

CHICAGO.

Fourth Day of the National Republican Convention.

SETTLEMENT OF CONTESTS.

Minority Report on Rules and Order of Business Adopted.

NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES.

Blaine, Grant, Sherman, Washburne, Edmunds and Windom Named.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL MONDAY MORNING

Creed Hymond's Retort to General Logan.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

[From our Extra of yesterday.]

CHICAGO, June 4th.—Storrs followed the sitting delegates of Illinois in a pithy speech, frequently eliciting demonstrations of applause. The sentence "Nominate James G. Blaine if you will," was the signal for another grand outburst of applause, which was endorsed and intensified, when he finished the sentence, thus: "And then, when those who now shout in the galleries shall be by and be reposing under the influence of the summer sun, the followers of the grand old soldier will still be found wide awake and watching by their campfires and carrying the banners of the slugs."

EXCITING SCENE.

The scene which followed and continued for several minutes was most exciting, a part of the galleries and the Grant men in the Convention standing and shouting, the speaker partially dazed and then breaking out anew. Although the scene of excitement was continued for a long time, it was clearly apparent that it was not participated in by so large a proportion of the audience as upon the occasion of Pilexy's allusion to Blaine.

CONKING WAS CONSPICUOUS IN LEADING THE CHEERS, FIRST, BY WAIVING HIS HANDKERCHIEF, AND LATER BY STANDING ON HIS CHAIR AND DESIGNATING THE STATE OF NEW YORK DELEGATION.

Finally some one started the campaign songs "We'll Rally 'Round the Flag, Boys," and "The Battle-cry of Freedom."

A NEW YORK DELEGATE CALLED FOR THREE CHEERS FOR GRANT, WHICH WERE GIVEN WITH A WILL. THEN THREE CHEERS FOR BLAINE WERE CALLED FOR BY SOME ONE ON THE FLOOR, AND THE SHOUTS THAT SPRANG FROM THOUSANDS OF THROATS WERE MORE DEFENDING THAN ANYTHING WHICH HAD PRECEDED IT.

The Grant men on the floor evidently were not aware of the cause of the fresh outburst, and soon were in their feet in the pandemonium of noise and confusion.

At this time nearly every person within the hall was on his feet, each cheering for his own favorite. Flags, shawls, parasols, hats and all other movable things within reach were swung furiously to and fro. Bob Ingersoll, wearing a lady's shawl, waved it frantically from the platform in the center of the stage, just back of the Chairman. A gentleman waving a flag in one hand and a parasol in the other, swung them to and fro, and repeated time and again: "Hurrah for Blaine." She appeared to be in company with Governor Jewell of Connecticut. Finally she obtained two flags, and with one in each hand, continued her enthusiastic efforts as long as the speaker lasted. It may safely be said that no public assemblage ever before witnessed such a scene. People seemed actually to have lost their senses in the giddy whirl.

Half an hour elapsed before the Chair made any effort to call the Convention to order.

At this time Hale of Maine was standing above the singing crowd, upon the shoulders of some friends, waving the banner of Maine, and with the banners of the Blaine States grouped closely about him.

At last comparative order was restored, when three cheers were asked for and given to the nominee of the Convention, and Storrs resumed his remarks, to be interrupted by renewed cheers upon the floor.

He closed with a earnest invocation for unity and unity as the prime of victory.

The Chair announced that the time for the minority had expired, and that twenty minutes' time remained to the majority.

There were loud cries for Ingersoll, who declined to respond, because he was a delegate only by proxy.

Conger explained this to the Convention, and asked permission for Ingersoll to be heard. There were loud cries of "Ingersoll!" "Let him speak!" "No!" "Yes!"

Conking objected.

Conger said: "The objection comes from the man from New York." Conger insisted on the right of Ingersoll, though a proxy, to be heard. "Mr. Logan," he said, "was here only as a proxy."

Pilexy said he had come 3,000 miles to attend a deliberative convention. [Cries of "3,000, 000, 000!"] Pilexy said: "Well, I have added 1,000 miles to accommodate myself to the class of oratory that has only one day to spend. The reason that has just taken place is unworthy of a Republican Convention; it is worthy of France in revolution, or of the Commune." He urged that this child's play should cease, and the Convention attend to business.

Butterworth of Ohio moved an adjournment till 10 o'clock to-morrow (Saturday) morning, which was declared lost.

A roll-call was demanded, and ordered. A motion to adjourn was lost—yeas, 103; noes, 153.

Cesna asked a division of the question, and asked that it be first taken on the contest in the First District of Illinois.

The question recurring on the adoption of the majority report in the case of the First District of Illinois, on which the roll was called, resulting in yeas 284, noes 356—so the majority report was adopted.

The question recurring on the adoption of the majority report of the remaining Illinois cases, Logan asked a division of the question and separate vote in the case of each contested district.

The Chair stated the question to be there on the contest in the Illinois Third District, and the roll was called, resulting in yeas 385, noes 333—so the report was adopted.

A motion to adjourn till 11 to-morrow, made by a delegate from Mississippi, was lost.

Meanwhile Conking and others had been laboring with Logan, who withdrew his demand for any further division of the question regarding the remaining Illinois contests.

A call of the roll was had on the Fourth District, resulting in yeas 388, noes 351—so the report was adopted.

The majority report, so far as relates to the remaining Illinois contests, was then adopted by a viva voce vote.

On motion of Sewell of New Jersey, the Convention, at twenty-five minutes past 2, adjourned to 11 o'clock this (Saturday) morning.

Yesterday's Proceedings in B. I. F.

CHICAGO, June 5th.—The Convention was called to order at 11:45 A. M.

The contestants from the Illinois districts were in their seats.

The question of the Kansas contestants was taken up. Forty minutes were given to a discussion of the Kansas question.

A delegate had demanded a call of States on the Kansas question.

A call of States on the acceptance of the

majority report on the Kansas question resulted in favor of, by a vote of 486 against 184.

The contested question in West Virginia was then taken up.

On motion the report of the Committee on Credentials, was accepted.

The "Yah" question on contested seats was then taken up.

The minority report in favor of admitting the contestants from Utah in place of the sitting members was then adopted.

The report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business was taken up. The rules of the House of Representatives was recommended.

It is provided that when a vote of a State is cast for a candidate it cannot be changed, except in case of a numerical error, ten minutes to be allowed for the presentation of each candidate.

The minority report on Rules and Order of Business was adopted, and the Committee on Resolutions was asked to report.

Sharpe moved that the Convention proceed immediately to ballot for President of the United States.

The Chairman has ruled Sharpe's motion in the affirmative.

Sharpe's motion was rejected. Sharpe has demanded the roll-call of States on his motion.

A roll-call on Sharpe's motion resulted: In favor, 276; against, 479.

Butterworth of Massachusetts moved that the National Convention be instructed to prepare a plan for the election of delegates by States to the National Convention of 1884.

After considerable discussion on the platform, and the insertion of the proposed civil service plan, the Convention adjourned.

Sharpe's motion was rejected. Sharpe has demanded the roll-call of States on his motion.

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FIRE AT NEVADA CITY.

Chinatown Destroyed, Together with Other Property.

SOENE OF INTENSE EXCITEMENT.

Narrow Escape of a Woman—Partial List of Losses.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

NEVADA CITY, June 5th.—The following regarding the big blaze here to-day, appearing in tonight's Herald: At about a quarter after 4 o'clock this afternoon the fire alarm was sounded from Engine Company No. 2. The call was immediately responded to by both companies. The cause of the alarm was found to be from flames issuing from the upholstery establishment of John White, situated on Broad street. Before the fire department could reach the scene the entire building was in flames, and it soon became evident that there was

hard work before them. The houses adjoining were in a blaze almost instantly. The New York Hotel and Harrison's butcher shop and Irish place soon commenced to burn, with all the fire possible. The Chinese shanties in the rear of these buildings soon caught, and it was then that the fire department commenced to realize the task they had before them. Crowds of people from all portions of the city and the suburbs commenced to flock to the scene of the conflagration. It was feared that the town would surely be burned to the ground before darkness closed in. The flames continued spreading to the corner of Broad and Pine streets, carrying everything before them. Building after building caught on the other side of the New York Hotel. The entire portion of

Chinatown

And the portion of Pine street occupied by the dem-bow was being rapidly devoured by the hungry flames. The fire department was unable to reach the Chinese shanties in the rear of these buildings soon caught, and it was then that the fire department commenced to realize the task they had before them. Crowds of people from all portions of the city and the suburbs commenced to flock to the scene of the conflagration. It was feared that the town would surely be burned to the ground before darkness closed in. The flames continued spreading to the corner of Broad and Pine streets, carrying everything before them. Building after building caught on the other side of the New York Hotel. The entire portion of

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