THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

WEDNESDAY.....JANUARY 7, 1880.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

through the House. I hope the bill will take the usual course of bills. I have great confidence in the legal knowlege of the gentleman from Alameda, Mr. Tyler, and in the legal knowledge and integrity of Mr. Fox, and they say it is right. Their opinion has great weight with me, but when all is said and done, I would like to see the bill go to the Judiciary Committee of the House to be carefully scrutinized by them.

Mr. FOX—This is simply to pass the bill to print.

The ayes and noes being demanded on Mr. Tyler's motion, it was lost by a vote of 17 to 56.

Mr. FOX introduced five bills, the product of the labors of the Code Commission appointed by the Governor and Governor-elect:

First—An Act to transfer the records, papers and business of the Courts existing on the 31st day of December, 1879, in the State, to the Courts now existing.

Read by title and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A DRAD LOCK.

Mr. CARR (of Yuba)—Mr. Speaker, I think the Constitution requires that the bill be read in full.

The SPEAKER—The Chair for the present holds that this is the first reading of the bill.

Mr. CARR—Then I appeal from the decision of the Chair.

The SPEAKER—The Chair rules that until the rules are amended that we have adopted, that the reading of a bill by title is the first reading of the bill. This House has adopted the rules of the last session, and the Chair is governed entirely by the rules. The rule provides that every bill shall receive three readings previous to its passage. The first and second readings may be on the same day, if no objection be made. The third reading shall be on a subsequent day.

[At this point a message was received from the Senate informing the Assembly that the Senate had fully organized, and giving a list of the officers elected.]

The SPEAKER—The Constitution provides that no law shall be passed except by bill. Nor shall any bill be put upon its final passage until the same, with the amendments thereto, shall have been printed for the use of the members; nor shall any bill become a law unless the same be read on three several days in each House; unless in case of urgency, two-thirds of the House shall by a vote by ayes and noes dispense with this provision. It concludes by saying: "On the final passage of all bills they shall be read at length." Now this Assembly has adopted Cushing's law and practice of Legislative Assemblies as its guide. Cushing says the practice of reading bills prevailed 200 years ago. The necessity for reading is superseded by printing, and the rule is now satisfied by reading the title and and a few of the first words. Our Constitution provides that a bill must be read on three several days, except in cases of urgency. Now, the Chair holds that the word "reading," when used in the Constitution, is used in its parliamentary sense, where it appears in the Constitution, for the first and second times. The very Constitution provides that on the final passage the bill shall be read at length. Now, if the framers of the Constitution had meant that all three readings were to be at length, they would have said so. The Chair has no pride of opinion in this matter. It was necessary for the Chair to rule on this question at an early day in the session. The Chair has no preference whatever. In construing the Constitution we must take into consideration the intention of the framers of that instrument. Now, the necessity of reading at length is superseded by printing, and it could not have been the intention of the Convention to compel us to go to the trouble of mumbling through a bill three times. Take a bill of this kind, such as I have on the desk. Last session there was a bill introduced which consisted of ninety pages. That bill consisted largely of a description of land by metes and bounds. Fifty pages of that bill were taken up by courses and distances. Now, are we to say that the Constitutional Convention intended that we should waste the time of the State by reading these long bills three times? The question is now on sustaining the ruling of the Chair.

Mr. HARDY—Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to see that the Speaker will construe the Constitution so as to expedite business, but I differ with the Chair. The object of the Constitution is to have a bill read upon three several days, and that provision can only be dispensed with by a two-thirds vote. The object of these provisions is to prevent hasty legislation. If a bill is lengthy, the reading can be dispensed with by a two-thirds vote. I claim that the Constitution is mandatory and prohibitory. I want to construe this instrument in its spirit, and in the interest of careful legislation.

Mr. TYLER moved that the question be referred to the Judiciary Committee for an opinion. Adopted.

The CHAIR announced that he had appointed as Porters of the Assembly: John D. Boop, William Hines, R. A. Hall and H. O. Johnson. As Pages: John McLaughlin, Carrie Goods, Charles L. Marple and Elwood Johnson.

Mr. YOUNG offered the following:

Resolved, That we now proceed to the election of a Chaplain for the Assembly.

Mr. COOPER—I move its indefinite postponement. The ayes and noes were demanded by Messrs. Merry, Braunhart and Gaffney.

Mr. BRUNER—Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to the motion to postpone. This is a question, I understand, which comes before the Legislature at nearly every session. It is a time-honored custom to elect a Chaplain, and I propose to stick to it. The Republican party has organized this House, and I propose that the Republican party shall put itself squarely on record on this question. Now, sir, there will be those who will say that in the interest of religion they are opposed to it. Now, sir, I might meet them by saying that some of the greatest crimes in Christendom have been committed in the name of religion. But I call upon all men to witness that never in the true interest of religion was ever such action taken as is proposed now. They say that the Chaplaincy has been abused—that men have come here and have prostituted that high office. That may be so. But that was just in the interest of religion. I say this: if we elect a man in whom we can have confidence, and can support the dignity of the office, and will do right, we will merit the approbation of all good citizens. It may be said that men will go from here back to the people and say to them, "We have voted for retrenchment, in refusing to have a Chaplain." Now, I say that the Christian people of this country comprise a large portion of the community; that they pay taxes in this State on some of the finest and most unproductive property; they pay taxes to the State; they are among the best people of the State; they demand that we shall have a Chaplain—that the name of God shall be reverenced in the legislative halls as well as in the churches.

Mr. MAYBELL—Mr. Speaker, I rise to favor the motion to postpone. I have one or two little reasons. In the first place, I do not wish to be understood as placing myself in antagonism to the Christian Church or the Christian faith. Upon the contrary, I favor the good Christian faith. What has the last Chaplain done for the last Legislature? What has a Chaplain ever done for the Legislature of California? I do not see as they have made any improvement in them. Why, sir, it has gone abroad to the people of this State that the last Legislature—a majority of it—have sunk into their political graves, and over their political graves this epitaph is written, "May we never look upon their likes again." [Laughter.] I am opposed to having a Chaplain. I do not believe in fetching God into the Legislature, because I always notice that the devil gets the best of the election for Speaker of the Assembly.

The SPEAKER—The gentleman will confine himself to the question or take his seat.

Mr. MAYBELL—It is said by the poet that:

"Wherever God erects a house of prayer,
The devil is always sure to build a temple there."

And it will be found upon examination that the devil has the largest congregation. My next reason is that it will work partiality. There are two great wings of the Christian faith both equally raised and nursed by an American Christian mother, am opposed to cramming down the throat of any man apostolic dogmas antagonistic to his own faith. [Applause.]

The SPEAKER—If I hear any more applause I will order the lobby cleared.

A MEMBER—The applause did not come from the lobby.

The SPEAKER—If any member applauds, and some one will point him out, I will have him removed. No member has the right to applaud.

Mr. MAYBELL—There are two great wings of the Christian faith. If we are going to turn this temple into a house of prayer, if this body is going to usurp itself to glory, I say it is best to have both wings, for it will require both wings to fetch us safely up to glory. If we do have a Chaplain let us have both wings represented. My fourth reason is in regard to the constitutionality of the measure. Article 1 of the Amendments of the National Code says Congress shall make no laws respecting the establishment of modes of worship. Look at Russia. Why Church and State are united, and what do you see? Ignorance and despotism. Look at the Government of France; look at England. I hope the motion will prevail.

Mr. MAY—Mr. Speaker, two years ago on this floor I favored the election of a Chaplain for the Assembly, as I then said, because a majority of the body was Democratic and needed prayer. Last night in the Republican caucus I opposed the chaplaincy, and stated why. But I have changed my mind in the last ten minutes, and am now in favor of having a Chaplain. I think we need prayer in the House. I think it will hurt none of us, and I am going to vote for a Chaplain. When members says they want no God here lest the devil might get in, it is high time to have prayer.

Mr. MCCARTHY—I shall have to vote for postponement. I am not opposed to having a Chaplain, but I am opposed to paying him. If the good men of Sacramento desire to come into this House and offer up prayer for the good of the members and to sanctify their work, I am perfectly willing that they should come. We can get along without paying a Chaplain $8 a day for less than five minutes prayer. I think there are plenty of missionaries here in Sacramento who would willingly give a portion of their time. I shall favor such a plan.

Mr. SPENCER—Mr. Speaker, I am decidedly in favor, as this is a Republican House, of having prayer. I think I will need it. Therefore I shall favor the election of a Chaplain for this special Legislature. I may change my mind in the future.

Mr. MULHOLLAND—There is hardly an American heart that does not feel a thrill of enthusiasm in it innermost depths when looking backwards upon the history of our country.

[At this point a message was received from the Senate announcing the adoption of Concurrent Resolution No. 1, providing for a committee of six to make arrangements for the inauguration.]

Mr. MULHOLLAND—We all concede the eminent ability of the great men who framed this Government, their perfect purity and disinterestedness. Never, perhaps, on the face of the earth, was there such a number of wise and far-seeing men met together as the fathers of this Government were. They felt it beneficial, great though they were, to stand for a brief time to commune with the life of the universe—with the Almighty God himself. I think there are but few members on this floor who will say that those great men were not benefited by their efforts to commune with Almighty God. If each member here would spend a season in prayer, in his own chamber, before coming here, I feel certain that the people of the State of California would immortalize the members of this Legislature. It is not at all likely that this will be the universal custom, even the general custom, of the members. Would to God that it were. If very many of us are to have our souls moved at all amid the stirring scenes of earth we will have to be led into it under the leadership of some man devoted to the practice of preaching purity and holiness. The people are well able and heartily willing to meet whatever trifling expense may be necessary. It is an old custom, recognized in Legislatures all over the civilized world, and I do not set myself up as being wiser than the revolutionary fathers. I don't set myself up as being equal to the least of them. If they needed prayer we surely do. I think we shall feel ourselves better men, and we shall meet together in better spirit, and will be better prepared to act wisely and from pure motives if we devote a first hour each day to prayer.

Mr. CAMERON—Mr. Speaker, yesterday I believe the Republicans in this House were opposed to having a Chaplain. To-day I believe they are in favor of having a Chaplain. I was very much surprised at my friend, Dr. May, when he said he thought we could get along without a Chaplain. Now, I do believe it does the wickedest man in the world good to hear a good prayer. I believe every man who comes out of a church feels better than when he went it. I believe that a prayer in the morning, even if it is only for five minutes, will do us all good. Gentlemen object to paying the Chaplain for five minutes prayer. If that does not suit them, it can easily be amended so as to have him give them ten minute prayers. I am in favor of standing on the side of God. I have asked God to guide me in all the acts of my life, and I look to him for protection, and I do not invite the devil to come an stand side by side with me in this chamber, nor do I want him. I hope the members will vote on the side of God, and employ a Chaplain to pray for us every morning.

Mr. AYRMORE—Mr. Speaker, I feel that I would be remiss in my duties if I did not stand up and explain my position. We do not wish to go into the morals of this question—way back to the sand lots of Judea. No such thing. We don't wish to go back to the Revolutionary fathers. Come right home. Gentlemen inform us that this is a party question. That is the reason why I vote to postpone. I represent a constituency that have rights also. Every one knows that I stand up for ministers of all denominations who endeavor to preach the gospel to the poor. As a business proposition, the place is always controlled by the party in power.

[At this point Mr. Du Brutz, of Tulare, made his appearance on the floor, and was duly sworn in.]

Mr. COON—Mr. Speaker, I hope we will show by our action that we are in favor of having a Chaplain. I am a Democrat—have always been a Democrat. But it appears to me that we need all the wisdom, all the light, we can draw, both from heaven and earth, on this occasion to make laws in accordance with the Constitution. I do think that if the first Legislature called together to put that instrument in force rejects the Chaplain it will not speak well for us, and therefore, as the Republican party has organized this House, I hope all my Democratic friends will help them to elect a Chaplain.

Mr. HENDY moved to adjourn. Lost.

Mr. TYLER—Mr. Speaker, I have very decided views upon the efficacy of prayer. I believe that every man, woman or child, to do them any good, must do their own praying. I do not believe that it is possible for any heart to be properly interpreted between him and the author of his being by anybody else. The prayer that is worth the name is a great cry from the heart of man to the author of his being. My relations, as far as I know, with my heavenly Father are all right. If they are not, nobody else can make them right. But it has been the custom to have prayer, and as long as there are any considerable number of members on this floor who feel that they desire a Chaplain, I am in favor of having one. And I am in favor of paying him for it, too. If it should be left to me to say, I should be in favor of giving him for one minute $10; for two minutes, $5; five minutes, $1 25, and so on. I would want it cut short. There are a great many here who say they need a Chaplain, that they need praying for. I think we ought to let them have it. It is only about five hundred dollars for the session, and the State would be penny wise and pound foolish to deprive them of the privilege. I am for a Chaplain.

Mr. YORK—Mr. Speaker, I do not propose to enter into any lengthy remarks upon this subject, but it is expected by some that I should say a word. In no instance during my stay here shall I seek to evade any action or hide behind absent myself, but will meet it fairly and squarely. Now, the question is not upon the efficacy of prayer. There is a great difference of opinion among us as regards prayer. Some people think that prayer is inspiration. I think it is aspiration; also, that it is an out-flowing of the human heart. Hence we may all bow our heads in prayer. But, sir, I am coming to the question. I am a representative of the people. The majority of the people of California, as I believe, are in favor of prayer. We use prayer to open our public assemblages. Now, while I represent the people I must be careful that I represent the majority of the people, and not seek to evade my duty in any regard. Hence I am in favor of prayer. Now, that may sound strange. I am an infidel man. I am called an infidel, and an infidel speaker, and yet I, upon the floor of this house, favor prayer. Why? Simply because the majority of the people of this State are in favor of prayer. Hence I cast my vote in favor of having a Chaplain. Yet I want to say this, that I cast my vote under protest, in this, that I believe that the prayers of the good clergymen of this city should be invited—not paid for. If they love our souls as they love God the Father, they ought to come here each morning and open this Assembly with prayer. I honor the man who stands for God the Eternal Father, life of my life and soul of my soul—and, O, how I detest the religion that would seek to confine prayer to any denomination.

Mr. MERRY offered the following amendment:

Resolved, That the clergymen of Sacramento be cordially invited to open the sessions of the Assembly with prayer, in such order as they may agree among themselves.

Mr. YOUNG was speaking to the question, when he was interrupted by Mr. TYLER, who raised the point of order that the amendment was not germain to the question at issue.

The point was held by the Chair to be well taken, and the question being upon the postponement of the resolution, it was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Anthony, Braunhart, Burns, Carr of Yuba, Corcoran, Cuthbert, Gaffey, Levee, Maguire, Maybell, McCallion, McCarthy of San Francisco, McDade, Stoddard, Wasson of Mono—16.

Noes—Adams, Bass, Bennett, Brooks, Brown of Sonoma, Brown of Yuba, Bruner, Brusie, Cameron, Carr of Sacramento, Chamberlain, Chandler, Coffman, Coleman, Cook, Cooper, Del Valle, Dimond, Downs, Du Brutz, Durham, Estee, Felton, Finlayson, Fox, Fraser, Frink, Garibaldi, Gorley, Green, Hardy, Harris, Hershy, Hynes, Josselyn, Lane, Leach, Leadbetter, Mathews, May, McCarty of Lake, McIntosh, Merry, Messenger, Morse, Mulholland, Nelson, Picket, Sayle, Sinon, Sherburn, Spencer, Streeter, Sweetland, Tyler, Walker, Ward, Wason of Ventura, Watson, York, Young—61.

Nominations being in order, Mr. TYLER nominated Rev. Mr. Bentley, of Sacramento.

Mr. MCCARTY of Lake nominated Rev. T. H. B. Anderson.

The roll being called, Mr. Anderson received 25 votes, Mr. Bentley 5, Mr. Tyler 5, Mr. Smith 1.

Mr. FOX gave notice of the introduction of a bill to amend an Act entitled "An Act regulating the government of the State Prison of California." Also, notice of a bill to amend certain sections of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Mr. MCCOMAS offered the following:

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk and the Minute Clerk of the House be each authorized to appoint an Assistant for four days, at the same per diem, payable out of the Contingent Fund of the Assembly. Adopted.

Mr. MAY gave notice of the introduction of a bill to define and govern the State Prison of California.

On motion of Mr. SWEETLAND, at 4 o'clock the Assembly adjourned.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN ACcordance with the terms of the Bonds issued by the Pacific Rolding Mill Company, the Trustees of said Company have determined by lot the numbers to be redeemed at its office, No. 16 First street, in the city of San Francisco, on the 15th day of JANUARY, 1880, with the following result:

23	61	196	263	429
34	71	205	277	430
36	89	209	278	434
40	101	211	303	440
59	188	227	348	490

Which Bonds will be paid in United States gold coin, on said 15th day of JANUARY, 1880, upon surrender of the same, with coupons attached, and interest thereon will cease from and after that date.

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Secretary Pacific Rolling Mill Company.
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Commencing Sunday, December 28, 1879, AND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

TRAIN AND BOATS WILL LEAVE SACRAMENTO AS FOLLOWS:

4:30 A. M.—(Sundays excepted)—Accommodation Train to Marysville, Red Bluff and Redding.

5.45 A. M.—(Daily)—Overland Emigrant, Freight and Accommodation Train.

7:20 A. M.—(Daily)—Pacific Express, via Davis and Benicia, for San Francisco.—Connects (Sundays excepted) at Davis with Accommodation Train to Woodland, Williams and Willows; also connects daily at Suisun for Vallejo, and via Napa Junction for Calistoga (stages for the Geysers).

10:00 A. M.—(Or as soon thereafter as practicable, Sundays excepted)—Steamer for San Francisco, touching at all way points on the Sacramento river.

11:00 A. M.—(Daily)—Local Passenger Train for Stockton, Tracy, Livermore, Niles, Oakland and San Francisco. Connects at Galt for Ione, and at Niles for San Jose.

12:30 P. M.—(Sundays excepted)—Passenger Train for Davis and Woodland. Connects at Woodland for Williams and Willows.

2:10 P. M.—(Daily)—Atlantic Express for Colfax, Reno (Carson and Virginia), Battle Mountain (Austin), Palisade (Eureka), Ogden, Omaha and East.

2:20 P. M.—(Daily)—Oregon Express for Marysville, Chico, Red Bluff and Redding (stages for Portland, Oregon).

2:30 P. M.—Sundays excepted)—Local Accommodation Train to Lathrop. Connects with the Arizona express for Merced, Madera (Yosemite and Big Trees), Mojave, Newhall (San Buenaventura and Santa Barbara), Los Angeles, Santa Monica, Wilmington, Santa Ana (San Diego), Colton (San Bernardino), Yuma (Colorado river steamers) Maricopa (stages for Phœnix and Prescott), and Casa Grande stages for Florence, Tucson and Tombstone). Sleeping cars between Lathrop, Los Angeles and Yuma.

2:45 P. M.—(Daily)—Local Passenger Train for Davis, Benicia and San Francisco. Connects (Sundays excepted) at Suisun for Vallejo, and via Napa Junction for Calistoga.

7:15 P. M.—(Sundays excepted)—Passenger Train to Davis, Woodland and Knight's Landing.

8:50 P. M.—(Sundays excepted)—Virginia City Express for Auburn, Colfax, Truckee and Reno. Connects with Virginia and Truckee Railroad for Carson and Virginia. Sleeping Car from Sacramento to Carson.

9:30 P. M.—(Daily)—Westward Emigrant Train, via Davis and Benicia, for San Francisco.

A. N. TOWNE.....General Superintendent
T. H. GOODMAN.....Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent
ja9-4ptf

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, January 7, 1880, the Steamer

GOV. DANA

Will leave her Landing at the foot of L street, at 10 A. M.

On WEDNESDAY, for all points between SACRAMENTO and COLUSA.

On SATURDAY, for all points between SACRAMENTO and JACINTO.

Freight received for all points to COLUSA only, on TUESDAY AFTERNOONS.

FRIDAY AFTERNOONS to all points to JACINTO.

ja5-2w H. C. LATHROP, Agent.

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February.....1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26

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CHANGE OF TIME.

Sacramento & Placerville Railroad.

On and after Monday, July 7, 1879, UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE,

Trains will run as follows, daily, except Sundays:

Leave Sacramento for Folsom, Latrobe and Shingle Springs.....7:30 A. M
Leave Sacramento for Folsom.....4:00 P. M
Leave Shingle Springs for Latrobe, Folsom and Sacramento.....11:40 A. M
Leave Latrobe for Folsom and Sacramento.....12:18 P. M.
Leave Folsom for Sacramento.....6:55 A. M.
Leave Folsom for Sacramento.....1:25 P. M.

d7-tf J. B. WRIGHT, Sup't.

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Manufactured by JAMES S. KIRK & CO., Chicago. Over 10,000,000 pounds sold annually. This is the only genuine SAVON, all others are base imitations.

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Boyer's Selected Oysters!

Packed by W. W. BOYER & CO., Baltimore. This is the best standard brand in market. Our sales in these goods were 50 per cent. more this year than the year 1878.

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DANSMAN & DRUMMOND	ST LOUIS, MO.
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In calling attention to the above list, we would state that we have mentioned only a few things that we make specialties of. Our stock of Groceries is large, varied and well-selected, and we should be pleased to have our friends call and examine the same. We are satisfied we can please them, both with regard to price and quality.

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Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal diseases such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Skin Diseases, etc., permanently cured in no charge.

Seminal Weakness

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse This solitary vice or depraved sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combated by scientific medical measures, viz.: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity.

CURED AT HOME.

Persons at a distance may be cured at home by addressing a letter to DR. GIBBON, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing ten dollars, in registered letter, through the Post-office, or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. Please say you saw this advertisement in the RECORD UNION. Address, DR. J. F. GIBBON, Box 1,957 San Francisco

ja24-4ptf

DR. SPINNEY & CO.,

OF NO. 11 KEARNY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO,

Treat all Chronic and Special Diseases.

YOUNG MEN

WHO MAY BE SUFFERING FROM THE effects of youthful folly or indiscretion, will do well to avail themselves of this, the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity. DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit $500 for every case of Seminal Weakness or Private Disease of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many at the age of thirty to sixty who are troubled with too frequent evacuation of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and a weakening of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes small particles of albumen will appear, or the color will be of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark and turpid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. Dr. S. will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

Office hours—10 to 4 and 6 to 8. Sunday from 10 to 11 A. M. Consultation free. Thorough examination and advice, $5. Call or address

DR. SPINNEY & CO.,
No. 11 Kearny street, San Francisco.
mr25-4p5tawMTWThFtf

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. J. T. GRIFFITTS HAS THIS DAY BEEN admitted a member of the firm of C. H. STEVENS & CO., importers of dry goods, corner Eighth and J streets, and will be pleased to see all his old customers and friends at his new place of business. Respectfully, etc.,

C. H. STEVENS & CO.
J. T. GRIFFITTS. CHAS. H. STEVENS.
Sacramento, January 1, 1880. ja1-2wis

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Capital Gas Company, for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Sacramento, on MONDAY, the 19th day of January, 1880.

C. H. CUMMINGS, Secretary.
d20-1m

J. FRANK CLARK,

SUCCESSOR TO CLARK & DAVIS

Nos. 49 and 51 Fourth st., bet. J and K, SACRAMENTO.

Always a complete stock of Undertakers' Goods in every style. Special attention given to country orders, at lowest rates d2 4plm

J. S. TROWBRIDGE,

(SUCCESSOR TO O. WALTHER),

HAVING PURCHASED THE DRUG Store at northeast corner of Second and K streets, respectfully calls the attention of the former patrons to the large and increased stock of goods, Christmas and otherwise. A full line of

Perfumeries, Fancy Goods and Toilet Articles

Constantly kept on hand. Fitting Trusses a specialty. Prescriptions will receive thy personal attention. Sole Agent for Dimmitt's celebrated Cough Balsam. Adolph Walther, Apothecary. d9-1m

AGRICULTURAL WARES.

BAKER & HAMILTON,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SHOVELS, AXES, BOLTS, NAILS,
SCREWS, BUTTS, HINGES,
RIVETS, SAWS, LOCKS, SCALES,
PLANES, GRINDSTONES,
HANDLES, OILERS,
WHEELBARROWS, TWINE,
ROPE, WRENCHES,
CAPS, SHOT, CUTLERY,
BELTING, WIRE, POWDER,
RAKES, SNATHS, SCYTHES,
WIRECLOTH, FORKS,
GRAIN CRADLES, HOES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Also, Manufacturers and Agents for all leading Agricultural Implements and Machines, such as

STEEL PLOWS,
IRON PLOWS, GANG PLOWS,
HARROWS, CULTIVATORS,
SEED SOWERS, FAN MILLS,
CIDER MILLS, CORN SHELLERS,
ENGINES, THRESHERS,
MOWERS, REAPERS, ETC., ETC.

AGENTS FOR BAIN'S WAGONS.

SACRAMENTO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

SEND FOR CATALOGUES. my1-4ptf

MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.,

Hardware and Agricultural Implements,
SAN FRANCISCO,
And Nos. 43, 45 and 47 J street.....Sacramento
my12-4plm

CALIFORNIA

Artificial Stone Paving

COMPANY

(SCHILLINGER'S PATENT),

For Sidewalks, Garden Walks, Corridors, Offices, Carriage Drives, Arches, Stable and Cellar Floors, Kitchens, Etc.

OFFICE:
402 Montgomery Street, San Francisco,
ROOM 5.

G. GOODMAN, - - - - - Manager.

THE COURTS HERE AND IN THE EAST have decided that Artificial Stone Pavements, with plastic concrete, and in detached blocks, are infringements of the SCHILLINGER PATENT; and also, when the plastic material is blocked off with the trowel and cut through to be enough to control the cracking caused by shrinkage, that such pavement is in law the same as if laid in detached blocks, and is an infringement of the patent.

Sample of our work can be seen at Sacramento State Capitol. d30-1m4p

REMOVAL.

L. S. TAYLOR AND ELWOOD BRUNER Attorneys at-Law, have removed to Bryte Building, south side of J street, corner of Seventh Entrance, No. 630 J street. L. S. TAYLOR, n17-tf ELWOOD BRUNER

THE RED HOUSE TRADE UNION.

Five Thousand Chromos and 10,000 Fancy Calico Aprons to be GIVEN AWAY at the RED HOUSE!! Every Customer receives one until disposed of.

Great Clearance Sale this week of the balance of HOLIDAY STOCK. Fancy Goods and Notions, at Reduced Prices, to make room for our 5c and 10c Counters (which so pleased the thousands a few months ago), that will be opened out on MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1880, loaded with useful articles worth double the price.

RED HOUSE TRADE UNION,

J STREET.....SACRAMENTO, CAL.

NEW YARD AND NEW STOCK

N. L. DREW & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LUMBER DEALERS,

CORNER OF SECOND AND M STREETS.

Constantly on hand the finest assortment of all kinds of LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS in this coast. We defy competition. d3-4ptf

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. E. ALEXANDER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office: Northeast corner of J and Fourth streets, Sacramento. ja3-4plm

DRS. HATCH & BRIGGS,

OFFICE 84 J STREET. OFFICE HOURS: DR. Hatch—9 A. M. and 12:30 to 2 P. M. Dr. Briggs—8 to 10 A. M.; 1 to 3 P. M., and 6:30 to 8 P. M. d25-tf

WM. GUTTENBERGER,

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDER AND MAchinist. Castings and Machinery of all kinds made to order at the lowest prices. Guttenberger's Horse Powers the best and cheapest made. Corner of Front and N streets. Sole manufacturer of the California Giant Quartz Mill. d26-4plm

C. H. KEBBS & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, Glass, Varnishes, Brushes, Wall Paper, Window Shades and Wax Flowers, Fancy Goods, Pictures, Moldings, Painters' and Artists' Materials, No. 626 J, and 1006 Seventh street, Sacramento, Cal. d26-4ptf

W. A. HUGHSON, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON Office, southwest corner of Seventh and J streets in Bry e's new building, up stairs. Residence, southeast corner of Seventh and N streets, Sacramento. Office hours: 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 P. M. d25-4plm

EBNER BROS.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN fine Brandies, Wines and