# WEEKLY SENTINEL.

WEDNESDAY.....APRIL 3, 1861

### Meteorological Observations.

BY R. MATHEW.

Range of thermometer (above zero) for the week ending Saturday, March 30, 1861.

| | 7 A. M. | 2 P. M. | 9 P. M. | Daily Av. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sunday, March 24,.... | 28 | 47 | 42 | 41 |
| Monday, 25,..... | 44 | 59 | 53 | 49.8 |
| Tuesday, 26,..... | 54 | 57 | 48 | 54 |
| Wednesday, 27,..... | 34 | 36 | 32 | 34.5 |
| Thursday, 28,..... | 34 | 69 | 53 | 51.8 |
| Friday, 29,..... | 56 | 68 | 43 | 59.5 |
| Saturday, 30,..... | 36 | 44 | 33 | 40.5 |

The average temperature for the last 20 days of February and three first days of March, (23 days) was 42.8 deg. and for the next 18 days, 4th to 21st March, average 35.4 deg., making a difference of 7.4 warmer in February and the first four days of March.

PHOTOGRAPHS ON CANVAS.—It is indisputable that the best photographs can be taken directly on canvas. The art has lately been improved by some new chemical application so as to make the canvas photographs the best in appearance, as they are certainly as regards durability. Messrs. Hays & Runnion have been taking photographs in this way for some time. The fine picture of Judge Hughes in the State Library, taken at their gallary and painted by Mr. Hays, is one of this kind. It is greatly admired as a fine specimen of painting. There have been some very recent improvements in the chemicals for preparing the canvas to be used in photographing, which Messrs. Hays & Runnion are in possession of. We advise our friends who desire pictures to call at their rooms, No. 32½ East Washington street.

A FAMILY BLESSING.—"In lifting the kettle from the fire it caught and scalded my hands and person very severely—one hand almost to a crisp. The torture was unbearable. It was an awful sight. * * * * * * * * The Mustang Liniment appeared to extract the pain almost immediately. It healed rapidly and left no scar of account. CHARLES FOSTER, *420 Broad Street, Philadelphia.*" It is truly a wonderful article. It will cure any case of Swelling, Burns, Stiff Joints, Eruptions or Rheumatism. For horses it should never be dispensed with. One Dollar's worth of Mustang has frequently saved a valuable horse. It cures Galls, Sprains, Ringbone, Spavin and Founders. *Beware of imitation and counterfeits.* A counterfeit was put in circulation from St. Louis and duly suppressed. All genuine will hereafter bear the signature of G. W. WESTBROOK, Chemist, and D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, with the words "Trade" "Mark," in two Medallions of the Federal Currency. Three Sizes. Sold throughout the habitable globe.

D. S. BARNES & CO.,
mch14-d&w2m New York.

☞ Hunnewell's Universal Cough Remedy, so perfectly adapted to all lung and bronchial complaints, common and inflammatory sore throat, whooping cough, common and spasmodic coughs, even to actual consumptions, owes its most perfect results by being strictly confined to that law of simples which *which makes results perfect.* Its opposite to most preparations is that it may be taken, without the least restraint, every hour in the day if necessary, without producing nausea or prostration. In its preparation neither opiates nor expectorants are allowed to disturb the natural law, and as soon as its work is done on the throat and lungs, it then becomes a beautiful and perfect tonic. If our friends will accept our declarations, that we prefer to rest on the true character os both the Universal Cough Remedy and Tolu Anodyne, by actual results of fair trials, using all care to purchase the genuine of both, and read the pamplets to be found with all dealers, in place of sweeping declarations, we will abide their decision. Sold by all dealers in town. See advertisement.

☞ As the gardening season is approaching persons intending to build should select their lots at once and begin improving them. Delzell & Smith, real estate agents, have some very desirable ones on easy terms.

HOW O'CONNELL SOLD MR. RUSSELL, THE TIMES MAN.—The Mr. Russell who now represents the London *Times* here, is the same gentleman sent by that journal to Ireland to report O'Connell's speeches, during the Repeal agitation. One of the first meetings the man attended was in Kerry. Having heard of O'Connell's polite qualities, he thought he would ask that gentleman's permission to take a *verbatim* account of the oration. The "Liberator" not only consented, but, in his oiliest manner, informed the assembled audience that "until that gintle man was provided with all writin' convaniencies, he wouldn't spake a word," assuming an extra brogue, which was altogether unnecessary. Russell was delighted. The preparations began, and were completed. Russell was ready.

"Are you quite ready?" asked Dan.

"Quite ready."

"Now, are you sure you're entirely ready?"

"I'm certain, Sir. Yes."

The crowd becoming excited and impatient, Dan said: "Now, 'pon my conscience I won't begin the speech till the London gintleman is intirely ready."

After waiting another moment or so, O'Connell advanced; eyes glistened; ears were all attention; and the reportorial pencil arose. Dan gave one more benignant smile on the correspondent, winked at the auditors, and *commenced his speech in the Irish language*, to the irrepressible horror of the present editor of the *Army and Navy Gazette*, and to the infinite delight of all Kerry.

THE JERKS.—We learn from the eastern portion of the county that the peculiar "jerking malady," which prevailed about eight miles south of Warren, during the winter, has not yet subsided. The first evidence of it were in those who had been attending a protracted religious meeting, and been brought under the influence of religion, but we now learn that it has extended further, and effected persons who had not attended the meetings, nor were in any way under religious excitement. Those affected are chiefly females. They lose control over their limbs to a great extent, and some instances, have fainting fits.—*Galena Advertiser.*

### INDIANA ITEMS.

—HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A young German girl was burned to death near Corydon, Indiana, on Tuesday last, by her clothes catching fire while engaged in burning brush in a field.

—A COINCIDENCE.—Two years ago, when the Legislature adjourned, Andrew J. Power, a Representative from Kosciusko county, died soon after his return home. Thomas G. Boydston, a Representative from the same county, and a member of the Legislature recently adjourned, also died in a few days after reaching home. Both gentlemen died from the same disease—inflammation of the brain.

—Col. Wm. Jenners, an old citizen of Lafayette, and the late Breckinridge elector in the Eighth District, was assaulted by a gang of rowdies in Lafayette the other night. His cries attracted the attention of several gentlemen, who put the cowardly assailants to flight, but not until Col. J. was severely injured.

—We learn from the New Albany *Ledger* that the protracted meeting which has been in progress at the Christian Church in that city for the past two weeks closed on Sunday. About thirty persons connected themselves with the church during the revival. There were between two hundred and fifty and three hundred communicants at sacrament on Sunday.

—HEAVY PRODUCE SALE.—The provision house of Messrs. J. D. Early & Son, of Terre Haute, Indiana, on Saturday last, made a sale to a Baltimore house of 300 hhds of bacon at 7@9c. delivered at Terre Haute, the gross purchase reaching about $25,000. This is not only a good price, but the transaction is a heavy one, for a single article, in one day, and is equal to the sales reported in most of the large cities. The contract was made by telegraph.

—A YOUNG LADY KIDNAPPED.—Mrs. Ruth S. Morgan, of New Harmony, Indiana, gives notice through the Uniontown (Ky.) *News* that one John Hugo, of New Harmony, Indiana, has enticed her daughter away from her, and that he had her secreted for the past three months. She thus describes her: She has light hair, light complexion, grayish blue eyes, Roman nose, scar of a cut across her forehead, is about five feet two inches high, eighteen years of age, well proportioned, and is considered handsome. Hugo is a spiritualist, a carpenter, and has a wife and several children in New Harmony.

—KNOX COUNTY BONDS.—It will be remembered that in the first suit of Aspinwall and others against the County Commissioners of Knox county, the Circuit Court of the United States at Indianapolis awarded a *mandamus* to the Commissioners to levy a tax to pay the interest on the county bonds. The Commissioners appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States. We have seen a letter from the Hon. S. F. Vinton of Washington City, stating that on the 14th of March the Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the Circuit Court. Hence we suppose the writ of *mandamus* will soon issue.—*Vincennes Gazette.*

## All Sorts of Paragraphs.

—The cost of the Crimean war is said to have been $250,000,000.

—It is said that $10,000,000 are annually gambled away on faro in New York.

—Charleston, South Carolina, exults in the possession now of a steam fire engine, the manufacture of her own mechanics.

—The New York *World* says that about one-third of the German population of the West are applicants for consulships.

—Rev. Thomas Whittemore, a distinguished Universalist preacher, died at Cambridgeport, Massachusetts, on Friday last.

—Mr. A. N. Miller, founder, of Savannah, has just completed a piece of ordnance for the State, a twenty four pounder, by way of experiment.

—There is a young lady in Boston so refined in language that she never uses the word "blackguard," but substitutes "African sentinel."

—Quite a sensation was created in Wheeling the other day by a bogus dispatch, announcing that the *Harriet Lane* had been fired into by the Carlisle battery.

—A Baltimore letter says that "about six hundred young men have left this city during the past two months, as enlisted soldiers of the Southern Confederate army."

—President Lincoln's reception in Trenton, New Jersey, for a few hours, cost the State $2,008! This is even more extravagant than the Albany one.

—A buxom dame lately sued in a London Court for divorce on the ground that her husband was objectionable because he wore a silver nose.

—Mrs. Cora D. V. Hatch, "the medium," says she has received a lecture on secession from Gen. Andrew Jackson, and has published it in pamphlet form.

—The New York *Commercial Advertiser* offers reasons why Fort Sumter should be blown up rather than be allowed to pass into the hands of South Carolina in its present condition.

—Under the head of "terrible retribution" we find it chronicled that a young, unmarried girl of St. Louis, who "loved not wisely, but too well," gave birth, on Tuesday, to three children. All are doing well.

—Senator Wilson, speaking of his belief that Lincoln will stand firmly by the Chicago platform, asks, "When ought a man to forsake his principles?" "When they are *bad*," replies the New York *Daybook*.

—Not long since M. Jacquet died at Rouen, leaving all his fortune to a lady in Paris. Singular to relate, the lady died about the same hour leaving to M. Jacquet all her money. The heirs of both are to contest which was the survivor.

—An ingenious English inventor proposes to remedy the want of bust in ladies of "a given thickness," by a jacket, to be inflated by the wearer to the proper shape, and, as Willis would say, "plumptitude."

—A fellow down East being asked whether the liquor he was drinking was a good article, replied: "Wal, I don't know, I guess so. There is one queer thing about it, whenever I wipe my mouth I burn a hole in my shirt!"

—Some 300,000 tons of old bells have arrived in West Troy, New York, to be re-cast. They come from Mexico, and bear a very antique appearance. One purports to have been cast ninety-seven years since, and the others range in date from fifty to seventy-five years.

—It is related at Washington that recently an office seeker called upon Secretary Chase having with him his wife and children, and expected as he expressed it, to be set right to work. He came from Indiana. The children, wife and the baggage were all up to the Secretary's office.

—"Don't put too much confidence in the lover's vows and sighs," said Mrs. Partington to her niece; "let him tell you that you have lips like strawberries and cream, cheeks like tarnation, eyes like an asterisk; but such things oftener come from a tender head than a tender heart."

—An unhappy British merchant writes to a London paper his complaints of female extravagance, and says his three daughters' clothes cost him $10,000 per annum. He pretends that he wouldn't grumble if his dinner was always dressed as well as his family.

—Says the pleasant Providence *Journal:* "There is no trusting to March. Only last Sunday a jolly old cock strutted over our tulip-bed, and crowed lustily under our chamber window, and yesterday, under the same window, a tight young Irishman shovelled and sung in a snow-bank."

—The town of Madisonville, Ky., was about half burned down on Saturday week. A mother, father, and two children, named Aikens, were burned to death. The building in which the fire started was set on fire by a drunken fellow out of revenge against the proprietor. Two arrests have been made.

—The venerable Mrs. Harper, daughter of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, who died in Baltimore some time since, was present as a child when the Washington resigned his commission at Annapolis. Her picture may be seen as one of the two auburn-haired girls in Col. Trumbull's painting in the rotunda of the national capital at Washington.

—Some of the papers say that the wife of President Jeff. Davis is a native of Indiana, having been born near Vincennes. We presume reference is made to the first wife of Mr. Davis, a daughter of Gen. Taylor, who was at one time stationed at Vincennes in a military capacity. The present Mrs. Davis is a daughter of Col. Howell of New Orleans.

☞—It is not only a very remarkable coincidence, but a very significant fact, that on the 4th of March, the day which ushered our new Administration at Washington into power, Mr. Gregory, in the British House of Commons, "gave notice that on an early day he would call the attention of her Majesty's Government to the expediency of a prompt recognition of the Southern Confederacy of America."

—A correspondent of the Providence *Post*, writing from Newport, says:

"We have looked to-day, by the invitation of the Hon. Wm. B. Lawrence, into his magnificent conservatory, which is covered with glass for a distance of three hundred feet in length, and is divided into eight compartments. From this artificial garden have been gathered new potatoes, strawberries, &c., for the proprietor's table since Christmas. Pineapples have recently ripened, and have been sent among his friends. Fruits like these, together with peaches, pears, &c., are grown in pots and in graceful hanging baskets, much to the wonder of the beholder. The orchard-house is one of the lions of Newport.

—The Charleston correspondent of the Richmond *Dispatch* writes:

"There have been but two Postmasters in the city of Charleston since the days of Washington. General Washington appointed Mr. Balot in 1797, who served until his death, when the present incumbent, Mr. Huger (pronounced Uger) was appointed by Mr. Monroe. Mr. Huger is now over seventy years—Huguenot blood—a gentleman of commanding and venerable appearance.

"We have never had at this port but four Collectors of the Customs since the formation of the United States, and one of these Collectors died soon after being appointed.

—One by one the wolves which prey upon the lower classes are being cornered and shot. The next downfall among the vulpine genus promises to be that of the pawnbroker. Last Wednesday afternoon there was a meeting of gentlemen in New York to consider the propriety of organizing a Pawners' or Loaners' Bank, similar to the one which has been established for one year in Boston. It is proposed that the capital of this bank shall be $500,000; that it shall not be a bank of issue, and that one and a half per cent. a month shall be charged on all loans. There are fifty-four pawnbrokers' shops in full blast in New York. The largest amount of money kept on loan in any one of them is $150,000. From ninety to ninety-five per cent. of the pledges are redeemed. Most of the shops charge twenty-five per cent. on all loans. The loans of one concern amounts to $360,000 per annum.

—Louis Napoleon has now to contend with the greatest moral power in France that he has yet encountered. His policy in Italy has brought down on his head the anger of the clergy, whose denunciations are, as may be imagined, the reverse of flattering. The Bishops have taken the lead in this work of vituperating the head of the State, and one of them, the Bishop of Poictiers, compares him to Pontius Pilate. The recent pamphlet of the Bishop of Orleans, in reply to the Government one respecting the temporal power of the Pope, abounds with strong passages condemnatory of the Imperial policy. There is also a formidable clerical party in the Representative Chambers, and a struggle is evidently impending in France between the Church and the Government. Hitherto, or at least until recently, the Emperor has been a favorite with the clergy; now he has to count on their hostility, and the effect of this opposition on the Imperial policy will speedily display itself.

HOW IT WORKS.—The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* says: It is idle to deny that the foreign importers are greatly alarmed lest the present state of things, bad as it now is, is to be aggrevated by the MORRILL tariff and the anticipated competition from the seceded States. It is also true that not a few of them are making arrangements to transfer their business to the South. Politicians for partisan purposes, may pooh, pooh these things, but they are facts, **nevertheless."**

## Telegraphic.

### Washington Correspondence.

NEW YORK, Saturday, March 30.

The *Post's* special dispatch says it is reported that Henry Winter Davis will be appointed Minister to China.

A great many clerks were removed to-day, particularly in the Treasury and Interior Departments.

The New York *Herald's* correspondent says the Government has finally determined to abandon Sumter as soon as a vessel to take Anderson's command can reach Charleston Harbor.

At last accounts the garrison had only supplies for a few days.

It is positively denied that any order has been given for the reinforcement of Fort Pickens.

The *Times'* correspondent says Judge Barton, of Kentucky, will decline the Chief Justiceship of Dacotah, and probably will obtain a better appointment.

Minister Corwin goes to Mexico in the steamer *Tennesse* from New Orleans on the 5th of April.

The *World's* correspondent says information was received that the Florida Legislature had passed an act making it treason and punishable with death on conviction for any one to accept office under the Federal Government who resides in that State after collision between the Federal and Confederate troops.

The Postmaster General has issued orders for supplying better paper, to be cut, gummed and embossed with three cent. postage stamps, combining in one both letter-sheet and envelope.

The *Tribune's* correspondent says the Fort Sumter question is still undetermined, and will be so several days, and also reiterates that orders have been sent to land troops at Fort Pickens.

### From New York.

NEW YORK, Friday, March 29.

The *Quaker City*, from Havana on Monday, has arrived.

Much excitement existed at Havana on the subject of the annexation of San Domingo to Spain. It seems that a system of Spanish emigration has been going on to that island—the emigrants being instructed when the proper time arrived to hoist the Spanish flag and invoke the protection of Spain. This was done on the 16th of March, to the astonishment of the blacks and natives.

When the news reached Havana, the frigate *Blanco*, fully armed with a large number of regular troops, was dispatched, sailing on the 23d.

Two screw steamers will soon follow with 5,000 regulars.

A large naval and military force of 10,000 men is said to be on the way from Spain.

It is stated that Hayti will soon share the same fate as San Domingo, with the consent of France.

It is said a million of dollars is *en route* from Spain to aid the metallic circulation of the island.

Sugar is quiet.

NEW YORK, Saturday, March 30.

General Mirimon, who arrived on the *Quaker City*, is said to be *en route* to Spain to urge the acquisition of Mexico.

Prince Alfred left Barbadoes on the 12th for St. Vincent.

Orders have been received to get the store ship *Release* ready for sea. It is believed she will take supplies to the Gulf Squadron.

The steamer *Star of the West* was seen on the 23d, within a day's sail of Indianola, Texas.

The steamer *Daniel Webster* arrived this forenoon. She reports that she landed at Ft. Jefferson and Tortugas, Companies M. and L. First Artillery, and at Fort Taylor, Key West, Companies F. and K., of the same regiment. She reports that the Indians are creating great havoc among the people of Texas, killing some and running off their stock. Major Sibley chastised some of the savages.

Cortinas was understood to be only waiting the departure of the troops to commence operations on a larger scale than before.

Advices from Mexico report the stage from Mexico to Vera Cruz, containing two Americans and five other passengers, was attacked by a band of twenty robbers, and Lieutenant Dick, of the United States army, and another American, defended themselves, killing five and wounding seven of the robbers, the balance fled. The Americans were both wounded.

### Financial.

CHICAGO, Saturday, March 30.

The banks of the city on Monday will throw out notes of the following thirty two Illinois banks:

Albion, Benton, Carmi, Chester, Federal, Union, Quincy, Republic, Belvidere, Canal, Citizen's, of New Haven; Continental, Corn Planters, Farmers' & Traders', Farmers' Bank of Illinois, Farmers' Bank of Canton, Frontier, Grand Prairie, Illinois, State, Lancaster, Merchants' and Drovers', Mississippi River, New Market, Planet, Prairie State, Railroad, Shawnees, Pike County, Edgar County, Morgan County and Southern Illinois.

These banks have a circulation of about $350,000,000 based upon Missouri, Tennessee and Louisiana stocks. At the present market rate of securities the notes are worth 85@90 cts on the dollar.

Thomas P. Shallcross, Special Agent of the Postoffice Department, took charge of the Chicago Postoffice to-day by order of the President, for causes alleged arrears and faulty accounts, running through even a longer period than the present Postmaster. The city is rife with rumors, many of them doubtless highly exaggerated.

PITTSBURGH, Saturday, March 30.

The merchants and business men of the city are very generally standing up firmly against receiving depreciated currency, except at brokers' rates.

To-day Missouri and Virginia money is received 6 per cent. discount. The farmers will not receive it at all, and this kind of currency is worthless to purchasers of produce from first hands.

The indications are, that Pittsburgh will be a par point. Many of the manufacturers pay their hands exclusively in par money already.

### Western News.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Friday, March 29.

The lower House of the Kansas Legislature was organized on the 27th by the election of A. P. DeGraff, (Rep.) Speaker. He is understood to favor Parrett and Lane for Senators.

Gov. Robinson's message is mainly devoted to local affairs. He recommends suitable acknowledgments by the Legislature for the generous relief given to the needy citizens of Kansas. He recommends that the credit of the State be used for the relief of her citizens if necessary. Says seed has been furnished in abundance for planting, and hopes a general call for relief will soon cease.

### From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 29.

Information from the Ordnance Department about the cannon sent from Bellview to Richmond, states that they were contracted for three years ago.

The receipts in the Treasury $600,000; net balance on hand, $1,488,000.

It is said that Mr. Lane, recently confirmed Judge, will endeavor to hold court at Athens, Alabama.

### From Boston.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 30.

The British ship *W. Hammond*, from New Orleans for Cork, was abandoned on the 16th inst. in lat. 35, long. 65. The crew, twenty-four in number were taken off by the Dutch brig *Sirene*, which has arrived here from Rotterdam.

Samuel Shaw, late Chief Justice of Massachusetts, died this morning suddenly.

### From Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, March 29.

The Methodist Conference adopted a report repealing the new chapter on slavery inserted in the discipline at the last Conference; also concurred in the resolution of the Baltimore Conference requesting the General Conference to repeal the chapter on slavery.

### Southern News.

NEW ORLEANS, Saturday, March 30.

The steamer *Coatzocoalcos* arrived off Matagorda Bay on the 25th inst., to take away the Federal troops. It is reliably stated that the troops will be landed at New York.

Eight hundred troops are awaiting transportation at Indianola. Several companies are expected from San Antonio.

JACKSON, MISS., Saturday, March 30.

The convention to-day ratified the constitution —78 against 7.

RICHMOND, VA., Friday, March 29.

Resolutions to terminate debate, on Tuesday, were violently opposed.

Mr. Rives spoke several hours in favor of the Union.

### Navigation Opened.

CLEVELAND, Saturday, March 30.

The screw steamer *Olean*, of the New York & Erie Railroad line, arrived here this morning from Dunkirk. Navigation is now open to Dunkirk, and all the steamers in the above line will run regular for the season.

### From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, March 28.

Drafts drawn on the Cataract Bank at Lockport, New York, on the Ocean Bank, New York, for $7,000, were sold to bankers here yesterday. One party was arrested, and $50,000 of the same kind of drafts were found in his trunk. Another party has gone west with $40,000. The first drafts sold were intended to be paid in order that the parties might get their credit up, but it is believed a grand fraud was contemplated.

Perry J. Moore, a well-known citizen, was shot by a burglar yesterday morning, who entered his house for the purpose of robbery. Moore lies in a critical condition.

### LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER CITY OF BALTIMORE.

NEW YORK, Thursday, March 28.

The *City of Baltimore*, from Liverpool on the 13th, *via* Queenstown on the 14th, arrived this morning.

In Parliament the navy estimates had been voted down.

Mr. Gregory had given notice on the books that he would at an early day call the attention of the Government to the expediency of prompt recognition of the Southern Confederacy of America.

The French Corps Legislatif was engaged in debating an address. The main topic was the Italian policy, which several members strongly denounced, asserting that the English policy had proved victorious in Italy. One member warned the Government against its suicidal policy and predicted internal dangers ahead. The ministers protested against his speech and defended the Emperor's course.

Another conference on the Syrian question was to be held on the 11th and an agreement was soon expected.

French papers publish dispatches announcing the defiant attitude of the Musselmen towards the Christians in Syria.

The Bourse was flat at 68f.

The Turkish Government drafts on Mires for £400,000 were duly paid on the 12th.

It was rumored that Francis II. had ordered Gen. Fola to surrender Messina. Another report is that the garrison will probably be compelled to surrender.

Mr. Avaur reported a project of law proclaiming the wisdom of Italy to the lower branch of Italian Parliament.

It is denied that Sardinia was not negotiating at Rome. All was quiet. It was asserted that agitation, though muffled was increasing.

Russian troops continued to arm.

There were differences between Sir Henry Bulwer and the American Minister at Turkey. Bulwer declined attending the latter's reception on Washington's birthday.

TURIN, 13.—The Citadel of Messina surrendered to the Sardinian troops to-day.

The Sardinian Government has logged a complaint with the Federal Council against Bishop Mordby, on account of his pastoral letter having contained remarks disrespectful to Victor Emanuel. The Government of the Canton of Friburg has rejected it.

CHINA.—Pekin was quiet. The treaty is working satisfactorily.

The rebels have been defeated by the Imperialists again.

WARSAW 13.—A separate Council of State has been granted by the Emperor to the Kingdom of Poland.

Seornoiski was elected President.

PARIS, 13.—The *Patrie* says that Prince Napoleon is about to visit Italy.

An encounter took place a few days since between a French regiment and seven hundred Papal Zouaves. A French Colonel was killed. Others were wounded.

## COMMERCIAL.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

### Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, March 30.

Flour very dull and prices drooping and nominal; superfine is offered at $4 50, but is not saleable to any extent at over $4 40; extra sold at $4 60@4 70, and family $4 90@5.

Wheat firm at $1 for prime red.

Corn steady at 33c for ear in bulk.

Oats in fair demand at 25½c.

Whisky declined to 13½c and is dull, with sone sales at 13½c.

Provisions quiet and unchanged.

Sales of bacon at 9¼@9¾c.

Nothing doing in mess pork or lard; both firm

Molasses unchanged and nearly at full prices.

The money market is unchanged; rates of exchange unaltered.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

### New York Market.

NEW YORK, Saturday, March 30.

Flour about 5c lower with a moderate business doing for home consumption; sales of 9,600 brls at $5 20@5 30 for superfine State; $5 30@5 45 for extra State; $5 20@5 25 for superfine Western; $5 35@5 55 for common to medium extra Western; $5 60@5 70 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, and $6 45@7 for trade brands do.

Canadian flour firmer, with more active demand; sales of 550 brls at $5 45@7 for common to medium extra; $7 25@7 50 for choice and favorite do.

Rye flour in fair request; sales of 300 brls at $3 40@4 10.

Corn meal quiet and prices without importantchange. Whisky continues firm and demand fair; sales of 600 brls at 17½@18c.

Wheat heavy and 1c lower with a moderate demand for export and home consumption; sales of 1,200 brls Chicago spring at $1 23@1 25 in store and delivered; 1,500 bush at $1 29@1 26; 6,000 bush North-western club at $1 28; 9,200 bush white Michigan $1 50.

Rye scarce and quite firm; sales of 1,100 bush at 65@65½c.

Barley quiet and firm at 72@80c.

Barley malt steady at 88@90c.

Corn 1c lower; market a shade firmer; sales of 7,000 bush at 67@67½c for mixed Western in store, and 68c delivered; 64c for new yellow Western at the railroad depot; 65@66c for new yellow Jersey, the latter price for choice; 67@70c for good and handsome new yellow Southern; 61@65c for inferior to good white Southern.

Oats lower and dull at 33@34c for Western and Canadian and State.

Pork firmer for mess; prime continues quiet and nominally unchanged; sales of 850 brls at $16 75@16 87 for mess; $17 50 for uninspected mess and $12 50@12 75 for prime.

Beef dull and unchanged; sales of 150 brls at $4 25@5 for prime; $5 75@6 75 for prime mess; $8@10 for repacked mess; $10@11 for extra mess; beef hams quiet and firm.

Cut meats in fair request at steady prices; 300 packages at 6¾@7c for shoulders and 8¾@8½c for hams.

Bacon in moderate demand; sales of 25 boxes short ribbed middles on private terms, and 55 boxes pickled sides at 8c.

Lard inactive; sales of 150 brls at 9¾@10c for No 1 to prime Western.

Butter selling at 10@14c for Ohio and 14@19c for State.

Cheese quiet and steady at 8@10c for common to prime.

Sugar firm and demand fair; sales of 800 hhds at 4½@5½c for Cuba; 5⅞@6½c for prime Porto Rico.

Molasses dull and heavy; sales 150 brls New Orleans at 32@34c.

### New York Cattle Market.

MARKET DAY, Wednesday, March 27, 1861.

Total receipts of cattle of all kinds, for the week:

| | Beeves. | Cows. | Veals. | Sheep & Lambs | Swine. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total..... | 4,720 | 180 | 570 | 4,818 | 6,825 |
| Last week..... | 4,543 | 153 | 562 | 6,704 | 4,539 |
| Correspon'g week last year..... | 4,344 | 174 | 856 | 4,757 | 6,256 |
| Average No. per week last year. | 4,344 | 140 | 763 | 9,938 | 6,160 |

BEEVES.

The market is overstocked and the demand has been light. The last week in Lent is not a favorable time for high prices. The drovers are obliged to accept fully 50c@$1 per cwt less this week, which comes upon some of them very heavily, as they were offered a home the same prices which they have realized here. The quality offered this week was not quite equal to that of the offerings a week ago; one pair of Ohio grade Durhams sold at $300, or about $10 per cwt.; excepting this pair there were no sales at over $9 50, and but few over $9. The unpleasant weather has had its influence, and the market closes heavily, with a few lots remaining unsold. We quote:

BEEF CATTLE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Premium qualities..... | per cwt | $10 00@.... |
| Prime qualities..... | do | 9 00@9 50 |
| Medium to good qualities..... | do | 8 00@8 50 |
| Poor do ..... | do | 7 50@7 50 |
| General selling prices..... | do | 7 00@8 50 |
| Average do ..... | do | 7 75@.... |

COWS

Have been dull and prices are lower; the decline in beef affects the market, as the price of many cows is fixed according to the beef they will make. The market closes heavily with considerable numbers remaining unsold. We quote:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Best qualities..... | per head | $50@60 |
| Good do ..... | do | 40@45 |
| Fair do ..... | do | 35@40 |
| Common do ..... | do | 25@30 |

VEALS.

The market has been rather overstocked, and prices are a little lower. Farmers send too many "bobs," which are forced at $1 50@$1 75 each. We quote:

Good and extra qualities.....per lb 6½@6¾ cts.
Other qualities..... do 4½@5¾ cts.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

With small recepts and better demand, prices have advanced fully 25c per head. One lot of very choice sheep sold at McIrraw & O'Brien's for $8 67 each, or nearly 6½ per lb live weight; two others, very large and fat were held by the same party at $30 each. One of these weighed over 300 and the other nealty 250 lb. These choice sheep were fed by J. Winnie, of Albany. We quote:

Sheep at.....$4 75@$5 50 per head

SWINE.

The demand is now confined almost entirely to the wants of the retail city trade; for this, light corn-fed are most desirable. During the last week the market has been overstocked, and prices have tended downward. We quote:

| | Live Hogs. | Dressed. |
|---|---|---|
| Heavy prime corn fed..... | 5⅝@5¾ | 7 @7¼ |
| Light do ..... | 5⅝@5¾ | 7¼@7½ |
| Heavy still fed ..... | 4¾@5 | 6 @6½ |
| Light..... | | |

## AGRICULTURAL.


JONES & JEWETT'S

Labor-Saving, Self-Adjusting

Mole Plow,

THE HOOSIER STATE,

[PATENTED OCTOBER 25, 1859.]

A PRACTICAL TEST HAS CONVINCED MANY, AND will convince all, of its superiority over all others, and can not fail to render it a universal favorite with the farming community.

The first premium was awarded to this machine at the last Indiana State Fair, over four others, and we

Defy Competition.

All Machines sold by us we warrant to perform in every respect as recommended, or we will refund the money.

We have State, County, Township and Farm Rights for sale. Great inducements offered to those who wish to purchase territory by the State, County or Township. Western land, good horses or cash, taken in exchange for territory. For particulars, address

JONES & JEWETT,
feb6 St. Paul, Indiana.



SPECIAL NOTICE.

MRS. THOMPSON,

Female Physician and Obstetrician,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, No. 74 North Illinois street, nearly opposite the Third Presbyterian Church.

sept-'60d1y

MANHOOD,

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

JUST PUBLISHED ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness, Involuntary Emissions and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse, &c. By Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of two stamps, by Dr. CHAS. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York. Postoffice Box, No. 4,586. mch22-d&w2m

C. C. C.

CARY'S COUGH CURE. See advertisement.

dec12'60-dtf.

Convincing Testimony.—The immense yearly sale of LYON'S KATHAIRON, USE LYONS KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR. and the thousands of testimonials to its excellence received from all classes of society, prove it to be the finest preparation for the hair ever made. No one desiring a fine head of hair should fail to use it. Sold everywhere.

AMERICAN WATCHES

MADE BY THE

American Watch Company,

—AT—

Waltham, Mass.,

Attention is invited to the following statement and the accompanying letters of recommendation and testimonials, in favor of these celebrated Watches.

A gold medal was awarded the Company by the American Institute, at New York, in 1857.

The Company also received the first premium—a gold medal—from the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1858

These Watches have now been in market nearly ten years, during which time they have been tested as to accuracy, durability and reliability in every conceivable manner, and have proved themselves to be the most satisfactory time pieces ever offered to the public.

CAUTION.—As our watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the watch and signed by our Treasurer, R. E. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

As these watches are for sale by Jewelers generally, throughout the Union, the American Watch Company do not solicit orders for single watches.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,

W. P. BINGHAM & CO.,

NO. 20, EAST WASHINGTON STREET,

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA,

Are agents for the sale of the above watches. We have a large variety in gold and silver cases, direct from the manufactory. Persons thinking of providing themselves with a time-keeper, should not fail to call and examine them.

Relief in Ten Minutes!

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS,

The Original Medicine established in 1837, and the first article of the kind every introduced under the name of "PULMONIC WAFERS," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve Coughs, Colds Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains of the Chest.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Are a Blessing to all Classes and Constitutions.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Are adapted to Vocalists and Public Speakers.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Are in a simple form and pleasant to the taste.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Not only relieve, but effect rapid and lasting Cures.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
No family should be without a box of
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
In the house.
No traveler should be without a supply of
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
In his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Twenty-five cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, Rochester, N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere in the United States and Canada.

nov22'60-d&wly


## LAW BOOKS.


NEW AND VALUABLE WORK

FOR LAWYERS, JUSTICES OF THE PEACE,

*And all Connected with the Judicial Administration of the Government.*

THE STATUTES

Of the State of Indiana,

CONTAINING THE REVISED STATUTES OF 1852 with the amendments of 1853, 1855 and subsequent legislation, with notes and references to Judicial decisions.

EDITED BY

JAMES GAVIN AND OSCAR B. ORD.

Volume 1, Published by

BINGHAM & DOUGHTY,

INDIANAPOLIS.

**Judge David McDonald**, one of the most eminent lawyers of the State, volunteered the following recommendation of the work:

STATUTES OF INDIANA, BY GAVIN & HORD.—Some months ago, the above named gentlemen issued proposals for publishing, in two volumes octavo of some 800 pages each, all the statutes of the State passed since 1851, with annotations. The first volume of the work is now published; and the manner of its execution, both mechanically and editorially, deserves the thanks of the profession.

The imperfect manner of publishing our statutes under State authority, has always been a source of great inconvenience to the Indiana Lawyer. The revision of 1852, as well as the statutes passed since that year, might almost as well have been published without any index. Up to this time the lawyer has constantly been under the necessity of turning over, leaf by leaf, the volume of our statutes to find any particular enactment. And every one knows how annoying and provoking this is, especially in the hurry of business as in our Courts. Happily for the profession, the publication under review consummates a better state of things in the future. The first volume of Messrs. Gavin & Hord's work contains an excellent and copious index, which to every practicing lawyer in the State is itself worth the money which the volume costs.

The volume under review contains another excellence. All its pages are supplied with valuable marginal indices, so that a glance at the margin is sufficient to apprise the reader of the contents of the page.

Another matter of great importance to the lawyer in this volume is a good collection of the subjects of all legisl