Indianapolis, June 1, 1847. W. B. PRESTON & CO.'S. 1

CASH paid for Wheat, Oats, and Flaxseed by J. K. SHARPE. 103

PIANO MUSIC—Just received
July 14. 14 *MORRISON & TALBOTT.*

INSTRUCTION BOOKS, for the Piano, Guitar, Flute and Violin
July 14. 14 *MORRISON & TALBOTT.*

THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA—For the Piano.
July 14 14 *MORRISON & TALBOTT.*

BURNET'S NOTES on the early settlement of the Northwestern Territory, just published, and to sale by
MORRISON & TALBOTT.

CASH paid for RAGS.
107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

WRAPPING PAPER—All sizes.
107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT—by E. D. Mansfield. Just received.
107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

NAPOLEON and his Marshals—By J. T. Headley. Just received.
107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

BILLIARD on Real Property—Just received.
110-y MORRISON & TALBOTT.

BLACKFORD'S 7th Vol. of Reports just published. Price $4 00
2d part of 7th vol. $1 75.
110-y MORRISON & TALBOTT.

OLD Rio Coffee, at 10 cents; N. O. Sugar at 10 cents, at
4 T. R. CASE'S.

BLACK, Imperial and Young Hyson Tea—62½ and 75 cents per pound, at
4 T. R. CASE'S.

A LARGE lot of superior Spanish Cigars, just received at
11 CRAIGHEAD'S Drug Store.

WASHINGTON and his Generals—By J. T. Headley. First volume just received. 107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

QUEENSWARE and Glass, a fine assortment at
14 A. H. DAVIDSON'S.

GINGHAMS, Lawns and Prints, a great variety, at
14 DAVIDSON'S

SHIRTING, Pillow-case goods, sheetings and drillings, bleached and unbleached, just received by 11 A. H. DAVIDSON.

MEN's and Boy's fine Kip Brogans, at
4 T. R. CASE'S.

LADIES' Slippers, Shoes, and French Kid Ties, at
4 CASE'S.

Willoughby Medical College of Columbus.

THE regular session of lectures in this Institution will commence on *Wednesday, the third day of November next*, and continue sixteen weeks. There will be six lectures daily, excepting Saturdays.

The following are the Professors:

H. B. CHIRES, M. D., *Prof. of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.*
JOHN GEYSERFELD, M. D., *Prof. of Special Pathology and Practice of Medicine.*
T. RODI SPENCER, M. D., *Prof. of Materia Medica and General Pathology.*
RICHARD L. HOWARD, M. D., *Prof. of Principles and Practice of Surgery.*
JESSE P. SCOTTS, M. D., *Prof. of Anatomy and Physiology.*
FREDERICK WALRICK, A. M., *Prof. of Chemistry.*
SAMUEL M. SMITH, M. D., *Prof. of Medical Jurisprudence and Insanity.*
NOBLE GAY, M. D., *Demonstrator of Anatomy.*

Preliminary Course of Lectures.

There will be a preliminary course of lectures delivered during the month of October, to commence on the 5th, on the following subjects:

PHYSICAL DIAGNOSIS, *by Prof. Butterfield.*
SURGERY OF THE EYE, *by Prof. Howard.*
ANATOMY OF THE VISCERA *by Prof. Judkins and Dr. Gay.*
GENERAL THERAPEUTICS, &c., *by Prof. Smith.*

No charge is made for the Fees of the Preliminary course.

Fees for the Tickets of all the Professors, $55 00
Matriculation, 3 00
Dissecting Ticket, 5 00
Board, including room, fuel, lights, &c., from $1 50 to $2 00 per week.

Surgical operations and prescriptions, made before the class, gratuitous. JOHN BUTTERFIELD, *Dean.*
Columbus, Aug. 11, 1847. 23 4w—*O. Statesman.*

HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

For Cisterns, Water Masonry, and general uses, as a SOLID and ENDURING MORTAR. Manufactured and Warranted by the EAGLE CEMENT CO., Madison, In.

Culver Woodburn, Agent, West street.

THE demand for Hydraulic Cement—*Water Lime*—although confined to the West, almost exclusively to its use as a plaster for Cisterns, is every year increasing, while in the East, where its application to more general uses is better known, the annual consumption approaches nearly to that of quick lime. It is there employed as a mortar for every kind of masonry; and in all cases where solid and enduring work is required, its use is considered indispensable. It is also moulded into pipes for conveying water under ground, and is found to be cheaper and far better than any kind of metal or wooden pipes—forming in reality a conductor of *Solid Stone*, which must endure for ages.

It is considered invaluable as a plaster for damp walls, either basements or cellars; for rough coating upon either brick or stone masonry; and when applied as a coating upon floor walls, is a perfect security against the inconvenience which otherwise attends every rainy season.

The proprietors of the Eagle Cement Works have now completed their preparations for manufacturing the article into market on an extensive scale. From an analysis made by Prof. Locke of Cincinnati, and from the numerous tests to which this Cement has been rigidly subjected, they feel confident in offering it to the public as an article equal to any in the United States.

Orders addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention. A manual, containing full instructions for working the Cement in all its various uses, will be issued in a few days, and may be had gratis upon application as above. CULVER WOODBURN,
25 2w Agent, West street, Madison, In

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF OHIO.

THE annual course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the first *Monday in November*, and close in the last week of February.

Faculty.

JOHN T. SHEWITT, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
JOHN LOCKE, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
R. D. MUSSEY, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
L. M. LYONS, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica, Therapeutics and General Pathology.
M. B. WAGNER, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JOHN P. HARRISON, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.

The fees for admission to the lectures of the Professors is $15 each—making the aggregate $90—to be paid in advance. The Matriculation fee is $5, and continues valid for all courses of lectures during the session. The ticket for attendance at the hospital is $5, and the dissecting ticket $10, either of which may be taken or omitted at pleasure.

The Dissecting Rooms will open early in October, under the direction of the Professor of Anatomy, and his assistant, John DAVIS, M. D. A preparatory course will be given in October, by the Professors gratuitously, both in the college and hospital, to those who may wish to attend the lectures at the ensuing session. Boarding from two to three dollars per week.

By order of the Faculty, M. B. WRIGHT, M. D., Dean.
24-3w $2—*Cin. Gazette.*

TO SINKING FUND BORROWERS.

WHERE interest was due and unpaid *on the first day of July last*, on loans from the Sinking Fund, the funds mortgaged in security will be sold at public auction, on the last day of October next, and on the second Saturday of December next, according to law, unless payment be made before advertising. Where not more than one year's interest prior to said first of July last may be due, and the security is deemed sufficient, and the borrower unable to pay, present payment of such interest will be accepted in full, and the borrower shall proceed to this office a written agreement to pay interest on the interest so due and withheld—a form of which is given below.

SINKING FUND OFFICE. J. MORRISON, Pres't.
Indianapolis, Aug. 21, 1847.

FORM OF AGREEMENT.

I agree to pay interest upon the interest due and unpaid on the loan of $——— presented by me from the State of Indiana, through the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

Witness, } Given under my hand, this ———
} day of ——— 1847.

☞The following papers will please give three insertions, and forward their accounts to this office, viz: Courier and Journal, Lafayette; Palladium and Independent, Richmond; Courier and Express, Terre Haute; Courier and Banner, Madison; Journal, Evansville; News, Michigan City; Democrat, Goshen. 25

Wilson's American History.

THIS is a new and useful work recently published containing nearly 700 pages octavo, comprising a history of the Indian tribes; a description of American antiquities; History of the United States; British provinces; history of Mexico down to the battle of Monterey; and Texas to the time of its admission into the American Union, with marginal dates, and 125 marginal maps and engravings illustrative of the work. Persons not called on for subscription can have the work by calling at my residence on upper Spring street. L. W. YOUNG,
New Albany, Ind., June 29, 21 8w General Agent for Indiana.

PERU AND INDIANAPOLIS RAILROAD.

AT a meeting of the Directors of the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company, held in Tipton, county of Tipton, Indiana, on Saturday the 24th day of July, A. D., 1847, it was by said Board of Directors ordered that the books be opened for the subscription of stock in the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company on the second Monday of September next, accompanied with a part two paying the balance in so many the counties as to be at discretionary with the Directors where the road shall be commenced, and for other purposes; and that S. V. B. Noel be appointed to open the books in Marion county.

SEXTON J. JACKSON, Secretary,
Peru and Indianapolis Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given, that, in obedience to the above appointment, books will be opened at this a one time for the subscription of stock to the Peru and Indianapolis Railroad at the store of
Aug. 11. 23 S. V. B. NOEL.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND of 5 per cent. for the last six months was declared by the Board of Directors of the Madison and Indianapolis Railroad Company on the 19th instant, and will be paid to the stockholders of the Madison Branch Bank on and after the 25th day of the month.

Persons wishing to have their dividends entered upon new stock, will notify the Secretary before the 10th day of September next.

W. N. JACKSON, Secretary.
Railroad Office, Madison, August 20, 1847. 24 1w

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY.

THE Fall Session of this Institution will commence on Thursday, the second day of September next. Terms as heretofore.
Indianapolis, Aug. 16, 1847. 23-3w

☞There are a great many remedies which will break the Chills by their large doses of Quinine and Mineral, yet frequently the remedy is worse than the disease, as the system is more predisposed than before. But *Scovill's Vegetable Ague Spring*, which can be had at Owsley & Co's, not only breaks the chills in twenty four hours, but by following the directions, strictly prevents the disease from returning, and is perfectly safe for the youngest infant to take. They are also agents for *Dr. Rogers's Compound Syrup of Liverwort and Tar*, which has made so many remarkable cures in cases of diseased lungs. 23-3w

LAW BOOKS.

THE gentlemen of the legal profession are respectfully invited to call and examine a very complete and valuable assortment of Law Books just received—some of which are of very recent publication, and should be in the Library of every lawyer. Cheap for cash.
107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

STATIONERY.

LETTER and Cap Paper, Ink, Quills, Steel Pens, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Inkstands, Slates, Sand, Pencils, Bristol Boards, Drawing and Envelope Paper, Letter Envelopes, &c.
107 MORRISON & TALBOTT.

Carpet and Coverlet Warps.

A well as every number of Cotton Yarn, kept constantly on hand by Aug. 6. 20-tf S. V. B. & T. R. NOEL.

RAZORS AND KNIVES.

A SPLENDID assortment of Razors and Knives, which can be recommended as the best article now in use, for sale by
61 C. A. FERGUSON.

TINWARE, STONEWARE, &c.

A GENERAL assortment of Tinware, Stoneware, and Earthenware may be found at 48 HEDDERLY'S.

I HAVE FOUND A TREASURE.

SO says the consumptive who has been laboring under a distressing *Cough, Pain in the Side and Breast, Chills*, and debilitating *night sweats*, and could not find any relief. So says the *Asthmatic*, whose difficulty of breathing was such that he could not lie down at night. So says the person who has been *bleeding at the Lungs*, and who failed day by day until he met with this invaluable help. Would you know its name?

Sherman's Oleostonian,
Or All-Healing Balsam.

Is this invaluable treasure, which has done more during the past six months in relieving the above diseases, than any other remedy in the world. This is no humbug, nor is any deception practiced, as the testimonials are left at the office for the inspection of all who may wish to see them. Over

Three Thousand Persons

Have used this great remedy in the city of New York alone since the 29th of March last, and no complaint has ever yet been made concerning its effects, on the contrary, all who have ever used it speak of it in terms of unqualified praise, and among the number of cases which have been treated by the Oleostonian are not found many of

The most Astonishing Cures

On record. Read the following, and some of your doubts concerning the efficacy of this remedy may be removed.

Mrs. Willey, the wife of F. Willey, Esq., residing at 133 West 17th street, was given up by the two physicians who attended her, and left to die. Every day was expected to be her last. Her disease was pronounced consumptive and during her sickness she raised very large quantities of blood. Her Cough was incessant, her weakness and emaciation very great. After using the Oleostonian, or All Healing Balsam a short time, she was entirely relieved, and is now attending to her family duties about the house, where those who doubt can call and see her if they feel sufficiently interested.

Artemas Raymond, who resided during his sickness at 339 Madison street, but has since removed to Providence, R. I., was attended by seven of the best physicians in the city. They attended him the better part of three months and gave up his case as hopeless. They pronounced his disease an *Abscess or Excoriation of the Liver, and Scrofula of the Lungs*. They told him they could not help him, and that he must die, as his Lungs were entirely gone. He had a monstrous tumour in the side which was opened and discharged over three pints of matter from the Liver, exactly resembling that raised from the Lungs. He was persuaded by his friends to try the Oleostonian, and after using two bottles was entirely restored.

We would relerat all who doubt the authenticity of this case to *Mr. Isaac Lobsigh*, 27 Norfolk street, who visited Mr. Raymond during his sickness, and was familiar with his treatment.

A Hundred Cases

Equally as unpromising in their commencement, have been cured effectually by this great Remedy.

Have you a troublesome Cough? Do you Raise Blood? Are you troubled with Asthma, or difficulty and shortness of Breathing? Have you Night Sweats? Be cautious. Do not be deceived in the means you make use of to relieve yourself.

Here is the Remedy.

TOMLINSON BROTHERS, *Agents at Indianapolis.*
April 21, 1847. 100-6m

NO DECEPTION.

NOT a week passes away without we have to record some of the most astonishing cures of long continued Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Bleeding at the Lungs, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, and the various diseases to which the Lungs and Throat are subject, by

Sherman's Oleostonian,
Or All-Healing Balsam.

It has proved itself to be the best medicine ever offered to the public. Thousands have already tested its virtues, and have never found it to fail in curing the disease for which it is recommended. Nor do they have to wait long in order to know whether it will be productive of good effects, as they are assured that if

One Bottle

Produces *no good effects* upon the sufferer, twenty Bottles will not, and it is not, therefore, necessary that they should spend their money in vain.

Beware of a Slight Cough.

Although it is passed over as unimportant, it will soon become seated —Consumption follows in its wake. Take heed to a *pain in the side and soreness in the chest*—especially if attended with raising of *Mucous*, streaked with *Blood*. These are dangerous symptoms; and they are quickly and effectually overcome by the above remedy. Ask the sufferer from that distressing complaint,

Asthma.

What he thinks of the Oleostonian or All Healing Balsam, and he will tell you he cannot live comfortably without it. It relieves all that *difficulty of breathing, Cough, and Tightness of the Chest* since most which relieving Asthma, and there is no other remedy in the world will do. Witness the case of Henry Jackson, 13th street, William Bond, the well known Boston Cracker Baker, Brook ten; Mr. Wilkinson, Hoboken; Mrs. Bell, Morrisiown, N. J.; Mrs. Lorenzo Weeks, 142 Fenth street, Williamsburgh; Gresham, Woodstock, Ulster county, and Mrs. Archibald, 55 White street.

Raising of Blood

Is effectually checked by this remedy, when all other means have failed. Hundreds of cases might be related, where persons in the city have been given up, and pronounced as just hope, who have been restored to their former health by the employment of Health. Mrs. Thompson, 302 Mulberry street; Dennis Kelly, 28 Water street; Charles Roberts, 171 Canal street; Henry Lisloss, 199 Rivington street; and hundreds of others, who have used the remedy, can testify to the truth of the above assertion. Beware of using only

Palliative Remedies.

They lull into apparent security, but the progress of the disease is unchecked, and death ensues. Resort at once to this Great Remedy, and you will not be disappointed in your hopes.

For sale at 138 Nassau street, one door above Ann.

TOMLINSON BROTHERS, *Agents at Indianapolis.*
April 21, 1847. 100-6m

BOARDING.

MRS. GOLDSBERRY, two doors north of Roberts' Chapel, is prepared to accommodate either single gentlemen or small families, on reasonable terms. 11

A FIRST RATE FAMILY CARRIAGE,

A quantity of Hollow Spade and Shoes, and about twenty head of Sheep for sale. ☞Apply as above. 13.

ECLECTIC MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE next Fall and Winter course of Lectures commences in this Institution on the first Monday in November, and continues four months, which is immediately succeeded by the Spring and Summer session, which also continues four months. A gratuitous preliminary course commences on the first Monday in October, and continues one month.

Faculty:

B. L. Hill, M. D., Anatomy and Operative Surgery,	$10 00
L. E. Jones, M. D., Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Botany,	10 00
J. H. Oliver, M. D., Chemistry and Pharmacy,	10 00
W. Beach, M. D., Surgery and Clinical Medicine,	10 00
A. H. Eldridge, M. D., Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children	10 00
J. R. Buchanan, M. D., Physiology, Institutes of Medicine and Medical Jurisprudence,	10 00
T. V. Morrow, M. D., Pathology, Theory and Practice of Medicine,	10 00

Matriculation Ticket $3. Use of Library $2. Graduation Fee $10. Demonstrator's Ticket $5, optional.

$100 paid on or before the first Monday in November next, will be received for tuition in full of one student. Or $50 paid by the first of October next, will secure all the tickets for one full course, the Demonstrator's ticket, the use of Library and Matriculation ticket excepted. The Institute received its charter in 1845. The College office