THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY.....JUNE 15, 1880.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

In New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 108⅝ for 4s of 1907; 103¾ for 5s of 1881; 109¾ for 4½s; sterling, $4 86½@4 89½; silver bars, 115; silver coin, ¼ discount buying, par selling.

Silver in London yesterday, 52¾d; consols, 98 1-16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, 105; 4s, 111; 4½s, 112.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at par; Mexican dollars, 93 buying, 93½ selling.

At Liverpool yesterday wheat was quoted at 9s 9d@10s 3d for good to choice California.

Mining stocks opened quietly in San Francisco yesterday morning. The closing prices of Saturday were well sustained. In some cases there was an advance of 5c to 75c per share. The volume of business, as usual on Monday, was light.

George W. Ford committed suicide in Yuba county, Sunday, by shooting himself through the head.

C. A. Payne was shot and killed in San Benito county, Sunday, by Francisco Jose Furtado.

News has reached Stockton that the break in the Roberts Island levee has been closed.

Dennis H. Dunn, one of the earliest settlers of Shasta county, died at Shasta Sunday.

A lively shower of rain fell at Shasta Sunday evening.

No further fears exist of a flood on the Columbia river, in Oregon.

The Grand Lodge, F. and A. M., of Oregon, is in session at Portland.

The imported thoroughbred John D. Ryslyke was burned to death yesterday at St. Thomas, Ont.

Fire at Muscatine, Ia.

Great destruction of property resulted from the recent flood in Wisconsin.

A duel with swords took place Saturday on the Spanish frontier between two Frenchmen, one of them being wounded.

Tom Taylor, the dramatic author, is seriously ill at London.

A strike of brick molders is in progress at Denver, Col.

Lazarus Cohen shot himself through the head at San Francisco yesterday.

Charles F. Reeves was found drowned in a well at Ukiah, Mendocino county, Sunday.

Marquez, the Mexican revolutionist, is still at Tucson, A. T., and is guarded by policemen to protect him from assassination.

During the first quarter of the current year 12,869 emigrants left Germany for the United States.

One man was killed and another fatally injured at Milwaukee yesterday by a boiler explosion.

When the Chileans took Arica, Peru, they made prisoners of the garrison.

THE CASE OF GENERAL RAUM.

President Hayes appears to be disposed to make an example of Commissioner Raum, who deliberately defied the Executive order in regard to the abstention of Federal office-holders from political manipulation, and took an active part both in the Illinois State Republican Convention and the subsequent National Convention. The case is aggravated by the fact that the President warned General Raum in advance, and asked him to refrain from doing anything which would embarrass the Administration. There is but one difficulty about the affair, and that is that any proceedings against Raum are liable to be construed as a punishment for his advocacy of Grant's nomination. This, however, is not a serious difficulty, for it is perfectly easy to show that Raum's offense is entirely distinct from his advocacy of anybody's claims, and that it would have been precisely the same had he worked for Blaine or Sherman or Washburne or Windom or Garfield. The President having issued the order which Raum has thus coolly trampled upon, we do not see how there can be any room for doubt as to the course to be pursued. The President ought to remove Raum from office instantly and peremptorily, and in such a way that there should be no possibility of misapprehension as to the ground of removal. If he cannot make up his mind to take that decisive course, he ought forthwith to revoke his civil service orders, and frankly confess that he finds the work of reform too difficult for his strength. General Raum has forced the issue, and it would be cowardly and contemptible to evade it. It is a magnificent opportunity to instruct the country as to the exact significance and scope of the executive orders. Of course these orders must be dead letters henceforth if Raum is allowed to disobey them with impunity. Of course the President cannot expect that the subordinates will follow instructions which are thus audaciously spurned by high officials. General Raum has been guilty of gross and flagrant insubordination, and the case leaves the President no alternative but to decapitate him, unless, as we observed before, he is prepared to throw civil service reform to the winds.

THE COLLISION ON THE SOUND.

The most horrible thing about the fatal collision between the steamers Stonington and Narragansett, in Long Island Sound, is the mystery that hangs over the extent of the destruction of life on the latter vessel. It is said that she had between five and six hundred passengers when she left her dock, and it does not appear that more than half that number have been saved. The officials, however, talk vaguely of thirty, forty, fifty or so lives having been lost, and as no register of the passengers was kept it is impossible to tell how many really did go down. It is evident that every passenger steamer should be compelled to keep a list of the passengers she carries, for reference in case of accidents. In this case it is probable that needless suffering will be inflicted upon many families through the absence of all definite information on this head, and that persons will be mourned as lost who perhaps were not on the steamer at all. As usual in such cases the collision revealed a lack of all preparation for emergencies. The Narragansett had the conventional supply of life-preservers, but the greater number of them appear to have been worthless, and they were stowed away where it was difficult to get at them, while there was nobody at hand to explain or direct. The passengers in fact were thrown upon their own resources, and naturally they could do little or nothing to save themselves. The boats could not be lowered until much precious time had been lost, and the crew appear to have deserted the passengers as picked-up crews of that kind are very apt to do. This dreadful disaster ought to result in the taking of measures for the better equipment of passenger steamers with life-saving apparatus, and especially with a sufficient force of drilled hands to act with order and intelligence in a crisis. Whether anything will be done after the nine day's wonder has evaporated, is however extremely doubtful.

A MISTAKE.

Our esteemed evening contemporary makes a mistake. It says "our morning "contemporary has in its issue of to-day "nearly a column of editorial, evidently "in answer to the open note signed John "F. Sheehan, addressed to its manager "and printed in Saturday's *Bee*." We have before had occasion to comment on our esteemed contemporary's erroneous notions in regard to evidence, and this is another illustration of the same kind. The article to which it refers was not written in answer to any card.

THE SOLID SOUTH AND REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT.

To those who reflect upon the present arrangement of political forces in the United States, it must have appeared evident that this condition of things cannot be accepted or submitted to in permanence. It is absurd to pretend that we have republican government while all the Southern States are tyrannized over and dragooned by one element or faction. Yet we are about to enter a Presidential campaign the most remarkable feature of which is the assumption that the Democratic party will inevitably control every Southern State. The implication of course is that this solidity of the South will be the direct result of force and fraud. It is known well that in several Southern States the Republicans possess a numerical majority, but it is also known that they will not be allowed to vote, or that their votes will be destroyed or suppressed. There is no pretense that if the South had republican institutions it would be solidly Democratic. The fact that it has not republican institutions is notorious. And the most alarming sign of the times appears to us to be the tendency to accept this monstrous state of things as a matter of course. Should the Democrats, with and by the aid of a solid South, succeed in electing the President, it is nonsense to assert that this would be a just and satisfactory settlement. It would be the result of the most audacious defiance of law, and the most unscrupulous exercise of brute force. Clearly it is impossible that such methods can be admitted to the ordinary political machinery of the country, and it is equally impossible that any real peace or security can be obtained until these methods are abolished. Factions naturally imitate one another in their usurpations and frauds. The perpetration of wrong by one side is commonly held to justify a similar lawlessness on the other side. But the stability of the republic must continue to be in danger so long as any section of it is controlled contrary to law and Republican principles, and acceptance of the Mexican methods which now obtain at the South can only lead to their imitation at the North. We have indeed already seen, in the case of Maine, a most impudent attempt by the Democrats to extend the area of their Southern practice, and the same kind of tactics would undoubtedly have been tried elsewhere had they succeeded there. At present it may be said that if the Republican party elects the President the danger of Mexicanization will be avoided. But that is a mistake. It will not be avoided until the people of the South are free to follow their bent in politics without let or hindrance. While the colored vote of that region is under duress there can be no fair and lawful national elections held, and a Republican victory will only be a temporary triumph over systematized fraud.

The plain fact is that the South and the Democratic party are playing with cogged dice. They have undertaken to procure unfair advantages for themselves by disregarding democratic principles. The North and West are handicapped by the gigantic swindle which converts the whole South into a mere Democratic machine, and which enables its politicians to operate with stolen votes, and to wield a political power to which they have no just or legitimate title. Nothing is more certain than the impracticability of maintaining a contest on such conditions. The North and West may be content to let things drift so long as they can overcome the iniquitous combination against them by fair fighting, but a Democratic victory would at once precipitate a strain which must shake the country to the center, and it is not at all probable that the claim of the alleged victors would be allowed. Nor, indeed, is it reasonable that it should be allowed. For what does the open boast of a solid South mean, but that the Southern Democrats intend if they can to conquer the North by guile? A solid South would be impossible with a free ballot. Is the North, then, prepared to acquiesce in a possible defeat secured through undisguised violence upon the suffrage at the South? We do not believe it. We believe that a Democratic victory would, on the contrary, provoke resistance; that it would not be conceded; and that it would therefore threaten the country with internecine strife. And this danger is not to be got rid of by any means which do not go to the source of the evil. It is impossible that half the nation should submit to be governed by cheating and outrage. Yet Southern reconstruction has failed, and according to the most careful students of the situation there is nothing to be done but await the slow process of education at the South. The real question is, can the country afford to await for that hypothetical conversion of Southern Democrats to purer methods? If the suspense involves submission to the results of Southern force and fraud, we have no hesitation in predicting that such a solution will be rejected by the North and West. Assuredly this is the first and last time that a solid South will be tolerated. The Government of the country cannot and will not be made dependent upon such iniquities. The South must take her hands from the throat of Liberty, or there will be serious trouble before another Presidential election occurs.

A SPLIT IN THE CAMP.

The San Francisco Workingmen have split into two factions, and the Rag Baby is the cause of the dissension. Some of them, and naturally the most ignorant and unintelligent, since they are Kearney's immediate disciples, have embraced the crude ideas of that individual upon the Greenback issue, and they want to swing the W. P. C. into line with the Eastern soft-money idiots, under the lunatic banner of Weaver. The more intelligent element of the party are opposed to this suicidal absurdity, and they talk loudly of deposing Kearney, and firing out those who hold with him. And so the party, weak enough before, has divided, and the result will be the desertion of all save the most foolish element, and their absorption into the Democracy. Kalloch will no doubt lead or inspire the anti-Kearney faction, for it is generally believed that he has already made his arrangements with the Democratic managers. The W. P. C. is in a fair way to final dissolution, in fact, and no doubt this is the end sought by its former leaders, though they have different axes to grind. Kearney wants to affiliate with a national organization of some kind, realizing that he has played the game out in California. Kalloch wants to get into the Democratic camp, realizing that the W. P. C. will have no more offices to dispense.

THE DRAINAGE COMMISSION.

As will be seen from our local columns, the Commissioners of Drainage District No. 1 met yesterday and organized for business, under very favorable auspices. All the members exhibited a spirit and energy highly encouraging, and they all agreed to throw themselves into the work forthwith, and to devote their whole time to it until a practical beginning is made, and the relief works are commenced. An immediate survey of the Yuba Canon and the Bear river country will be taken, with a view to prompt proceedings, and consultation with Colonel Mendell and State Engineer Hall, and it is hoped Captain Eads also, will be had upon the plans. In short it is evident that the Commissioners mean business, and that they intend to do whatever is possible toward fulfilling the purposes of the law under which they hold office.

THE LEADVILLE TROUBLE.

It is difficult to get at the precise facts of the Leadville disturbance, because there are always two sides to a story, and thus far only one has been made public. It seems, however, that the striking miners have become so turbulent and threatening that the merchants and other citizens have combined against them. Their refusal to allow the mines to be worked by new hands of course places the business of the whole district in jeopardy, and so a sort of vigilance committee has been formed, and after a narrow escape from a collision between this body and the strikers, Leadville has been placed under martial law. The strikers will have to withdraw their opposition to the working of the mines, and if they do not yield there will undoubtedly be a formidable attack upon them.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

[From San Francisco exchanges of June 14th.]

The first consignment of new wheat arrived on Saturday afternoon.

The steamer Belgic did not leave Yokohama until the 7th, and is not expected here until the 24th.

Upwards of 80,000 ounces of silver went into the San Francisco Mint on the 11th to be coined into standard dollars.

The receipts for duties at the Custom House for the past week were $117,364, making a total since January 1st of $2,472,122.

Five wheat ships have cleared this month, and at least two more will go with old wheat. Two ships are under engagement to load new wheat as bulk of cargo.

J. H. Clemetshaw, who swore that he saw Charles De Young fire at I. M. Kalloch, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty to perjury, in Department No. 11 of the Superior Court Saturday.

No more crude bullion will be received at the Mint until further notice. Fine bullion for coinage will be received until June 26th. Then will come the clean-up and annual settlement of the officers with the Government.

The British bark Compadre sailed from this port yesterday morning for Queenstown, leaving the harbor destitute of sailing vessels under the British flag, an event, which it is represented, has not happened in thirteen years.

During the month of May, 385 cars were loaded with freight at San Francisco and other shipping points in the State, and headed for Chicago, St. Louis and other Eastern cities. At least 330 of these cars were loaded in this city and 50 at Sacramento.

Health Officer Meares reports that there were 63 deaths from all causes in this city during the past week, the same number as in the corresponding week last year. Among the principal causes of deaths, phthisis comes first with 11, and inanition next with 5.

James B. Angell, the President of the University of Michigan, and newly appointed Minister Plenopotentiary to China, arrived by the overland train yesterday morning. President Angell is accompanied by his wife, daughter and youngest son, who will go with him to China.

The third annual picnic of the employes of the Central and Southern Pacific Railroads, took place at Belmont Saturday, and was attended by about 1,500 persons. Thirty-two cars and four locomotives carried the guests, the locomotives being lavishly trimmed with evergreens and flowers, as were the walls of the dancing hall at Belmont Park. Two bands were engaged, and the day was delightfully spent.

Few people are aware of the magnitude of the egg business in a large city, and little credence would be given to a statement that the San Francisco trade represented a value of at least $1,000,000 annually. Some parties believe $1,500,000 would not be far out of the way. Startling as the figures may seem, facts appear to bear out the assertion. A leading dealer, on inquiry, estimated the daily consumption in this city, at 14,000 dozen.

A remarkable irregularity in the fish tribe was received in this city a few days ago. It was about nine inches long. The first half of the fish was a mountain brook-trout, having the eye, head, scales, spots and shape of that fish. It had a pair of fins at the usual place behind the gills; an inch or two back of this it suddenly changed into a silver eel, the shape, color and absence of scales being perfect. The oddity was caught in a seine at Monterey bay. It will probably find a place on the shelves of the Academy of Sciences.

The game which for five years has been engaged in with so much enthusiasm in Great Britain found its way to California this summer, and lawn tennis is now fairly installed on this coast. Like archery, it is a pastime in which both sexes can obtain as much or as little exercise as they please, and one also which requires constant practice to become expert in the game. The first lawn tennis club in San Francisco originated with a party of young Englishmen, who imported a tennis set, and hired Horticultural Hall for a court. Here they are found every afternoon working most energetically with racket and ball.

The steamer Greyhound, which arrived at this port from Tahiti on Thursday last, brought as a part of her cargo a large quantity of beche de mer, greatly to the delight of the Celestial epicures, who have a passionate fondness for trepang. As soon as it was known that this sea luxury was on board, a number of Chinamen gathered about the schooner, their sallow features wreathed in smiles. One Celestial in particular was ecstatic over the prospect of indulging in the luxury of "beke de male," as he called it. The Chinese merchants who trade in the article purchased the lot and will ship a portion of it to China, where it is considered a great delicacy. The white men about the wharf seemed to to have a contempt for what is so delicious and appetizing to the Celestial palate.

TERRIBLE TUMBLE.—The following is from the Lundy (Mono county) *Index* of June 12th:

The life of the prospector is usually fraught with perils, but the fearful adventure of James Tallon is one of those that bleach the hair and shatter the nerves. It scarcely seems possible that a man could survive so fearful an experience. Thursday afternoon he was out prospecting, and climbed near the summit of the huge granite wall that shuts in the deep chasm of Lake canyon. The mountain side was covered with snow, hard-crusted. He was only able to make his way by sticking his pick into the snow crust and holding to the handle while he stepped. Losing his footing on the polished surface, he stuck his pick into the snow to save himself—but the treacherous crust gave way, and down he went. Down a sheer descent of 1,200 feet he slid with frightful velocity; now feet foremost, next head first, with not a tree or shrub to stay his fearful descent. He seemed an age getting to the bottom, but it was only a moment till he landed in the gorge, bruised, battered, and with his right knee-cap shattered to fragments. Most men would have lost consciousness, but Tallon maintained his presence of mind during the whole terrible ordeal. Where he fell was near a miner's cabin, and help soon came in answer to his halloos. He was shortly after brought down to his cabin, where he is receiving good attention. Otherwise than his leg, he is not seriously injured, but that member will probably have to be amputated.

HAMMER'S Cascara Sagrada Bitters cures fever and ague.

COAST DISPATCHES.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.

WESTWARD-BOUND PASSENGERS.

Young Man Drowned in a Well at Ukiah, Mendocino County.

DISCOURAGING OUTLOOK AT ROBERTS ISLAND.

Prominent Citizen of San Benito County Shot to Death.

CALIFORNIA.

Suicide by Shooting.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14th.—At 12 o'clock to-day Lazarus Cohen, formerly employed under ex-Sheriff Nunan, walked into Belden place, a small alley off Bush street near Kearny, and deliberately shot himself through the head. The cause is as yet unknown.

Suicide of a Woman—Work of a Jealous Husband.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14th.—Teresa Flanagan, widow of John Flanagan, who committed suicide some months ago, suicided this afternoon by taking opium. She left a note which indicates that general despondency was the cause of the act.

William Hutchinson, a barber, in a fit of jealousy, this evening stabbed his wife in the breast, inflicting dangerous wounds. He surrendered himself to a police officer.

The Roberts Island Levee.

STOCKTON, June 14th.—At 9 o'clock tonight a report was received here that the break had again started on Robert's Island. The water had washed in under the bags of sand which were sunk yesterday and this morning. At noon to-day it was hoped that the gap had been finally closed, but the under current is proving stronger than was anticipated.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

STOCKTON, June 14th.—This afternoon the extreme end of the bulkhead slightly gave way, but was soon repaired. Later a tarpaulin, to the lower edge of which a heavy chain was attached, was sunk in the gap in front of the heavy piles, and for a few seconds the flow of water was almost entirely stopped. When the canvas was sunk the great pressure against it caused a sudden crash of the timbers, but all stood firm. Whirlpools were immediately observed inside the bulkhead, and the water bored through underneath and was thrown up with great force on the other side. That is the situation at present. The steamer Herald came to the wharf at 9:30 P. M. for 2,000 bags and heavy timbers, and returns at once. There are 30,000 sand-bags already in the gap, 2,000 more filled and ready for use, and 2,000 more empty sacks on the way.

Death of a Pioneer—Weather and Crops.

SHASTA, June 14th.—Dennis H. Dunn, an old pioneer, and one of the earliest settlers of Shasta county, died at this place yesterday. The funeral, which took place this afternoon, was very largely attended, a large number of people from outside of town being in attendance.

We had quite a rain shower last evening. The weather is now cool and cloudy. The crop prospects are good.

Homicide in San Benito County.

HOLLISTER, June 14th.—C. A. Payne, a prominent citizen and stock-raiser, was yesterday shot and killed by a Portuguese named Francisco Jose Furtado, near the house of deceased, in the south end of the county.

Suicide in Yuba County.

MARYSVILLE, June 14th.—George W. Ford, a native of Massachusetts, aged 30 years, well known in this city, where he resided until a year past, committed suicide by shooting himself in the right temple yesterday, at Dobbin's ranch, in this county. The body was brought to this city, and the funeral will take place under the auspices of Oriental Lodge, No. 45, I. O. O. F.

Drowned in a Well.

UKIAH, June 14th.—Charles Reeves, Cashier of the Mendocino Bank, and soliciting agent of the *Beacon*, was found drowned in a well in this place on Sunday morning last. He had been complaining of a severe headache for a day or two. Having been confined to the office for some time he had come to this place for a visit to relations, and was on his way home to his father in Sherwood valley. Deceased was a young man of about 25 years of age, and was a fine business man. He had on his person the sum of $71 95, a watch and other jewelry. There is no evidence as to how the drowning occurred. Deceased was Master Workman of the A. O. U. W. Lodge at Mendocino.

ARIZONA.

Telegraph Operator Bounced—Marquez, the Revolutionist—Southern Pacific Railroad.

TUCSON, June 14th.—A special to the *Star* says the telegraph operator at Cummings, who is under control of General Hatch, was removed by him for wiring the simple facts of the recent massacre of five men by Indians at that point.

Marquez, the revolutionist, is now in Tucson, and has issued a circular recapitulating the facts of his expedition. The Mexican citizens here have printed a counter circular in which he is very roughly handled. It is said that he will be killed if caught out. He was down at the Park last night accompanied by a body-guard of policemen. One Mexican threatened to spit in his face, and was arrested. The *Star* editorially commenting upon Marquez, says: "He is a standing menace to Mexico, and should not be harbored here. Indeed, if Mexico were to harbor and protect an American of the character of Marquez, who would, whenever he felt inclined, come and devastate Arizona and murder its inhabitants upon the mere pretense that the salvation of the country demanded it, or that the Government of the United States was ignorant and faithless, a cry of execration would be heard from one end of this country to the other, and an immediate declaration of war against Mexico would be the result of public opinion."

The track to Benson will be completed tonight.

NEVADA.

Passengers Passing Carlin for California.

CARLIN, June 14th.—The following passengers passed Carlin to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: C. E. Elliott and wife, Chico, Cal.; T. B. Henley, Round Valley, Cal.; L. S. B. Sawyer, wife and child, Mrs. J. P. Lecount, Mrs. R. W. E. Robinson, J. B. McIntire and wife, San Francisco; D. H. Fuller, wife and two daughters, Michigan; Miss F. Scholle, Miss L. Scholle, Wm. Scholle, A. Scholle, San Francisco; Miss Dinkelspiel, Miss N. Stecker, W. D. Snow, New York; Hugh McDonald, Ohio; Mrs. J. S. Godfrey and daughter, New Hampshire; C. Robinson, San Francisco; F. L. Ridgly, Charles E. Barney, Miss Annie Barney, St. Louis; J. F. Seaman, China; Mrs. J. C. Curtin and child, Zanesville, O.; A. Maitlaird, San Rafael, Cal.; Geo. Manett, Wilcox, Penn.; Wm. J. Dee, England; D. Belasco, New York; E. W. Thayer, Chicago; Miss Armstrong, Sacramento; Miss Kate Britton, Philadelphia; F. S. Webster, J. F. Webster, Freedom, Me.; 84 emigrants, including 47 males, to arrive in Sacramento June 16th.

OREGON.

No Fears of a Flood—Grand Lodge, F. and A. M.

PORTLAND, June 14th.—The latest advices from up the Columbia indicate that the river is at a stand. The season has so far advanced that little fears are now entertained of a flood.

The Grand Lodge of Masons for Oregon convened this morning. A number of subordinate Lodges are represented, and over 200 delegates are in attendance.

Chinamen Injured—Pioneers' Reunion—Cases Continued.

PORTLAND, June 14th.—A Chinaman, while excavating near this city this afternoon, was caved on and so badly crushed that it is thought he cannot recover.

The Pioneer reunion, to come off here to-morrow, promises to be unusually interesting. A great many Pioneers from various portions of the State are in the city to participate in the reunion.

The cases of the State of Oregon against Senator L. F. Grover (then Governor), ex-Governor S. F. Chadwick (then Secretary of State), A. H. Brown and David Fleschman, the Board of Land Commissioners, on a charge of corruption preferred by the Legislative Investigating Committee, came up in the United States Circuit Court to-day, and by agreement of all parties concerned were continued until next Monday, to allow experts—one for the State and one for the defense—to prepare abstracts of the State books, which will be used as evidence at the trial.

The Czar, according to the latest announcement, will spend the greater part of the coming summer in Germany, but not at Ems, as has been his custom heretofore. He will make a flying visit to that place in July, however—a sort of Em dash.

HAMMER'S Cascara Sagrada Bitters stimulates a torpid liver.

CURRENT ITEMS.

"I can tell a hawk from a handsaw."—[Courtney.

Herbert Spencer writes to a New York friend that he has passed his sixtieth year, but still goes up stairs two steps at a time. This looks as if Mrs. Spencer was pretty handy with a broom.

An American editor offered Bismarck $2,500 weekly for an article every week for one year, making $130,000 for one year's work. The offer was refused.—[Exchange. As a matter of justice to both parties, it is proper to say that at last accounts Bis had our proposition under consideration, having neither accepted nor rejected it.—[Chicago Tribune.

"There is no more useful or beautiful 'stand-by' for an evening dress," says a fashion journal, "than one of velvet or plush, made plainly, especially if it be made with a square-cut bodice and with no trimming, but some old lace or rich embroidery, and perhaps slashings of brocade or some similar material at the shoulders and elbows." This is certainly useful, but for a really lovely "stand-by" for an evening dress, or any other kind, an ordinary hard-working man in the shape of a husband generally wins in the long run.

We note that "a new lawn-tennis costume has the underskirt kilted almost its whole length and crossed by dark bands. The tunic, which is of a contrasting color, is turned back on one side and faced with the material that forms the skirt, and on the other side is a large square pocket. The tunic is draped by a bow at the back, and the waist is plain and round." It would be difficult to imagine anything more lovely than this, unless it was the bank account of the man who could pay for it.

A United States Senator says that he would not give a fig for a girl who could not answer these questions: "How long must a hen set before chickens are hatched? How long does a turkey set before hatching a brood? How old must chickens be before they are fit to broil? At what age may young pigs be roasted?" He has trained his daughter on these points, and is proud to say that she can pass the examination successfully. He might also have asked her how long a young man sets before gliding gently up to her end of the sofa, and how long they both set that way after the old man is heard to get out of bed upstairs. We wouldn't give a fig for a girl who couldn't answer these questions.

In 1875, Lady Burdett Coutts wrote a letter from Brighton, England, regarding the misuse of goats for draught, and urging their improvement for their valuable milking purposes. The British Goat Society has sprung up and is thrifty from the attention thus called to the matter, and it is contemplated to establish depots for the sale of goats as well as their pure milk, which is found to be invaluable, especially for children in case of sickness. As a healthy goat will invariably refuse to eat anything but circus posters, fine-cut tobacco and old hoopskirts, people who are acquainted with the habits of the useful animal might object to the use of its milk in cases of severe sickness. There is nothing so certain, however, as that members of a Goat Society know nothing about goats.

CASCA SAGRADA, or Sacred Bark, is the great medicine which forms the basis of Hammer's Cascara Sagrada Bitters.

MARRIED.

Santa Clara, June 8—William Schmidt to Annie Ehlers.
Stockton, June 9—Frederick Wilson Bullock to Henrietta Miller.
Colton, San Bernardino county, June 8—Frank A. Millre to Isabella D. Hardenbergh.

BORN.

Near Lake House, Sacramento county, June 11—Wife of J. R. Williams, a daughter.
Folsom, June 11—Wife of E. C. Rhoades, a son.
Woodward's Ranch, near Clarksville, El Dorado county, June 9—Wife of Jack Woodward, a son.
North San Juan, June 9—Wife of A. B. Smith, a son.
Bodie, June 11—Wife of P. B. Taylor, a son.
Colton, San Bernardino county, June 8—Wife of L. C. Kincaid, a daughter.

DIED.

Sacramento, June 14—Joseph Cox, a native of Cornwall, England, 70 years.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from his late residence, K street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second, to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.]

Sacramento, June 14—Manuela, wife of Isidoro Alfaro, 40 years.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from her late residence, corner Front and P streets, this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Alameda, June 13—Captain M. Littleton (formerly of this city).

[Remains will be brought here for interment Wednesday morning. Funeral notice hereafter.]

Dutch Flat, June 12—Mrs. Mary Rablin, 69 years, 2 months and 20 days. (Galena, Ills., papers please copy.)

San Jose, June 11—Frank E. Wiser, 25 years.

Santa Rosa, June 9—Infant daughter of W. H. Mead, 16 months.

Merced, June 9—Alface Mathews, 13 years, 4 months and 6 days.

Mortality Report.

For the week ending June 12, 1880, made by W. C. Farnsworth, Superintendent of the City Cemetery. Office, No. 504 J street:

June 5—Mary Catherine Hector, 53 years and 7 months; Germany.
June 8—Oscar Van Kelstine, 52 years and 7 months; Michigan.
June 9—Albert L. Burke, 1 year, 5 months and 20 days; California.

Besides the above there were brought here for interment the following:

June—Louis Gordillia.
June 7—Ogden Symes, 48 years; Illinois.
June 9—James B. Turner, 49 years; Massachusetts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Meeting of Sacramento Royal Arch Chapter, No. 3, at the hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Sojourning Companions are cordially invited to attend. By order of W. B. DAVIS, H. P.
A. A. REDINGTON, Secretary. jn15-1t

The Regular Meeting of the Caledonian Club will be held THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at Pioneer Hall, at 8 o'clock sharp. All members are requested to be present. By order of G. D. STEWART, Chief.
ALEX. MUNRO, Third Chieftain [B. C.] jn15-1t

Members of Pacific Encampment, No. 2, I. O. O. F., take notice.—The election of officers will take place THIS (Tuesday) EVENING; also work in the Degrees. Members of Occidental Encampment and sojourning Patriarchs are cordially invited to attend.
jn15-1t* [B. C.] CHARLES COOLEY, C. P.

NOTICE.—CARL STROBEL, NO. 321 J STREET, Sacramento, negotiates Loans and Mercantile Credits. Buys and Sells Farms and General Merchandise on Commission. Solicits Fire Insurance Risks, and all kinds of country orders, which he fills with care and dispatch. jn15 tf

CARD OF THANKS.

THE FATHER MATHEW T. A. B. SOCIETY, No. 1, desire to return their thanks to their friends who so generously donated prizes for their Picnic, and to Messrs. J. Drake, O. C. Jackson and H. L. Buckley, for their kindness in acting as Judges for the several games which took place.
P. A. BYRNE,
F. SWIFT,
jn15-1t [B.C.] Committee on Games.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in the city of San Francisco, on TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1880.
jn15 td E. H. MILLER, Jr., Secretary.

DR. W. H. BARE.

DENTIST.—OFFICE, NO. 605 J STREET, between Sixth and Seventh, over Katzenstein & Bradley's Millinery Store.
jn15-1p1m*

NOTICE.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE BOARD of Supervisors of Sacramento for SUPPLYING the County Hospital with GASOLINE for one year, in quantities of 75 to 80 gallons per month. Bids to be opened JUNE 25, 1880, at 11 o'clock A. M. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the Board of Supervisors.
jn15-4t TIOS. H. BERKEY, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors of Insolvent.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Sacramento, State of California.—O. D. FAIRFIELD vs. HIS CREDITORS. Pursuant to an order of the Hon. S. C. Denson, Superior Judge of the said County Court, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the said insolvent, O. D. FAIRFIELD, to be and appear before the said Judge, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, in the city of Sacramento, in the county of Sacramento, on the 19th day of JULY, A. D. 1880, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any they can, why the prayer of said insolvent should not be granted, and an assignment of his estate be made, and he be discharged from his debts and liabilities, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided; and in the meantime all proceedings against said insolvent be stayed.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 15th day of JUNE, A. D. 1880.
[SEAL.] THOMAS H. BERKEY, County Clerk.
By J. H. PARKER, Deputy.
L. S. TAYLOR, Attorney for Petitioner.
ul5-1awlwTu

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW CLASS

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, TO-NIGHT, at 8 o'clock. J. L. SKINNER, northeast corner Sixth and J streets. jul5-1t

BELL & CO., AUCTIONEERS,

—WILL SELL—

THIS (Tuesday) MORNING.....JUNE 15th,
At 10:30 o'clock sharp, at their salesroom, No. 1016 Fourth street,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

One Parlor Set, 61 Wood-seat Chairs, 20 Arm Chairs, one Wardrobe, one Bureau, one Hair-top Mattress, four Brussels Carpets, two Ingrain Carpets, three Bedsteads, two Spring Mattresses, one Desk, two Lace Curtains and Cornices, etc. All the above nearly new. Also, one Horse, Harness and Spring Wagon, one Bar Counter.
jul5-1t BELL, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Furniture, Carpets and Bedding.

M. J. SIMMONS & CO.....Auctioneers
WILL SELL ON
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16,
At 10:30 o'clock A. M., at salesroom, No. 412 J street, between Fourth and Fifth, all of the following-named articles:

FIVE BRUSSELS CARPETS, TWO HALL Carpets, lot of Oilcloth, two Bedroom Sets, one Hair-cloth Parlor Set, Black Walnut Hat Stand, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Tables, Chairs, Spring and other Mattresses, Blankets, Spreads, Sheets, two Cooking Stoves, with Fixtures complete; a large variety of CHINA, CROCKERY and GLASSWARE. Also, at same time and place, to pay advertising and storage, one chest of Carpenter's Tools, one Crowbar, three Watches, one Rifle, one Bagatelle Table. ☞ Sale positive—without reserve. M. J. SIMMONS & CO., Auctioneers, No. 412 J street, between Fourth and Fifth. jul5-2t

GENERAL NOTICES.

We believe the cause of the wonderful success of our MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER may be found in the fact that the principal aim in its preparation has always been to give the simple natural perfume of flowers, without any chemical addition whatever, and to avoid, by all means, the great error of making a heavy, sickly, sweet perfume. jul5-1t

In East or West, or North or South,
They to themselves an outrage do,
Who cannot boast a fresh sweet mouth,
With teeth like pearls begemmed with dew
When SOZODONT all this supplies,
And works the charm before our eyes.
jul10-3tThSTu

Dr. La Mar's Seminal Pills cure all cases of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Vigor, Nocturnal Emissions, Impotency, Nervous and Physical Debility, and all that class of complaints arising from Excess, Indiscretion or Abuse. The old find in this remedy A FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH, and the young a safeguard and protection. DR. LA MAR'S SEMINAL PILLS restore the Sexual Organs, debilitated from whatever cause, to their pristine vigor. Price, $2 50 per bottle. Sent C. O. D. by express to any address, secure from observation. Address all orders to A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists, P. O. Box 1,952, San Francisco. m4-3m

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

COMMENCING
TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 15,
Will be presented
THE SIEGE OF VALENCIA!
A tragic play in five acts, written by the celebrated Authoress, MISS FELICIA HEMANS, condensed and adapted by
MISS LUCIA MITCHELL,
The popular Colored Tragedienne, expressly for the
Frederick Douglass Dramatic Troupe.
Supported by a strong company, under the supervision of FRANK REA. jn9 6t*

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

CHAS. E. LOCKE.....Proprietor.
M. A. KENNEDY.....Acting Manager.
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY
—AND—
☞ SATURDAY MATINEE! ☜
JUNE 16, 17, 18 and 19.
☞ By permission of and under the direction of MR. D'OYLY CARTE, the famous Comic Opera, written and composed expressly for production in the United States, THE
Pirates of Penzance!
Or, The Slave of Duty.
By W. S. GILBERT and ARTHUR SULLIVAN, Authors of "H. M. S. Pinafore."
The Opera will be presented with the following extraordinary cast of characters:
Richard, a Pirate Chief.....Mr. Henry Peakes
Samuel, his Lieutenant.....Mr. Willie Simms
Frederick, a Pirate Apprentice.....Mr. Chas. Turner
Major-General Stanley, of the British Army.....Mr. M. A. Kennedy
Edward, a Sergeant of Police.....Mr. Al. Henderson
Mabel, General Stanley's youngest daughter.....Miss Ino Lytton
General Stanley's Daughters, Kate, Edith, Isobel: Miss Pauline Jones, Miss Mary Benham, Miss May Casselli
Ruth, a Piratical "Maid-of-all-work".....Miss Louise Paulin
General Stanley's Daughters, Pirates, Policemen, etc.
Act I.—A Rocky Seashore on the Coast of Cornwall, England. Act II.—A Ruined Chapel on General Stanley's Estate.
Produced with Full Chorus of Pirates, Policemen, General Stanley's Daughters, and Orchestra and Musical Director from the Bush-street Theater, San Francisco. Scenery and Costumes same as used at the Fifth Avenue Theater, New York, and the Bush-street Theater, San Francisco.
SCALE OF PRICES:
Dress Circle and Parquet.....One Dollar.
Gallery.....Fifty Cents.
☞ Reserved Seats, without extra charge at the Theater—commencing MONDAY, June 14. jn12-7t

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