ORIGINAL DEFECTIVE

SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

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SACRAMENTO, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3, 1880.

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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

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[Published in semi-weekly parts]

Is issued on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, comprising Eight Pages in each issue, or Sixteen Pages each week, and is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific coast.

Terms, One Year $2 00

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WANTED, LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY with a boy, to do general housework in a private family. Inquire at CRESCENT CITY HOTEL, J street, between Sixth and Seventh. f2-3t*

WANTED—SITUATION BY A LADY, WHO is thoroughly competent to cook, wash and iron, in a private family. Best of city references. Inquire at EMPIRE HOUSE, No. 22 K street. f2-3t*

STRAYED — FROM SLAUGHTER house, near the American river bridge, 2 cows; one whitish-yellow, branded J J on left hip, and the other a red cow, bald-faced, horns trimmed. Also 2 yearlings—one heifer and one mulley steer. Whoever returns them, or gives information which will lead to their recovery will receive $10 Reward. ja26-tf CONRAD SCHEPP, Twelfth and E streets.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

FOR SALE—A WELL-LOCATED PLACE OF business. Small capital required. Address, "A. B. C.," this office. ja29-1w*

$4,500 160 ACRES GRAIN LAND near Dixon, Solano county, fine house of eight rooms, barn, out-buildings, nice shrubbery, good water, land all fenced and cross-fenced, all under cultivation, 120 acres in grain, 15 a res in flax, all included. School and Depot handy—a Bargain. Half Cash, balance on time. Fine list of cheap and desirable farms for sale. Send for descriptive list. [ja22-3w] J. W. COTTEN Dixon, Cal.

$1,000 TO $1,500—A NORTHERN county Newspaper for sale cheap, at a bargain. Good location. Good reasons for selling. Address "Q. Z. X.," this office. ja17-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—PLEASANT, quiet, home-like rooms, neatly furnished. To rent by the day, week or month, at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. Northwest corner Third and J. Entrances on J street, and on Third, between J and I streets. MRS. TENBEYCK. ja10-tf

DURHAM CATTLE FOR SALE.

10 HEAD OF THOROUGHBRED Durham BULLS, from one to two years old, and 10 Head of either COWS or HEIFERS. Will be sold at private sale at WICK'S RANCH, Butte county. ja30-2m Address M. WICK, Oroville, Cal.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE CHICAGO HOTEL, CONTAINING nice Lady's Parlor, 11 Single and 11 Double Rooms. Can accommodate about 40 people. The dining-room is well lighted and ventilated; will seat 60 persons. A nice large Kitchen, with all the latest improvements. A large Bar-room and Office, all well arranged to suit the business. All the Furniture in rooms and everything pertaining to this Hotel is all new, having only been opened four months, and is now doing a good business. All the above and the five years' lease of premises is for sale at a reasonable price. Death of the wife of the landlord is the reason for this sale. For further particulars, inquire at premises, Nos. 308, 310 and 312 J street, Sacramento, Cal. ja21-tf

STORE FOR SALE.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of a Hardware, Tinware and Agricultural Implement Store, in the town of Chico, is offered for sale at a bargain to close the business. To a responsible party a good opportunity is offered to obtain control of an old established business at a very low figure. Capital required, $4,000 or $5,000.

Address W. J. BLACKWELL, Chico; or M. C. HAWLEY & CO., Sacramento, or San Francisco. ja5 1plm

DENTISTRY.

W. WOOD.

DENTIST (LATE WITH H. H. PIERson), successor to T. B. Reid, No. 317 J street, between Third and Fourth. Artificial Teeth inserted on all bases. Improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas, for the Painless Extraction of Teeth. d24-tf

B. B. BREWER,

DENTIST, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF Seventh and J streets, in Bryte's new building, up stairs. Teeth extracted without pain by use of Improved Liquid Nitrous Oxide Gas d16-1plm

H. H. PIERSON,

DENTIST 415 J STREET, BETWEEN Fourth and Fifth, Sacramento. Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold, Vulcanite and all bases. Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas administered for the painless extraction of Teeth. d14-1m

NOTICE.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS and RETAILERS.

ON RECEIPT OF $8 I WILL SEND TO ANY address a sample case of my specialties, consisting of 3 bottles DR. RENZ'S Herb Bitters, 3 bottles Blackberry Brandy, 3 bottles Rock and Rye, and 3 bottles fine old Bourbon Whisky (the last named trade mark "Bonanza"), all justly celebrated goods, and recommended for medicinal and family use. J. RENZ, Wholesale Liquor Dealer, No. 219 Commercial street, three doors below Front, San Francisco. ja30-1p3m

CHICKERING & SONS' PIANOS!

No. 246 J Street ..... Sacramento.

New Warerooms No. 31 Post street, Mechanics' Institute building ..... SAN FRANCISCO.

L. K. HAMMER,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

Pianos sold on installments, if desired, and to rent. Old instruments taken in exchange for new. Orders for tuning carefully attended to. d20-1plm

SWEETSER & ALSIP,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS

Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds.

Real Estate Bought and Sold on Commission.
☞ Houses rented and rents collected. ☜

Agents for the following Insurance Companies:

IMPERIAL	of London
LONDON	of London
NORTHERN	of London
QUEEN	of Liverpool
NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE	London and Edinburgh
ÆTNA	of Hartford, Conn.

Aggregate Capital, $54,716,853.

☞ No. 47 Fourth street, between J and K, Sacramento, corner of the alley. d22-1ptf

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE

NEUBOURG & LAGES,

NOS. 50, 52 AND 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO dealers in Produce and Brewers' Supplies Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals, etc Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. d17-1pt f

THE MECHANICS' STORE.

IT'S AN ILL WIND

—THAT—

BLOWS NOBODY ANY GOOD!

So say Certain Grasping Dealers, who have taken advantage of the recent advance in prices of goods.

For not alone have they added on the actual advance in prices, but they have taken good care to add an additional 10 or 15 per cent., even on such goods as where no advance has really taken place. They propose, where it is possible, to bulldoze their customers into paying big prices for inferior goods. The newest dodge is to show hesitating customers Circulars, said to come from Manufacturers and Jobbers (but really gotten up for the purpose of deception), dwelling upon the enormous advances in prices, etc.

No doubt this so-called shrewd business trick would succeed very well, and would probably help to fill the coffers of our smarter competitors. But we are just so mean enough to expose these little sharp practices, and just stupid enough to stick to the golden principle of laboring for the interest of our patrons, by being the first to reduce when the market declines, and the very last to advance when the market goes up.

Of course, our so-called shrewd merchants call this unwise business policy, and say they don't believe in it worth a cent.

It seems, however, that the public does not agree with them. but sees fit to appreciate our business stupidity. The result is, that notwithstanding the general cry of dull times, it is a fact that for the same season of the year our trade is livelier at present than ever before.

This encouragement on the part of the public cheers us on, and only makes us so much more determined to protect their interests, by keeping all advances down as much and as long as possible. For this week we have the following inducements to offer in our

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT:

A handsome line of Men's Calico Shirts, with two collars	65 cents
Very superior quality Men's Calico Shirts, with two collars	$1 00
Cheviot front (French make)	$1 35
Cheviot front and back (French make), newest patterns	$1 45
A good Knit Undershirt, white or colored	35 cents
The best value in a White Knit Undershirt ever placed on our shelves	50 cents
A line of Japanese Fancy Stripe Undershirts or Drawers	50 cents
A line of full-finished Knit Underwear	$1 50 each
A full line of Scotch Wool, full-finish Underwear	$2 35 each
A complete line of Navy Blue, double-breasted Overshirts	$1 45, $1 85, $2, $2 25 and $2 40
A good White Shirt, perfect fitting	75 cents
Linen bosom White Shirt, perfect fitting	$1 00
Better grades	$1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2
Linen Collars, newest styles	12½ cents each
Linen Collars, newest styles (better grade)	15 cents each
Linen Collars, very best quality	$2 35 per box
A splendid grade of Paper Collars	17 cents per box
Complete lines of Men's Cotton Half Hose	8½c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 17c, and 20c
A line of full-finished British Half Hose (super stout)	25 cents each
Lisle Thread Half Hose (good quality)	30 cents
Lisle Thread Half Hose (best quality)	40 cents
Balbriggan Half Hose, silk clocking	35, 40 and 50 cents
Handsome assortment of Fancy Stripe Half Hose	8½c, 17c, 25c, 35c, 45c and 50c
Cotton Handkerchiefs	6¼ cents, 8⅓ cents and 12½ cents
Linen Handkerchiefs	15 cents, 20 cents, 25 cents, 30 cents, 33⅓ cents and 40 cents
Linen Handkerchiefs (initial hemstitch)	50 and 75 cents
Beautiful assortment of Silk Handkerchiefs, in all shades and varieties	50 cents to $1 50
A good pair of Suspenders	20 cents
Better grades Suspenders	25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c, 90c, $1, $1 15 and $1 25
Goat Skin Gloves	50 cents
Goat Skin Gloves (hand-made)	70 cents
Goat Skin Gloves (half gauntlet)	85 cents
Goat Skin Gloves (full gauntlet)	$1
Buckskin Gloves	90 cents, $1, $1 15 and $1 40
Buckskin Gloves (half gauntlet)	$1 15
Buckskin Gloves (full gauntlet)	$1 35 and $1 50
Dog Skin Driving Gloves	90 cents and $1
Full line of Gentlemen's Kid Gloves, all shades	$1 25, $1 50 and $1 75 per pair

NECKWEAR.

Bows, black or fancy	10 cents, 15 cents, 20 cents and 25 cents
Black String Ties	15 cents, 20 cents, 25 cents, 40 cents and 50 cents
Fancy String Ties	15 cents, 25 cents and 40 cents
Windsor Scarfs (in all colors)	45 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, $1 and $1 50
Black Dress Scarfs	40 cents, 50 cents, 65 cents and 85 cents
Fancy Dress Scarfs	40 cents, 50 cents, 65 cents and 85 cents
Linen Cuffs	20 cents, 25 cents and 30 cents per pair.

☞ Remember, that although you may know nothing about the value of a WHITE SHIRT or any other article sold by us, still in our house, owing to our method of having one and the same price for all, you would do just as well and buy equally as low as the wisest merchant.

If you live outside of Sacramento, and cannot make it convenient to come here, send for a PRICE LIST, and you will receive a complete catalogue of our goods and prices, for

DRY GOODS!

FANCY GOODS!

CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS!

Hats, Caps, Millinery, Boots, Shoes, Trunks and Valises.

☞ Orders filled through the Mails, Express or Freight. ☜

MECHANICS' STORE!

Nos. 400, 402, 404, 406 and 408 K street.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS:

Weinstock & Lubin,

SACRAMENTO ..... CAL.

PEOPLE'S STORE.

☞ INTEGRITY IS THE VITAL SPARK OF COMMERCIAL LIFE. ENERGY IS THE BIG COG WHEEL RUN BY STEAM, AND CASH IS THE EARNEST AND SOLID STUFF THAT WILL BUY ANYTHING ON GOD'S GREEN EARTH.

BEYOND THESE LAY THE RESERVE FORCES OF AN UNCONQUERABLE WILL—CONQUERING ALL THINGS, AND CONSTANTLY LOOKING FOR NEW FIELDS OF TRIUMPH.

☞ Since our advent in business, we have been almost at the flattering success of our efforts to place before the public

Solid and Substantial Goods

—AT—

CASH PRICES!

And again we quote the annexed list, at figures that are alive and speaking:

DRESS GOODS!

50 Pieces Wash Poplins (bourette styles), at 12½c a yard.

35 Pieces Brocades—Colors, plum-brown and garnet, at 16c a yard.

15 Pieces Canada Greys (wool filling), at 15c a yard.

Another Case of Fancy Novelties, on which we had much a run, at 19½c a yard.

60 Pieces Silk-mixed English Plaids, at 25c a yard.

8 Pieces 45 inch "Patines"—Colors, Navy Blue, Brown and Grey, at 25c a yard.

LADIES' MERINO VESTS!

16 Dozen Good Goods (high neck and long sleeves), at 50c.

8 Dozen Extra Fine Merino, at 65c.

10 Dozen Superfine Merino, at 75c.

6 Dozen Lamb's Wool, at 90c.

Children's Merino Underwear, at 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c.

WE HAVE JUST ADDED A

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT,

And have just received direct from Hartford, Conn., our first line of

White Shirts!

100 Dozen Unlaundered White Shirts, at 95 cents each.

It is a well made Shirt, of Heavy Muslin and Fine Linen Bosom and Cuffs.

35 Dozen Fine Laundered Shirts, at $1 50.

Made of Wamsutta Muslin, and Beautiful Fine Irish Linen Bosom and Cuffs.

NOTE.—The above SHIRT is really worth $2, and cannot be purchased at less in any other house in the city.

Canton Flannel Shirts or Drawers, 50c each.

Extra Heavy (All Wool, Twilled) Red Flannel Shirts or Drawers, $1 40.

Merino Shirts ..... at 50c and 65c (Splendid value).

Gent's Linen Collars ..... at 12½c each.

A full line of MEN'S SOCKS, at all prices.

☞ Those living at a distance can be supplied with the above articles by Express, sent to any address C. O. D.

☞ Samples sent on application. Address: "SAMPLE DEPARTMENT."

PEOPLE'S STORE,

No. 600 J STREET,

Southeast Corner Sixth ..... Sacramento

POSTOFFICE BOX 28. ol-1ptf TuThS

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

XXIII. SESSION—TWENTY-NINTH DAY.

[Phonographically Reported for the RECORD-UNION by Willis & Sackston.]

SENATE.

SACRAMENTO, February 2, 1880.

The Senate met in regular session at 10 A. M., President Mansfield in the chair.

Roll called and a quorum present.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

PETITION.

Mr. BAKER presented a petition from Mrs. R. Montgomery, Mrs. P. Lee and Mrs. H. Knapp, of San Jose, Santa Clara county, asking that they be allowed the right to vote, "all State Constitutions and statute laws to the contrary notwithstanding."

On motion of Mr. NEUMANN, it was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

REPORTS.

Mr. NYE, from the Committee on Judiciary, reported back favorably a substitute for Senate Bill No. 55—an Act fixing the compensation of the members, officers and employes of the Legislature.

Mr. JOHNSON presented a minority report on the same bill, holding that the salaries in the substitute were fixed too low. The main objection urged was that the Act was to take effect immediately, and he held that to be in the nature of a breach of faith with the officers and employes of the Legislature now in session.

ASSEMBLY MESSAGE.

The Senate took up the Assembly message:

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 12—Relative to the appointment of a joint committee to confer with Hons. Isaac S. Belcher, Thomas P. Stoney and A. C. Freeman, in regard to the work they have done at the joint suggestion of Governor Perkins and ex-Governor Irwin. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Assembly Bill No. 18—An Act to repeal Section 420 of the Penal Code.

On motion of Mr. JOHNSON, it was ordered on the file with Senate Bill No. 67—An Act to repeal Section 420 of the Penal Code.

Senate concurrent resolution relative to the improvement of Humboldt bay. Assembly amendment concurred in.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced, read first time at length and referred as follows:

By Mr. JOHNSON—An Act to amend Section 3466 of the Political Code, in relation to the collection of delinquent charges and assessments in Swamp and Reclamation Districts, made for reclamation purposes. Committee on Public, Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

Also, an Act to amend Section 3181 of the Political Code, in relation to Swamp Land Districts. Committee on Public, Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

By Mr. JOHNSTON—An Act to provide for the election of Trustees in Swamp and Reclamation Districts in cases where there is no Board, and to provide for future elections of such Board of Trustees. Committee on Public, Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

Also, an Act granting relief to taxpayers whose lands have been sold to the State. [Gives one year for redemption after the passage of the Act.] Committee on Public, Swamp and Overflowed Lands.

By Mr. HITTELL—An Act to amend Sections 871 and 900 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to proceedings in Justices' Courts. Committee on Judiciary.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

The Senate took up the general file of the day for the second reading of bills and disposed of bills as follows:

Senate Bill No. 5—An Act to provide for the improvement of Normal School square, in the city of San Jose (by Mr. Baker)—was read a second time as in Committee of the Whole. The Committee on Public Buildings reported an amendment making the appropriation $20,000 instead of $25,000.

Mr. BAKER opposed the adoption of the amendment, and read in support of his position the report of the Committee on Public Buildings of the Assembly of the last session. He urged the Senate strongly to make a suitable appropriation for this purpose.

Mr. SAYTERWHITE moved to amend the amendment by striking out $20,000 and inserting $5,000. He urged the adoption of the amendment and held the sum to be sufficient. That was enough to improve 28 acres. The principal result of the Normal School in the past had been to educate young men to the profession of the law. He could not see how they were going to expend $20,000 in the improvement of 28 acres.

Mr. BAKER warmly defended the Normal School and its usefulness. If the appropriation was reduced to $5,000 he would vote against the bill. He considered the original amount a very low one; the last sum mentioned was of absolutely no value as it would not make anything like the necessary improvement.

Mr. SAYTERWHITE said that the votes of the gentlemen from Santa Clara to reduce the pay of attaches had probably saved the State $5 or $6 a day for 100 days, and now the Senators desired to vote away $25,000 to improve 28 acres of land in their own county.

Mr. CHASE said that he had noticed the dilapidated condition of the State property at San Jose, and he did not believe that $5,000 was sufficient, and he did not think $20,000 was extravagant.

Mr. DAVIS said that in voting on large appropriations of this kind members should throw aside all outside influence. He had listened to the statements of both Senators Baker and Satterwhite and he did not think $5,000 was enough for this purpose. He defended the State Normal School and believed that it was an institution thought well of by the people of the State. It was the poor man's school. He did not believe there was a State in the Union that supported a State Normal School at so little expense as this State does. The present condition of the place was an eyesore in the city of San Jose.

Mr. ZUCK thought the matter had been ably presented by his colleague, Mr. Baker, and he heartily concurred in what he had said in regard to it. He thought the votes he had cast heretofore had established his position as an economist, but he believed it was unwise to make an appropriation short of the necessary sum. He thought that every dollar of $20,000 would be necessary to make the desired improvements on Normal School Square, and he urged the adoption of the amendment offered by the committee at considerable length.

Mr. GORMAN confessed that from what he had heard he was in doubt which way to vote. He thought the matter should be put off until the report of the Committee on Public Buildings should be submitted. He wanted to see the appropriations as low as proper, but not too low.

Mr. BAKER said that committee had unanimously reported in favor of $20,000 for this purpose.

Mr. JOHNSTON opposed the amendment to the amendment. As a member of the Committee on Public Buildings he had thoroughly examined the matter, and was originally in favor of the $25,000 appropriation. The committee had been economically inclined and amended it to $20,000. He thought that sum was little enough.

Mr. JOHNSON opposed the amendment to the amendment. He favored making appropriations for State buildings just as large as was necessary. He congratulated the economical Senators Satterwhite and Zuck on their division of sentiment in this case. He thought the Senator who had been parsimonious about a clerk was simply frugal in regard to an appropriation for an institution in his county. Before the end of the session he might become reasonable in regard to matters of appropriation for other things outside of his county.

Mr. DICKINSON favored the bill as amended by the committee.

Mr. NYE also thought the appropriation was small enough, and spoke in eulogy of the State Normal School.

Mr. Satterwhite's amendment was lost.

Mr. SAYTERWHITE offered an amendment striking out $20,000 and inserting $10,000, and spoke in favor of that amendment. He held Senator Zuck excusable for falling down in his economical ideas, because this was for his county. He urged the Senator to cut down these appropriations.

Mr. BAKER opposed the amendment strongly as insufficient.

The amendment to the amendment was lost by a vote of 7 ayes to 21 noes.

The amendment offered by the committee was adopted.

The bill as amended was reported to the Senate from the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. SATTERWHITE offered the amendment making it $10,000, in Senate, and demanded the ayes and noes.

The amendment was lost by a vote of 7 ayes to 21 noes.

Mr. NYE moved to amend Section 2 by adding after the word "grading" the word "draining." Adopted.

The bill was then ordered engrossed.

Assembly Bill No. 33—An Act to amend Sections 1475 and 1504 of an Act entitled an Act to establish a Penal Code, approved February 14, 1872, relating to the writ of habeas corpus (by Mr. Leach)—was read second time by sections, considered as in Committee of the Whole, and the amendments of the Committee on Judiciary adopted.

Assembly Bill No. 32—An Act to amend Sections 747, 746, 749 and 753 of an Act entitled an Act to establish a Penal Code, approved February 14, 1872, relating to impeachments (by Mr. Leach)—was read second time by sections, considered as in Committee of the Whole and the amendments of the Committee on Judiciary adopted.

ANOTHER BILL.

The following bill was introduced and read first time:

By Mr. CARLOCK—An Act to amend Section 3360 of the Political Code. [In regard to licenses]. Committee on Judiciary.

SECOND READINGS RESUMED.

Senate Bill No. 140—An Act to amend Sections 943, 948 and 959 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to appeals in civil actions (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time by sections and ordered engrossed.

Assembly Bill No. 31—An Act to amend Sections 1418 and 1419 of an Act entitled an Act to establish a Penal Code, approved February 14, 1872, relating to reprieves, commutations and pardons (by Mr. Leach)—was read second time, considered as in Committee of the Whole, and the amendments of the Committee on Judiciary adopted.

Senate Bill No. 141—An Act to amend Chapters II. and III. of Title XIII. of Part II. of the Code of Civil Procedure, and each and every section of said Chapters II. and III., and to substitute new Chapters II. and III. to take the place thereof in said Code, relating to appeals in civil actions (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time and considered as in Committee of the Whole.

Pending its consideration, the Senate took its usual recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Senate reassembled at 1:30 P. M., President in the chair.

Roll called and quorum present.

Mr. CHASE, from the Committee on Engrossment, reported correctly engrossed Senate Bill No. 77.

The Senate resumed consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, and the bill was recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary.

Senate Bill No. 145—An Act to amend Section 1060 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to inspection of writings (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time, considered as in Committee of the Whole, amendments of Committee on Judiciary adopted and bill ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 146—An Act to amend Sections 1004 and 1005 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to motions and orders in civil actions (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time, considered as in Committee of the Whole, amendments of Committee on Judiciary adopted and bill ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 147—An Act to amend Section 1054 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to the time within which certain acts are to be done (by Mr. Hittell)—was read a second time, considered in Committee of the Whole, and ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 148—An Act to amend Section 1055 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to actions against Sheriffs (by Mr. Hittell)—was read a second and ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 149—An Act to repeal Section 1056 of the Code of Civil Procedure (by Mr. Hittell)—was read a second time and ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 150—An Act to amend Section 1058 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to civil actions wherein the State or an officer thereof, or a county, city, or town, is a party (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time, considered as in Committee of the Whole, amendments of Committee on Judiciary adopted and bill ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 151—An Act to amend Section 1108 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to writs of review, mandate or prohibition (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time and ordered engrossed.

Senate Bill No. 139—An Act to repeal Chapters IV. and V., of Title XIII., of Part II., of the Code of Civil Procedure, and each and every section of said Chapters IV. and V., relating to appeals in civil actions (by Mr. Hittell)—was read second time and ordered engrossed.

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 2—Joint Resolution, relative to the protection of the commercial interests of the Pacific Coast (by Mr. Leach)—was read second time and ordered on file.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

A message was received from the Governor announcing his approval of Senate Bill No. 77—An Act making an appropriation for the State Printing Office.

PASSED.

On motion of Mr. DAVIS, the Senate took up Assembly Bill No. 6—An Act to transfer the records, papers, and business of the Courts existing on the 31st day of December, 1879, in this State, to the Courts now existing therein (by Mr. Fox). The bill was read a third time at length and passed by a vote of 33 ayes to 0 noes.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The Senate took up for consideration the resolution relative to the appointment of a Chaplain for the Senate, and proposed amendment.

Mr. SATTERWHITE moved to lay the resolution on the table.

The ayes and noes were demanded and the motion prevailed by a vote of 19 ayes to 16 noes.

SECOND READINGS CONTINUED—CHINESE.

Senate Bill No. 6—An Act to prohibit the employment of Chinese by corporations, and to add a new section to the Penal Code (by Mr. Kane)—was taken up and considered as in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. BAKER was in favor of a bill of this character, but was not in favor of the bill in its present form. Under this bill, if three Directors voted to employ a Chinaman, and two voted against it, the latter could be punished equally with the former, and that was unjust. He moved to recommit to the committee, with instructions to amend in that particular.

Mr. CONGER favored the bill just as it was. It was only carrying out the new Constitution.

Mr. HITTELL moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Judiciary. There were grave legal questions in the bill.

Mr. PARDEE asked the gentleman if he believed if this law was passed it would be in accordance with the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. HITTELL did not think it would, and that was one reason he favored the reference.

Mr. NEUMANN did not propose to make a fool of himself by voting for a bill when he was satisfied that when it was presented to the Courts it would be thrown out at once. He favored the reference of the bill to the Committee on Judiciary. If a bill could be framed so as to obtain relief on the Chinese question he would vote for it, but he did not want to enter into any irrepressible conflict with the United States authorities.

Mr. JOHNSON said he was in favor of the passage of this bill. He believed it to be constitutional and in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the so called Granger cases. This bill only carried out the letter and spirit of the Constitution. With the policy of such a measure the Legislature had nothing to do. By the adoption of the Constitution the people had made it imperative on the Legislature to pass this law. He did not commit himself to the wisdom of the measure, but he believed it to be the duty of the Legislature to pass the law to carry out the Constitution and let the Courts decide upon it. He was opposed to the commitment of the bill unless it was with instructions to report in two days.

Mr. NEUMANN asked Mr. Johnson whether, if he believed the law was in conflict with the Constitution of the United States, he would vote for it.

Mr. JOHNSON replied that he would, in order that the question might be settled definitely once for all.

Mr. HITTELL urged the reference, in order that it might be more fully examined.

Mr. BAKER believed the bill to be constitutional, and was in favor of the law, but this bill was not yet properly guarded, and it ought to go to the committee and be amended in the particular which he had mentioned. He withdrew his motion and favored the reference to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. DAVIS favored the reference to the Committee on Judiciary. Though he had not favored the new Constitution, he did not believe in legislation to make that Constitution odious. He had no doubt that this bill was in direct violation of the Constitution of the United States. He moved to amend, that the committee report on Thursday morning, and if the bill could be perfected he would vote for it.

Mr. HITTELL accepted the amendment.

Mr. SATTERWHITE saw no need of the reference, and was in favor of the passage of the bill. He did not believe the bill to be in conflict with the Constitution of the United States. He referred to statutes in other States prohibiting people from employing children under 11 years of age. These laws had been held constitutional, and why not this one.

Mr. CHASE was in favor of the bill as it was, but would vote for the reference if that would remove the objections of any of the Senators.

Mr. DICKINSON said that if he became convinced by a full examination of this bill that it was in conflict with the Constitution of the United States, he would be guided by his oath to support the Constitution of the United States. He did not wish to pass an opinion hastily on a matter of so much importance, and he favored the reference.

Mr. JOHNSON again insisted on the constitutionality of the bill. He read from the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of Munn vs. Illinois, to show that it was in accordance with the holding of that Court. He did not want to endanger the passage of the bill, and was willing to let it go to the committee if it came back at once.

Mr. CONGER took the same ground. He wanted to see a test case made and taken before the Supreme Court of the United States. He was ready for that much of an irrepressible conflict.

Mr. RYAN was surprised that the legal gentlemen were not yet ready with amendments if they desired to make any. He did not, however, object to the reference if the bill if it could be passed.

Mr. ENOS opposed the reference. He was suspicious of the Committee on Judiciary. A similar bill had been referred to the Committee on Judiciary of the Assembly, and that committee had reported it back as unconstitutional. The bill was only carrying out the Constitution, and he was ready to vote on it now.

The motion to refer prevailed.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

A message was received from the Governor transmitting a continuation of the report of the State Engineer.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

Senate Bill No. 218—An Act to prohibit the issuance of licenses to aliens not eligible to become electors of the State of California (by Mr. Johnson)—was considered as in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. DICKINSON made the same motion as was made in Senate Bill No. 6, above discussed.

Mr. CONGER opposed the motion.

Mr. JOHNSON took the same position he did in regard to the other.

The motion prevailed.

Senate Bill No. 103—An Act to amend Sections 244, 248 and 249 of the Political Code, relating to Clerks of the Senate and Assembly (by Mr. Satterwhite)—was read second time and considered as in Committee of the Whole, amendments of the Committee on Judiciary adopted and bill ordered engrossed.

BILLS ON PASSAGE.

Senate Bill No. 113—An Act to amend Sections 432, 454 and 473 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to pleadings in civil actions (by Mr. Hittell)—was recommitted to the Committee on Engrossment for correction of engrossment.

Assembly Bill No. 93—An Act in relation to certain assistants and deputies of County Clerks (by Mr. May)—was read third time at length and adopted by a vote of 33 ayes to 0 noes.

Assembly Bill No 29—An Act to continue in force school teachers' certificates, State educational diplomas and life diplomas (by Mr. Young)—was read third time at length.

Mr. WEST moved to recommit the bill to the Committee on Judiciary, with an amendment providing that no certificate or diploma shall be valid after January 1, 1881, unless they shall be indorsed by the Board of Supervisors, after examination or otherwise they shall have found that the certificate was properly issued. He argued that it was intended to weed out those who had obtained certificates fraudulently.

Messrs. JOHNSON and ENOS opposed the reference, and favored the passage of the bill.

Mr. HITTELL favored the reference in the hope of getting more light on the subject, though he did say he favored the amendment.

Mr. FOOT presented a remonstrance from a committee of the Teachers' Association of Stanislaus county against declaring invalid the certificates and diplomas of teachers, which was read by the Secretary.

Mr. DAVIS spoke against the reference. He did not think the amendment would serve any good purpose and favored the passage of the bill.

Messrs. HILL, TRAYLOR and WATSON took the same ground.

Mr. KANE favored the motion to recommit. He held that the most coin gets the most certificates, and he hoped the educational system would be purged of its corruption.

[President pro tem. Baker in the chair.]

The motion to recommit was lost. The bill was passed by a vote of 33 ayes to 4 noes.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 11, relative to employment of prison labor (Baker), was read a third time at length and recommitted to the Committee on Federal Relations.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 3, relative to prohibition of the importation of distilled liquors and of distilleries, except for mechanical and medicinal purposes (by Mr. Chase), was read a third time.

Mr. NEUMANN moved to lay the resolution on the table.

The motion was lost by a vote of 16 ayes to 19 noes.

The Chair held the resolution lost by a vote of 19 ayes to 16 noes, as 21 votes were required to pass any bill, and a joint resolution was treated under the rules of the Senate as a bill.

Mr. CHENEY appealed from the decision of the Chair.

Mr. ENOS believed that the resolution was adopted by the vote of 19.

Mr. ENOS took the opposite view.

The decision of the Chair was sustained.

Senate Bill No. 143—An Act to repeal an Act entitled an Act for the appointment of Inspector of stationary steam-boilers and steam-tanks, and for the better security of life and property in the city and county of San Francisco, approved March 27, 1876 (by Mr. Enos)—was read the third time at length.

Mr. KANE opposed the passage of the bill very warmly. The people of San Francisco did not want this bill passed. There was a job in it. It was another Spring Valley arrangement and full of corruption. It was got up in the interests of the rich against the poor.

Mr. ENOS said that he would not favor a bill in favor of the rich against the poor. This bill had been submitted to the San Francisco delegation and they had unanimously reported in favor of its passage. There were 7,000 steam-boilers and tanks in San Francisco. This Act allowed the Inspector the enormous sum of $35,000. No Board of Supervisors in San Francisco had yet been found vile or corrupt enough to appoint an Inspector under it. The Board of Supervisors unanimously favored the repeal. He would not object to a proper law for inspecting boilers, but he wanted to see the present Act repealed.

Mr. JOHNSON opposed the passage of the bill. If the fees were too high, amend the law and fix it right. Such an officer was needed for the protection of life and property.

Mr. PARDEE could not see the object in keeping this law on the statute books. It had been on the statute books for four years, and never was enforced.

Mr. HITTELL favored the bill. The Act to be repealed was a special law and would be in conflict with the Constitution. The Constitution evidently contem